

Aid Auxiliary Bingo Night, which provides the main source of fundraising for the squad. The Auxiliary handles most of the fundraising efforts for the Wanaque First Aid Squad, as the job is very demanding. There are 14 EMTs, who have met the 270 hour certification requirements, and six drivers who also must go through basic training. They cover the Wanaque area 24 hours a day, five days a week, and alternate weekend coverage with Pompton Lakes, to help provide each squad with weekend relief. In the year of 2012, the Wanaque First Aid Squad answered to 1,008 calls and dedicated 11,378 volunteer hours, for an average of 569 hours per member. The squad plans to celebrate their 40th year with the arrival of a new 2013 Ford E-450 ambulance, which will replace their old rig that will be auctioned off.

Mr. Speaker, I ask you and my colleagues to join me in congratulating the Wanaque First Aid Squad as they celebrate their 40th anniversary.

CONGRATULATING COACH LORI KERANS FOR HER 500TH CAREER VICTORY

HON. RODNEY DAVIS

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Coach Lori Kerans for her 500th career victory. Coach Kerans is the head coach for the Millikin University women's basketball team and on December 15th led my Alma mater to beat Illinois College 66-61 to secure her 500th career victory.

Coach Kerans who is a Newton High School graduate became the 15th active Division III women's basketball coach to reach 500 wins and the first in the College Conference of Illinois and Wisconsin (CCIW). Overall, she is the 19th women's coach all-time in Division III to reach this tremendous coaching mark.

Over 27 years Coach Kerans has led the Big Blue to thirteen 20-win seasons and is Millikin's winningest coach with a 504-203 record. In 2004-05, she guided Millikin to its 14th NCAA appearance and its first ever NCAA Championship.

Kerans owns a 17-11 record in NCAA tournament games and her team has twice advanced to the Elite Eight before the national championship. During the eight years spanning the 1993-94 and 2000-01 seasons, she led the Big Blue to winning at least 20 games a year—something that no other women's team has accomplished in CCIW history.

Because of her dedication to success and her student-athletes, I am proud to honor the achievements of Coach Lori Kerans.

VETERAN ELBERT WOOD RE-MINDED OF THE MILITARY BOND

HON. TED POE

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, WWII veteran Elbert Wood, 93 years old, returned

home from a doctor visit only to find that his home had been broken into and vandalized. A couple of teenagers had nothing better to do than to spray paint and burglarize the home that Elbert built himself more than 55 years ago. I didn't have the chance to see the damage in-person, but from what I saw in videos, everything in his home was covered in graffiti, including the walls, windows, the TV, even the furniture. Of course, when Elbert saw the damage, devastation set in, but not for too long. Soon, Elbert was reminded that in times of trouble, he could always count on his family. And by family, I mean the ones that share the forever military bond.

A band of Marines quickly made their way to Elbert's home when they heard what had happened. They wanted to let him know that they were there for him in times of need. On that day and the days to follow, the Marines lent their helping hands and cleaned up the vandalism and made necessary repairs. They were determined to recreate the same image that Elbert envisioned when he thought of "home" before the incident.

The support Elbert received during that time was not limited to that of the Marines. Members of the community stepped up to help him, too. One furniture store even donated a new living room set. This is what I call a tight community. As for the suspects, they were caught red-handed, literally, just down the street from Elbert's home. Two teenagers were caught with red paint residue all over their hands and with stolen items from Elbert's home. I hope they have a lot of time to think about their crime in the do-right hotel.

Battlegrounds aren't the only places Marines or members of the military look out for each other, Mr. Speaker. The brotherhood and sisterhood of the military extends beyond the battlefields and into everyday life. Today, I would like to recognize these fellow Marines that so generously helped their brother out in a time of trouble. America is a better and safer place because of people like them, including Elbert.

And that's just the way it is.

CELEBRATION OF NATIONAL FROZEN FOOD MONTH

HON. STEPHEN LEE FINCHER

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. FINCHER. Mr. Speaker, today I rise to recognize National Frozen Food Month. Frozen food companies play a vital role in providing families with a diverse range of convenient and nutritious foods to support healthy eating and an active lifestyle.

Frozen foods companies also make an important contribution to the American economy by supporting more than 225,000 jobs nationwide with a combined annual payroll topping \$8.5 billion. From the farm to the city the economic impact of frozen food companies can be seen all across the country.

It is a great honor that I salute two frozen food companies employing folks in Tennessee. Since 1906 the Kellogg Company has helped families start their day off right. Kellogg has operated the largest Eggo frozen waffle facility in the country from Rossville, TN since 1988. Kellogg's expanded the facility in 1992 and again in 2006.

Kellogg and the frozen food industry are also giving back to America's communities. Their MorningStar Farms® brand sponsored the Frozen Food Foundation's 2013 5K last month bringing together 400 youth, teens and adults, including the Boys & Girls Clubs in a public display of their commitment to health and wellness.

Another frozen food leader in Tennessee is the Pictsweet food company. Family-owned and family-run for four generations, the company continues to be pure Tennessee. Founded in 1945 and headquartered in Bells, Tennessee the company has weathered good times and bad while still providing American families with delicious frozen garden-fresh vegetables across the United States.

With six manufacturing and distribution facilities in the United States, the Pictsweet Brand is now one of the fastest growing national retail brands of frozen vegetables.

Mr. Speaker, in celebration of National Frozen Food Month, I applaud Kellogg's, Pictsweet and the entire frozen food industry for their hard work in providing jobs and nutritious food to our country.

RECOGNIZING DOUG GOLD AS THIS YEAR'S BIG BROTHER OF THE YEAR FOR THE JEWISH BIG BROTHERS BIG SISTERS OF LOS ANGELES

HON. SEAN P. DUFFY

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. DUFFY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Doug Gold, this year's Big Brother of the Year for the Jewish Big Brothers Big Sisters of Los Angeles.

Doug's dedication to a life of community service and volunteerism has touched many organizations and nurtured many children over the years. His selfless efforts should act as role model for citizens all over the country.

By balancing work and family obligations while continuing to give back to his community, Doug has demonstrated the altruistic virtues this country was built upon. Over the years, Doug has not only coached local soccer teams and attended ballet recitals, but he also has been active with the March of Dimes organization and with Kiwanis International.

In January of this year, his most recent volunteer efforts were honored by the Jewish Big Brothers Big Sisters of Los Angeles. The one on one mentoring organization for Jewish children recognized him with the Big Brother of the Year Award.

I stand here to offer my congratulations to Doug as his unselfish efforts should be celebrated and commended. Great job Doug.

CHEN GUANGCHENG AND GAO ZHISHENG: HUMAN RIGHTS IN CHINA

HON. CHRISTOPHER H. SMITH

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I recently held a hearing in which we listened

and learned from brave men and women from China who have been and are at the forefront of advocating for freedom and human rights and against the tyranny and oppression of the state.

We sought advice and counsel as to what can—and must—be done by Congress, the President, and the American people, and all people of goodwill worldwide, to mitigate the hate and gross mistreatment meted out by the government of China against its own citizens.

We appealed to Beijing—ease up, respect fundamental human rights and the sanctity of human life and honor your commitments and the rule of law.

Chen Guangcheng and his equally courageous wife Yuan Weijing have paid, and continue to pay an extraordinary high price for their benign defiance of a dictatorship that violates human rights with impunity and crushes human dignity.

Not only have the Chens endured numbing isolation and unspeakable torture over the course of several years, but now as we all know, in a pathetic display of PRC governmental revenge Chen's nephew Chen Kegui languishes in a Chinese prison while other family members remain at risk. Shockingly, young Chen Kegui has been brutally tortured and threatened, as Guangcheng noted, with life imprisonment if he appeals his conviction.

Undeterred, Mr. Chen Guangcheng continues to gently raise his clear and consistent voice on behalf of all victims while pushing systemic reform of egregiously flawed political institutions and people who persecute and repress.

Blind since childhood, Mr. Chen bore all the burdens and disadvantages that a disabled person faces in rural China. Confronted with the denial of his rights, he developed an intense interest in law and challenged the local government, winning his case. Hearing of Mr. Chen's success, other individuals in Shandong Province were inspired to seek his legal assistance in securing redress and vindication.

Almost everywhere, corrupt officials made, and continue to make, life miserable for those struggling to survive. Mr. Chen informed many of their rights and helped them seek durable remedies. He helped many to see that the rule of just and compassionate law wasn't just for the privileged few, but for everyone.

Victimized yet unbroken by beatings and torture, 51 months of nightmarish incarceration, preceded by house arrest and followed by 18 months more cut short only by his escape, Chen Guangcheng tenaciously defended Chinese women and babies oppressed by China's draconian one child policy.

