that our products are the best in the world, the most energy efficient, but yet have commonsense regulations that allow us to continue to push these and make these products here in this country.

So again, I want to thank everybody for their support and hard work on this, and especially from those 1,180 people in Georgia that will be able to maintain employment.

Mr. WAXMAN. Mr. Speaker, I continue to reserve my time.

Mr. WHITFIELD. At this time, Mr. Speaker, I would like to yield 3 minutes to the gentlelady from Tennessee (Mrs. Blackburn), who is a member of the Energy and Commerce Committee.

Mrs. BLACKBURN. Mr. Speaker, I do rise in strong support of H.R. 6582 today. I am so pleased to stand and to thank Mr. Whitfield and Mr. Aderholt for the work that they have done on this. Also, I want to thank Mr. Waxman for his efforts in this bill.

I also want to commend my colleague, Mr. Cooper, from Tennessee. He and I had authored a piece of legislation, H.R. 482, the Water Heater Rating Improvement Act of 2011, and it is now section 3 of the underlying bill.

Essentially, what this section 3 would do is to fix a regulatory problem related to the test methodology that the DOE uses to calculate the efficiency levels of water heaters, which even the DOE has acknowledged that the way they're doing this is broken and it does need to be fixed.

This legislation will also level the playing field for our domestic water heater manufacturers who are currently at a competitive disadvantage with the foreign manufacturers. Of course we all know our focus is on jobs and the economy and getting our domestic manufacturing back to the pace where it should be for global competition.

□ 1300

Essentially the problem is this: under the current standards, the small and large water heaters are divided into two categories under two separate Federal statutes. These statutes are based on an arbitrary gallon capacity and energy input ratings. The smaller water heaters are covered by the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act and are rated using an Energy Factor, or an EF rating. Now the larger water heaters are within the scope of the Energy Policy Act and are rated using a Thermal Efficiency, or TE rating.

The problem facing American manufacturers is that under the current rules of the road, only the small water heaters are deemed eligible under the ENERGY STAR program. This is nonsensical. It's an outdated measure and disqualifies our large American-made water heaters from being covered by the ENERGY STAR ratings regardless of how advanced or how highly efficient they may be.

The legislation before us today would provide the necessary regulatory and

business certainty that is needed by our manufacturers. This legislation has the potential of adding upwards of 1,000 jobs for domestic water heater manufacturers, many of them in my home State of Tennessee, where there are already 3,000 jobs directly involved in the manufacturing of water heaters.

I thank the chairman again. I thank the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. ADERHOLT), and I also want to commend the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. COOPER).

Mr. WHITFIELD. Mr. Speaker, at this time, I would like to yield for a period of 3 minutes to Dr. Roe of Tennessee, who is a member of the Education Committee.

Mr. ROE of Tennessee. I thank the chairman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 6582. This legislation would establish a uniform energy-efficiency descriptor for all water heaters, walkin freezers, and walk-in coolers. The legislation also improves the testing methods that determine whether or not these products are energy efficient, which will provide certainty for the manufacturers of these products.

The importance in my district, in my hometown, is one of our largest manufacturers there is A.O. Smith, which makes up to 8,000 water heaters a day. This is a real jobs issue in my hometown. These jobs have good retirement plans and health insurance. Their competitors are both in Canada and Mexico. And certainly we need to do anything we can to help support these local manufacturers.

This bill will make it easier for consumers to compare the energy efficiency of products and eliminate confusion that stems from having more than one type of label. The decision to invest in a large-scale appliance of this nature is a big one, and during these tough economic times, consumers deserve information that's easily understood so that they can make well-informed decisions. It's also helpful for manufacturers to have clear guidelines for how products will be judged for energy efficiency. And this is why-just to simplify what's going on to make it easier for our manufacturers.

And let me tell you, I've walked through A.O. Smith's plant. I've been through it. It's absolutely incredible to see a piece of sheet metal, to see our manufacturers take a piece of metal and produce 8,000 water heaters in a single day for consumption in the United States. I have one in my home. That's what I use. And I proudly have one in my apartment here in Washington, D.C.

I would encourage support of this measure.

Mr. WAXMAN. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time on my side of the aisle to support this legislation. I know that almost all Democrats that I have talked to think it's a good bill. I have urged the others to join with them in supporting it. I think it's a worthwhile piece of legislation. It's a

small step, but it's a step in the right direction. And it will clarify some issues that still need to be clarified. So let's get this done.

