

Accordingly (at 11 o'clock and 27 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1145

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. JOYCE) at 11 o'clock and 45 minutes a.m.

CYBER INTELLIGENCE SHARING AND PROTECTION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 164 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 624.

Will the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. YODER) kindly take the chair.

□ 1146

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 624) to provide for the sharing of certain cyber threat intelligence and cyber threat information between the intelligence community and cybersecurity entities, and for other purposes, with Mr. YODER (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, a request for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MCCAUL) had been postponed.

Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in House Report 113-41 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 7 by Ms. SINEMA of Arizona.

Amendment No. 9 by Mr. LAMALFA of California.

Amendment by Mr. MCCAUL of Texas.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

AMENDMENT NO. 7 OFFERED BY MS. SINEMA

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Arizona (Ms. SINEMA) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 411, noes 0, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 113]

AYES—411

Aderholt	Diaz-Balart	Kelly (IL)
Alexander	Dingell	Kelly (PA)
Amash	Doggett	Kildee
Amodei	Doyle	Kilmer
Andrews	Duckworth	Kind
Bachus	Duffy	King (IA)
Barber	Duncan (SC)	King (NY)
Barletta	Duncan (TN)	Kingston
Barr	Edwards	Kinzinger (IL)
Barrow (GA)	Ellison	Kirkpatrick
Barton	Engel	Kline
Bass	Enyart	Kuster
Beatty	Eshoo	Labrador
Becerra	Esty	LaMalfa
Benishek	Farenthold	Lamborn
Bentivolio	Farr	Lance
Bera (CA)	Fattah	Langevin
Bilirakis	Fincher	Lankford
Bishop (GA)	Fitzpatrick	Larsen (WA)
Bishop (NY)	Fleischmann	Larson (CT)
Bishop (UT)	Fleming	Latham
Black	Flores	Latta
Blumenauer	Forbes	Lee (CA)
Bonamici	Fortenberry	Levin
Bonner	Poster	Lewis
Boustany	Foxx	Lipinski
Brady (PA)	Frankel (FL)	LoBiondo
Brady (TX)	Franks (AZ)	Loeb
Braley (IA)	Frelinghuysen	Lofgren
Bridenstine	Fudge	Long
Brooks (AL)	Gabbard	Lowenthal
Brooks (IN)	Gallego	Lowey
Broun (GA)	Garamendi	Lucas
Brown (FL)	Garcia	Luetkemeyer
Brownley (CA)	Gardner	Lujan Grisham
Buchanan	Garrett	(NM)
Buchshon	Gerlach	Lujan, Ben Ray
Bustos	Gibbs	(NM)
Butterfield	Gibson	Lummis
Calvert	Gingrey (GA)	Maffei
Camp	Gohmert	Maloney,
Campbell	Goodlatte	Carolyn
Cantor	Gosar	Maloney, Sean
Capito	Gowdy	Marchant
Capps	Granger	Burgess
Cárdenas	Graves (GA)	Marino
Carney	Graves (MO)	Massie
Carson (IN)	Grayson	Matheson
Carter	Green, Al	Matsui
Cartwright	Green, Gene	McCarthy (CA)
Cassidy	Griffin (AR)	McCarthy (NY)
Castro (FL)	Griffith (VA)	McCaul
Castro (TX)	Grijalva	McClintock
Chabot	Grimm	McCollum
Chaffetz	Guthrie	McDermott
Chu	Gutierrez	McHenry
Cicilline	Hahn	McIntyre
Clarke	Hanabusa	McKeon
Clay	Hanna	McKinley
Cleaver	Harper	McMorris
Clyburn	Harris	Rodgers
Coble	Hartzer	McNerney
Coffman	Hastings (FL)	Meadows
Cohen	Hastings (WA)	Meehan
Cole	Heck (NV)	Meeks
Collins (GA)	Heck (WA)	Meng
Collins (NY)	Hensarling	Messer
Conaway	Herrera Beutler	Mica
Connolly	Higgins	Michaud
Conyers	Himes	Miller (FL)
Cook	Hinojosa	Miller (MI)
Cooper	Holt	Miller, George
Costa	Honda	Moore
Cotton	Horsford	Moran
Courtney	Hoyer	Mullin
Cramer	Hudson	Mulvaney
Crawford	Huelskamp	Murphy (FL)
Crenshaw	Huffman	Murphy (PA)
Crowley	Huizenga (MI)	Nadler
Cuellar	Hultgren	Napolitano
Culberson	Hunter	Negrete McLeod
Cummings	Hurt	Neugebauer
Daines	Israel	Noem
Davis (CA)	Issa	Nolan
Davis, Danny	Jackson Lee	Nunes
Davis, Rodney	Jeffries	Nunnelee
DeFazio	Jenkins	O'Rourke
DeGette	Johnson (GA)	Olson
Delaney	Johnson (OH)	Owens
DeLauro	Johnson, E. B.	Palazzo
DelBene	Johnson, Sam	Pallone
Denham	Jones	Pascarelli
Dent	Jordan	Pastor (AZ)
DeSantis	Joyce	Paulsen
DesJarlais	Kaptur	Payne
Deutch		Pearce
		Pelosi

