

and the newest member of our delegation, Congresswoman SUZANNE BONAMICI, from the First Congressional District of Oregon.

SUZANNE is a former Oregon State legislator, an attorney who has worked on consumer and small business issues with a distinguished record of accomplishments and service for the people of Oregon. I know she'll be a strong and effective addition to our delegation in the House of Representatives.

SUZANNE, welcome, and we look forward to working with you.

With that, I would yield to my colleague from Oregon.

Mr. WALDEN. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the entire Republican delegation from Oregon, I extend a very warm welcome to the newest representative from the Beaver State, SUZANNE BONAMICI. She cuts a similar path to the people's House as the one I traveled, having served in Salem as a State representative and a State senator, and as my colleague from Eugene points out, is a fellow Duck, having also earned a journalism degree, as I did, from the University of Oregon.

She joins a congressional delegation that has a long history of embracing what we call the Oregon way, to set aside our differences and pursue solutions to take care of the State's most pressing priorities.

From Congressmen DEFazio, SCHRAEDER, and BLUMENAUER to Senators WYDEN and MERKLEY are on the floor today, we have mounted a number of bipartisan efforts in the Congress. So we are delighted to have you as part of this team. I think I can speak for the entire delegation in saying we look forward to working with you and continuing in the great service to the State of Oregon. Thank you, and welcome to the Congress.

The SPEAKER. The gentlewoman from Oregon is recognized.

□ 1400

Ms. BONAMICI. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Speaker BOEHNER, Leader PELOSI, members of the Oregon delegation, new colleagues from across this great country, friends and family. This afternoon I'm honored to accept the responsibility and opportunity to represent the people of northwest Oregon in the United States Congress.

I want to start by thanking my family for your love, encouragement, patience, and sacrifice. My husband Michael Simon, and my children, Andrew and Sara, thank you. Thank you also to my mother, Marie Bonamici Woodcock, who's also here with us today, for giving me my first job in your small business and for instilling in me the values I hold today. And thank you to all the individuals and organizations who stood by me and worked so hard over the past several months to help me reach this day.

Finally, and most importantly, to the people across the First Congressional District of Oregon, thank you for giving me this honor.

It's great to be back in Washington, D.C. I started my legal career here more than 27 years ago as a consumer protection attorney at the Federal Trade Commission. A lot has changed in our world since then, but the importance of the work that happens here in the Capitol and the significance of the decisions that are made in this historic Chamber have not.

Oregon's First Congressional District is full of promise and potential. From the vineyards in Yamhill County to the Port of Astoria in Clatsop County, the family communities in Columbia County, the engines of industry in Washington County, and the arts and culture and business districts in Portland, it's a very diverse and dynamic part of the State. Yet there are too many families still struggling to make ends meet, and they want to know that their voices are heard in our deliberations.

Now, our economy and the Nation's confidence are both in need of rebuilding. As we work together, let us remember that the unparalleled prosperity and creativity of this great Nation over the last century can be traced to this promise—that if you work hard and play by the rules, you can succeed in America. That's the America my grandparents crossed the ocean for. That's the America too many people believe is slipping away. That's the America I want to work to rebuild.

I'm excited to begin. I'm humbled by the tremendous responsibility, and very appreciative of the trust that the people of northwest Oregon have placed in me.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. Under clause 5(d) of rule XX, the Chair announces to the House that, in light of the administration of the oath to the gentlewoman from Oregon (Ms. BONAMICI), the whole number of the House is 434.

CIVILIAN PROPERTY REALIGNMENT ACT

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill, (H.R. 1734) to decrease the deficit by realigning, consolidating, selling, disposing, and improving the efficiency of federal buildings and other civilian real property, and for other purposes, will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. MICHAUD. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. MICHAUD. I am in its current form.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Michaud moves to recommit the bill H.R. 1734 to the Committee on Transpor-

tation and Infrastructure with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendments:

Page 4, after line 21, insert the following:

(x) Properties owned by the Department of Veterans Affairs or other properties used in connection with providing services for veterans, including hospitals, clinics, and facilities that provide job training, post traumatic stress disorder treatment, housing assistance, homeless services, and rehabilitative care.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Maine is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. MICHAUD. Mr. Speaker, I am hoping today we will see a rare bipartisan moment here in the House when both sides can come together in support of our veterans.

The final amendment I'm offering here today will exempt certain VA facilities from the decommissioning process outlined in the legislation today. It will not kill this bill or even delay its passage. If it's adopted, my amendment will incorporate into the bill and the bill will be immediately voted upon.

