Womack

Woodall

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

Yoder

Shimkus Terry Wasserman Thompson (CA) Schultz Shuler Shuster Thompson (PA) Webster Simpson Thornberry Westmoreland Sires Tiberi Whitfield Smith (NE) Tsongas Wittman Smith (NJ) Turner Wolf Smith (TX) Upton Womack Smith (WA) Van Hollen Woodall Visclosky Speier Young (AK) Stearns Walberg Young (FL) Stivers Walden Young (IN) Sullivan Walz (MN)

NAYS-167

Ackerman Graves (GA) Adams Green, Al Amash Green, Gene Bachmann Griffith (VA) Baldwin Grijalva Bartlett Gutierrez Barton (TX) Harris Hastings (FL) Bass (CA) Becerra Heller Blackburn Higgins Blumenauer Hinchey Brady (PA) Hirono Bralev (IA) Holt Broun (GA) Honda Brown (FL) Huelskamp Huizenga (MI) Butterfield Capps Jackson (II.) Capuano Carson (IN) Jackson Lee Chabot (TX) Johnson (II.) Chaffetz Johnson, E. B. Chu Clarke (MI) Jordan Clarke (NY) Kaptur King (IA) Clay Cleaver Kingston Clyburn Kucinich Labrador Cohen Conyers Lamborn Cravaack Larson (CT) Crowley Lee (CA) Cummings Lewis (GA) Davis (IL) Loebsack Lofgren, Zoe DeGette DeLauro Long Deutch Luián Doggett Lynch Dovle Mack Duncan (SC) Malonev Duncan (TN) Markey Edwards Matsui McClintock Ellison Engel McCotter Farr McDermott Filner McGovern Flake McHenry Fleming McNerney Miller (MI) Forbes Frank (MA) Miller (NC) Franks (AZ) Miller, George Moore Fudge Garamendi Mulvaney Murphy (CT) Gardner Nadler Garrett Gingrey (GA) Napolitano

Quayle Quigley Rangel Rehberg Reyes Richardson Richmond Rigell Ross (FL) Roybal-Allard Rush Rvan (OH) Sánchez, Linda Sanchez, Loretta Schakowsky Schmidt Schweikert Scott (SC) Scott (VA) Serrano Slaughter Southerland Stark Stutzman Sutton Thompson (MS) Tiernev Tipton Tonko Towns Velázquez Walsh (IL) Waters Watt. Waxman Weiner Welch West

Wilson (FL)

Wilson (SC)

Woolsey

Yarmuth

Wıı

Yoder

Pastor (AZ)

Pingree (ME)

Paul

Payne

Pearce

Pelosi

Pence

Polis

Poe (TX)

Price (NC)

NOT VOTING-

Giffords McCaul Olver Gohmert Meeks Reichert

Neugebauer

Pallone

\sqcap 1500

Mr. HINOJOSA changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Gonzalez

Gowdy

Mr. McCAUL. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably delayed and was unable to vote on H.R. 1473, rollcall vote No. 268. Had I been present I would have voted "yea."

ADJOURN-PROVIDING FOR ANMENT OR RECESS OF THE TWO HOUSES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on adoption of House Concurrent Resolution 43, on which the yeas and nays were ordered

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the concurrent resolution.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 243, nays 178, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 269]

YEAS-243

Adams Garamendi McMorrisAderholt Gardner Rodgers Akin Garrett Meehan Alexander Mica Miller (FL) Gibbs Altmire Gibson Gingrey (GA) Miller (MI) Amash Austria Miller, Gary Gohmert Goodlatte Bachus Mulvaney Barletta Murphy (PA) Gosar Bartlett Gowdy Myrick Barton (TX) Neugebauer Granger Bass (NH) Graves (GA) Noem Benishek Green, Gene Nugent Griffin (AR) Berg Nunes Biggert Griffith (VA) Nunnelee Bilbray Grimm Olson Bilirakis Palazzo Guinta Bishop (UT) Guthrie Paul Black Hanna. Paulsen Blackburn Pearce Harper Bonner Hartzler Pence Hastings (WA) Bono Mack Perlmutter Peterson Boustany Hayworth Brady (TX) Heck Petri Heinrich Brooks Pitts Broun (GA) Poe (TX) Heller Hensarling Buchanan Pompeo Herrera Beutler Bucshon Posey Huelskamp Huizenga (MI) Price (GA) Buerkle Burton (IN) Quavle Hultgren Calvert Quigley Camp Hunter Campbell Hurt Rehberg Canseco Renacci Issa Cantor Jenkins Ribble Johnson (IL) Capito Rigell. Cassidy Johnson (OH) Rivera Roby Roe (TN) Chabot Johnson, Sam Chaffetz Jones Chandler Jordan Rogers (AL) Kelly King (IA) Clay Rogers (KY) Coble Rogers (MI) Cole King (NY) Rohrabacher Conaway Kingston Rokita Kinzinger (IL) Cravaack Roonev Ros-Lehtinen Crawford Kline Crenshaw Labrador Roskam Ross (FL) Culberson Lamborn Davis (KY) Lance Royce Dent Landry Runyan DesJarlais Ryan (WI) Lankford Diaz-Balart Latham Scalise Dicks LaTourette Schilling Dingell Latta Schmidt Dold Lewis (CA) Schock Dreier LoBiondo Schweikert Duffy Scott (SC) Long Duncan (SC) Scott, Austin Lucas Duncan (TN) Luetkemever Sensenbrenner Ellmers Sessions Lummis Emerson Lungren, Daniel Shimkus Farenthold E. Shuler Mack Fincher Shuster Flake Manzullo Simpson Smith (NE) Fleischmann Marchant Fleming Marino Smith (NJ) Matheson Smith (TX) Flores McCarthy (CA) Forbes Southerland Fortenberry McCaul Speier McClintock Stearns Foxx Frank (MA) McCotter Stivers Franks (AZ) McHenry Stutzman Frelinghuysen McKeon Sullivan Thompson (PA) Gallegly McKinley

Thornberry Waters Tiberi Webster Tipton Welch Turner West Westmoreland Upton Walberg Whitfield Wilson (SC) Walden Walsh (IL) Wittman

NAYS-178

Gerlach Ackerman Baca Gonzalez Graves (MO) Bachmann Baldwin Green, Al Grijalva Barrow Becerra Gutierrez Berklev Hanabusa Berman Harris Bishop (GA) Hastings (FL) Bishop (NY) Higgins Blumenauer Himes Hinchev Boren Boswell Hinojosa Brady (PA) Hirono Braley (IA) Holden Brown (FL) Holt Burgess Butterfield Honda. Hover Capps Inslee Capuano Cardoza Israel Jackson (IL) Carnahan Jackson Lee Carney (TX) Carson (IN) Johnson (GA) Castor (FL) Johnson, E. B. Chu Kaptur Cicilline Keating Kildee Clarke (MI) Clarke (NY) Kind Cleaver Kissell Clyburn Kucinich Coffman (CO) Langevin Cohen Larsen (WA) Connolly (VA) Larson (CT) Lee (CA) Convers Cooper Levin Lewis (GA) Costa. Costello Lipinski Courtney Loebsack Lofgren Zoe Critz Sutton Crowley Lowey Terry Cuellar Luján Thompson (CA) Cummings Lynch Thompson (MS) Davis (CA) Maloney Tierney Davis (IL) Markey Tonko DeFazio Matsui Towns DeGette McCarthy (NY) Tsongas DeLauro McCollum Van Hollen McDermott Deutch Velázquez Doggett McGovern Donnelly (IN) Visclosky McIntvre Walz (MN) McNernev Dovle Edwards Michaud Wasserman Ellison Miller (NC) Watt Miller, George Engel Waxman Eshoo Moore Weiner Farr Moran Fattah Murphy (CT) Wilson (FL) Woolsey Filner Nadler Fitzpatrick Napolitano Wu Fudge Yarmuth

Young (IN) Owens Pallone Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Payne Pelosi

Peters Pingree (ME) Platts Polis Price (NC) Rahall Rangel Reyes Richardson Richmond Ross (AR) Rothman (NJ) Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Rush Ryan (OH) Sánchez, Linda Т. Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Schiff Schrader Schwartz Scott (VA) Scott, David Serrano Sewell Sherman Sires Slaughter Smith (WA) Stark

Schultz

NOT VOTING-

Giffords Andrews Olver Bass (CA) Hall Reichert Carter Herger Schakowsky Denham Meeks

Neal

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1507

So the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GOHMERT. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall 268, passage of H.R. 1473, I was detained. I got here right at the close of the vote. I missed voting "no" because I believed the vote did not live up to our promise.

CORRECTING THE ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 1473

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 218, I call up the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 35) directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives to make a correction in the enrollment of H.R. 1473, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 35

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That, in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 1473) making appropriations for the Department of Defense and the other departments and agencies of the Government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following correction: At the end of title VIII of division B, insert the following new section:

"SEC. 18 . Notwithstanding any other provision of law, none of the funds made available in this Act or any previous Act may be used to carry out the provisions of Public Law 111–148, or any amendment made by such Public Law, or title I or subtitle B of title II of Public Law 111–152, or any amendment made by such title or subtitle."

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 218, the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. ALEXANDER) and the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO) each will control 10 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Louisiana.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H. Con. Res. 35.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Louisiana?

There was no objection.

