Monetary Fund, the World Bank, the Asian Development Bank, and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development to improve its economic system and accelerate development; and

(5) the United States Government should continue to expand upon existing academic, cultural, and other people-to-people exchanges with Mongolia.

### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 472. Mr. LAUTENBERG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 473. Mr. LAUTENBERG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 474. Mr. LAUTENBERG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 475. Mr. WHITEHOUSE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 476. Mr. REID (for Mrs. Feinstein (for herself and Mr. COBURN)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 782, supra.

## TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 472. Mr. LAUTENBERG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes: which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

#### SEC. 22. PROHIBITION ON TRANSFER OR POSSES-SION OF LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNI-TION FEEDING DEVICES.

- (a) DEFINITION.—Section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after paragraph (29) the following:
- '(30) The term 'large capacity ammunition feeding device'-
- '(A) means a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip, or similar device that has a capacity of, or that can be readily restored or converted to accept, more than 10 rounds of ammunition: and
- '(B) does not include an attached tubular device designed to accept, and capable of operating only with, .22 caliber rimfire ammunition."
- (b) Prohibitions.—Section 922 of title 18. United States Code, is amended by inserting after subsection (u) the following:
- (v)(1)(A)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii), it shall be unlawful for a person to transfer or possess a large capacity ammunition feeding device.
- "(ii) Clause (i) shall not apply to the possession of a large capacity ammunition feeding device otherwise lawfully possessed within the United States on or before the date of the enactment of this subsection.
- "(B) It shall be unlawful for any person to import or bring into the United States a large capacity ammunition feeding device.
- "(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to-
- "(A) a manufacture for, transfer to, or possession by the United States or a department or agency of the United States or a State or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State, or a transfer to or possession by a law enforcement officer employed by

such an entity for purposes of law enforcement (whether on or off duty);

"(B) a transfer to a licensee under title I of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 for purposes of establishing and maintaining an on-site physical protection system and security organization required by Federal law, or possession by an employee or contractor of such a licensee on-site for such purposes or offsite for purposes of licensee-authorized training or transportation of nuclear mate-

"(C) the possession, by an individual who is retired from service with a law enforcement agency and is not otherwise prohibited from receiving ammunition, of a large capacity ammunition feeding device transferred to the individual by the agency upon that retirement: or

'(D) a manufacture, transfer, or possession of a large capacity ammunition feeding device by a licensed manufacturer or licensed importer for the purposes of testing or experimentation authorized by the Attorney General.".

(c) PENALTIES.—Section 924(a) of such title is amended by adding at the end the following:

Whoever knowingly violates section 922(v) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.

MARKINGS.—Section IDENTIFICATION 923(i) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: 'A large capacity ammunition feeding device manufactured after the date of the enactment of this sentence shall be identified by a serial number that clearly shows that the device was manufactured after the date of enactment of this sentence, and such other identification as the Attorney General may by regulation prescribe.".

473. Mr. LAUTENBERG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782. to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

### SEC. 22. GUN SHOW BACKGROUND CHECK.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that-
- (1) approximately 5,200 traditional gun shows are held annually across the United States, attracting thousands of attendees per show and hundreds of Federal firearms licensees and nonlicensed firearms sellers;
- (2) traditional gun shows, as well as flea markets and other organized events, at which a large number of firearms are offered for sale by Federal firearms licensees and nonlicensed firearms sellers, form a significant part of the national firearms market:
- (3) firearms and ammunition that are exhibited or offered for sale or exchange at gun shows, flea markets, and other organized events move easily in and substantially affect interstate commerce;
- (4) in fact, even before a firearm is exhibited or offered for sale or exchange at a gun show, flea market, or other organized event, the gun, its component parts, ammunition, and the raw materials from which it is manufactured have moved in interstate com-
- (5) gun shows, flea markets, and other organized events at which firearms are exhibited or offered for sale or exchange, provide a convenient and centralized commercial location at which firearms may be bought and sold anonymously, often without background checks and without records that enable gun tracing;
- (6) at gun shows, flea markets, and other organized events at which guns are exhibited

or offered for sale or exchange, criminals and other prohibited persons obtain guns without background checks and frequently use guns that cannot be traced to later commit crimes;