I agree with my friends across the aisle that we need to address government waste, especially in this fiscal environment. I can understand why it makes sense to target the poor management and underutilization of government properties to reduce government waste, but I don't think our desire to address these issues should come at the expense of our veterans.

The underlying bill already includes plenty of exemptions to the CPRA process, namely for bases, camps, or stations under jurisdiction of DOD. It seems to me that if the bill already excludes buildings from the consolidation process because our troops rely on them, we should also exclude the buildings for our veterans because they rely on those buildings also.

As ranking member of the VA Health Subcommittee, I've heard testimony after testimony from veterans about the difficulties they face in accessing all the VA health services they need. The VA already provides health care to approximately 7.8 million veterans. As the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan wind down, more and more of the 2.3 million soldiers from those wars will start to seek care from the Veterans Administration.

DOD says that nearly 45,000 veterans from Iraq and Afghanistan have been wounded in action. Even this high number grossly underestimates the number of wounded soldiers who rely on the VA system for health care because of unseen wounds like PTSD, TBI, etc. We can't consider shutting down VA facilities when the need to help our heroes is increasing.

In addition to health care needs, these soldiers will need help finding jobs. The veterans unemployment rate was more than 15 percent in January of 2011. It's great news that it fell 6 percent over the last year, but at 9 percent, it's still above the national average. That is why we have to ensure that the VA's ability to provide career

services to returning soldiers isn't undetermined.

We don't know exactly when, where, or how these veterans will try to access the system, or whether they will be able to access PTSD treatment or to find a job, but we should not jeopardize their ability to do so by subjecting the VA to the same consolidation process as other Federal agencies. If this bill exempts DOD facilities, it should also exempt VA facilities.

Even GAO, whose analysis was used to justify this underlying legislation, cites the unique needs of the VA given the increasing demands that our returning troops will put on the system. As a result of an aging veteran population and a growing number of younger veterans returning from the military operations in Afghanistan and Iraq, GAO found that, "budgeting for the VA's vital health care mission is inherently complex. It is based on current assumptions and imperfect information, not only about program needs, but also on future economic and policy actions that may affect demand and the cost of providing these services." This means that a one-size-fits-all approach for consolidation of government property does not work for the VA.

There are a couple of other reasons why the VA should be exempt from this bill. First, the VA has already recognized that it needs to upgrade, modernize, and realign its property portfolio to provide accessible and cost-effective services. In fact, they've been working on that since 1999. In 2008, GAO said the Department has reduced its underutilized space over 4 years by nearly two-thirds.

□ 1410

Second, GAO has found that 66 percent of VA's underutilized and vacant buildings are historic properties or eligible for historic designation and require more effort for disposal.

I applaud the other side for looking for ways to cut government spending; and there are, clearly, improvements to be made in the area of Federal properties. But we can't pursue the goal of reducing government spending at the expense of our veterans.

In Congress, we frequently mention how grateful we are for our troops, and we often talk about the need to make sure that no veteran is left behind. Well, I'm offering the final amendment on this bill to make sure that we leave no veteran behind.

On behalf of our heroes, they deserve our commitment. I urge my colleagues to support the final amendment.

I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DENHAM. Madam Speaker, I rise in opposition to the motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. MILLER of Michigan). The gentleman from California is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DENHAM. Madam Speaker, first of all, the President's Commission, in his BRAC, includes VA properties. As well, former VA Secretary Anthony

Principi testified in front of our committee that we ought to be looking at all properties, including VA.

If we're going to do the best interest of American taxpayers, we've got to address waste in government overall, across the entire Nation, across every agency. If there's a property not being used today, then we ought to look at either redeveloping it or selling it off. And this gives us an opportunity to have Republicans and Democrats come together on something that the President included in his jobs bill to actually create American jobs.

The Old Post Office right here in Washington, DC is the perfect example of waste in government. We've had a property sitting well over a decade that costs us \$6.5 million in upkeep every single year. Now we've got redevelopment happening, where we've got different hotel companies coming in and not only bidding on it, creating 150 new jobs in construction, but an additional 150 jobs in ongoing jobs once the facility is redone; keeping it in its historic fashion and actually being able to utilize it once again; an opportunity to redevelop things that aren't being used today, but also selling off things that have been sitting for decades.

Our Federal Government has a horrible track record of selling properties that aren't being used. In fact, we've sold 82 properties in the last 25 years. We can do much better, and the American taxpayers demand that we do much better.

Here's a bipartisan opportunity to get both parties to come together and just sell things that we don't need. If you want to bring in revenue to reduce our debt, here's an opportunity to get rid of the things we don't need, redevelop the things that aren't being used, and get rid of the waste in government. Almost \$2 billion we waste every year just in maintaining properties that, again, aren't needed in government.