And in pursuit of that objective, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. WHITFIELD. I also want to urge everyone to support H.R. 6582, a small, modest, energy-efficiency bill that will save some jobs.

I certainly want to thank the Members of the Senate, the Senate staff, the gentleman from California (Mr. WAXMAN) and his committee staff, and certainly the Energy and Power staff here on the House side for being involved in these negotiations and working this out.

With that, Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BISHOP of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to extend my support for the American Energy Manufacturing Technical Corrections Act

The bill would lessen the regulatory burden on deli-style display cases (like the ones in grocery stores) by placing Service-Over-the-Counter (SOTC) refrigerator units into a separate product classification.

Currently, SOTC refrigerator units must meet the efficiency standards designed for commercial refrigerators otherwise called "reach-ins." These SOTC units are designed for maximum product visibility and presentation. They require more glass and lighting than conventional reach-ins. Their inherent design makes it impossible to reach the minimum efficiency standards established in the Energy Policy Act of 2005.

There are a number of companies that would be affected by this regulation, totaling about 8,500 jobs across the country. One of those five companies is Lennox, employs approximately 1,700 people in the State of Georgia. Kysor/Warren became a subsidiary of Lennox International in 2011, and the company has been a leading manufacturer of refrigerated systems and display cases for supermarkets throughout North America. By creating a separate product class for service-over-the-counter products, we can help save jobs in many communities.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in support of this important legislation to protect American jobs in our communities.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. WHITFIELD) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 6582, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. WHITFIELD. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

hat I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 1:45 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 1 o'clock and 4 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1345

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. YODER) at 1 o'clock and 45 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed. Votes will be taken in the following order:

Motion to suspend on H.R. 6582 and approval of the Journal, each by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. The second electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

AMERICAN ENERGY MANUFAC-TURING TECHNICAL CORREC-TIONS ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 6582) to allow for innovations and alternative technologies that meet or exceed desired energy efficiency goals, and to make technical corrections to existing Federal energy efficiency laws to allow American manufacturers to remain competitive, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. WHITFIELD) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 398, nays 2, answered "present" 1, not voting 30, as follows:

[Roll No. 614]

YEAS-398 Blackburn Adams Carnahan Carney Carson (IN) Aderholt Blumenauer Bonamici Alexander Altmire Boren Carter Amodei Boswell 8 1 Cassidy Boustany Castor (FL) Andrews Austria Brady (PA) Chabot Bachus Brady (TX) Chaffetz Braley (IA) Chandler Baldwin Brooks Chu Cicilline Barber Broun (GA) Barletta Clarke (MI) Brown (FL) Barrow Barton (TX) Buchanan Clarke (NY) Bass (CA) Bucshon Clav Cleaver Becerra Buerkle Burgess Benishek Clyburn Burton (IN) Berg Coble Berkley Coffman (CO) Butterfield Berman Calvert Cohen Biggert Camp Cole Bilbray Campbell Conaway Bilirakis Canseco Cantor Connolly (VA) Bishop (GA) Convers Bishop (NY) Capito Cooper Bishop (UT) Capps Costa Costello Black Capuano

Courtney Israel Cravaack Issa Crawford Jackson Lee Crenshaw (TX) Jenkins Critz Crowley Johnson (GA) Cuellar Johnson (OH) Culberson Johnson, E. B. Johnson, Sam Cummings Jones Jordan Curson (MI) Davis (CA) DeFazio Kaptur DeGette Keating DeLauro Kellv Kildee DelBene Denham Kind King (IA) Dent. DesJarlais King (NY) Deutch Kingston Kinzinger (IL) Diaz-Balart Dicks Kissell Dingell Kucinich Doggett Labrador Dold Lamborn Donnelly (IN) Lance Landry Doyle Dreier Langevin Duffy Lankford Duncan (SC) Larsen (WA) Duncan (TN) Larson (CT) Edwards Latham Ellison LaTourette Ellmers Latta Lee (CA) Engel Levin Eshoo Lewis (CA) Farenthold Lewis (GA) Farr Fattah Lipinski Fincher LoBiondo Fitzpatrick Loebsack Lofgren, Zoe Flake Fleischmann Long Fleming Lowey Flores Lucas Luetkemeyer Forbes Foxx Luián Frank (MA) Lummis Lungren, Daniel Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen E. Fudge Lynch Maloney Manzullo Marchant Markey Massie Matheson Matsui McCarthy (CA) McCarthy (NY) McCaul McCollum McDermott McGovern McHenry McIntyre McKeon McKinley McMorris Rodgers McNernev Meehan Meeks Mica Michaud Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller (NC) Miller, George