(7) since the enactment of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act (Public Law 103-59; 107 Stat. 1536) in 1993, over 100,000,000 background checks have been performed by Federal firearms licensees, denying guns to more than 1,600,000 illegal buyers;

(8) many persons who buy and sell firearms at gun shows, flea markets, and other organized events cross State lines to attend these events and engage in the interstate transportation of firearms obtained at these events;

(9) gun violence is a pervasive, national problem that is exacerbated by the availability of guns at gun shows, flea markets. and other organized events:

(10) firearms associated with gun shows have been transferred illegally to residents of another State by Federal firearms licensees and nonlicensed firearms sellers, and have been involved in subsequent crimes including drug offenses, crimes of violence, property crimes, and illegal possession of firearms by felons and other prohibited persons; and

(11) Congress has the power, under the interstate commerce clause and other provisions of the Constitution of the United States, to ensure, by enactment of this Act, that criminals and other prohibited persons do not obtain firearms at gun shows, flea markets, and other organized events.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
"(36) GUN SHOW.—The term 'gun show'

means any event-

"(A) at which 50 or more firearms are offered or exhibited for sale, transfer, or exchange, if 1 or more of the firearms has been shipped or transported in, or otherwise affects, interstate or foreign commerce; and

"(B) at which-

"(i) not fewer than 20 percent of the exhibitors are firearm exhibitors;

"(ii) there are not fewer than 10 firearm exhibitors; or

"(iii) 50 or more firearms are offered for sale, transfer, or exchange.

"(37) GUN SHOW PROMOTER.—The term 'gun show promoter' means any person who organizes, plans, promotes, or operates a gun show.

'(38) Gun show vendor.—The term 'gun show vendor' means any person who exhibits, sells, offers for sale, transfers, or exchanges 1 or more firearms at a gun show, regardless of whether or not the person arranges with the gun show promoter for a fixed location from which to exhibit, sell, offer for sale, transfer, or exchange 1 or more firearms."

(c) Regulation of Firearms Transfers at GUN SHOWS.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "§ 932. Regulation of firearms transfers at gun shows

- "(a) REGISTRATION OF GUN SHOW PRO-MOTERS.—It shall be unlawful for any person to organize, plan, promote, or operate a gun show unless that person-
- "(1) registers with the Attorney General in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Attorney General; and
- "(2) pays a registration fee, in an amount determined by the Attorney General.
- "(b) RESPONSIBILITIES OF GUN SHOW PRO-MOTERS.—It shall be unlawful for any person to organize, plan, promote, or operate a gun show unless that person-
- "(1) before commencement of the gun show, verifies the identity of each gun show

vendor participating in the gun show by examining a valid identification document (as defined in section 1028(d)(3)) of the vendor containing a photograph of the vendor;

- "(2) before commencement of the gun show, requires each gun show vendor to
- ``(A) a ledger with identifying information concerning the vendor; and
- "(B) a notice advising the vendor of the obligations of the vendor under this chapter;
- "(3) notifies each person who attends the gun show of the requirements of this chapter, in accordance with such regulations as the Attorney General shall prescribe; and
- "(4) maintains a copy of the records described in paragraphs (1) and (2) at the permanent place of business of the gun show promoter for such period of time and in such form as the Attorney General shall require by regulation.
- "(c) RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRANSFERORS OTHER THAN LICENSEES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If any part of a firearm transaction takes place at a gun show, it shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed under this chapter to transfer a firearm to another person who is not licensed under this chapter, unless the firearm is transferred through a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer in accordance with subsection (e).
- "(2) CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS.—A person who is subject to the requirement of paragraph (1)—
- "(A) shall not transfer the firearm to the transferee until the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer through which the transfer is made under subsection (e) makes the notification described in subsection (e)(3)(A); and
- "(B) notwithstanding subparagraph (A), shall not transfer the firearm to the transferee if the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer through which the transfer is made under subsection (e) makes the notification described in subsection (e)(3)(B).
- "(3) ABSENCE OF RECORDKEEPING REQUIRE-MENTS.—Nothing in this section shall permit or authorize the Attorney General to impose recordkeeping requirements on any nonlicensed vendor.
- "(d) RESPONSIBILITIES OF TRANSFEREES OTHER THAN LICENSEES.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If any part of a firearm transaction takes place at a gun show, it shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed under this chapter to receive a firearm from another person who is not licensed under this chapter, unless the firearm is transferred through a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer in accordance with subsection (e).
- "(2) CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS.—A person who is subject to the requirement of paragraph (1)—
- "(A) shall not receive the firearm from the transferor until the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer through which the transfer is made under subsection (e) makes the notification described in subsection (e)(3)(A): and
- "(B) notwithstanding subparagraph (A), shall not receive the firearm from the transferor if the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer through which the transfer is made under subsection (e) makes the notification described in subsection (e)(3)(B).
- "(e) RESPONSIBILITIES OF LICENSEES.—A licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer who agrees to assist a person who is not licensed under this chapter in carrying out the responsibilities of that person under subsection (c) or (d) with respect to the transfer of a firearm shall—

