she borrowed \$15,000 and built a six-acre bog on the Stillman property in Hanson. Her bog paid for itself after only the second harvest.

Ellen continued to pursue her passion, and by the time she retired as vice president in charge of advertising at the Ocean Spray Cranberry Association in 1956, she had built a national reputation for the cranberry industry. Some of her more notable accomplishments include spearheading an advertising campaign to join cranberries and chicken, appearing on radio and TV and making a presentation of cranberries to President Eisenhower and Vice President Nixon at the White House. One year later, she was named the only female member of the 24-person Ocean Spray board of directors.

When not busy with her bogs, Ellen took time out for philanthropy, serving on the women's committee of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts and donating generously to the Boston Symphony Orchestra. She also used her expertise to write a number of cookbooks.

More than 70 years later, Ellen's cranberry bogs continue to be an important part of the Hanson community and economy, and Ellen, herself, remains a pioneer in the industry. Mr. Speaker, I am proud to honor Ellen Stillman on this joyful occasion and I hope my colleagues will join me in wishing her many more years of happiness and health.

> THE MYTH OF CHINA AS A HARMLESS TIGER

HON. FRANK R. WOLF

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Speaker, I submit a piece authored by Chinese dissident Yu Jie which ran in yesterday's Washington Post. His words are deeply alarming about the extent of China's reach in the U.S. He rightly laments the lack of "visionary politicians, such as Ronald

Reagan, to stand up to this threat." I couldn't agree more. [From the Washington Post, Feb. 13, 2012]

THE MYTH OF CHINA AS A HARMLESS TIGER (By Yu Jie)

Chinese dissident writers exiled to the West today get a very different response than Soviet writers received not so long ago.

In 1975, Secretary of State Henry Kissinger advised President Ford not to meet with writer Alexander Solzhenitsyn, warning in a memorandum that doing so would offend the Soviet Union. Now, similar views are held not only by pragmatic politicians but also by multinational corporations with large investments in China as well as universities and foundations with inextricable links to China.

The Chinese communist regime's penetration of the West far exceeds that of the former Soviet Union. In the Cold War era, the Soviet Union was blocked behind the Iron Curtain; there were few links between Soviet and Western economies. An average American family would not be using products "made in the USSR." Today, China is deeply embedded within the globalized system. An American recently wrote an interesting book detailing a year of her refusal to buy products that were "made in China" and the many difficulties she encountered as a result of this decision.

On the surface, the West has profited from its trade with China. Western consumers can

buy vast amounts of cheap Chinese products. However, fundamental values of the West are quietly being eroded: Who knows whether the American flag flying outside your home was manufactured by inmates in Chinese prisons or by child labor?

I arrived in the United States a month ago, thinking I had escaped the reach of Beijing, only to realize that the Chinese government's shadow continues to be omnipresent. Several U.S. universities that I have contacted dare not invite me for a lecture, as they cooperate with China on many projects. If you are a scholar of Chinese studies who has criticized the Communist Party, it would be impossible for you to be involved in research projects with the Chinese-funded Confucius Institute, and you may even be denied a Chinese visa. Conversely, if you praise the Communist Party, not only would you receive ample research funding but you might also be invited to visit China and even received by high-level officials. Western academic freedom has been distorted by invisible hands.

I believe that China is a far greater threat than the former Soviet Union ever was; unfortunately, the West lacks visionary politicians, such as Ronald Reagan, to stand up to this threat. President Obama might perceive the Chinese Communist Party as a tiger that does not bite and, hence, is looking forward to Vice President Xi Jinping's visit this week. Will Obama, a winner of the Nobel Peace Prize, openly request that China release Liu Xiaobo, a Nobel Peace laureate imprisoned by the Communist Party? Why did Secretary of State Hillary Rodham Clinton have the courage to meet with Burma's Aung San Suu Kyi but not to meet with Liu? Is it because Burma is weak, while China is strong?

The Chinese Communist Party remains a tiger that will bite. For working on human rights with Liu Xiaobo, after he was awarded the Nobel Prize, I was tortured by the country's secret police and nearly lost my life. Since then, dozens of lawyers and writers have been subjected to brutal torture; some contracted severe pneumonia after being held in front of fans blowing cold air and then being baked by an electric furnace. The secret police threatened me, saying that they had a list of 200 anticommunist party intellectuals whom they were ready to arrest and bury alive. Over the past year, the number of political prisoners in China has increased, and the jail sentences have become longer-yet Western voices of protest have

Harsh internal repression and unrestrained external expansion are two sides of the same coin. The Chinese Communist Party recently vetoed the U.N. Security Council's resolution on Syria because killings not unlike those committed by Damascus continue in Tibet.

More than a century ago, Westerners described China as a "sleeping lion"; today, it is the West that has fallen asleep. As an independent writer and a Christian member of a "house church," I have the responsibility to tell the truth: The Chinese Communist Party is still a man-eating tiger.