Perlmutter	Rush	Thompson (PA)
Perry	Ryan (OH)	Thornberry
Peters (CA)	Ryan (WI)	Tiberi
Peters (MI)	Salmon	Tipton
Peterson	Sánchez, Linda	Titus
Petri	T.	Tonko
Pingree (ME)	Sanchez, Loretta	Turner
Pittenger	Sarbanes	Upton
Pocan	Scalise	Valadao
Poe (TX)	Schakowsky	Van Hollen
Polis	Schiff	Vargas
Pompeo	Schneider	Veasey
Posey	Schock	Vela
Price (GA)	Schrader	Visclosky
Price (NC)	Schwartz	Wagner
Quigley	Schweikert	Walberg
Radel	Scott (VA)	Walden
Rahall	Scott, Austin	Walorski
Rangel	Scott, David	Walz
Reed	Sensenbrenner	Wasserman
Reichert	Serrano	Schultz
Renacci	Sessions	Waters
Ribble	Sewell (AL)	Watt
Rice (SC)	Sherman	Waxman
Richmond	Shuster	Weber (TX)
Rigell	Simpson	Webster (FL)
Roby	Sinema	Welch
Roe (TN)	Sires	Wenstrup
Rogers (AL)	Slaughter	Westmoreland
Rogers (KY)	Smith (NE)	Whitfield
Rogers (MI)	Smith (TX)	Williams
Rohrabacher	Smith (WA)	Wilson (FL)
Rokita	Southerland	Wilson (SC)
Rooney	Speier	Wittman
Ros-Lehtinen	Stewart	Wolf
Roskam	Stivers	Womack
Ross	Stockman	Woodall
Rothfus	Stutzman	Yarmuth
Roybal-Allard	Swalwell (CA)	Yoder
Royce	Takano	Yoho
Ruiz	Terry	Young (AK)
Runyan	Thompson (CA)	Young (FL)
Ruppersberger	Thompson (MS)	Young (IN)

NOT VOTING—21

Bachmann	Kennedy	Pitts
Blackburn	Lynch	Shea-Porter
Burgess	Markey	Shimkus
Capuano	McGovern	Smith (NJ)
Ellmers	Miller, Gary	Tierney
Holding	Neal	Tsongas
Keating	Nugent	Velázquez

□ 1213

Mr. CICILLINE changed his vote from "no" to "aye."

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Ms. ELLMERS. Mr. Chair, on rollcall No. 113, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye."

(By unanimous consent, Mr. FLORES was allowed to speak out of order.)

A MOMENT OF SILENCE FOR THE VICTIMS IN BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, AND WEST, TEXAS

Mr. FLORES. Mr. Chair, I rise today in the wake of two grave tragedies in our Nation. The terrorist attack in Boston and then the tragedy in West, Texas, last night remind us of the risks that modern life presents. I ask that all Americans pray for these two communities and to hug your families a little tighter tonight.

As we gather on the House floor, I want to take a moment to remember all of those affected by the explosion in West, Texas, who have been injured or killed, and their families and their loved ones.

I would also like to recognize the bravery of the first responders and the volunteers from our community and, actually, from all over Texas who have come to the aid of those in need.

I want to thank my House colleagues for their many offers of support, and I also ask for a moment of silence.

AMENDMENT NO. 9 OFFERED BY MR. LAMALFA

The Acting CHAIR. Without objection, 2-minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. LAMALFA) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 413, noes 0, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 114]

AYES—413

Aderholt	Collins (GA)	Garcia
Alexander	Collins (NY)	Gardner
Amash	Conaway	Garrett
Amodei	Connolly	Gerlach
Andrews	Conyers	Gibbs
Bachus	Cook	Gibson
Barber	Cooper	Gingrey (GA)
Barletta	Costa	Gohmert
Barr	Cotton	Goodlatte
Barrow (GA)	Courtney	Gosar
Barton	Cramer	Gowdy
Bass	Crawford	Granger
Beatty	Crenshaw	Graves (GA)
Becerra	Crowley	Graves (MO)
Benish	Cuellar	Grayson
Bentivolio	Culberson	Green, Al
Bera (CA)	Cummings	Green, Gene
Bilirakis	Daines	Griffin (AR)
Bishop (GA)	Davis (CA)	Griffith (VA)
Bishop (NY)	Davis, Danny	Grijalva
Bishop (UT)	Davis, Rodney	Grimm
Black	DeFazio	Guthrie
Blumenauer	DeGette	Gutierrez
Bonamici	Delaney	Hahn
Bonner	DeLauro	Hall
Boustany	DelBene	Hanabusa
Brady (PA)	Denham	Hanna
Brady (TX)	Dent	Harper
Braley (IA)	DeSantis	Harris
Bridenstine	DesJarlais	Hartzler
Brooks (AL)	Deutch	Hastings (FL)
Brooks (IN)	Diaz-Balart	Hastings (WA)
Brown (GA)	Dingell	Heck (NV)
Brown (FL)	Doggett	Heck (WA)
Brownley (CA)	Doyle	Hensarling
Buchanan	Duckworth	Herrera Beutler
Bucshon	Duffy	Higgins
Burgess	Duncan (SC)	Himes
Bustos	Duncan (TN)	Hinojosa
Butterfield	Edwards	Holt
Calvert	Ellison	Honda
Camp	Ellmers	Horsford
Campbell	Engel	Hoyer
Cantor	Enyart	Hudson
Capito	Eshoo	Huelskamp
Capps	Esty	Huffman
Carney	Farenthold	Huizenga (MI)
Carson (IN)	Farr	Hultgren
Carter	Fattah	Hunter
Cartwright	Fincher	Hurt
Cassidy	Fitzpatrick	Israel
Castor (FL)	Fleischmann	Issa
Castro (TX)	Fleming	Jackson Lee
Chabot	Flores	Jeffries
Chaffetz	Forbes	Jenkins
Chu	Fortenberry	Johnson (GA)
Cicilline	Foster	Johnson (OH)
Clarke	Fox	Johnson, E. B.
Clay	Frankel (FL)	Johnson, Sam
Cleaver	Franks (AZ)	Jones
Clyburn	Frelinghuysen	Jordan
Coble	Fudge	Joyce
Coffman	Gabbard	Kaptur
Cohen	Gallego	Kelly (IL)
Cole	Garamendi	Kelly (PA)