- "(1) enter such information about the firearm as the Attorney General may require by regulation into a separate bound record;
- (2) record the transfer on a form specified by the Attorney General;
- "(3) comply with section 922(t) as if transferring the firearm from the inventory of the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer to the designated transferee (although a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer complying with this subsection shall not be required to comply again with the requirements of section 922(t) in delivering the firearm to the nonlicensed transferor), and notify the nonlicensed transferor and the nonlicensed transferee—
  - "(A) of such compliance; and
- "(B) if the transfer is subject to the requirements of section 922(t)(1), of any receipt by the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer of a notification from the national instant criminal background check system that the transfer would violate section 922 or would violate State law;
- "(4) not later than 10 days after the date on which the transfer occurs, submit to the Attorney General a report of the transfer, which report—
- "(A) shall be on a form specified by the Attorney General by regulation; and
- "(B) shall not include the name of or other identifying information relating to any person involved in the transfer who is not licensed under this chapter;
- "(5) if the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer assists a person other than a licensee in transferring, at 1 time or during any 5 consecutive business days, 2 or more pistols or revolvers, or any combination of pistols and revolvers totaling 2 or more, to the same nonlicensed person, in addition to the reports required under paragraph (4), prepare a report of the multiple transfers, which report shall be—
- "(A) prepared on a form specified by the Attorney General; and
- "(B) not later than the close of business on the date on which the transfer occurs, forwarded to—
- ``(i) the office specified on the form described in subparagraph (A); and
- "(ii) the appropriate State law enforcement agency of the jurisdiction in which the transfer occurs; and
- "(6) retain a record of the transfer as part of the permanent business records of the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer.
- "(f) RECORDS OF LICENSEE TRANSFERS.—If any part of a firearm transaction takes place at a gun show, each licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, and licensed dealer who transfers 1 or more firearms to a person who is not licensed under this chapter shall, not later than 10 days after the date on which the transfer occurs, submit to the Attorney General a report of the transfer, which report—
- "(1) shall be in a form specified by the Attorney General by regulation;
- "(2) shall not include the name of or other identifying information relating to the transferee; and
- "(3) shall not duplicate information provided in any report required under subsection (e)(4).
- "(g) FIREARM TRANSACTION DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'firearm transaction'—
  "(1) includes the offer for sale, sale, trans-
- fer, or exchange of a firearm; and
  "(2) does not include the mere exhibition or
- ``(2) does not include the mere exhibition of a firearm.".
- (2) PENALTIES.—Section 924(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(8)(A) Whoever knowingly violates section 932(a) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- "(B) Whoever knowingly violates subsection (b) or (c) of section 932, shall be—
- "(i) fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both; and
- "(ii) in the case of a second or subsequent conviction, fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- $\mbox{``(C)}$  Whoever willfully violates section 932(d), shall be—
- $\lq\lq$ (i) fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both; and
- "(ii) in the case of a second or subsequent conviction, fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- "(D) Whoever knowingly violates subsection (e) or (f) of section 932 shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- "(E) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this paragraph, the Attorney General may, with respect to any person who knowingly violates any provision of section 932—
- "(i) if the person is registered pursuant to section 932(a), after notice and opportunity for a hearing, suspend for not more than 6 months or revoke the registration of that person under section 932(a); and
- "(ii) impose a civil fine in an amount equal to not more than \$10,000.".
- (3) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code. is amended—
- (A) in the table of sections, by adding at the end the following:
- "932. Regulation of firearms transfers at gun shows.";

