By Mr. CANTOR:

H. Con. Res. 10. Concurrent resolution providing for a joint session of Congress to receive a message from the President; considered and agreed to.

By Ms. LEE of California (for herself, Ms. Woolsey, Mr. Honda, Mr. Fil-NER, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Grijalva, Mr. Holt, and Mr. Stark):

H. Con. Res. 11. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that the United States should provide, on an annual basis, an amount equal to at least 1 percent of United States gross domestic product (GDP) for nonmilitary foreign assistance programs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. YARMUTH:

H. Res. 46. A resolution restoring the democratic process by providing that section 3(b) of H. Res. 5 shall have no force or effect during the remainder of the 112th Congress; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. HASTINGS of Florida (for himself, Ms. Lee of California, Mr. Virginia, CONNOLLY Mrs. ofNAPOLITANO, Mr.Rush. Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA, Mr. FARR. Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. MORAN, Mr. WU, Mr. STARK, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. Ellison, Mr. Lewis of Georgia. and Mr. THOMPSON of California):

H. Res. 47. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding the contributions of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. LEE of California (for herself and Mr. CONYERS):

H. Res. 48. A resolution establishing a select committee to review national security laws, policies, and practices; to the Committee on Rules.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, private bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. HINCHEY:

H.R. 391. A bill for the relief of Emilio Maya; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 392. A bill for the relief of Geert Botzen; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD:

H.R. 393. A bill for the relief of Maria Eva Duran, Jessica Duran Cortes, Daniel Ivan Duran Cortes, and Jose Antonio Duran Cortes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 3

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill is based is Congress's power under the Spending Clause in Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution.

By Mr. DAVIS of Kentucky:

H.R. 10.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted Congress under article I of the United States Constitution, including the power granted Congress under article I, section 8, clause 18, of the United States Constitution, and the power granted to each House of Congress under article I, section 5, clause 2, of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PITTS:

H.R. 358.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Protect Life Act would overturn an unconstitutional mandate regarding abortion in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

By Mr. COLE:

H.R. 359.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Amendment XVI to the United States Constitution.

Additionally, since the Constitution does not provide Congress with the power to provide financial support to candidates seeking election to offices of the United States or to U.S. political parties, the general repeal of the presidential election fund is consistent with the powers that are reserved to the States and to the people as expressed in Amendment X to the United States Constitution.

Further, Article I Section 8 defines the scope and powers of Congress and does not include this concept of taxation in furtherance of funding campaigns within the delegated powers.

By Mr. BURGESS:

H.R. 360.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the United States Constitution.

In addition, the bill extends equal treatment to all Congressional staff in respect to numerous court interpretations of the 14th Amendment's Equal Protection Clause to the Constitution "shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States . . . nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws."

By Mr. FLEMING:

H.R. 361.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill makes specific changes to existing law in a manner that provides conscience protections in accord with the 1st Amendment of the United States Constitution. Further, this bill creates a private right of action in federal court in accord with Clause 9 of Section 8 of Article I and Clause 18, Section 8 of Article I, of the United States Constitution. Similarly, this bill provides for preventing disbursement of all or a portion of certain Federal financial assistance in accord with Clause 1, Section 8 Article 1.

By Mr. CONAWAY:

H.R. 362.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the powers granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CARDOZA:

H.R. 363.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to its authority under Clause 3 of Section 8 of Article 1 of the Con-

stitution to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among several States, and with Indian Tribes.

By Mr. LATHAM:

H.R. 364.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. GRIMM:

H.R. 365.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. GRAVES of Missouri:

H.R. 366.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. 1, §8, Cl. 3 "To regulate commerce among foreign nations and the several states."

By Ms. RICHARDSON:

H.R. 367.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia:

H.R. 368.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 9 and 18.

By Mr. AUSTRIA:

H.R. 369.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. BACA:

H.R. 370.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mrs. BLACKBURN:

H.R. 371.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This Act is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. BUCHANAN:

H.R. 372.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this legislation rests is the power of Congress enumerated in Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution.

By Ms. FOXX:

H.R. 373.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H.R. 374.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation makes clear that human life begins at the moment of conception and, therefore, the unborn are entitled to the same rights and protections afforded to all American citizens under the U.S. Constitution. In affirming human life begins at conception, the unborn are granted the right to due process under Section 1 of the 14th Amendment which explicitly states, state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.'

The Life at Conception Act allows for constitutional protection for the unborn that they not "be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of the law" afforded under the 5th Amendment.

By Mr. KILDEE:

H.R. 375.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I. Section 8. Clause 3 of the United States Constitution which gives Congress the power "to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes".

By Mr. KING of New York: H.R. 376.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1: "The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States."

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 377.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 378.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 379.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 380.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 382.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 383.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 384.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 385.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California:

H.R. 386.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is justified under the Commerce Clause of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PETRI:

H.R. 387.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 which, in part, states: "The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, . . . and the Sixteenth Amendment which states: The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

By Mr. ROONEY:

H.R. 388.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8: "To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to use shall be for a longer term than two years; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.'

By Mr. SCHOCK:

H R. 389

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress as stated in Article I, Section 9 and Amendment X of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. THOMPSON of California: H.R. 390.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. HINCHEY:

H R. 391

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 4 and Amendment I, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 392.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

"This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD:

H.R. 393.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4, Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

By Mr. CARTER:

H.J. Res. 21.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

"This bill is enacted pursuant to Amendment X of the United States Constitution.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 4: Mr. BISHOP of Georgia.

H.R. 21: Mr. NUNNELEE.

H.R. 22: Ms. RICHARDSON, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. Woolsey, Ms. Zoe Lofgren of California, Mr. FILNER, and Mr. TONKO.

H.R. 27: Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Mr. Faleomavaega, Ms. Bordallo, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California, and Mr. CLAY.

H.R. 104: Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin.

H.R. 121: Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee, Mr. RIGELL, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, and Mr. MILLER of Florida.

H.R. 127: Mr. LABRADOR, Mr. NUNNELEE, and Mr. Ross of Florida.

H.R. 140: Mr. Poe of Texas, Mr. Nunnelee, and Mr. NUGENT.

H.R. 143: Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina and Mr. Long.

H.R. 178: Mr. Ross of Arkansas, Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia, Mr. BACHUS, Mr. BONNER, Mrs. McCarthy of New York, and Ms. Berkley.

H.R. 180: Ms. BORDALLO.

H.R. 181: Mr. SCHOCK and Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas.

H.R. 186: Ms. Bordallo, Mr. Kissell, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. NUGENT, and Mr. ROGERS of Alabama.

H.R. 187: Mr. McCaul, Mr. Paul, Ms. HAYWORTH, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. HUELSKAMP.

H.R. 212: Mr. STUTZMAN, Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina, Mr. McCotter, and Mr. FARENTHOLD.

H.R. 213: Mr. Long.

H.R. 217: Mr. LEE of New York, Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California, Mr. LABRADOR, and Mrs. Myrick.

H.R. 218: Mr. GUTIERREZ and Mr. PIERLUISI. H.R. 235: Ms. FOXX, Mr. McCLINTOCK, and Mr. Duncan of South Carolina.

H.R. 261: Mr. HOLT, Mr. WEINER, and Ms. WOOLSEY.

H.R. 263: Mr. DOYLE

H.R. 297: Mr. Ross of Florida, Mr. Duncan of Tennessee, Mr. PETERS, and Mr. BRADY of Texas.

H.R. 299: Mr. Posey.

H.R. 302: Mrs. Lummis, Mr. Bishop of Utah. Mr. Sessions, and Mr. McClintock.

H.R. 308: Mr. ROTHMAN of New Jersey, Mr. MCDERMOTT, Mr. DOYLE, and Mr. SARBANES.

H.R. 349: Mr. Petri.

H.R. 352: Mr. Sablan.

H.J. Res. 9: Mr. Bucshon and Mr. CULBERSON.

H.J. Res. 11: Mr. McCotter.

H. Res. 25: Mr. MILLER of Florida.

H. Res. 35: Mr. DEUTCH, Ms. RICHARDSON, Ms. Schakowsky, Ms. Roybal-Allard, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. HONDA, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. FIL-NER, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Davis of Illinois, Ms. Bass of California, Mr. McNerney, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, and Mr. MAR-KEY.

H. Res. 36: Ms. BORDALLO and Mr. DICKS.

H. Res. 44: Mr. Sam Johnson of Texas.