RECOGNIZING MS. JUDITH WINFORD FOR HER SERVICES IN THE MISSISSIPPI HEALTH CARE COMMUNITY

HON. BENNIE G. THOMPSON

OF MISSISSIPPI IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the prominent career of Ms. Judith Winford, a notable Program Director of Delta State University's schoolbased Asthma Management Program. In this role, she is responsible for the oversight of asthma case management services in 14 Delta counties and 31 school districts across the Mississippi Delta. Ms. Winford is also an adjunct instructor in the RN program at Coahoma Community College.

She earned a Bachelor's Degree in Nursing from the University of Tennessee at Memphis and a Master's Degree in Nursing from Regis University in Denver, Colorado. She is currently enrolled in a Post-Master's Program at Delta State University.

During her extended career of over 15 years, Ms. Winford has served in the pediatric critical care unit at Le Bonheur Children's Medical Center in Memphis, Tennessee. She subsequently served as Nurse Epidemiologist with the Memphis and Shelby County Health Department, where she was responsible for surveillance and case investigations for Category 1 Notifiable Disease. Ms. Winford played a pivotal role in helping Memphis and Shelby County health care providers develop emergency response plans for anticipated community disasters.

Ms. Winford has years of clinical expertise in the area of health care risk management. She has served as the risk manager for Memphis Mental Health Institute and Director of Quality and Risk Management at Bolivar Medical Center. In these roles, she has coordinated the Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations survey, functioned as a resource for legal counsel, established benchmarks for quality indicators, developed quality goals and objectives, and created innovative tools for medical record auditing.

Ms. Winford holds a national certification as a Certified Professional in Healthcare Quality. She is also a member of Alpha Kappa Alpha Sorority, Inc., Sigma Theta Tau International Honor Society of Nursing, and the Mississippi Nursing Association. While at the Memphis Mental Health Institute, she received special recognition from the Department of Justice for the development of quality tools for patient compliance. Ms. Winford has presented extensively in Tennessee and Mississippi on a varietv of health topics. Most recently, she was a guest speaker at the Alabama-Mississippi Sociological Association, Mississippi School Nurse Association, Mississippi Association of Professionals in Health, and the Recreation and Dance Professional Association.

Ms. Winford is the proud mother of one son, who is a senior at the Mississippi School of Mathematics and Science in Columbus, Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask you and our colleagues to join me in recognizing Ms. Judith Winford for her many contributions to healthcare and service to her community.

RECALLING RAUF DENKTASH

HON. DAN BURTON

OF INDIANA IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to Rauf Denktash: a statesman, lawyer, author, and the leader of the Turkish-Cypriots, who passed away on January 13, 2012 at the age of 88.

Rauf Denktash was born on January 27, 1924 at the village of Ktima, near Paphos, Cyprus, the son of a judge, he went on to study law at Lincoln's Inn in London. During the London Blitz of World War II, he served as an airraid warden and helped to save Lincoln's Inn Hall from destruction. After the war, he practiced as a prosecuting barrister in Nicosia. By the time Denktash became Solicitor General in 1956, he was already a prominent leader within the Turkish-Cypriot community and served in numerous leadership capacities in the following decades on behalf of the Turkish-Cypriot community. In 1983, Denktash became the Turkish-Cypriot leader, a position he held until his retirement in 2005.

Spanning his entire political career, Denktash worked tirelessly in support of his Cypriot homeland. He defined his vision of Cyprus as "a place where my grandchildren can grow up free from fear." In addition to Denktash's extensive political career, he was also the author of over 40 books, and was an avid and renowned photographer. During the course of his life, his works were exhibited throughout the world.

I extend my condolences to the Denktash family and I join my Turkish-American friends and constituents in recognizing Rauf Denktash for all of his achievements throughout his lifetime. I know that those who knew and admired him will greatly miss him.

RECOGNIZING MERCY VILLAGE APARTMENTS OF JOPLIN, MIS-SOURI

HON. BILLY LONG

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. LONG. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Mercy Village Apartments, of Joplin, Missouri, which is welcoming its residents home after being damaged in the devastating F–5 tornado of May 22, 2011.

For nearly 30 years, Mercy Housing has been committed to developing affordable, program-enriched housing for low-income families, seniors and people with special needs who lack the economic resources to access quality, safe housing opportunities. To date, Mercy Housing has participated in the devel opment, preservation and financing of more than 40,000 affordable homes and an additional 7,309 homes are in the pre-development, construction or concept phase.

The day of the tornado, residents and staff worked together to get everyone to safety, even carrying wheelchairs down three flights of stairs. Thankfully, no one was hurt. One resident who was especially lucky to survive was 82-year-old Bonnie Betz. When Bonnie was awakened from her nap by the tornado sirens, she immediately started to move downstairs to shelter. The entire wall of the stairwell was torn away from the building by the tornado. She clung to the banister and was lifted off her feet, yet despite her arthritic hands, was able to literally hold on for her life. A structural engineer later said that without the good design and extra structural reinforcement Mercy Housing added when they built Mercy Village in 2005, the story might have a different ending.