and

- (B) in the first sentence of section 923(j), by striking "a gun show or event" and inserting "an event".
- (d) INSPECTION AUTHORITY.—Section 923(g)(1) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(E) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), the Attorney General may enter during business hours the place of business of any gun show promoter and any place where a gun show is held for the purposes of examining the records required by sections 923 and 932 and the inventory of licensees conducting business at the gun show. Such entry and examination shall be conducted for the purposes of determining compliance with this chapter by gun show promoters and licensees conducting business at the gun show and shall not require a showing of reasonable cause or a warrant.".
- (e) Increased Penalties for Serious Recordkeeping Violations by Licensees.—Section 924(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- "(3)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), any licensed dealer, licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed collector who knowingly makes any false statement or representation with respect to the information required by this chapter to be kept in the records of a person licensed under this chapter, or violates section 922(m) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 1 year, or both.
- "(B) If the violation described in subparagraph (A) is in relation to an offense—
- "(i) under paragraph (1) or (3) of section 922(b), such person shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both; or
- "(ii) under subsection (a)(6) or (d) of section 922, such person shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.".
- (f) INCREASED PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK REQUIREMENTS.—

- (1) PENALTIES.—Section 924(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (A) in paragraph (5), by striking "subsection (s) or (t) of section 922" and inserting "section 922(s)"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(9) Whoever knowingly violates section 922(t) shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.
- (2) ELIMINATION OF CERTAIN ELEMENTS OF OFFENSE.—Section 922(t)(5) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "and, at the time" and all that follows through "State law"
- (g) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This Act and the amendments made by this section shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- SA 474. Mr. LAUTENBERG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

- SEC. 22. GRANTING THE ATTORNEY GENERAL THE AUTHORITY TO DENY THE SALE, DELIVERY, OR TRANSFER OF A FIRE-ARM OR THE ISSUANCE OF A FIRE-ARMS OR EXPLOSIVES LICENSE OR PERMIT TO DANGEROUS TERROR-ISTS.
- (a) STANDARD FOR EXERCISING ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETION REGARDING TRANSFER-RING FIREARMS OR ISSUING FIREARMS PER-MITS TO DANGEROUS TERRORISTS.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by inserting after section 922 the following:

#### "§ 922A. Attorney General's discretion to deny transfer of a firearm

"The Attorney General may deny the section transfer firearm under of a 922(t)(1)(B)(ii) of this title if the Attorney General-

- "(1) determines that the transferee is known (or appropriately suspected) to be or have been engaged in conduct constituting, in preparation for, in aid of, or related to terrorism, or providing material support or resources for terrorism; and
- "(2) has a reasonable belief that the prospective transferee may use a firearm in connection with terrorism.

#### "§ 922B. Attorney General's discretion regarding applicants for firearm permits which would qualify for the exemption provided under section 922(t)(3)

- "The Attorney General may determine that—
- "(1) an applicant for a firearm permit which would qualify for an exemption under section 922(t) is known (or appropriately suspected) to be or have been engaged in conduct constituting, in preparation for, in aid of, or related to terrorism, or providing material support or resources for terrorism; and
- "(2) the Attorney General has a reasonable belief that the applicant may use a firearm in connection with terrorism.'
- (2) in section 921(a), by adding at the end the following:
- "(36) The term 'terrorism' includes international terrorism and domestic terrorism, as those terms are defined in section 2331 of
- "(37) The term 'material support or resources' has the same meaning as in section 2339A of this title.
- "(38) The term 'responsible person' means an individual who has the power, directly or indirectly, to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of the applicant or licensee pertaining to firearms."; and

- (3) in the table of sections, by inserting after the item relating to section 922 the following:
- "922A. Attorney General's discretion to deny transfer of a firearm.
- "922B. Attorney General's discretion regarding applicants for firearm permits which would qualify for the exemption provided under section 922(t)(3).
- (b) EFFECT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRE-TIONARY DENIAL THROUGH THE NATIONAL IN-STANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM (NICS) ON FIREARMS PERMITS.—Section 922(t) of title 18. United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1)(B)(ii), by inserting "or State law, or that the Attorney General has determined to deny the transfer of a firearm pursuant to section 922A of this title" before the semicolon:
- (2) in paragraph (2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting ", or if the Attorney General has not determined to deny the transfer of a firearm pursuant to section 922A of this title" after "or State law:
  - (3) in paragraph (3)—
  - (A) in subparagraph (A)—
  - (i) in clause (i)-
- (I) in subclause (I), by striking "and" at the end: and
- (II) by adding at the end the following:
- '(III) was issued after a check of the system established pursuant to paragraph (1);";
- (ii) in clause (ii), by inserting "and" after the semicolon; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- '(iii) the State issuing the permit agrees to deny the permit application if such other person is the subject of a determination by the Attorney General pursuant to section 922B of this title;";
- (4) in paragraph (4), by inserting ", or if the Attorney General has not determined to deny the transfer of a firearm pursuant to section 922A of this title" after "or State law"; and
- (5) in paragraph (5), by inserting ", or if the Attorney General has determined to deny the transfer of a firearm pursuant to section 922A of this title" after "or State
- (c) Unlawful Sale or Disposition of FIREARM BASED UPON ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETIONARY DENIAL.—Section 922(d) of title 18. United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (8), by striking "or" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (9), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(10) has been the subject of a determination by the Attorney General under section 922A, 922B, 923(d)(3), or 923(e) of this title.
- (d) ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETIONARY DE-NIAL AS PROHIBITOR.—Section 922(g) of title 18. United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (8), by striking "or" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (9), by striking the comma at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (9) the following:
- "(10) who has received actual notice of the Attorney General's determination made under section 922A, 922B, 923(d)(3) or 923(e) of this title," (e) ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETIONARY DE-
- NIAL OF FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSES.—Section 923(d) of title 18. United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "Any" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph (3), any"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- '(3) The Attorney General may deny a license application if the Attorney General de-

- termines that the applicant (including any responsible person) is known (or appropriately suspected) to be or have been engaged in conduct constituting, in preparation for, in aid of, or related to terrorism, or providing material support or resources for terrorism, and the Attorney General has a reasonable belief that the applicant may use a firearm in connection with terrorism.
- (f) DISCRETIONARY REVOCATION OF FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSES.—Section 923(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
  - (1) by inserting "(1)" after "(e)";
- (2) by striking "revoke any license" and inserting the following: "revoke-
  - '(A) any license':
- (3) by striking ". The Attorney General may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, revoke the license" and inserting the following: "
- "(B) the license"; and
  (4) by striking ". The Secretary's action" and inserting the following: "; or
- "(C) any license issued under this section if the Attorney General determines that the holder of such license (including any responsible person) is known (or appropriately suspected) to be or have been engaged in conduct constituting, in preparation for, in aid of, or related to terrorism or providing material support or resources for terrorism, and the Attorney General has a reasonable belief that the applicant may use a firearm in connection with terrorism.
  - "(2) The Attorney General's action"
- (g) ATTORNEY GENERAL'S ABILITY TO WITH-HOLD INFORMATION IN FIREARMS LICENSE DE-NIAL AND REVOCATION SHIT -
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 923(f)(1) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "However, if the denial or revocation is pursuant to subsection (d)(3) or (e)(1)(C), any information upon which the Attorney General relied for this determination may be withheld from the petitioner, if the Attorney General determines that disclosure of the information would likely compromise national secu-
- (2) SUMMARIES.—Section 923(f)(3) of title 18. United States Code, is amended by inserting after the third sentence the following: "With respect to any information withheld from the aggrieved party under paragraph (1), the United States may submit, and the court may rely upon, summaries or redacted versions of documents containing information the disclosure of which the Attorney General has determined would likely compromise national security."
- (h) ATTORNEY GENERAL'S ABILITY TO WITH-HOLD INFORMATION IN RELIEF FROM DISABIL-ITIES LAWSUITS.—Section 925(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the third sentence the following: "If the person is subject to a disability under section 922(g)(10) of this title, any information which the Attorney General relied on for this determination may be withheld from the applicant if the Attorney General determines that disclosure of the information would likely compromise national security. In responding to the petition, the United States may submit, and the court may rely upon, summaries or redacted versions of documents containing information the disclosure of which the Attorney General has determined would likely compromise national security.".
- (i) PENALTIES.—Section 924(k) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "or" at the
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking the comma at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

- "(4) constitutes an act of terrorism, or providing material support or resources for ter-
- (j) REMEDY FOR ERRONEOUS DENIAL OF FIREARM OR FIREARM PERMIT EXEMPTION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 925A of title 18. United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "Remedy for erroneous denial of firearm and inserting "Remedies";
- (B) by striking "Any person denied a firearm pursuant to subsection (s) or (t) of section 922" and inserting the following:
- '(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), any person denied a firearm pursuant to subsection (t) of section 922 or a firearm permit pursuant to a determination made under section 922B"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- (b) In any case in which the Attorney General has denied the transfer of a firearm to a prospective transferee pursuant to section 922A of this title or has made a determination regarding a firearm permit applicant pursuant to section 922B of this title, an action challenging the determination may be brought against the United States. The petition shall be filed not later than 60 days after the petitioner has received actual notice of the Attorney General's determination under section 922A or 922B of this title. The court shall sustain the Attorney General's determination upon a showing by the United States by a preponderance of evidence that the Attorney General's determination satisfied the requirements of section 922A or 922B, as the case may be. To make this showing, the United States may submit, and the court may rely upon, summaries or redacted versions of documents containing information the disclosure of which the Attorney General has determined would likely compromise national security. Upon request of the petitioner or the court's own motion, the court may review the full, undisclosed documents ex parte and in camera. The court shall determine whether the summaries or redacted versions, as the case may be, are fair and accurate representations of the underlying documents. The court shall not consider the full, undisclosed documents in deciding whether the Attorney General's determination satisfies the requirements of section 922A or 922B."
- (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 925A and inserting the following:
- "925A. Remedies.".
- (k) PROVISION OF GROUNDS UNDERLYING IN-ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION BY THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SVS-TEM —Section 103 of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended-
- (1) in subsection (f)—
- (A) by inserting "or the Attorney General has made a determination regarding an applicant for a firearm permit pursuant to section 922B of title 18, United States Code," after "is ineligible to receive a firearm"; and
- (B) by inserting "except any information for which the Attorney General has determined that disclosure would likely compromise national security," after "reasons to the individual,"; and
  - (2) in subsection (g)—
  - (A) the first sentence-
- (i) by inserting "or if the Attorney General has made a determination pursuant to section 922A or 922B of title 18, United States Code," after "or State law,"; and
- (ii) by inserting ", except any information for which the Attorney General has determined that disclosure would likely compromise national security" before the period at the end; and

- (B) by adding at the end the following: "Any petition for review of information withheld by the Attorney General under this subsection shall be made in accordance with section 925A of title 18, United States Code."
- (1) Unlawful Distribution of Explosives Based Upon Attorney General Discre-TIONARY DENIAL.—Section 842(d) of title 18. United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (9), by striking the period and inserting ": or"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(10) has received actual notice of the Attorney General's determination made pursuant to subsection (j) or (d)(1)(B) of section 843 of this title."
- (m) ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETIONARY DE-NIAL AS PROHIBITOR.—Section 842(i) of title United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (7), by inserting "; or" at the end; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (7) the following:
- "(8) who has received actual notice of the Attorney General's determination made pursuant to subsection (j) or (d)(1)(B) of section 843 of this title,'
- (n) ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETIONARY DE-NIAL OF FEDERAL EXPLOSIVES LICENSES AND PERMITS.—Section 843 of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in subsection (b), by striking "Upon" and inserting "Except as provided in subsection (j), upon"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- '(j) The Attorney General may deny the issuance of a permit or license to an applicant if the Attorney General determines that the applicant or a responsible person or emplovee possessor thereof is known (or appropriately suspected) to be or have been engaged in conduct constituting, in preparation of, in aid of, or related to terrorism, or providing material support or resources for terrorism, and the Attorney General has a reasonable belief that the person may use explosives in connection with terrorism.
- (o) ATTORNEY GENERAL DISCRETIONARY REVOCATION OF FEDERAL EXPLOSIVES LI-CENSES AND PERMITS.—Section 843(d) of title United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)";(2) by striking "if in the opinion" and inserting the following: "if—
  "(A) in the opinion"; and
- (3) by striking ". The Secretary's action" and inserting the following: "; or
- "(B) the Attorney General determines that the licensee or holder (or any responsible person or employee possessor thereof) is known (or appropriately suspected) to be or have been engaged in conduct constituting, in preparation for, in aid of, or related to terrorism, or providing material support or resources for terrorism, and that the Attorney General has a reasonable belief that the person may use explosives in connection with terrorism.
- (2) The Attorney General's action'
- (p) ATTORNEY GENERAL'S ABILITY TO WITH-HOLD INFORMATION IN EXPLOSIVES LICENSE AND PERMIT DENIAL AND REVOCATION SHITS: Section 843(e) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting after the first sentence the following: "However, if the denial or revocation is based upon an Attorney General determination under subsection (j) or (d)(1)(B), any information which the Attorney General relied on for this determination may be withheld from the petitioner if the Attorney General determines that disclosure of the information would likely compromise national security."; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following: "In responding to any petition for review of a denial or revocation based upon an Attorney General determination