Mr. Chen's brilliant mind, indomitable spirit and unimaginable courage exposed pervasive forced abortion, deemed a crime against humanity at the Nuremberg Nazi War Crimes Tribunal, and was relentless in using his self-taught legal skills to protect the innocent.

Unfazed by both the difficulty of the task or the inherent risks, Mr. Chen employed legal strategies to combat this insidious government cruelty towards women and children and argued that his clients in Linyi—and all women in China for that matter—have rights that prohibit such violence. They deserve better.

Chen became, and remains their hero.

It took a blind man to really see the injustice of a population control program that makes most brothers and sisters illegal and to hear the desperate cries of Chinese women.

It took a blind man, the great Chen Guangcheng, to open the eyes of a blind world to these human rights violations systematically inflicted on Chinese women.

Mr. Chen's daring escape to the U.S. Embassy, his miraculous evasion of China's ubiquitous secret police en route is the stuff of legend and superheroes. His dramatic testimony by telephone from a hospital to two emergency hearings I chaired was heard around the world.

Ms. Geng He appeared in order to remind us, and the world, of another brave extraordinary hero, her husband Gao Zhisheng. With great love and a broken heart, this remarkable woman has worked unceasingly to secure the freedom of her husband.

Gao Zhisheng is an attorney who played a leading role among Chinese human rights lawyers that defend those the Chinese government persecutes most harshly, conducting their defense by demanding that the prosecution conform to the law.

Mr. Gao is the quintessential example of a human rights defender.

In 2005, after he took on politically sensitive cases, Mr. Gao wrote open letters to both the National People's Congress and the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, calling for an end to the torture of members of persecuted religious groups. Mr. Gao's license to practice law was subsequently revoked, his law firm shut down, and his family placed under police surveillance. In August, 2006, Mr. Gao was apprehended and then charged with "inciting subversion." He was convicted and given a suspended three-year sentence with five years' probation, effectively placing him under house arrest.

In September 2007, Mr. Gao wrote an open letter to the United States Congress in which he described widespread human rights abuses in China, called "China's birth control policy the largest genocide in the history of mankind" and related the government's harsh treatment of him and his family. He was consequently detained and tortured for 50 days. His captors called him a "traitor," and they warned him he would be killed if he told anyone about being abducted and tortured.

In February 2009, Gao was forcibly taken away from his home in Shaanxi province by public security personnel. He briefly resurfaced only in late March of 2010, more than a year later. During his brief reappearance, however, Mr. Gao gave several interviews to foreign media, disclosing the details of his torture. The next month, Mr. Gao disappeared again.

In testimony at a China Commission hearing that I chaired on February 14th of last year, Geng He said of her daughter Grace: "Zhisheng's absence has caused my daughter severe emotional anguish. She often dreams that her father is dead."

Geng He added: "My son has tears in his eyes on Father's day . . . we were forced to endure rumors that the guards had tortured Zhisheng to death."

In late 2011, Gao was secretly transferred to a distant Shayang County Prison in the Aksu district of Xinjiang. He has seen his family only twice in the last 16 months and for only 30 minutes each visit. Police have prohibited family members from asking him any information about himself.

In an account of Mr. Gao's torture, made public by the Associated Press in January

2011, Mr. Gao disclosed to a reporter the excruciating details of his detention: "The police stripped Gao Zhisheng bare and pummeled him with handguns in holsters. For two days and nights, they took turns beating him and did things he refused to describe." He recalled, "for 48 hours my life hung by a thread." Authorities reportedly threatened to kill Mr. Gao and to dump his body in a river. And, authorities taunted him by saying "you must forget you're human."

To President Xi, we will not forget Gao Zhisheng. Not now, not ever. We appeal to you to release him.

Below are several excerpts from the hearing I recently chaired.

Q: Rep. Weber (to Mr. Chen and Pastor Fu)—"Would you all agree that part of your reason for being here is to stop those atrocities and that we would include those as a basic human right as well?"

A: Mr. Chen "Forced abortion is certainly a basic human rights issue; no mother would willingly kill their own children. This is a doing of the Chinese Communist Party, acting above the law. They want to be as the Emperors and exercise absolute power."

Q: Mr. Smith Referencing Mr. Chen's interview with the press about the brutality of the one-child policy, specifically quoting Mr. Chen's statement about how forced abortion does not occur only for those who are having a second child, but also for those who are having their first child but without a birth permit; Mr. Smith asked Mr. Chen for any further comments on that.

A: Mr. Chen "China's population planning agency has become a powerful for-profit institution. On the papers, this institution comprises of 500,000 personnel, but in reality, as much as 2,000,000 personnel are involved in enforcing China's population planning policies."

"In China, there is a zero-tolerance policy where if a party secretary does not implement one particular policy well, he is ruled to be incompetent and would be removed from his post, even if he performs well in implementing other policies. As a result, party secretaries enforce the one-child policy ruthlessly and aggressively."

"So now, in addition to forcibly aborting 'extraneous' pregnancies (i.e. any pregnancy beyond the first child), couples also must acquire a birth permit from the population planning office even for first pregnancies. Once pregnancy occurs without this permit, local authorities will also force an abortion—unless you're able to pay a large amount of money to the local authorities for them to look the other way and provide you with an ex post facto permit. But in most cases where they are being stringent, they will force you to go through with the abortion no matter what."

Amnesty International's T. Kumar, International Advocacy Director said forced abortion is a major human rights violation in China.

"As a consequence of the government's one-child policy, women are still compelled to undergo forced abortion and sterilization, notwithstanding official assurances that such practices violate Beijing's wishes," Kumar said.

Fu said bloody cases in China's forcibly enforced "one-child" family planning policy and in forced demolition of residential homes and relocation of residents continue to take place; the Chinese people's basic right to life cannot be guaranteed at all.

Fu, of ChinaAid, decried the violence of forced "family planning."

"Last month, the Ministry of Public Health publicly announced the 'achievements' of the family planning policy in the past 40 years: 330 million abortions performed on Chinese women," Fu said. "What is really distressing is that these bloody numbers continue to climb and that the majority of these abortions were forced on the women by the government." Fu said that on March 13, a woman in Henan province (Daxuzhai town, Taikang county) who was forced to have an abortion against her will, was found hanged at the local family planning office with suspicious injuries all over her body. On March 22, he testified, a woman in her seventh month of pregnancy in Anhui province (Chuzhou, Fengyang county) was kidnapped by family planning cadres and taken to a hospital where she was forced to receive a lethal injection that killed her seven-month-old unborn baby and caused her to deliver a dead fetus.

RECOGNIZING TJ DiCAPRIO, RECIPIENT OF THE 2013 EPA CENTER FOR CORPORATE CLIMATE LEADERSHIP AWARD

HON. ADAM SMITH

OF WASHINGTON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. SMITH of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor Tamara "TJ" DiCaprio, Senior Director of Environment Stability at Microsoft. She has been awarded the 2013 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Center for Corporate Climate Leadership Award.

The EPA awarded TJ DiCaprio the 2013 Climate Change Individual Leadership Award for her extraordinary leadership in Microsoft's response to climate change. DiCaprio led the effort to establish Microsoft's recent commitment to carbon neutrality for its data centers, software development labs, offices, and employee air travel. A key component of this aggressive greenhouse gas reduction policy is an internal carbon fee, which provides an innovative approach to voluntary operational accountability and which is already helping to change behavior.

Internalizing the cost of pollution through financial measures offers greater incentives to reduce emissions while raising funds for efficiency and renewable energy projects, helping to advance measures to mitigate climate change.

DiCaprio was also responsible for leading Microsoft to achieve its goal of reducing carbon emissions by 30 percent per unit of revenue from 2007 levels by 2012 through a series of efficiency initiatives and by purchasing renewable energy.

As a result of her vision and efforts, Microsoft purchased 1.1 billion kilowatt-hours (kWh) of green power in 2012, making Microsoft the third largest purchaser of green power in the United States.

DiCaprio and Microsoft are tackling the challenge of climate change with practical, commonsense, and cost-saving solutions to improve efficiency and cut waste.

Mr. Speaker, it is with great honor that I recognize the work DiCaprio has done in the Pacific Northwest and for corporate leadership across the United States.

TRIBUTE TO COACH MAL MOORE

HON. JO BONNER

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. BONNER. Mr. Speaker, it is with heartfelt sadness that I rise to note the passing of Coach Mal Moore, longtime and beloved Athletic Director of The University of Alabama.

Coach Moore dedicated his career to ensuring that the Crimson Tide always competed among the nation's elite no matter the sport or the arena. His loss is deeply felt among the "Alabama family" and his winning legacy will likely go unmatched.

A native of Dozier, Alabama, Mal Moore was a 1963 graduate of The University of Alabama, where he earned an undergraduate degree in Sociology and Master's Degree in Secondary Education. Coach Moore played quarterback under legendary head football coach Paul "Bear" Bryant, beginning in 1958, and was a member of the 1961 national championship team.