Kildee	Nadler	Schock
Kilmer	Napolitano	Schrader
Kind	Negrete McLeod	Schwartz
King (IA)	Neugebauer	Schweikert
King (NY)	Noem	Scott (VA)
Kingston	Nolan	Scott, Austin
Kinzinger (IL)	Nunes	Scott, David
Kirkpatrick	Nunnelee	Sensenbrenner
Kline	O'Rourke	Serrano
Kuster	Olson	Sessions
Labrador	Owens	Sewell (AL)
LaMalfa	Palazzo	Sherman
Lamborn	Pallone	Shuster
Lance	Pascrell	Simpson
Langevin	Pastor (AZ)	Sinema
Lankford	Paulsen	Sires
Larsen (WA)	Payne	Slaughter
Larson (CT)	Pearce	Smith (NE)
Latham	Pelosi	Smith (NJ)
Latta	Perlmutter	Smith (TX)
Lee (CA)	Perry	Smith (WA)
Levin	Peters (CA)	Southerland
Lewis	Peters (MI)	Speier
Lipinski	Peterson	Stewart
LoBiondo	Petri	Stivers
Loeb	Pingree (ME)	Stockman
Lofgren	Pittenger	Stutzman
Long	Pitts	Swalwell (CA)
Lowenthal	Pocan	Takano
Lowe	Poe (TX)	Terry
Lucas	Polis	Thompson (CA)
Luetkemeyer	Pompeo	Thompson (MS)
Lujan Grisham	Posney	Thompson (PA)
(NM)	Price (GA)	Thornberry
Lujan, Ben Ray	Price (NC)	Tiberi
(NM)	Quigley	Tipton
Lummis	Radel	Titus
Maffei	Rahall	Tonko
Maloney,	Rangel	Turner
Carolyn	Reed	Upton
Maloney, Sean	Reichert	Valadao
Marchant	Renacci	Van Hollen
Marino	Ribble	Vargas
Massie	Rice (SC)	Veasey
Matheson	Richmond	Vela
Matsui	Rigell	Visclosky
McCarthy (CA)	Roby	Wagner
McCarthy (NY)	Roe (TN)	Walberg
McCaul	Rogers (AL)	Walden
McClintock	Rogers (KY)	Walorski
McCollum	Rogers (MI)	Walz
McDermott	Rohrabacher	Wasserman
McHenry	Rokita	Schultz
McIntyre	Rooney	Waters
McKeon	Ros-Lehtinen	Waxman
McKinley	Roskam	Weber (TX)
McMorris	Ross	Webster (FL)
Rodgers	Rothfus	Welch
McNerney	Roybal-Allard	Wenstrup
Hall	Royce	Westmoreland
Meehan	Ruiz	Whitfield
Meeks	Runyan	Williams
Meng	Ruppersberger	Wilson (FL)
Messer	Rush	Wilson (SC)
Mica	Ryan (OH)	Wittman
Michaud	Ryan (WI)	Wolf
Miller (FL)	Salmon	Womack
Miller (MI)	Sánchez, Linda	Woodall
Miller, George	T.	Yarmuth
Moore	Sanchez, Loretta	Yoder
Moran	Sarbanes	Yoho
Mullin	Scalise	Young (AK)
Mulvaney	Schakowsky	Young (FL)
Murphy (FL)	Schiff	Young (IN)
Murphy (PA)	Schneider	

NOT VOTING—19

Bachmann	Lynch	Shimkus
Blackburn	Markey	Tierney
Capuano	McGovern	Tsongas
Cárdenas	Miller, Gary	Velázquez
Holding	Neal	Watt
Keating	Nugent	
Kennedy	Shea-Porter	

□ 1221

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. MCCAUL

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MCCAUL) on which further proceedings were

postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 409, noes 5, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 115]

AYES—409

Aderholt	Crenshaw	Hall
Alexander	Crowley	Hanabusa
Amash	Cuellar	Hanna
Amodei	Culberson	Harper
Andrews	Cummings	Harris
Bachus	Daines	Hartzler
Barber	Davis (CA)	Hastings (FL)
Barletta	Davis, Danny	Hastings (WA)
Barr	Davis, Rodney	Heck (NV)
Barrow (GA)	DeFazio	Heck (WA)
Barton	DeGette	Hensarling
Bass	Delaney	Herrera Beutler
Beatty	DeLauro	Higgins
Becerra	DelBene	Himes
Bera (CA)	Denham	Hinojosa
Bilirakis	Dent	Holt
Bishop (GA)	DeSantis	Honda
Bishop (NY)	DesJarlais	Horsford
Bishop (UT)	Deutch	Hoyer
Black	Diaz-Balart	Hudson
Blumenauer	Blumenauer	Dingell
Bonamici	Bonamici	Huelskamp
Bonner	Bonner	Huffman
Boustany	Boustany	Huizenga (MI)
Brady (PA)	Brady (PA)	Hultgren
Brady (TX)	Brady (TX)	Hunter
Braley (IA)	Braley (IA)	Hurt
Bridenstine	Bridenstine	Israel
Brooks (AL)	Brooks (AL)	Issa
Brooks (IN)	Brooks (IN)	Jackson Lee
Brown (GA)	Brown (GA)	Jeffries
Brown (FL)	Brown (FL)	Jenkins
Brownley (CA)	Brownley (CA)	Johnson (GA)
Buchanan	Buchanan	Johnson (OH)
Bucshon	Bucshon	Johnson, E. B.
Burgess	Burgess	Johnson, Sam
Bustos	Bustos	Jones
Butterfield	Butterfield	Jordan
Calvert	Calvert	Joyce
Camp	Camp	Kaptur
Campbell	Campbell	Kelly (IL)
Cantor	Cantor	Kelly (PA)
Capito	Capito	Kildee
Capps	Capps	Kilmer
Carney	Carney	Kind
Carson (IN)	Carson (IN)	King (IA)
Carter	Carter	King (NY)
Cartwright	Cartwright	Kingston
Cassidy	Cassidy	Kinzinger (IL)
Castor (FL)	Castor (FL)	Kirkpatrick
Castro (TX)	Castro (TX)	Kline
Chabot	Chabot	Kuster
Chaffetz	Chaffetz	Labrador
Chu	Chu	LaMalfa
Cicilline	Cicilline	Lamborn
Clarke	Clarke	Lance
Clay	Clay	Langevin
Cleaver	Cleaver	Lankford
Clyburn	Clyburn	Larsen (WA)
Coble	Coble	Larson (CT)
Coffman	Coffman	Latham
Cohen	Cohen	Latta
Cole	Cole	Lee (CA)
		Levin
		Lewis
		Lipinski
		LoBiondo
		Loeb
		Lofgren
		Long
		Lowenthal
		Lowe
		Lucas
		Luetkemeyer
		Lujan Grisham
		(NM)

Luján, Ben Ray (NM)
Lummis
Maffei
Maloney, Carolyn
Maloney, Sean
Marchant
Marino
Massie
Matheson
Matsui
McCarthy (CA)
McCarthy (NY)
McCaul
McClintock
McCollum
McDermott
McHenry
McIntyre
McKeon
McKinley
McMorris
Rodgers
McNerney
Meadows
Meehan
Meeks
Meng
Messer
Mica
Michaud
Miller (FL)
Miller (MI)
Miller, George
Moore
Moran
Mullin
Mulvaney
Murphy (FL)
Murphy (PA)
Nadler
Napolitano
Negrete McLeod
Neugebauer
Noem
Nolan
Nunes
Nunnelee
O'Rourke
Olson
Owens
Palazzo
Pallone
Pascarella
Pastor (AZ)
Paulsen
Payne
Pearce
Pelosi
Perlmutter
Perry
Peters (CA)

Peters (MI)
Peterson
Petri
Pingree (ME)
Pittenger
Pitts
Pocan
Poe (TX)
Polis
Pompeo
Price (GA)
Price (NC)
Quigley
Radel
Rahall
Rangel
Reed
Reichert
Renacci
Ribble
Rice (SC)
Richmond
Rigell
Roby
Roe (TN)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rogers (MI)
Rohrabacher
Rokita
Rooney
Ros-Lehtinen
Roskam
Ross
Rothfus
Roybal-Allard
Royce
Ruiz
Runyan
Ruppersberger
Rush
Ryan (OH)
Ryan (WI)
Salmon
Sánchez, Linda
T.
Sanchez, Loretta
Sarbanes
Scalise
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Schock
Schrader
Schwartz
Schweikert
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Serrano
Sessions
Sewell (AL)
Sherman

Shuster
Simpson
Sinema
Sires
Slaughter
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (TX)
Smith (WA)
Southernland
Speier
Stewart
Stivers
Stockman
Stutzman
Swalwell (CA)
Takano
Terry
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Thornberry
Tiberi
Tipton
Titus
Tonko
Turner
Upton
Valadao
Van Hollen
Vargas
Veasey
Vela
Visclosky
Wagner
Walberg
Walden
Walorski
Walz
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watt
Waxman
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Welch
Wenstrup
Westmoreland
Whitfield
Williams
Wilson (FL)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Woodall
Yarmuth
Yoder
Yoho
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Young (IN)

NOES—5

Benishek
Bentivolio

NOT VOTING—18

Bachmann
Blackburn
Capuano
Forbes
Holding
Keating

Kennedy
Lynch
Markey
McGovern
Miller, Gary
Neal

Nugent
Shea-Porter
Shinkus
Tierney
Tsongas
Velázquez

□ 1227

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The Acting CHAIR. Under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. WEBSTER) having assumed the chair, Mr. YODER, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 624) to provide for the sharing of certain cyber threat intelligence and

cyber threat information between the intelligence community and cybersecurity entities, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 164, he reported the bill back to the House with an amendment adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment to the amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole?

If not, the question is on the amendment in the nature of a substitute, as amended.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

□ 1230

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. YODER). Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. PERLMUTTER. In its current form, I am.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. PERLMUTTER moves to recommit the bill, H.R. 624, to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendments:

At the end of the bill, add the following new section:

SEC. ____ . PROTECTING THE PRIVACY OF INTERNET PASSWORDS AND THE CREATIVITY OF THE INTERNET.

Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed to—

(1) permit an employer, a prospective employer, or the Federal Government to require the disclosure of a confidential password for a social networking website or a personal account of an employee or job applicant without a court order; or

(2) permit the Federal Government to establish a mechanism to control United States citizens' access to and use of the Internet through the creation of a national Internet firewall similar to the "Great Internet Firewall of China", as determined by the Director of the National Intelligence.

In section 2(c)(1)(F) of the bill (as inserted by the amendment offered by Mr. McCaul), strike "; and" and insert a semicolon.

In section 2(c)(1)(G) of the bill (as inserted by the amendment offered by Mr. McCaul), strike the period and insert a semicolon.

At the end of section 2(c)(1) of the bill (as inserted by the amendment offered by Mr. McCaul), add the following new subparagraphs:

(H) the number of Americans who have—

(i) been required by employers, prospective employers, or the Federal Government to release confidential passwords for social networking websites; and

(ii) had personal information released to the Federal Government under this section

or obtained in connection with a cybersecurity breach; and

(I) the impact of the information that has been released or obtained as referred to in subparagraph (H) on privacy, electronic commerce, Internet usage, and online content.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Colorado is recognized for 5 minutes.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I have a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman will state the inquiry.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Is it not the case that if my amendment, if this motion to recommit is adopted, the House would immediately vote on final passage of this bill with the motion to recommit, this amendment, included?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. If a motion to recommit with forthwith instructions is adopted, the amendment is reported by the chair of the committee and is immediately before the House.

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I'm pleased to offer this final amendment to this bill. It does not kill the bill or send it back to the committee. If adopted, as the Speaker just mentioned, it would move immediately to final passage.

Now, I want to just take a moment, because I know everybody was listening very closely to the Clerk's reading of the amendment a few minutes ago, but there are two paragraphs that I think are very important—they're very simple and they're very direct—about privacy, individuals' right to privacy, their reasonable expectation of privacy.

And I would just say, my friend, Mr. ROGERS, stated, in discussing and debating the bill as a whole, it is paramount to protect an individual's right to privacy, and I couldn't agree with him more.

So this amendment says nothing in this act or the amendments made by this act shall be construed to:

One, permit an employer, a prospective employer, or the Federal Government to require the disclosure of a confidential password for a social networking Web site or a personal account of an employee or job applicant without a court order; or

Two, permit the Federal Government to establish a mechanism to control a United States citizen's access to and use of the Internet through the creation of a national Internet firewall, similar to the great Internet firewall of China, as determined by the Director of National Intelligence.

So boil that down, those are two pretty direct and simple paragraphs. Boil it down, as a condition of employment, you can't be made to give up a password to your Twitter account, your Facebook account, your LinkedIn account, your other social media types of accounts.

Now, have we done something like this in the past? Absolutely. And I'd remind the Members that in the eighties,

there was a requirement, or there was an effort on the part of employers to get people to take polygraph tests, to take lie detector tests.

We, here in the Congress, said that's just not going to be a proper condition of employment. You can do background checks; you can ask for references; you can do a number of things, but we're not going to allow lie detector tests as a condition of employment. We said an employer shall not require, request, suggest, or cause an employee or prospective employee to take or submit to any lie detector test as a condition of employment.

Now, this thing has exploded as social media has exploded so that people are being asked for their private passwords to these various social media networks. And I would refer the House to an article in Yahoo! News from last year, which says, "Employers ask job-seekers for Facebook passwords."

A gentleman was seeking employment as a consultant in New York. The H.R. person wanted to see his profile, asked him for his password, for instance. He said no. He was no longer allowed to apply for that particular job.

A law professor at George Washington University here said, "It's akin to requiring someone's house keys," said the law professor and former Federal prosecutor, who calls it "an egregious violation of privacy."

This is a very simple amendment that really does two things: it helps the individual protect his right to privacy, and it doesn't allow the employer to impersonate that particular employee when other people are interacting with that person across social media platforms. So for two reasons: one, that an individual's right to privacy shouldn't be breached just because he's seeking employment; and, two, the employer shouldn't be in a position to impersonate that individual who's seeking a job. It's very clear. We've done it with respect to polygraph, lie detector tests. We should do it now.

This is an amendment that, whether you're a Democrat or a Republican, should be part of our law. And so with that, Mr. Speaker, I ask for a "yes" vote on this final amendment to the bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROGERS of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. ROGERS of Michigan. You know, it's the time-honored tradition of this House that we allow the minority of whomever is in the majority to have a motion to recommit, and it's a legislative instrument designed to draw that very bright line down the center of this Chamber. It tends to be music to your ears on the oral presentation and poison to the paper when you get to the details.

I appreciate the gentleman's efforts. Well done, sir; I tell you that.

Clearly, this belongs in employer-employee law. I'm sure the Labor Com-

mittee, Mr. KLINE, would be delighted to deal with this very serious issue. It doesn't comport to our language, has nothing to do with our bill. But I'll take this opportunity again to say thank you for that very bright line in the center of the aisle, to commend all of the folks on both sides of this aisle who have come together on a bill that is so important to our national security. I'm going to give you a couple of quick examples.