I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. MICHAUD. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 and clause 9 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on the motion to recommit will be followed by 5-minute votes on passage of H.R. 1734, if ordered, and adoption of House Resolution 539.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 186, noes 238, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 37]

AYES—186

Ackerman	Fudge	Nadler
Altmire	Garamendi	Napolitano
Andrews	Gonzalez	Oliver
Baca	Green, Al	Owens
Baldwin	Green, Gene	Pallone
Barrow	Grijalva	Pascarell
Bass (CA)	Gutierrez	Pastor (AZ)
Becerra	Hahn	Pelosi
Berkley	Hanabusa	Perlmutter
Berman	Hastings (FL)	Peters
Bishop (GA)	Heinrich	Peterson
Bishop (NY)	Higgins	Pingree (ME)
Blumenauer	Himes	Polis
Bonamici	Hinchey	Price (NC)
Boren	Hinojosa	Quigley
Boswell	Hirono	Rahall
Brady (PA)	Hochul	Rangel
Braley (IA)	Holden	Reyes
Brown (FL)	Holt	Richardson
Butterfield	Honda	Richmond
Capps	Hoyer	Ross (AR)
Capuano	Inslee	Rothman (NJ)
Cardoza	Israel	Roybal-Allard
Carney	Jackson (IL)	Ruppersberger
Carson (IN)	Jackson Lee	Rush
Castor (FL)	(TX)	Ryan (OH)
Chandler	Johnson (GA)	Sanchez, Loretta
Chu	Johnson, E. B.	Sarbanes
Cicilline	Jones	Schakowsky
Clarke (MI)	Kaptur	Schiff
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Schrader
Clay	Kildee	Schwartz
Cleaver	Kind	Scott (VA)
Clyburn	Kissell	Scott, David
Cohen	Kucinich	Serrano
Connolly (VA)	Langevin	Sewell
Conyers	Larsen (WA)	Sherman
Cooper	Larson (CT)	Shuler
Costa	Lee (CA)	Slaughter
Costello	Levin	Smith (WA)
Courtney	Lewis (GA)	Speier
Critz	Lipinski	Stark
Crowley	Loebach	Sutton
Cuellar	Lofgren, Zoe	Thompson (CA)
Cummings	Lowey	Thompson (MS)
Davis (CA)	Lujan	Tierney
Davis (IL)	Lynch	Tonko
DeFazio	Maloney	Towns
DeGette	Markey	Tsongas
DeLauro	Matheson	Van Hollen
Deutch	Matsui	Velázquez
Dicks	McCarthy (NY)	Visclosky
Dingell	McCollum	Walz (MN)
Doggett	McDermott	Wasserman
Donnelly (IN)	McGovern	Schultz
Doyle	McIntyre	Waters
Edwards	Meeks	Watt
Engel	Michaud	Waxman
Eshoo	Miller (NC)	Welch
Farr	Miller, George	Wilson (FL)
Fattah	Moore	Woolsey
Filner	Moran	Yarmuth
Frank (MA)	Murphy (CT)	

NOES—238

Adams	Burton (IN)	Farenthold
Aderholt	Calvert	Fincher
Akin	Camp	Fitzpatrick
Alexander	Campbell	Flake
Amash	Canseco	Fleischmann
Amodei	Cantor	Fleming
Austria	Capito	Flores
Bachmann	Carter	Forbes
Bachus	Cassidy	Fortenberry
Barletta	Chabot	Fox
Bartlett	Chaffetz	Franks (AZ)
Barton (TX)	Coble	Frelinghuysen
Bass (NH)	Coffman (CO)	Gallegly
Benish	Cole	Gardner
Berg	Conaway	Garrett
Biggart	Cravaack	Gerlach
Bilbray	Crawford	Gibbs
Bilirakis	Crenshaw	Gibson
Bishop (UT)	Culberson	Gingrey (GA)
Black	Davis (KY)	Gohmert
Blackburn	Denham	Goodlatte
Bonner	Dent	Gosar
Bono Mack	DesJarlais	Gowdy
Boustany	Diaz-Balart	Granger
Brady (TX)	Dold	Graves (GA)
Brooks	Dreier	Graves (MO)
Brown (GA)	Duffy	Griffin (AR)
Buchanan	Duncan (SC)	Griffith (VA)
Bucshon	Duncan (TN)	Grimm
Buerkle	Ellmers	Guinta
Burgess	Emerson	Guthrie

Hall	McCotter	Royce	Barletta	Graves (GA)	Nunnelee	Davis (IL)	Kildee	Rothman (NJ)
Hanna	McHenry	Runyan	Barrow	Graves (MO)	Olson	DeFazio	Kind	Roybal-Allard
Harper	McKeon	Ryan (WI)	Bartlett	Griffin (AR)	Owens	DeGette	Kucinich	Ruppersberger
Harris	McKinley	Sánchez, Linda T.	Barton (TX)	Griffith (VA)	Palazzo	DeLauro	Langevin	Rush
Hartzler	McMorris		Bass (NH)	Grimm	Paulsen	Deutch	Larson (CT)	Ryan (OH)
Hastings (WA)	Rodgers	Scalise	Benishkek	Guinta	Pearce	Dicks	Lee (CA)	Sánchez, Linda T.
Hayworth	Meehan	Schilling	Berg	Guthrie	Pence	Dingell	Levin	Sanchez, Loretta
Heck	Mica	Schmidt	Berkley	Hall	Perlmutter	Doggett	Lewis (GA)	Sarbanes
Hensarling	Miller (FL)	Schock	Biggart	Harper	Petri	Doyle	Lipinski	Schakowsky
Herger	Miller (MI)	Schweikert	Bilbray	Harris	Pitts	Edwards	Loeb	Schiff
Herrera Beutler	Miller, Gary	Scott (SC)	Bilirakis	Hartzler	Platts	Engel	Lofgren, Zoe	Schwartz
Huelskamp	Mulvaney	Scott, Austin	Bishop (NY)	Hastings (WA)	Poe (TX)	Eshoo	Lowe	Scott (VA)
Huizenga (MI)	Murphy (PA)	Sensenbrenner	Bishop (UT)	Hayworth	Polis	Farr	Luján	Scott, David
Hultgren	Myrick	Sessions	Black	Heck	Pompeo	Fattah	Lynch	Serrano
Hunter	Neugebauer	Shimkus	Blackburn	Hensarling	Posey	Filner	Markay	Sewell
Issa	Noem	Shuster	Bonner	Herger	Price (GA)	Frank (MA)	Matsui	Sherman
Jenkins	Nugent	Simpson	Bono Mack	Herrera Beutler	Quayle	Fudge	McCarthy (NY)	Shuler
Johnson (IL)	Nunes	Smith (NE)	Boren	Himes	Reed	Garamendi	McCollum	Slaughter
Johnson (OH)	Nunnelee	Smith (NJ)	Boustany	Hochul	Rehberg	Gonzalez	McDermott	Smith (WA)
Johnson, Sam	Olson	Smith (TX)	Brady (TX)	Huelskamp	Reichert	Green, Al	McGovern	Speier
Jordan	Palazzo	Smith (TX)	Brooks	Huizenga (MI)	Renacci	Green, Gene	Meeks	Stark
Kelly	Paulsen	Southerland	Buchanan	Hultgren	Ribble	Grijalva	Miller (NC)	Sutton
King (IA)	Pearce	Stearns	Buchson	Hunter	Rigell	Gutierrez	Miller, George	Thompson (CA)
King (NY)	Pence	Stivers	Buerkle	Hurt	Rivera	Hahn	Moore	Thompson (MS)
Kingston	Petri	Stutzman	Burgess	Issa	Roby	Hanabusa	Moran	Tierney
Kinzinger (IL)	Pitts	Sullivan	Burton (IN)	Jenkins	Roe (TN)	Hastings (FL)	Murphy (CT)	Tonko
Kline	Platts	Terry	Calvert	Johnson (IL)	Rogers (AL)	Heinrich	Nadler	Towns
Labrador	Poe (TX)	Thompson (PA)	Camp	Johnson (OH)	Rogers (KY)	Higgins	Napolitano	Tsongas
Lamborn	Pompeo	Thornberry	Campbell	Johnson, Sam	Rogers (MI)	Hinchey	Olver	Van Hollen
Lance	Posey	Tiberi	Canseco	Jones	Rohrabacher	Hinojosa	Pallone	Velázquez
Landry	Price (GA)	Tipton	Cantor	Jordan	Rokita	Holden	Pascarell	Visclosky
Lankford	Quayle	Turner (NY)	Capito	Kelly	Rooney	Holt	Pastor (AZ)	Walz (MN)
Latham	Reed	Turner (OH)	Cardoza	King (IA)	Ros-Lehtinen	Honda	Pelosi	Wasserman
LaTourette	Rehberg	Upton	Carter	King (NY)	Roskam	Hoyer	Peters	Schultz
Latta	Reichert	Walberg	Cassidy	Kingston	Ross (AR)	Inslee	Peterson	Waters
Lewis (CA)	Renacci	Walden	Chabot	Kinzinger (IL)	Ross (FL)	Israel	Pingree (ME)	Watt
LoBiondo	Ribble	Walsh (IL)	Chaffetz	Kissell	Royce	Jackson (IL)	Price (NC)	Waxman
Long	Rigell	Webster	Coble	Kline	Runyan	Jackson Lee	Quigley	Welch
Lucas	Rivera	West	Coffman (CO)	Labrador	Ryan (WI)	(TX)	Rahall	Wilson (FL)
Luetkemeyer	Roby	Westmoreland	Cole	Lamborn	Scalise	Johnson (GA)	Rangel	Woolsey
Lummis	Roe (TN)	Whitfield	Conaway	Lance	Schilling	Johnson, E. B.	Reyes	Yarmuth
Lungren, Daniel E.	Rogers (AL)	Wilson (SC)	Cooper	Landry	Schmidt	Kaptur	Richardson	
Mack	Rogers (KY)	Wittman	Costa	Lankford	Schock	Keating	Richmond	
Manzullo	Rogers (MI)	Wolf	Cravaack	Larsen (WA)	Schrader			
Marchant	Rohrabacher	Womack	Crawford	Latham	Schweikert			
Marino	Rokita	Yoder	Crenshaw	LaTourette	Scott (SC)			
McCarthy (CA)	Rooney	Young (AK)	Culberson	Latta	Scott, Austin			
McCaul	Ros-Lehtinen	Young (FL)	Davis (KY)	Lewis (CA)	Sensenbrenner			
McClintock	Roskam	Young (IN)	Denham	LoBiondo	Sessions			
	Ross (FL)		Dent	Long	Shimkus			
			DesJarlais	Lucas	Shuster			
			Diaz-Balart	Luetkemeyer	Simpson			
			Dold	Lummis	Smith (NE)			
			Donnelly (IN)	Lungren, Daniel E.	Smith (NJ)			
			Dreier		Smith (TX)			
			Duffy	Mack	Southerland			
			Duncan (SC)	Maloney	Stearns			
			Duncan (TN)	Manzullo	Stivers			
			Ellmers	Marchant	Stutzman			
			Emerson	Marino	Sullivan			
			Farenthold	Matheson	Terry			
			Fincher	McCarthy (CA)	Thompson (PA)			
			Fitzpatrick	McCaul	Thornberry			
			Flake	McClintock	Tiberi			
			Fleischmann	McCotter	Tipton			
			Fleming	McHenry	Turner (NY)			
			Flores	McIntyre	Turner (OH)			
			Forbes	McKeon				
			Fortenberry	McKinley				
			Fox	McMorris				
			Franks (AZ)	Rodgers				
			Frelinghuysen	Meehan				
			Gallegly	Mica				
			Gardner	Michaud				
			Garrett	Miller (FL)				
			Gerlach	Miller (MI)				
			Gibbs	Miller, Gary				
			Gibson	Mulvaney				
			Gingrey (GA)	Murphy (PA)				
			Gohmert	Myrick				
			Goodlatte	Neugebauer				
			Gosar	Noem				
			Gowdy	Nugent				
			Granger	Nunes				