□ 1510

Mr. ALEXANDER. I yield myself 3 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, House Concurrent Resolution 35, if adopted, will add provisions to the continuing resolution, H.R. 1473, to prohibit any funds in this act or any previous act from being used to implement the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. Most importantly, the resolution will guarantee that our colleagues in the Senate will take an up-or-down vote on this important issue. I think we can agree that this is a vote that the American people have called for and is a vote that we owe the American public.

Mr. Speaker, today the House approved an historic spending agreement that cuts nearly \$40 billion in Federal spending. When signed into law, Congress will have achieved the first step

in addressing our Nation's ballooning debt. Our economy still suffers from apathetic growth, and millions of individuals remain unemployed. At a time like today, when the Federal Government is running record deficits, coupled with significant unsustainable liabilities like Medicare and Medicaid, we simply cannot afford this \$2.6 trillion new entitlement program. It only seems fair that a vote on the billions of dollars in both mandatory and discretionary money required to implement the health reform law is part of the discussion.

I, along with my colleagues in the House, have long argued for the repeal of this law. Several Members have also maintained that, for this strategy to be successful, it must include efforts to defund the enforcement and implementation of the law through the appropriations process. With the inclusion of this language in the CR, we will move one step closer to reaching that goal.

Under new leadership, the House has already begun to tackle the health care law on various fronts. In January of this year, the Chamber approved a full repeal of the health care law. Additionally, during the historic open debate on a previous continuing resolution, H.R. 1, this Chamber debated and approved various provisions that would prohibit or slow the implementation of the health care law by restricting annual appropriations from going toward implementation. In fact, just yesterday, we passed a measure that would repeal just one section of the health care law that included \$17.5 billion in mandatory "automatic" appropriations.

This resolution will go further by eliminating all of the funding, both mandatory and discretionary, which, it is clear, we presently cannot afford. It will also allow time for us to offer up new solutions to our Nation's health care challenges that will not have long-term negative consequences on job creation and economic growth.

Putting all arguments on the merits of the health care law aside, this resolution simply ensures that accountability is restored over how hardearned taxpayer dollars are being spent. The health care law turned hundreds of billions of dollars in discretionary spending into mandatory spending.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. DELAURO. I yield myself 2 minutes.

Mr. Speaker, instead of working to create jobs, reduce the deficit and do the business of the American people, this majority has been consumed for months now with trying to repeal health care reform. Like the attempted repeal we saw in the first week of this Congress, like the Tea Party budget passed in February and like the many attempts we have seen to decimate health care reform piece by piece since, this concurrent resolution, once again, tries to take away the consumer protection of the Affordable Care Act and tries to put insurance companies back

in charge. It is a further demonstration of the majority's special interest priorities and of their hypocrisy on job creation and deficit reduction.

Passing this resolution will destroy jobs in the health professions. It will slow job growth by 250,000 to 400,000 jobs a year. It will increase medical spending and add nearly \$2,000 to the average family's insurance premium. According to the nonpartisan Congressional Budget Office, it will add \$230 billion to the deficit within 10 years and \$1 trillion more within 20 years. Let me repeat that. This amendment adds billions and ultimately trillions of dollars to the deficit, starting with \$5.5 billion this year.

This is not what we promised the American people. They want us to cut the deficit, to get rid of special interest waste, like oil company subsidies and breaks for corporate lobbyists. Instead. the majority wants to let insurance companies discriminate against people with preexisting conditions, even children with preexisting conditions once again. They want to see women denied coverage because they survived breast cancer or were victims of domestic violence or had c-sections. They want to see 4 million small businesses lose \$40 billion in tax credits and seniors' health care and drug costs continue to rise at staggering rates.

We are here to serve the needs of the American people, not the whims of the health insurance companies. This resolution will cost money and cost lives, and I urge my colleagues to vote against it.

Mr. DICKS. Will the gentlelady yield?

Ms. DELAURO. I yield to the gentleman from Washington.

Mr. DICKS. I want to associate myself with the gentlelady's remarks, and I rise in strong opposition to this concurrent resolution.

Ms. DELAURO. I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Montana (Mr. REHBERG).

Mr. REHBERG. I thank the gentleman from Louisiana for his leadership on this issue to repeal the funding of ObamaCare, and I rise in support of the resolution.

It is impossible in the short time I have to describe the many reasons that justify defunding, repealing and replacing ObamaCare. Today, I want to mention one—the adverse impacts for those on Medicare.

In Montana, this is a huge issue because our population is quite a bit older than in other States. Folks have paid into Medicare all their lives, and they rightfully expect the benefits to be there for them, but Medicare is going broke and will be bankrupt in 11 years. Supporters of the new health care law say they've strengthened Medicare, and point to the closing of the doughnut hole on prescription drugs.

Let's examine that a little more carefully.