army of veterinarians working in public health. Their role was never clearer than during the H1N1 virus outbreak. We now see that diseases can travel from animals to humans seemingly overnight.

Public health veterinarians are our frontline of defense against another outbreak. They inspect our slaughter-houses, prevent a foot-and-mouth disease outbreak from devastating our economy and our agriculture industry, and protect our citizens against the threat of bioterrorism.

Unfortunately, our current workforce cannot meet these public health challenges. In the next 20 years, experts predict a shortage of 15,000 veterinarians; and between 2006 and 2016, the Bureau of Labor Statistics predicts that the demand for veterinary services will increase by 35 percent. Something must be done to protect our national health by preventing and controlling infectious diseases, ensuring the safety and security of the Nation's food supply, promoting healthy environments, and providing health care for animals.

H.R. 525 will help to ensure that we have a more robust veterinary public health workforce. The bill has two main components: loan repayment for veterinarians who commit to teaching or to working in public health and a new fellowship program for public health veterinarians.

I want to thank the Association of American Veterinary Medical Colleges and the American Veterinary Medical Association for their tireless work on behalf of public health veterinarians.

I would also like to thank Chairman PITTS and Ranking Member PALLONE for their support on this important legislation.

This bill is identical to the Veterinary Public Health Amendments Act that passed the House by voice vote in the last Congress. This bill also passed the Energy and Commerce Committee unanimously.

I urge my colleagues to support this critical bill to ensure that our veterinary workforce is prepared to meet our public health needs.

Mr. PALLONE. I would certainly urge support for this important legislation.

Mr. Speaker, as I have no further requests for time, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BURGESS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to insert into the RECORD a letter from the American Farm Bureau Federation urging support of this legislation.

I would also like to point out that this legislation enjoyed unanimous support from both the Republican and Democratic sides of the dais in the full Committee on Energy and Commerce.

> AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDERATION®, Washington, DC, March 8, 2011.

Hon. Fred Upton, Chairman, House Energy and Commerce Committee, Washington, DC.

DEAR CHAIRMAN UPTON: The American Farm Bureau Federation encourages your

support of H.R. 525, the Veterinary Public Health Amendments Act of 2011. This legislation, scheduled for floor consideration today, would amend the Public Health Service Act by adding veterinary public health as one of the groups eligible for grants to train the public health workforce, and would make veterinarians studying public health eligible for loan repayment.

The U.S. faces a critical shortage of veterinarians in public health practice areas such as food safety and security, bioterrorism and emergency preparedness, environmental health, regulatory medicine, diagnostic laboratory medicine, food systems veterinary medicine and biomedical research. Many recent studies have shown dramatic shortfalls of veterinarians in key public health practice areas, including food systems, veterinary medicine and at several federal government agencies protecting the nation's food supply and keeping a watchful eye out for bioterrorism and foreign animal diseases. The national pool of 2,500 new graduates a year is not enough to meet the demands of a growing population and the changing public health needs of society.

Public health starts at the farm and ranch level where veterinarians are essential for the health and welfare of our animals. Healthy animals mean a healthy food supply. However, many of our members feel continual strain caused by fewer large animal practitioners entering the field and the resulting underserved areas for veterinary expertise. From dairies in Maine to sheep flocks in Montana, fewer veterinarians are available to help producers care for their animals in both routine and emergency situations. National efforts such as this legislation are needed to address these critical deficits.

We urge the House of Representatives to approve H.R. 525 to increase the number of veterinarians working in public health practice. Thank you for your consideration of this important legislation to our nation's farmers and ranchers.

Sincerely,

Bob Stallman, President.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Burgess) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 525.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. BURGESS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

□ 1630

CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO IRAN—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 112–13)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred

to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent the enclosed notice to the Federal Register for publication stating that the national emergency with respect to Iran that was declared on March 15, 1995, is to continue in effect beyond March 15, 2011.

The crisis between the United States and Iran resulting from the actions and policies of the Government of Iran has not been resolved. The actions and policies of the Government of Iran are contrary to the interests of the United States in the region and continue to pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency declared with respect to Iran and maintain in force comprehensive sanctions against Iran to respond to this threat.

BARACK OBAMA. THE WHITE HOUSE, March 8, 2011.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 31 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until 6:30 p.m.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. Chaffetz) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 570 and H.R. 525, in each case by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. The second electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

DENTAL EMERGENCY RESPONDER ACT OF 2011

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the

bill (H.R. 570) to amend the Public Health Service Act to enhance the roles of dentists and allied dental personnel in the Nation's disaster response framework, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. BUR-GESS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 401, nays 12, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 163]

YEAS-401

Ackerman Guinta Adams Aderholt Conaway Guthrie Connolly (VA) Gutierrez Convers Hall Alexander Cooper Hanabusa Altmire Costa Harper Costello Andrews Austria Courtney Hartzler Hastings (FL) Cravaack Baca Bachmann Crawford Hastings (WA) Bachus Crenshaw Hayworth Baldwin Critz Heck Barletta Crowley Heinrich Barrow Cuellar Heller Bartlett Culberson Hensarling Barton (TX) Cummings Herger Herrera Beutler Bass (CA) Davis (IL) Bass (NH Davis (KY) Higgins Becerra DeFazio Himes Benishek DeGette Hinchey Berg DeLauro Hinojosa Berklev Denham Hirono Berman Dent Holden DesJarlais Biggert Holt Bilbray Deutch Honda. Diaz-Balart Bilirakis Hover Bishop (GA) Huelskamp Dicks Huizenga (MI) Bishop (NY) