

from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*) (IEEPA), I hereby report that I have issued an Executive Order (the "order") taking additional steps with respect to the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13536 of April 12, 2010 (E.O. 13536).

In E.O. 13536, I found that the deterioration of the security situation and the persistence of violence in Somalia, and acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, which have repeatedly been the subject of United Nations Security Council resolutions, and violations of the arms embargo imposed by the United Nations Security Council in Resolution 733 of January 23, 1992, and elaborated upon and amended by subsequent resolutions, constitute an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States. To address that threat, E.O. 13536 blocks the property and interests in property of persons listed in the Annex to E.O. 13536 or determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to meet criteria specified in E.O. 13536.

In view of United Nations Security Council Resolution 2036 of February 22, 2012, and Resolution 2002 of July 29, 2011, I am issuing the order to take additional steps to deal with the national emergency declared in E.O. 13536 and to address exports of charcoal from Somalia, which generate significant revenue for al-Shabaab; the misappropriation of Somali public assets; and certain acts of violence committed against civilians in Somalia, all of which contribute to the deterioration of the security situation and the persistence of violence in Somalia.

The order prohibits the importation into the United States, directly or indirectly, of charcoal from Somalia. It also amends the designation criteria specified in E.O. 13536. As amended by the order, E.O. 13536 provides for the designation of persons determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to:

Have engaged in acts that directly or indirectly threaten the peace, security, or stability of Somalia, including but not limited to:

Acts that threaten the Djibouti Agreement of August 18, 2008, or the political process;

acts that threaten the Transitional Federal Institutions or future Somali governing institutions, the African Union Mission in Somalia (AMISOM), or other future international peace-keeping operations related to Somalia; or

acts to misappropriate Somali public assets;

have obstructed the delivery of humanitarian assistance to Somalia, or

access to, or distribution of, humanitarian assistance in Somalia;

have directly or indirectly supplied, sold or transferred to Somalia, or to have been the recipient in the territory of Somalia of, arms or any related materiel, or any technical advice, training, or assistance, including financing and financial assistance, related to military activities;

be responsible for or complicit in, or responsible for ordering, controlling, or otherwise directing, or to have participated in, the commission of acts of violence targeting civilians in Somalia, including killing and maiming, sexual and gender-based violence, attacks on schools and hospitals, taking hostages, and forced displacement;

be a political or military leader recruiting or using children in armed conflict in Somalia;

have engaged, directly or indirectly, in the import or export of charcoal from Somalia on or after February 22, 2012;

have materially assisted, sponsored, or provided financial, material, logistical or technical support for, or goods or services in support of, the activities described above or any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to E.O. 13536; or

be owned or controlled by, or to have acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, any person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to E.O. 13536.

The designation criteria will be applied in accordance with applicable Federal law including, where appropriate, the First Amendment to the United States Constitution. In view of United Nations Security Council Resolution 2002 of July 29, 2011, persons who engage in non-local commerce via al-Shabaab-controlled ports that constitutes support for a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to E.O. 13536 may be subject to designation pursuant to E.O. 13536, as amended by the order.

The order was effective at 2:00 p.m. eastern daylight time on July 20, 2012. I have delegated to the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, the authority to take such actions, including the promulgation of rules and regulations, and to employ all powers granted to the President by IEEPA as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the order. All agencies of the United States Government are directed to take all appropriate measures within their authority to carry out the provisions of the order.

I am enclosing a copy of the Executive Order I have issued.

BARACK OBAMA.

THE WHITE HOUSE, July 20, 2012.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair

declares the House in recess until approximately 3:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 13 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1531

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. WOMACK) at 3 o'clock and 31 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote incurs objection under clause 6 of rule XX.

Record votes on postponed questions will be taken later.

PROVIDING FOR LAND EXCHANGE BETWEEN TRINITY PUBLIC UTILITIES DISTRICT, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, AND THE SIX RIVERS NATIONAL FOREST

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1237) to provide for a land exchange with the Trinity Public Utilities District of Trinity County, California, involving the transfer of land to the Bureau of Land Management and the Six Rivers National Forest in exchange for National Forest System land in the Shasta-Trinity National Forest, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1237

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. LAND EXCHANGE, TRINITY PUBLIC UTILITIES DISTRICT, TRINITY COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, AND THE FOREST SERVICE.