- under subsection (j) or (d)(1)(B), the United States may submit, and the court may rely upon, summaries or redacted versions of documents containing information the disclosure of which the Attorney General has determined would likely compromise national security.'
- (q) ABILITY TO WITHHOLD INFORMATION IN COMMUNICATIONS TO EMPLOYERS.—Section 843(h)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "or in subsection (j) of this section (on grounds of terrorism)" after "section 842(i)"; and
  - (2) in subparagraph (B)-
- (A) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting "or in subsection (j) of this section," after "section 842(i),"; and
- (B) in clause (ii), by inserting ", except that any information that the Attorney General relied on for a determination pursuant to subsection (j) may be withheld if the Attorney General concludes that disclosure of the information would likely compromise national security" after "determination".
- (r) Conforming Amendment to Immigra-AND NATIONALITY ACT.—Section TION 101(a)(43)(E)(ii) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(43)(E)(ii)) is amended by striking "or (5)" and inserting "(5), or (10)"
  - (s) GUIDELINES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall issue guidelines describing the circumstances under which the Attorney General will exercise the authority and make determinations under subsections (d)(1)(B) and (i) of section 843 and sections 922A and 922B of title 18. United States Code, as amended by this Act.
- (2) Contents.—The guidelines issued under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) provide accountability and a basis for monitoring to ensure that the intended goals for, and expected results of, the grant of authority under subsections (d)(1)(B) and (i) of section 843 and sections 922A and 922B of title 18. United States Code, as amended by this Act, are being achieved; and
- (B) ensure that terrorist watch list records are used in a manner that safeguards privacy and civil liberties protections, in accordance with requirements outlines in Homeland Security Presidential Directive 11 (dated August 27, 2004).
- SA 475. Mr. WHITEHOUSE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 782, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- On page 9, strike lines 12 through 20 and insert the following:
- "(A) 125 TO 150-PERCENT HIGHER UNEMPLOY-MENT RATE.—The Secretary may increase the Federal share above the percentage specified in subsection (a) up to 60 percent of the cost of a project in the case of a grant made in an area for which-
- "(i) the per capita income is not more than 70 percent of the national average; "(ii) the 24-month unemployment rate is at
- least 150 percent of the national average; or "(iii) if the national average 24-month unemployment rate is in excess of 6.5 percent, the 24-month unemployment rate is at least 125 percent of the national average.
- SA 476. Mr. REID (for Mrs. Feinstein (for herself and Mr. COBURN)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 782, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 to reauthorize that Act, and for other purposes; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

# TITLE \_\_\_\_ETHANOL SUBSIDIES AND TARIFF REPEAL

SEC. 01. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Ethanol Subsidy and Tariff Repeal Act".

#### SEC. 02. REPEAL OF VEETC.

- (a) ELIMINATION OF EXCISE TAX CREDIT OR PAYMENT.—
- (1) Section 6426(b)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "December 31, 2011" and inserting "the later of June 30, 2011, or the date of the enactment of the Ethanol Subsidy and Tariff Repeal Act)".
- (2) Section 6427(e)(6)(A) of such Code is amended by striking "December 31, 2011" and

inserting "the later of June 30, 2011, or the date of the enactment the Ethanol Subsidy and Tariff Repeal Act".

- (b) ELIMINATION OF INCOME TAX CREDIT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The table contained in section 40(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
  (A) by striking "2011" and inserting "the
- (A) by striking "2011" and inserting "the later of June 30, 2011, or the date of the enactment of the Ethanol Subsidy and Tariff Repeal Act", and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:

"After such date ..... zero zero".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 40(h)(1) of such Code is amended by striking "calendar years 2001 through 2011" and inserting "the period beginning January 1, 2001, and ending the later of June 30, 2011, or

the date of the enactment of the Ethanol Subsidy and Tariff Repeal Act".

- (c) Repeal of Deadwood.-
- (1) Section 40(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking paragraph (3).
- (2) Section 6426(b)(2) of such Code is amended by striking subparagraph (C).
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to any sale, use, or removal for any period after the later of June 30, 2011, or the date of the enactment of the Act.

#### SEC. 03. REMOVAL OF TARIFFS ON ETHANOL.

(a) DUTY-FREE TREATMENT.—Chapter 98 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States is amended by adding at the end the following new subchapter:

## SUBCHAPTER XXIII

Alternative Fuels

Heading/Sub- heading	Article Description	Rates of Duty		
		1		2
		General	Special	2
9823.01.01	Ethyl alcohol (provided for in subheadings 2207.10.60 and 2207.20) or any mixture containing such ethyl alcohol (provided for in heading 2710 or 3824) if such ethyl alcohol or mixture is to be used as a fuel or in producing a mixture of gasoline and alcohol, a mixture of a special fuel and alcohol, or any other mixture to be used as fuel (including motor fuel provided for in subheading 2710.11.15, 2710.19.15 or 2710.19.21), or is suitable for any such uses		Free	20%.

- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Subchapter I of chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States is amended—
- chedule of the United States is amended— (1) by striking heading 9901.00.50; and
- (2) by striking U.S. notes 2 and 3.
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section apply to goods entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after the later of June 30, 2011, or the date of the enactment of this Act.

## NOTICE OF HEARING

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL} \\ \text{RESOURCES} \end{array}$ 

Mr. BINGAMAN. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the Subcommittee on Water and Power. The hearing will be held on Thursday, June 23, 2011, at 2:30 p.m., in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The purpose of the hearing will be to hear testimony on seven items:

- S. 500, the South Utah Valley Electric Conveyance Act:
- S. 715, the Collinsville Renewable Energy Promotion Act;
- S. 802, the Lake Thunderbird Efficient Use Act of 2011;
- S. 997, the East Bench Irrigation District Water Contract Extension Act:
- S. 1033, to amend the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Facilities act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to participate in the city of Hermiston, Oregon, water recycling and reuse project, and for other purposes;
- S. 1047, the Leadville Mine Drainage Tunnel Act of 2011.
- S. \_, the Bureau of Reclamation Fish Recovery Programs Reauthorization Act of 2011.

S. \_\_, the Fort Sumner Project Title Conveyance Act.

Because of the limited time available for the hearing, witnesses may testify by invitation only. However, those wishing to submit written testimony for the hearing record may do so by sending it to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, Washington, D.C. 20510-6150, or by e-mail to Meagan Gins@energy.senate.gov.

For further information, please contact Tanya Trujillo at (202) 224–5479 or Meagan Gins at (202) 224–0883.

## AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. FRANKEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2011, at 9:30 a.m. in SR 328A.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. FRANKEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2011, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. FRANKEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Environment and Public Works be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2011, at 10 a.m. in Dirksen 406 to conduct a hearing entitled, "The Clean Air Act and Public Health."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND} \\ \text{GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS} \end{array}$ 

Mr. FRANKEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2011, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON EMERGING THREATS AND CAPABILITIES

Mr. FRANKEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities of the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2011, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

Mr. FRANKEN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, Subcommittee on Financial Institutions and Consumer Protection be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on June 15, 2011, at 10 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, morning business is closed; is that right?