

McKinley	Quigley	Stewart
McMorris	Rangel	Stockman
Rodgers	Rice (SC)	Stutzman
McNerney	Richmond	Swalwell (CA)
Meadows	Roby	Takano
Meehan	Roe (TN)	Thompson (PA)
Meeks	Rogers (AL)	Thornberry
Meng	Rogers (KY)	Tierney
Messer	Rokita	Titus
Mica	Roskam	Tonko
Miller (MI)	Ross	Tsongas
Miller, Gary	Rothfus	Upton
Moore	Royce	Van Hollen
Moran	Ruiz	Vargas
Mullin	Runyan	Veasey
Mulvaney	Ryan (WI)	Vela
Murphy (FL)	Sánchez, Linda	Wagner
Murphy (PA)	T.	Walberg
Nadler	Sanchez, Loretta	Walden
Napolitano	Scalise	Walorski
Negrete McLeod	Schiff	Walz
Neugebauer	Schneider	Wasserman
Nugent	Schock	Schultz
Nunes	Schrader	Waters
Nunnelee	Schwartz	Watt
O'Rourke	Schweikert	Waxman
Olson	Scott (VA)	Weber (TX)
Palazzo	Scott, Austin	Webster (FL)
Pascarel	Scott, David	Welch
Paulsen	Sensenbrenner	Wenstrup
Payne	Serrano	Westmoreland
Pearce	Sessions	Whitfield
Pelosi	Sewell (AL)	Williams
Perlmutter	Shea-Porter	Wilson (FL)
Perry	Sherman	Wilson (SC)
Peters (CA)	Shimkus	Wolf
Petri	Shuster	Womack
Pitts	Sinema	Yarmuth
Pocan	Smith (NE)	Smith (NJ)
Polis	Smith (TX)	Smith (TX)
Pompeo	Smith (WA)	Smith (WA)
Posey	Speier	Young (FL)
Price (NC)		Young (IN)

NAYS—104

Amash	Griffin (AR)	Peters (MI)
Andrews	Griffith (VA)	Peterson
Barr	Hanna	Pittenger
Benishek	Heck (NV)	Price (GA)
Bera (CA)	Herrera Beutler	Radel
Bishop (NY)	Holding	Rahall
Brady (PA)	Honda	Reed
Burgess	Hudson	Reichert
Capuano	Huelskamp	Renacci
Chu	Huizenga (MI)	Ribble
Coffman	Israel	Rigell
Collins (GA)	Jenkins	Rogers (MI)
Conyers	Johnson (OH)	Rooney
Costa	Jones	Rush
Cotton	Jordan	Salmon
Courtney	Joyce	Sarbanes
Crowley	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Davis, Rodney	Kinzinger (IL)	Sires
Denham	Kirkpatrick	Slaughter
Dent	Lance	Southerland
DesJarlais	Langevin	Stivers
Duffy	Latham	Terry
Farenthold	Latta	Thompson (CA)
Fitzpatrick	Lewis	Thompson (MS)
Flores	LoBiondo	Tiberi
Foxx	Maffei	Tipton
Garcia	Marchant	Turner
Gardner	Matheson	Valadão
Gerlach	McDermott	Velázquez
Gibson	McGovern	Visclosky
Gingrey (GA)	Miller, George	Wittman
Graves (GA)	Neal	Woodall
Graves (MO)	Nolan	Yoder
Green, Al	Pallone	Young (AK)
Green, Gene	Pastor (AZ)	

ANSWERED “PRESENT”—1

Owens

NOT VOTING—32

Bilirakis	Gutierrez	Miller (FL)
Broun (GA)	Hastings (FL)	Noem
Butterfield	Kildee	Pingree (ME)
Carter	Kind	Poe (TX)
Castor (FL)	Loebssack	Rohrabacher
Coble	Lujan Grisham	Ros-Lehtinen
Cohen	(NM)	Royal-Allard
Connolly	Lynch	Ruppersberger
Culberson	Maloney,	Ryan (OH)
Cummings	Carolyn	Simpson
Gohmert	Markley	
Grijalva	Michaud	

□ 1916

So the Journal was approved.
The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER
AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 1202

Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to remove Representative JOE WILSON from H.R. 1202.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. MEADOWS). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

GE TRANSPORTATION
RESTRUCTURING OPERATIONS

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, GE Transportation, a division of General Electric, is a locomotive manufacturing facility in Lawrence Park, Erie County, which is located in Pennsylvania's Fifth Congressional District. The plant is one of the largest employers in the county with over 5,500 employees.

Earlier today, GE announced its intent to restructure operations, which could result in over 950 employees being impacted—a tremendous loss for Erie County, especially for the individuals and families directly impacted. Company officials cited “lower order and production volume within locomotive and mining businesses due to decreased coal demand” as the justification for the decision.

GE supplies locomotives to the freight-rail industry, which has relied more on coal than any other commodity. The announcement is another reminder of how the administration's regulatory agenda is impacting more and more businesses connected to the coal supply chain. Equally so, it raises questions as to what the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can do to become more competitive and improve business retention.

While this is a major upset and I am extremely disappointed, in moving forward we must pull together as a community and support those who have been affected by this decision.

EQUAL PAY DAY

(Mr. PETERS of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PETERS of California. Mr. Speaker, today is Equal Pay Day, and June will mark the 50th anniversary of President Kennedy signing the Equal Pay Act. Despite these markers of recognition and achievement, discrimination through the form of a staggering wage gap still exists.

In San Diego, a woman is paid 84 cents for every dollar a man is paid for

the same job with the same experience. That means, together, San Diego women earn nearly \$3.2 billion less each year than their male counterparts for performing the same work. For a woman working in San Diego, the wage gap represents 60 weeks of food, 4 weeks of mortgage and utility payments, 7 months of rent, or 2,035 gallons of gasoline.

To me, it's remarkable that this is still an issue, so in my first month in Congress I cosponsored Congresswoman ROSA DELAURÓ's Paycheck Fairness Act. It addresses the continuing discrepancy in pay and strengthens the Equal Pay Act by providing for greater enforcement of and remedies to gender discrimination in the payment of wages.

For my daughter and her daughters, for the women of San Diego, and for women across the Nation, I encourage every Member in this body to stand up for women and help pass the Paycheck Fairness Act.

□ 1920

EQUAL PAY DAY

(Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, today, the 9th of April, is called Equal Pay Day because it marks the number of days into 2013 women had to work to equal the salary made by their male counterparts in 2012. It is a sad reality that women systemically continue to be paid less than men for doing the same work.

As families increasingly rely on women's wages to make ends meet, equal pay is not simply a women's issue; it is a family issue that impacts our national economy. On average, women receive only 77 cents for every dollar paid to male workers. This disparity results in the loss of nearly \$11,000 a year, or the equivalent of 4 months of groceries, 5 months of child care, and over 6 months of rent and utilities.

In my home State of California, the wage gap is even more pronounced for black and Latina women, who receive just 64 cents and 42 cents, respectively, for every dollar paid to white men.

Mr. Speaker, we have the power to correct this injustice that hurts families and the economy. I urge the Republican leadership to allow a vote on the Paycheck Fairness Act.

EQUAL PAY DAY

(Ms. DUCKWORTH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. DUCKWORTH. Mr. Speaker, America's daughters deserve better. Today, in the United States, women make only 77 cents for every dollar their male peers earn. In my home