NOT VOTING—9

Carnahan
Ellison
Hurt

McNerney
Neal
Paul

Payne
Sires
Woodall

□ 1433

Messrs. CRAWFORD and SMITH of New Jersey changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. HURT. Madam Speaker, I was not present for rollcall vote No. 37, on the motion to recommit with instructions on H.R. 1734, the Civilian Property Realignment Act. Had I been present, I would have voted “no.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 259, noes 164, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 38]

AYES—259

Adams
Aderholt
Akin

Alexander
Amash
Amodei

Austria
Bachmann
Bachus

Ackerman
Altmire
Andrews
Baca
Baldwin
Becerra
Berman
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Bonamici
Boswell
Brady (PA)
Braley (IA)

NOES—164

Broun (GA)
Brown (FL)
Butterfield
Capps
Capuano
Carney
Carson (IN)
Castor (FL)
Chandler
Chu
Cicilline
Clarke (MI)
Clarke (NY)

Clay
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly (VA)
Conyers
Costello
Courtney
Critz
Crowley
Cuellar
Cummings
Davis (CA)

NOT VOTING—10

Bass (CA)
Carnahan
Ellison
Hanna

Hirono
McNerney
Neal
Paul

Payne
Sires

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1440

Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 3581, BUDGET AND ACCOUNTING TRANSPARENCY ACT OF 2012

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on adoption of the resolution (H. Res. 539) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3581) to amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to increase transparency in Federal budgeting, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the resolution.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 239, nays 181, not voting 13, as follows: