

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 188, noes 236, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 63]

AYES—188

Ackerman	Fitzpatrick	Nadler
Altmire	Frank (MA)	Napolitano
Andrews	Fudge	Neal
Baca	Garamendi	Oliver
Baldwin	Gibson	Owens
Barrow	Gohmert	Pallone
Bass (CA)	Green, Al	Pascarell
Becerra	Grijalva	Pastor (AZ)
Berkley	Gutierrez	Pelosi
Berman	Hahn	Peters
Bishop (GA)	Hanabusa	Pingree (ME)
Bishop (NY)	Hastings (FL)	Polis
Blumenauer	Heinrich	Price (NC)
Bonamici	Higgins	Quigley
Boswell	Hinchee	Rahall
Brady (PA)	Hinojosa	Reichert
Braley (IA)	Hirono	Reyes
Brown (FL)	Hochul	Richardson
Buchanan	Holden	Richmond
Butterfield	Holt	Ros-Lehtinen
Capps	Honda	Rothman (NJ)
Capuano	Hoyer	Roybal-Allard
Cardoza	Inslee	Ruppersberger
Carnahan	Israel	Rush
Carney	Jackson (IL)	Ryan (OH)
Carson (IN)	Jackson Lee	Sánchez, Linda
Castor (FL)	(TX)	T.
Chandler	Johnson (GA)	Sanchez, Loretta
Chu	Johnson, E. B.	Sarbanes
Cicilline	Jones	Schakowsky
Clarke (MI)	Kaptur	Schiff
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Schrader
Clay	Kildee	Schwartz
Clyburn	Kissell	Scott (VA)
Coffman (CO)	Kucinich	Scott, David
Cohen	Langevin	Sewell
Connolly (VA)	Larson (CT)	Sherman
Conyers	Lee (CA)	Sires
Cooper	Levin	Smith (NJ)
Costello	Lewis (GA)	Smith (WA)
Courtney	Lipinski	Speier
Critz	LoBiondo	Stark
Crowley	Loebuck	Sutton
Cuellar	Lofgren, Zoe	Thompson (CA)
Cummings	Lowey	Thompson (MS)
Davis (CA)	Lujan	Tierney
Davis (IL)	Lynch	Tonko
DeFazio	Markey	Towns
DeGette	Matsui	Tsongas
DeLauro	McCarthy (NY)	Van Hollen
Dent	McCollum	Velázquez
Deutch	McDermott	Visclosky
Dicks	McGovern	Walz (MN)
Dingell	McIntyre	Wasserman
Doggett	McNerney	Schultz
Donnelly (IN)	Meehan	Waters
Doyle	Meeks	Watt
Edwards	Michaud	Waxman
Ellison	Miller (FL)	Welch
Engel	Miller (NC)	Wilson (FL)
Eshoo	Miller, George	Woolsey
Farr	Moore	Yarmuth
Fattah	Moran	Young (FL)
Filner	Murphy (CT)	

NOES—236

Adams	Bishop (UT)	Capito
Aderholt	Black	Carter
Akin	Blackburn	Cassidy
Alexander	Bonner	Chabot
Amash	Bono Mack	Chaffetz
Amodei	Boren	Coble
Austria	Boustany	Cole
Bachmann	Brady (TX)	Conaway
Bachus	Brooks	Costa
Barletta	Broun (GA)	Cravaack
Bartlett	Bucshon	Crawford
Barton (TX)	Buerkle	Crenshaw
Bass (NH)	Burgess	Culberson
Benishke	Burton (IN)	Davis (KY)
Berg	Calvert	Denham
Biggert	Camp	DesJarlais
Bilbray	Canseco	Diaz-Balart
Bilirakis	Cantor	Dold

Dreier	Kingston	Ribble
Duffy	Kinzinger (IL)	Rigell
Duncan (SC)	Kline	Rivera
Duncan (TN)	Labrador	Roby
Ellmers	Lamborn	Roe (TN)
Emerson	Lance	Rogers (AL)
Farenthold	Landry	Rogers (KY)
Fincher	Lankford	Rogers (MI)
Flake	Larsen (WA)	Rohrabacher
Fleischmann	Latham	Rokita
Fleming	LaTourette	Rooney
Flores	Latta	Roskam
Forbes	Lewis (CA)	Ross (AR)
Fortenberry	Long	Ross (FL)
Fox	Lucas	Royce
Franks (AZ)	Luetkemeyer	Runyan
Frelinghuysen	Lummis	Ryan (WI)
Galleghy	Lungren, Daniel	Scalise
Gardner	E.	Schilling
Garrett	Mack	Schmidt
Gerlach	Manzullo	Schock
Gibbs	Marchant	Schweikert
Gingrey (GA)	Marino	Scott (SC)
Gonzalez	Matheson	Scott, Austin
Goodlatte	McCarthy (CA)	Sensenbrenner
Gosar	McCaul	Sessions
Gowdy	McClintock	Shimkus
Granger	McCotter	Shuler
Graves (GA)	McHenry	Shuster
Graves (MO)	McKeon	Simpson
Green, Gene	McKinley	Smith (NE)
Griffin (AR)	McMorris	Smith (TX)
Griffith (VA)	Rodgers	Southerland
Grimm	Mica	Stearns
Guinta	Miller (MI)	Stivers
Guthrie	Miller, Gary	Stutzman
Hall	Mulvaney	Sullivan
Hanna	Murphy (PA)	Terry
Harper	Myrick	Thompson (PA)
Harris	Neugebauer	Thornberry
Hartzler	Noem	Tiberi
Hastings (WA)	Nugent	Tipton
Hayworth	Nunes	Turner (NY)
Heck	Nunnelee	Turner (OH)
Hensarling	Olson	Upton
Herger	Palazzo	Walberg
Herrera Beutler	Paulsen	Walden
Huelskamp	Pearce	Walsh (IL)
Huizenga (MI)	Pence	Webster
Hultgren	Perlmutter	West
Hunter	Peterson	Westmoreland
Hurt	Petri	Whitfield
Issa	Pitts	Wilson (SC)
Jenkins	Platts	Wittman
Johnson (IL)	Poe (TX)	Wolf
Johnson (OH)	Pompeo	Womack
Johnson, Sam	Posey	Woodall
Jordan	Price (GA)	Yoder
Kelly	Quayle	Young (AK)
Kind	Reed	Young (IN)
King (IA)	Rehberg	
King (NY)	Renacci	

NOT VOTING—9

Campbell	Maloney	Rangel
Cleaver	Paul	Serrano
Himes	Payne	Slaughter

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There are 30 seconds remaining.

□ 1845

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained and missed rollcall vote numbers 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on rollcall vote numbers 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, and 63. I would have voted "no" on rollcall vote number 62.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. CASSIDY) having assumed the chair, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state

of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 3408) to set clear rules for the development of United States oil shale resources, to promote shale technology research and development, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER TO UNITED STATES HOLOCAUST MEMORIAL COUNCIL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair announces the Speaker's appointment, pursuant to 36 U.S.C. 2302, and the order of the House of January 5, 2011, of the following Member of the House to the United States Holocaust Memorial Council:

Mr. ISRAEL, New York.

ST. JUDE'S CHARITABLE AUCTION

(Mr. FLEMING asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. FLEMING. Mr. Speaker, for 50 years, the St. Jude Children's Research Hospital has been one of the leading facilities for researching and treating catastrophic diseases in children. Every year, nearly 8,000 children are treated at St. Jude. That's why I'm proud of a group of friends back in my hometown who, for 36 years, have been raising money for St. Jude through an annual auction.

When the auction started, the first goal they set and reached was \$10,000. Well, that has long since been eclipsed. This year was another record-breaking year. The Minden, Louisiana, St. Jude auction held earlier this month raised \$1,065,235 to help the ongoing work of saving children's lives.

So thank you to Melissa Brown and Christie Rupple, the co-chairs of the Minden St. Jude auction. And thank you to Pete Treat who, after suffering the terrible loss of his 5-year-old daughter to leukemia, started the Minden St. Jude auction and now has had the privilege of watching that auction raise more than \$1 million for the St. Jude Children's Research Hospital.

□ 1850

REMEMBERING WHITNEY HOUSTON

(Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to speak of a loss that so many have spoken about over the last week, and that is the loss of Whitney Houston. I would imagine that everyone would acknowledge the beauty of her music and certainly the beauty that she was as a person and a human being. What a very sad loss for her daughter, Bobbi, and her mother, Cissy, her aunt, Dionne Warwick, and the extended family members who loved her dearly.

We cannot help but be reminded of Whitney's beautiful voice singing "The

Star Spangled Banner” after and during the Gulf War. Or the words that she sang, “Yes, Jesus Loves Me” in the song that she sang in the first acting effort that she did in “The Bodyguard” that was so superb. And we can’t help but be reminded of that song “I Will Always Love You” that has touched everyone’s heart. Whitney touched our hearts. And my constituents, Kim Burrell, Bishop Woodard and others, are deeply saddened. And our good friend, Congressman DON PAYNE, who has been in touch with the family and is helping, he has been a comfort as well.

I simply wanted to say: Whitney, you’ve given us much joy. We’ll remember your music of the seventies and eighties. Many of us danced to it, but many of us were made happy by it. And we realize that your legacy will survive. We thank you, and we thank your wonderful family for sharing you for some more than 20 years. And we thank you for that beautiful, beautiful voice that sang “The Star Spangled Banner” like we’ve never heard it before. We will always love you. God bless you, and may you rest in peace.

HAPPY BIRTHDAY FORMER CONGRESSMAN LOUIS STOKES

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise with great privilege to wish a very happy birthday that will come on February 23 to one of our most distinguished Members who served for so many years, Congressman Louis Stokes of Cleveland, Ohio. He will turn 87 on February 23. And truly, he deserves recognition during this Black History Month, and I pay him his due honor.

He grew up in difficult circumstances in public housing. His widowed mother had to raise her two sons, one of which, Louis, became the first African American congressman ever elected from the State of Ohio, and his brother, Carl, the first African American mayor of Cleveland, Ohio. Can you imagine that family? Can you imagine their struggle?