American Semiconductor, a company that lost its intellectual property to China, theft of China. The President one time called American Semiconductor a model of cooperation with China.

□ 1240

Their partner in China stole their intellectual property, canceled their contracts, and almost put them out of business. They were worth \$1.8 billion. Now they're worth \$170 million. Their stock price is down 90 percent, from a \$44 high to just \$2 today. They had to lay off 70 percent of their staff.

That's real. Those are real people losing real jobs to intellectual property theft as we speak.

The credit cards in your pockets will get hit 300,000 times by people trying to steal that information today, alone. Each and every one of them.

There's an unnamed large manufacturing company here in the United States. Through cyber espionage, they lost a particular product. They stole the blueprints, took it back to China, and repurposed it to compete in the global market against this particular company. Their estimate: 20,000 manufacturing jobs lost.

This is as serious an issue as we are not prepared to handle as Americans, and it is happening every minute of every single day.

When you look at the weight of those issues of the people before us in this Chamber and what they had to deal with—people like Adams and Henry and Madison—it was the size of their politics that tipped the scale for making really hard, difficult decisions and moving on. I'm going to challenge everybody in this Chamber today to not have those small, petty politics about what gets done and doesn't get done, about what I wanted in there and didn't get in there, about how my feelings got hurt or didn't get hurt.

There are Americans suffering under the weight of loss of opportunity. And those are middle class jobs. That's one rung on the ladder that's taken out for any hope for moving up and prosperity in this country.

We have a constitutional obligation to defend this Nation. We have done it in a way that doesn't allow the government to meddle with the Internet. It protects privacy, it protects civil liberties, and it has the government not even touching the Internet. This is the answer to empower cyber information sharing, to protect this Nation, to allow those companies to protect them-

selves, and move on to economic prosperity. If you want to take a shot across China's bow, this is the answer.

Reject this motion to recommit and let's pass this bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 and clause 9 of rule XX, this 5-minute vote on the motion to recommit will be followed by 5-minute votes on passage of H.R. 624, if ordered, and agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, if ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 189, noes 224, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 116]

AYES—189

Andrews	Frankel (FL)	McCollum
Barber	Fudge	McDermott
Barrow (GA)	Gabbard	McIntyre
Bass	Gallego	McNerney
Beatty	Garamendi	Meeks
Becerra	Garcia	Meng
Bera (CA)	Grayson	Michaud
Bishop (NY)	Green, Al	Miller, George
Blumenauer	Green, Gene	Moore
Bonamici	Grijalva	Moran
Brady (PA)	Gutierrez	Murphy (FL)
Braley (IA)	Hahn	Nadler
Brown (FL)	Hanabusa	Napolitano
Brownley (CA)	Hastings (FL)	Negrete McLeod
Bustos	Heck (WA)	Nolan
Butterfield	Higgins	O'Rourke
Capps	Himes	Owens
Cárdenas	Hinojosa	Pallone
Carney	Holt	Pascarell
Carson (IN)	Honda	Pastor (AZ)
Cartwright	Horsford	Payne
Castor (FL)	Hoyer	Pelosi
Castro (TX)	Huffman	Perlmutter
Cicilline	Israel	Peters (CA)
Clarke	Jackson Lee	Peters (MI)
Clay	Jeffries	Peterson
Cleaver	Johnson (GA)	Pingree (ME)
Clyburn	Johnson, E. B.	Pocan
Cohen	Jones	Polis
Connolly	Kaptur	Price (NC)
Conyers	Kelly (IL)	Quigley
Cooper	Kildee	Rahall
Costa	Kilmer	Rangel
Courtney	Kind	Richmond
Crowley	Kirkpatrick	Roybal-Allard
Cuellar	Kuster	Ruiz
Cummings	Langevin	Ruppersberger
Davis (CA)	Larsen (WA)	Rush
Davis, Danny	Larson (CT)	Ryan (OH)
DeFazio	Lee (CA)	Sánchez, Linda
DeGette	Levin	T.
Delaney	Lewis	Sanchez, Loretta
DeLauro	Lipinski	Sarbanes
DelBene	Loeb	Schakowsky
Deutch	Lofgren	Schiff
Dingell	Lowenthal	Schneider
Doggett	Lowey	Schrader
Doyle	Lujan Grisham	Schwartz
Duckworth	(NM)	Scott (VA)
Edwards	Luján, Ben Ray	Scott, David
Ellison	(NM)	Serrano
Engel	Maffei	Sewell (AL)
Enyart	Maloney,	Sherman
Eshoo	Carolyn	Sinema
Esty	Maloney, Sean	Sires
Farr	Matheson	Slaughter
Fattah	Matsui	Smith (WA)
Foster	McCarthy (NY)	Speier

Swalwell (CA)
Takano
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tonko
Van Hollen

Vargas
Veasey
Vela
Visclosky
Walz
Wasserman
Schultz

Waters
Watt
Waxman
Welch
Wilson (FL)
Yarmuth

NOES—224

Aderholt
Alexander
Amash
Amodei
Bachus
Barletta
Barr
Barton
Benishek
Bentivolio
Bilirakis
Bishop (UT)
Black
Bonner
Boustany
Brady (TX)
Bridenstine
Brooks (AL)
Brooks (IN)
Broun (GA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Burgess
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Cantor
Capito
Carter
Cassidy
Chabot
Chaffetz
Coble
Coffman
Cole
Collins (GA)
Collins (NY)
Conaway
Cook
Cotton
Cramer
Crawford
Crenshaw
Culberson
Daines
Davis, Rodney
Denham
Dent
DeSantis
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Duffy
Duncan (SC)
Duncan (TN)
Ellmers
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fleming
Flores
Forbes
Fortenberry
Foxy
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Gardner
Garrett
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gibson
Gingrey (GA)
Gohmert
Goodlatte
Gosar