I would therefore like to commend Mercy Housing for its hard work and dedication. Because of them, Joplin seniors can remain in the community they call home.

IN RECOGNITION OF THE 103RD BIRTHDAY OF MARGARET BONNER

HON. WILLIAM R. KEATING

OF MASSACHUSETTS IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. KEATING. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Margaret Bonner of Quincy, Massachusetts who celebrates her 103rd birthday on February 22nd.

Margaret was born on February 22, 1909 in Great Britain, where she spent her childhood. A concert pianist by training, she graduated from the London College of Music and shortly thereafter immigrated to the United States, arriving just before the crash of the stock market. Margaret first moved to Dorchester, Massachusetts before settling in Quincy in 1975. Always a creative person and an arts enthusiast, she worked as an illustrative artist on greeting cards during the Great Depression.

Throughout her life, Margaret has had a rich and remarkable career. At the end of World War I, she returned to Great Britain to volunteer with the Red Cross as a nurse's aide. Following that, she embarked on a long and accomplished career in the fashion and bridal industry, working as a buyer and manager for Worth of Boston on Boylston Street, among other high-end stores. In this position, Margaret traveled the world, purchasing couture clothes and meeting directly with famous designers from Versace to Halston. It was her love of fashion and the arts that kept her going over the years, and she did not retire until she was 86 years old.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to honor Margaret Bonner on this joyous occasion. I ask that my colleagues join me in wishing her many more years of health and happiness.

HONORING ALEXIS MONTGOMERY

HON. BENNIE G. THOMPSON

OF MISSISSIPPI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a remarkable public servant, Alexis Montgomery. Although young, Ms. Montgomery has shown what can be accomplished through hard work, diligence, and determination.

Alexis Montgomery, the daughter of Donald C. and Burnidene Montgomery was born July 4, 1982, in Monroe, North Carolina. After graduating from South Mecklenburg High School at the age of 17, she enlisted into the United States Navy, and was stationed in LaMaddalena, Italy. After a year, she was reassigned to Mayport, Florida, for five years where she worked at the base clinic as a Medical Assistant and Lab Technician. She graduated from Sanford Brown Institute in 2003 where she received her certificate in Medical Assisting. After completing her enlistment with the Navy, she gained employment with Quest Diagnostic Laboratory and LabCorp in Jacksonville, Florida.

In 2007, she relocated to Greenville, Mississippi. In 2008, she gained employment at

the Greenville Family Clinic, where she currently works under Dr. Bill Maddox. Along with caring for her patients, she is also the loving mother of three children.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in recognizing Ms. Alexis Montgomery for her remarkable dedication and service to the community of Greenville, Mississippi.

HONORING U.S. NAVY VETERAN AND PEARL HARBOR SURVIVOR SYLVESTER PUCCIO

HON. RICHARD L. HANNA

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. HANNA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in honor of Mr. Sylvester Puccio, a very special veteran and a survivor of Pearl Harbor. Mr. Puccio will soon be awarded the Navy and Marine Corps Commendation Medal, at the direction of the Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Puccio served aboard the USS West

Mr. Puccio served aboard the USS West Virginia during the attack on Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941 as a Shipfitter Third Class. As the Japanese aerial attack engulfed the West Virginia, the call to General Quarters was sent, and Mr. Puccio went to his battle station at the same time multiple Japanese torpedoes struck the ship. Mr. Puccio and his fellow sailors, realizing that counter flooding was critical to prevent the West Virginia from rolling due to the torpedo damage, rushed to the locker containing the handles to operate the counter flood valves.

The locker was padlocked and the key was on another part of the ship. Mr. Puccio, acting quickly, took a large spool and repeatedly struck at the padlock until it broke free, enabling him and the other sailors to access the handles to begin counter flooding. At this time, the West Virginia had listed 28 degrees. and the quick actions of Mr. Puccio and other sailors prevented the ship from further listing and together, they righted her. In the coming days after the day "that would live in infamy," Mr. Puccio returned to the West Virginia on fire fighting and salvage detail. He was eventually assigned to the submarine section of Pearl Harbor and from there continued his Navy service in the Pacific Theatre during World War II.

Mr. Puccio returned to Rome, and dedicated his life to his family, his community, and his fellow veterans as an active member of the Central New York Pearl Harbor Survivors Association. Mr. Puccio never sought recognition for himself, only for his fellow veterans and those who paid the ultimate sacrifice. I urge my colleagues to join me today in honoring Mr. Sylvester "Syl" Puccio, United States Navy, for his service and sacrifice during World War II on behalf of the United States of America.

IN RECOGNITION OF FIRST, FOR INSPIRATION AND RECOGNITION OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

HON. REID J. RIBBLE

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, February 15, 2012

Mr. RIBBLE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize an organization called FIRST.