Gallegly Garamendi Gardner Gerlach Gibbs Gibson Gohmert Gonzalez Goodlatte Gosar Gowdy Granger Graves (GA) Graves (MO) Green, Al Green, Gene Griffin (AR) Griffith (VA) Grimm Guinta Guthrie Gutierrez Hahn Hall Hanabusa Hanna Harper Harris Hartzler Hastings (WA)

Hayworth Heck Hensarling Herger Herrera Beutler Himes Hinojosa Hirono Hochul Holden Holt Honda Hoyer Huelskamp Huizenga (MI) Hultgren

Hunter

Hurt

Moore

Moran

Myrick

Nådler

Nea1

Noem

Olson

Olver

Owens

Palazzo

Pallone

Pascrell

Paulsen

Pastor (AZ)

Nugent

Nunnelee

Mulvanev

Murphy (CT)

Murphy (PA)

Napolitano

Neugebauer

Payne Pearce Pelosi Perlmutter Peters Peterson Petri Pingree (ME) Pitts Poe (TX) Polis Pompeo Posey Price (GA) Price (NC) Quayle Quigley Rahall Rangel Reed Rehberg

Reichert Renacci Reves Ribble Richardson Richmond Rigell Rivera Robv Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rokita Roonev Ros-Lehtinen Roskam

Roybal-Allard Royce Runyan Ruppersberger Rush Ryan (OH) Ryan (WI) Sánchez, Linda т Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Scalise Schakowsky Schiff Schmidt Schock Schrader

Ross (AR)

Ross (FL)

Schwartz Schweikert Scott (SC) Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Scott, David Sensenbrenner Serrano Sessions Sewell Sherman Shimkus Shuler Shuster Simpson Sires Slaughter Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Southerland Speier Stark Stearns Stivers Stutzman Sutton Terry Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) Thornberry

Tiberi Tierney

Tipton

Tonko Tsongas

Upton

Turner (NY)

Turner (OH)

Bucshon

Burton (IN)

Buerkle

Van Hollen Velázquez Visclosky Walberg Walden Walsh (IL) Walz (MN) Wasserman Schultz Waters

Watt Waxman Webster West Westmoreland Whitfield Wilson (FL) Wilson (SC) Wittman Wolf

Womack Woodall Woolsev Yarmuth Yoder Young (AK) Young (FL) Young (IN)

NAYS-2

Amash McClintock

ANSWERED "PRESENT"-1

Emerson

NOT VOTING-30

Gingrev (GA) Ackerman Miller, Gary Akin Grijalva Nunes Ba.ca. Hastings (FL) Paul Bachmann Heinrich Pence Bartlett Higgins Bass (NH) Hinchev Rothman (NJ) Johnson (IL) Bonner Schilling Bono Mack Sullivan Kline Davis (IL) Mack Towns Welch Fortenberry Marino

□ 1407

Ms. WILSON of Florida changed her vote from "nav" to "vea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 290, nays 106, answered "present" 2, not voting 33, as follows:

[Roll No. 615]

YEAS-290

Butterfield Aderholt Cummings Alexander Calvert Davis (CA) Altmire Camp Campbell Amodei Austria Canseco Bachus Cantor Barber Capito Barletta Capps Barrow Carnahan Barton (TX) Carney Carson (IN) Becerra Berg Carter Berkley Cassidy Castor (FL) Berman Chabot Chaffetz Biggert Bilbray Bilirakis Chandler Chu Cicilline Bishop (GA) Bishop (UT) Black Clarke (MI) Blackburn Clay Cleaver Blumenauer Bonamici Clyburn Boren Boustany Coble Cohen Brady (TX) Cole Braley (IA) Connolly (VA) Brooks Convers Broun (GA) Cooper Brown (FL) Courtney Buchanan Cravaack

Crenshaw

Cuellar

DeGette DeLauro DelBene Dent Deutch Diaz-Balart Dicks Doggett Doyle Dreier Duncan (SC) Duncan (TN) Edwards Ellmers Emerson Engel Farr Fattah Fincher Flake Fleischmann Fleming Flores Forbes Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Fudge Gallegly Garamendi

Gerlach

Gonzalez

Gibbs