His subsequent coaching career spanned over three decades, including spending time in the athletic programs of Montana State, Notre Dame and both the St. Louis and Phoenix Cardinals.

However, for more than 20 of those years he also worked on the Crimson Tide coaching staff. He started as Coach Bryant's graduate assistant in 1964, then as defensive backfield coach for five years beginning in 1965 before becoming quarterbacks coach from 1971 to 1982 and serving as the Tide's first offensive coordinator starting in 1975. He returned as offensive coordinator under Coach Gene Stallings from 1990 to 1993 before moving into athletic administration.

During his career as Athletic Director from 1999 to 2013, Coach Moore oversaw \$240 million in improvements to the athletic infrastructure of The University. Alabama erected new stadiums for soccer, softball and tennis; new facilities for women's basketball and volleyball; a new golf clubhouse; and improved facilities for every other sports team, in addition to the renovation of Bryant-Denny Stadium, Paul W. Bryant Hall and Coleman Coliseum.

Overseeing a \$100 million budget and 21 men's and women's varsity sports teams, his 14-year record of leadership as Athletic Director speaks for itself. During Coach Moore's tenure as Athletic Director, the Crimson Tide football team won three national championships (2009, 2011 and 2012), posted six 10-win seasons, appearances in five Bowl Championship Series (BCS) bowl games and SEC championships in 1999, 2009, 2011, and 2012.

His dedication to—and love of—The University of Alabama was recognized on March 28, 2007, when, as a permanent tribute to his lifelong contribution to The Capstone, the Board of Trustees of The University of Alabama officially dedicated the facility formerly known as the Football Building as the Mal M. Moore Athletic Facility.

In 2011, Mal Moore was elected to the State of Alabama Sports Hall of Fame. The following year, he was honored with the prestigious John L. Toner Award for the nation's best athletic director at the 55th NNF awards dinner at Waldorf-Astoria in New York City.

His untimely death leaves a giant void in the life of The University of Alabama family.

Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the people of Alabama, I would like to extend my condolences to Coach Moore's daughter, Heather, his granddaughter, Anna Lee and grandson, Charles, as well as his many other family and friends. You are all in our thoughts and prayers.

HONORING THE MORRISTOWN NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK

HON. RODNEY P. FRELINGHUYSEN

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, April 12, 2013

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the Morristown National Historical Park, located in Morristown, New Jersey, which is celebrating its 80th anniversary.

As America's first national historical park, Morristown National Historical Park was founded on March 2, 1933 by legislation signed by President Herbert Hoover. Though he was responsible for the creation of the park, it was actually under President Franklin D. Roosevelt's Works Progress Administration that the Washington's Headquarters Museum was built. Along with the museum, Morristown National Historical Park is comprised of three different areas; Washington's Headquarters, Jockey Hollow, and Fort Nonsense. It was during the two critical winters of the Revolutionary War, 1777 and 1779–80, that these areas in Morristown sheltered the encampments of the Continental Army. Washington chose Morristown due to its strategic location, and made the Ford Mansion his headquarters.

Within Washington's Headquarters, there are two locations. The Historic Ford Mansion is an original 18th Century structure that was built between 1772–74, and is still furnished in period style. This location served as General Washington's military headquarters for six months during the winter of 1779–80. Nearby is the 1930's Washington's Headquarters Museum, which features exhibit galleries for visitors, as well as an expansive archive of important United States and world history items.

The Jockey Hollow area provides many different attractions for visitors. As of 1975, there is a Visitor Center as to direct and aid guests, and well as provide small displays. The Historic Wick House, built around 1750, is a farmhouse that served as the 1779–80 military headquarters for Major General Arthur St. Clair of the Continental Army. Today, demonstrations of period cooking and craft are offered by staff in costume. Henry Wick's 1,400 acre farm initially had attracted Washington's army due to the forest on the property, which provided fuel and building supplies. Jockey Hollow also offers the Pennsylvania Line, which consists of five reproduction-Continental Army soldier huts. There are also trails that were once used by the armies, known as the New York Brigade area and the New Jersey Brigade areas. These trails cross the property of the Cross Estate Gardens.

The Fort Nonsense area contains the remains of an earthwork fortification built by Washington's troops. The construction was ordered so that the fort served as a guardhouse of the main roads and storehouses, as well as an area to retreat to in the event of a British