(a) LAND EXCHANGE REQUIRED.—If the Trinity Public Utilities District of Trinity County, California (in this section referred to as the "Utilities District") conveys to the Secretary of Agriculture all right, title, and interest of the Utilities District in and to the parcel of land described in subsection (b)(1) and conveys to the Secretary of the Interior all right, title, and interest of the Utilities District in and to the parcel of land described in subsection (b)(2), the Secretary of Agriculture shall convey to the Utilities District, in exchange, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of land in the Shasta-Trinity National Forest in the State of California consisting of approximately 100 acres near the Weaverville Airport in Trinity County.

(b) LAND TO BE ACQUIRED.—

(1) FOREST SERVICE ACQUISITION.—The land to be acquired by the Secretary of Agriculture under subsection (a) consists of approximately 150 acres, known as the Van Duzen parcel, within the boundaries of the Six Rivers National Forest.

(2) **BLM ACQUISITION.**—The land to be acquired by the Secretary of the Interior under subsection (a) consists of approximately 47 acres, known as the Sky Ranch parcel, adjacent to public land administered by the Redding Field Office of the Bureau of Land Management.

(c) **AVAILABILITY OF MAPS AND LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS.**—Any map prepared by the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of the Interior in connection with the land exchange required by subsection (a), and the legal description of the lands to be exchanged, shall be on file and available for public inspection in the Office of the Chief of the Forest Service and the appropriate office of the Bureau of Land Management. With the agreement of the parties to a conveyance under subsection (a), the Secretary concerned may make technical corrections to the map and legal descriptions.

(d) **LAND EXCHANGE PROCESS.**—Section 206 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716) shall apply to the land conveyances under this section, except that—

(1) if the value of the land described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) is less than the value of the land to be conveyed to the Utilities District, any cash equalization payments received by the Secretaries shall be deposited in the General Treasury; and

(2) if the value of the land described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) is greater than the value of the land to be conveyed to the Utilities District, no cash equalization payment may be made to the Utilities District and the acreage of the land involved in the exchange may be adjusted to equalize the value of the exchange.

(e) **SURVEY AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.**—The exact acreage and legal description of the land to be exchanged under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary concerned. The Utilities District shall be responsible for the costs of the survey and reasonable administrative costs related to the land exchange.

(f) **MANAGEMENT OF ACQUIRED LAND.**—

(1) **FOREST SERVICE ACQUISITION.**—The land acquired by the Secretary of Agriculture under subsection (a) shall be added to and administered as part of the Six Rivers National Forest and managed in accordance with the Act of March 1, 1911 (commonly known as the Weeks Act; 16 U.S.C. 480 et seq.), and the laws and regulations applicable to the National Forest System.

(2) **BLM ACQUISITION.**—The land acquired by the Secretary of the Interior under subsection (a) shall be administered as public land by the Redding Field Office of the Bureau of Land Management in accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and the laws and regulations applicable to public land administered by the Bureau of Land Management.

(g) **COMPLETION OF LAND EXCHANGE.**—The Secretary of Agriculture shall complete the conveyance of National Forest System land required by subsection (a) not later than one year after the date on which the Utilities District offers to make the conveyances to the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior described in such subsection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Washington (Mr. HASTINGS) and the gentleman from the Northern Mariana Islands (Mr. SABLÁN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Washington.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 1237, authored by our friend from California (Mr. HERGER), authorizes a land exchange between the Trinity County Public Utilities District, the Forest Service, and the Bureau of Land Management in northern California.

The utilities district currently owns a parcel of land within the city of Weaverville that is cut off by the surrounding Federal land. The utilities district would like to acquire approximately 100 acres of the national forest to consolidate its holdings and guarantee access for future use of the property near the Weaverville Airport. In exchange for this parcel, the utilities district will convey about 150 acres it currently owns to the Six Rivers National Forest and approximately 50 acres to the Bureau of Land Management.

Passage of this legislation will allow additional opportunity for economic development in remote Trinity County, California, while allowing the Forest Service to consolidate its land base and the Bureau of Land Management to acquire a prime recreational site.

The suspension text makes a minor amendment to the bill to conform to House rules by specifying that any cash equalization payments for the parcels that may be paid to the Secretary must be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury. It also requires that no cash equalization payment may be paid to the utilities district.

With that, Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

(Mr. SABLÁN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, H.R. 1237 provides for the exchange of land between the Trinity Public Utilities District in California, the United States Forest Service, and the Bureau of Land Management. We do not object to this legislation, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I am very pleased to yield 5 minutes to the author of this legislation and somebody that this body will miss, as he is retiring at the end of this session, the gentleman from California (Mr. HERGER).

Mr. HERGER. I thank my good friend.

Mr. Speaker, I rise to urge support for H.R. 1237, a noncontroversial land

exchange bill I introduced to provide for greater economic opportunities in Trinity County, located in the northern California congressional district I represent. With a 19 percent unemployment rate, this rural community faces significant economic challenges.

The Trinity County Public Utilities District owns property surrounded by land administered by the Bureau of Land Management and the Forest Service. The TPUD seeks to economically improve one parcel near the Weaverville Airport, but it currently cannot do so because it is landlocked by the Forest Service.

This legislation would transfer 47 acres of the district's property near the Trinity River, known as Sky Ranch, to the Bureau of Land Management and 150 acres within Six Rivers National Forest, known as Van Duzen, to the Forest Service. The district would receive a parcel of equal value from the Shasta-Trinity National Forest that surrounds their site at the airport.

This land exchange would benefit the Federal Government as well by consolidating BLM and Forest Service holdings and increasing the efficiency of managing the land. This would allow the TPUD to develop the property and enhance economic opportunities for the community.

Trinity County faces significant challenges attracting businesses because the Federal Government currently owns 75 percent of the available land—over 1.5 million acres—limiting the availability of land for commercial use.

The county also faces significant economic challenges because government mismanagement and lawsuits from fringe groups have shut down responsible stewardship and management of the county's vast timber resources. This decline in management has been devastating to the timber industry and has had a multiplier effect on the county's economy, with severe impacts on schools, infrastructure, and small retail businesses.

In closing, I strongly believe that these resources belong to the people, and local needs should drive their management. Sensible land exchanges like the one this legislation would implement would have the twofold benefit of making Federal land management more efficient while providing local communities with greater access to their natural resources.

I want to thank Chairman HASTINGS and Ranking Member GRIJALVA for their efforts on behalf of this common-sense bill, and I urge my colleagues to vote for it.

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, may I inquire if Chairman HASTINGS has any additional speakers at this time?

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I have no more requests for time. If the gentleman is prepared to close, I'll close.

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, again, like I said, we have no objection to this legislation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, this is a good piece of legislation, and I congratulate the gentleman for his introduction and getting this far.

With that, I urge adoption and yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Washington (Mr. HASTINGS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1237, as amended.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Y MOUNTAIN ACCESS ENHANCEMENT ACT

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4484) to provide for the conveyance of a small parcel of National Forest System land in the Uinta-Wasatch-Cache National Forest in Utah to Brigham Young University, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 4484

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Y Mountain Access Enhancement Act".

SEC. 2. LAND CONVEYANCE, UINTA-WASATCH-CACHE NATIONAL FOREST, UTAH.

(a) **CONVEYANCE REQUIRED.**—On the request of Brigham Young University submitted to the Secretary of Agriculture not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall convey, not later than one year after receiving the request, to Brigham Young University all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to an approximately 80-acre parcel of National Forest System land in the Uinta-Wasatch-Cache National Forest in the State of Utah consisting of the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ /SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 32, T. 6 S., R. 3 E., and Lot 4 of Section 5, T. 7 S., R. 3 E., Salt Lake Base & Meridian. The conveyance shall be subject to valid existing rights and shall be made by quitclaim deed.

(b) CONSIDERATION.—

(1) **CONSIDERATION REQUIRED.**—As consideration for the land conveyed under subsection (a), Brigham Young University shall pay to the Secretary an amount equal to the fair market value of the land, as determined by an appraisal approved by the Secretary and conducted in conformity with the Uniform Appraisal Standards for Federal Land Acquisitions and section 206 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716).

(2) **DEPOSIT.**—The consideration received by the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury to reduce the Federal deficit.

(c) **GUARANTEED PUBLIC ACCESS TO Y MOUNTAIN TRAIL.**—After the conveyance under subsection (a), Brigham Young University represents that it will—

(1) continue to allow the same reasonable public access to the trailhead and portion of the Y Mountain Trail already owned by Brigham Young University as of the date of the enactment of this Act that Brigham Young University has historically allowed; and

(2) allow that same reasonable public access to the portion of the Y Mountain Trail and the "Y" symbol located on the land described in subsection (a).

(d) **SURVEY AND ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.**—The exact acreage and legal description of the land to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary. Brigham Young University shall pay the reasonable costs of survey, appraisal, and any administrative analyses required by law.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Washington (Mr. HASTINGS) and the gentleman from the Northern Mariana Islands (Mr. SABLÁN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Washington.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, this bill is authored by our colleague from Utah (Mr. CHAFFETZ). H.R. 4484 authorizes the Forest Service to convey 80 acres, known as Y Mountain, to Brigham Young University.

□ 1540

Y Mountain is the location of the renowned white block "Y" in Provo, overlooking the Utah Valley and the BYU campus. The Y was constructed in 1906 and has been a celebrated part of the Utah landscape ever since.

Currently, BYU owns and maintains the trailhead and much of the trail leading up to the 380-foot tall by 130-foot wide landmark. The remaining property is owned by the Forest Service but it is used by the university under a permit which has typically been renewed every 10 years.

With this legislation, the university will guarantee its ability to maintain the Y and surrounding grounds without the risk of losing the right through the permitting process.

Finally, the legislation requires that BYU pay fair market value and continue to allow public access to the Y as it has done for decades.

With that, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself as much time as I may consume.

(Mr. SABLÁN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, H.R. 4484 provides for the conveyance of approximately 80 acres of Forest Service lands to Brigham Young University. We do not object to this legislation.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I am very pleased to yield 3

minutes to the gentleman from Utah (Mr. CHAFFETZ), the author of this legislation.

Mr. CHAFFETZ. Mr. Speaker, I am proud to introduce this piece of legislation. It's common sense. I think it's something that should be widely accepted.

I also appreciate the bipartisan nature in which we introduce this bill. Mr. FALÉOMAVAEGA was important to this, Mr. FLAKE and Mr. McKEON, and I appreciate the bipartisan nature in which we introduced this bill.

As you go into Utah County, up on the eastern side of the valley there, there's this big Y representing Brigham Young University. It's a mainstay in our community and something that we're all proud of. It's also something that is easily accessible to hikers. Year-round, people will hike up this trail as they pass up and go up to enjoy a day up on the side of the mountain.

And really, in an effort to make sure that this is properly maintained, there's continuity of maintenance. This really does make sense. It's interesting, because that portion, that 80 acres that we talk about today was once owned by Brigham Young University, and that was then transferred into a trust and, over the course of time, many decades ago it was actually transferred to the Forest Service. And so, now, to actually sell it back, have that money deposited back into the Treasury to help reduce our deficit, Brigham Young University paying fair market value for that, makes sense in terms of keeping the continuity in place, making sure that the trail is well-maintained, that it's clean. It's something that people in Utah and other people coming to our State like to enjoy on a regular basis.

So the bill would restore ownership to Brigham Young University, provide long-term certainty by removing any questions about who owns the land and who is responsible for maintaining the trail, and I look forward to the passage of this.

It's important to our community, and I think a good win-win for the Federal Government as well as the residents there, particularly in Utah County.

Mr. SABLÁN. Mr. Speaker, I yield the gentleman from American Samoa (Mr. FALÉOMAVAEGA) as much time as he may consume.

(Mr. FALÉOMAVAEGA asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FALÉOMAVAEGA. Mr. Speaker, I want to thank the distinguished chairman of our committee, DOC HASTINGS, and our ranking member, Mr. MARKEY, for their leadership in support of this proposed legislation.

I especially want to thank my good friend and colleague, the chief sponsor of this legislation, the gentleman from Utah (Mr. CHAFFETZ).

I rise today, Mr. Speaker, in support of H.R. 4484, the Y Mountain Access