NOT VOTING—19

Bachmann
Bishop (GA)
Blackburn
Capuano
Chu
Holding
Keating

□ 1250

So the motion to recommit was re-
jected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The
question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the
Speaker pro tempore announced that
the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. RUPPERSBERGER. Mr. Speak-
er, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This
will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—yeas 288, nays
127, not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 117]

YEAS—288

Aderholt
Alexander
Amodei
Bachus
Barber
Barletta
Barr
Barrow (GA)
Barton
Beatty
Benishek
Bera (CA)
Bilirakis
Bishop (GA)
Bishop (NY)
Black
Bonner
Boustany
Brady (TX)
Brooks (AL)
Brooks (IN)
Brown (FL)
Brownley (CA)
Buchanan
Bucshon
Burgess
Bustos
Butterfield
Calvert
Camp
Campbell
Cantor
Capito
Cárdenas
Carney
Carter
Cassidy
Castor (FL)
Chabot
Chaffetz
Clarke
Clay
Cleaver
Clyburn
Coble
Coffman
Cole
Collins (GA)
Collins (NY)
Conaway
Connolly
Cook
Cooper
Costa
Cotton
Cramer
Crawford
Crenshaw
Cuellar
Culberson
Daines
Denham
Dent
DesJarlais
Deutch
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Duckworth
Duffy
Duncan (TN)
Ellmers
Enyart
Farenthold
Fincher
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Flores

YEAS—288

Forbes
Fortenberry
Foster
Foxy
Frankel (FL)
Franks (AZ)
Frelinghuysen
Fudge
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia
Gardner
Gerlach
Gibbs
Gingrey (GA)
Goodlatte
Gowdy
Granger
Graves (GA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al
Green, Gene
Griffin (AR)
Griffith (VA)
Grimm
Guthrie
Gutierrez
Hanabusa
Hanna
Harper
Harris
Hartzler
Hastings (FL)
Hastings (WA)
Heck (NV)
Heck (WA)
Hensarling
Higgins
Himes
Horsford
Hoyer
Hudson
Huizenga (MI)
Hultgren
Hunter
Hurt
Israel
Issa
Jeffries
Jenkins
Johnson (OH)
Johnson, E. B.
Johnson, Sam
Jordan
Joyce
Kaptur
Kelly (IL)
Kelly (PA)
Kilmer
Kind
King (IA)
King (NY)
Kinzinger (IL)
Kirkpatrick
Kline
Kuster
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Lance
Langevin
Lankford
Larsen (WA)
Latham
Latta
Lipinski
LoBiondo
Long

Ruppersberger
Ryan (WI)
Salmon
Sanchez, Loretta
Scalise
Schneider
Schock
Schrader
Schwartz
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sessions
Sewell (AL)
Shuster
Simpson
Sinema
Sires
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)

Smith (TX)
Smith (WA)
Southernland
Stewart
Stivers
Stutzman
Swalwell (CA)
Terry
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Thornberry
Tiberi
Tipton
Titus
Turner
Upton
Valadao
Vargas
Veasey

Vela
Wagner
Walberg
Walden
Walorski
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westmoreland
Whitfield
Williams
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Wolf
Womack
Woodall
Yoder
Young (AK)
Young (FL)
Young (IN)

NAYS—127

Amash
Andrews
Bass
Becerra
Bentivolio
Bishop (UT)
Blumenauer
Bonamici
Brady (PA)
Braley (IA)
Bridenstine
Broun (GA)
Capps
Carson (IN)
Cartwright
Castro (TX)
Chu
Cicilline
Cohen
Conyers
Courtney
Crowley
Cummings
Davis (CA)
Davis, Danny
Davis, Rodney
DeFazio
DeGette
Delaney
DeLauro
DelBene
DeSantis
Doggett
Doyle
Duncan (SC)
Edwards
Ellison
Engel
Eshoo
Esty
Farr
Fattah
Fleming
Gabbard

NOT VOTING—17

Bachmann
Blackburn
Capuano
Holding
Keating
Kennedy

□ 1259

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on
the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. BACHMANN. Mr. Speaker, on April 18,
2013 I was not able to vote on rollcall votes
113, 114, 115, 116 and 117. At the time, I was
performing my duties as a designee of the
U.S. House of Representatives attending the
funeral of Baroness Margaret Thatcher in Lon-
don. Had I been present for the vote, I would
have voted “aye” on rollcall votes 113, 114,
115 and 117. I would have voted “no” on roll-
call vote 116.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. CAPUANO. Mr. Speaker, I missed several votes today to attend an Interfaith Service in Boston. I wish to state for the record how I would have voted had I been present:

Rollcall No. 113—"Yes"

Rollcall No. 114—"Yes"

Rollcall No. 115—"Yes"

Rollcall No. 116—"Yes"

Rollcall No. 117—"No"

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS
IN ENGROSSMENT

Mr. ROGERS of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that in the engrossment of the bill, H.R. 624, the Clerk be authorized to make such technical and conforming changes as necessary to reflect the actions of the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to yield to my friend from Virginia, the majority leader, for the purposes of inquiring about the schedule for the week to come.