I wish to place in the RECORD tonight some of his story. One of the tremendous accomplishments that he achieved as an attorney was trying many cases in front of the U.S. Supreme Court, including a case which created Ohio’s first mostly minority congressional district, and then later in life he had the opportunity to run for that seat. He changed the face of this country.

I’m just so pleased to call him our friend, and let us take the time to fully recognize the admirable and path-breaking contributions of former Congressman Louis Stokes during this year’s Black History Month. He deserves it.

[From Cleveland.com, Feb. 13, 2012]

LAWYER LOUIS STOKES BECAME OHIO’S FIRST
BLACK CONGRESSMAN: BLACK HISTORY MONTH
(By Grant Segall)

As part of Black History Month, we honor Louis Stokes, Ohio’s first black congressman.

Stokes, who turns 87 on Feb. 23, still practices law with Squire Sanders, mostly in Washington, D.C.

At the Outhwaite housing project, a young, widowed Louise Stokes used to display her hands, callused from maid’s work, and tell her boys to work with their minds. A calm, genial Lou helped her raise his flamboyant kid brother, Carl, who became the first black mayor of a major U.S. city.

Lou graduated from Cleveland Central High School and after serving three years in the military in World War II, earned his law degree in 1953.

He became a leading lawyer. He argued three cases before the U.S. Supreme Court and persuaded it to create Ohio’s first mostly minority congressional district in 1968. Local leaders persuaded him to represent it.

In Washington, Stokes chaired a committee probing John F. Kennedy’s assassination, dressed down Col. Oliver North over the Iran-Contra scandal and steered vast sums to health clinics, job programs and veterans care. At home, he launched a famous district caucus and Labor Day parade. After 30 years, he retired undefeated.

A dozen or so landmarks have been named for him, including a building at the National Institutes of Health.

GOP DOCTORS CAUCUS: SAVE MEDICARE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BERG). Under the Speaker’s announced policy of January 5, 2011, the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. FLEMING) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. FLEMING. Mr. Speaker, once again the GOP Doctors Caucus comes together to discuss important matters regarding health care. Tonight we’re going to focus on saving Medicare. This has been a very interesting discussion going back to the days of the ObamaCare debate where we talked about how we would finance ObamaCare. And lo and behold in the middle of the debate, we find out that the Members of the other side of the aisle decide that they’re going to help finance ObamaCare by taking out over \$500 billion—half a trillion—\$500 billion from Medicare over the next 10 years in order to help finance ObamaCare.

Now if you think about this, the CBO states that Medicare may become insolvent as early as 2016. So I think the focus right now with regard to Medicare, an important part of our entitlement program, has got to be how are we going to save Medicare. I have an array of colleagues here this evening that are going to help me develop that issue.

Again, I’ll go back to the financing of ObamaCare, and that is cutting out over half a trillion dollars from Medicare in order to help finance ObamaCare. And there are some other pieces of the financing as well—the individual mandate which is soon to go

to the Supreme Court. And if that is struck down, that will be another piece of the financing that won’t be available. Tax increases, increases of taxes, excise taxes, taxes on equipment, taxes on tanning beds, many different new taxes, as much as \$800 billion over 10 years of new taxes in order to finance ObamaCare.

Then there was the CLASS Act, which was long term health care, which the actuaries said from the beginning would not work. It would not finance anything.

And then last, but not least, is the student loan program, which was nationalized in order to siphon off profits from that in order to help finance ObamaCare. And we hear talk now about forgiving those loans which means that it’ll probably be another bailout, like the mortgage.

So, Mr. Speaker, I have to speak out tonight on the fact that ObamaCare is going to bankrupt this country if it is actually fully implemented. But more importantly, Medicare will become insolvent as early as 2016. We’re going to be talking about how that’s happening, how we’re seeing skyrocketing costs. And some of the things perhaps that will be discussed tonight will be how we can save Medicare.

Again, in closing my initial comments here, I will have to emphasize to you that our colleagues from the other side, inasmuch as they somehow want to blame us for ending Medicare, which not a single Member on the Republican side wants to do, of course, but they accuse us of this, but in fact they have yet to submit a plan that will save Medicare, will prevent it from becoming insolvent by 2016 or 2022, depending on whom you believe.

So with these opening remarks, I would like to open the floor to my good friend, Dr. HARRIS from Maryland, and would love to hear some of your comments about saving Medicare and other matters having to do with health care.

Mr. HARRIS. Thank you for yielding to me to speak on this very important issue.

Mr. Speaker, as the gentleman from Louisiana has said, we really have to talk about saving Medicare. Medicare is under assault in a way that it has never been under assault before. The gentleman from Louisiana mentioned quite accurately that the President’s health care bill passed 2 years ago would take \$500 billion from Medicare spending on our seniors who are currently receiving Medicare—\$500 billion. Now, how are they going to do that? What are we not going to deliver to those seniors?

Well, the way it’s done is the President appoints the Independent Payment Advisory Board, 15 appointed, not elected members, no appeal from their judgment.

□ 1900

What they’re going to do is they’re going to say in a year when it looks like we’re going to spend a little more