Mr. CANTOR. I thank the gentleman from Maryland, the Democratic whip, for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, on Monday, the House is not in session. On Tuesday, the House will meet at noon for morning hour and 2 p.m. for legislative business. Votes will be postponed until 6:30 p.m. On Wednesday and Thursday, the House will meet at 10 a.m. for morning hour and noon for legislative business. On Friday, the House will meet at 9 a.m. for legislative business. Last votes of the week are expected no later than 3 p.m.

Mr. Speaker, the House will consider a few suspensions on Tuesday and Wednesday, a complete list of which will be announced by the close of business tomorrow. Of the suspensions, I'm proud to announce that the House will consider a bill by Representative TERRI SEWELL to award the Congressional Gold Medal to the four young girls who lost their lives in the bombing of the 16th Street Baptist Church in Birmingham 50 years ago, which served as a catalyst for the civil rights movement.

In addition, Mr. Speaker, we'll take up H.R. 1549, the Helping Sick Ameri-

cans Now Act. This bill, authored by Representatives JOE PITTS, MICHAEL BURGESS, and ANN WAGNER, will help Americans with preexisting conditions obtain insurance coverage without delay.

We will also consider H.R. 527, the Responsible Helium Administration and Stewardship Act, a bipartisan bill sponsored by Chairman HASTINGS. This legislation applies pre-market principles to future sales from the Federal Helium Reserve and will protect thousands of American jobs.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the majority leader for the information on the business for next week.

I would observe that he and I co-chaired, the honorary cochair, with JOHN LEWIS, of course, the chair, our leader, along with TERRI SEWELL, SPENCER BACHUS, and Congresswoman ROBY, a delegation to march across the Edmund Pettus Bridge to recognize the Voting Rights Act and the acts that led up to that. I thank the majority leader for bringing the gold medal bill to the floor, sponsored by Congresswoman SEWELL, recognizing those four little girls who at the Birmingham church lost their lives to what could rightfully be referred to, I think, as a terrorist act, a bomb going off, with no specific objective in mind other than to kill people inside that church.

□ 1310

The little girls were the closest to that explosion, and they lost their lives. And as the majority leader has pointed out, that event and the events that occurred in the square just across the street from the church led to this country living out its principles better than it had done to that date. But some lost their lives, these four little girls, and some gave dearly to accomplish that objective. So I thank the majority leader for facilitating that bill coming to the floor.

Mr. Leader, I noted on the schedule, however, that there is no motion to go to conference on the budget. As the gentleman knows, the House has been requesting for some years now a budget, which the Senate has passed. That budget has now been sent to the House and it is ripe for us to go to conference.

The gentleman, the Speaker, and others have been talking about regular order for some period of time. I agree with them. Regular order leads to better results. Regular order leads to an ability to sit down and try to come to compromises on where there are differences and to make progress. I would hope that we would follow regular order now that the Senate has acted.

Speaker BOEHNER said, in January of this year, "Regular order works best." I think he was absolutely right. There was a headline in Politico just a couple of days ago where it says, "GOP Clammers for Regular Order." Speaker BOEHNER said on December 8, 2011, regarding a bill we had passed:

The House has passed its bill. Now the Senate has passed its bill. And, you know, under

the Constitution, when we have these disagreements, there could be a formal conference between the House and Senate to resolve our differences.

You said that same year:

We have committed and the Speaker has committed to make sure that our committees will go through regular order.

PAUL RYAN, the chairman of the Budget Committee on November 29, 2011, said:

We're going to restore regular order.

I think you were correct in all those instances, and I want to associate myself with those remarks.

Now we have an opportunity for regular order, and we're going to be meeting next week, and then we'll be taking off a week. That is all time that a conference could be working to try to get us to an agreement so, frankly, we could not only have an agreement, which I think the country would welcome, but we could also, I think, substitute that agreement for the sequester, which is currently having and will have a very negative effect on our economy, on jobs, and on the confidence that Americans have that we're pursuing rational policies. The gentleman and I both have agreed that sequester is not a rational policy in that it deals with high-priority and low-priority items in very much the same way.

So my question, Mr. Leader, is there a possibility—it's not on the calendar and you didn't announce it, but I would urge you that we go to conference, preferably the first day we're back after this weekend, so that we could get to work on trying to get to an agreement on one of the most pressing problems confronting this country, and that's getting ourselves on a fiscally sustainable path.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman. I appreciate the spirit with which he recommends that we proceed along the lines asked for by those individuals he spoke about.

I would say to the gentleman, Mr. Speaker, that I'm told that our chairman and the chairman on the other side of the Capitol, Mrs. MURRAY, they're meeting and looking to see the path forward so that we can effect a meeting of the minds and do what the American people are asking us to do, which is to get the fiscal challenges addressed at the Federal level so they can go on about making their life work and continue to create their dreams and live the life they want and have the life they want for their kids.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman for his comments.

I want to say I have a lot of respect, as the gentleman knows and I have expressed on this floor, for Mr. RYAN. I think Mr. RYAN is a very able and dedicated and conscientious Member of this House. I have equal respect for and confidence in Senator MURRAY, who chairs the Senate Budget Committee.

And while I'm appreciative of the fact they're having discussions, frankly, the American people need to have a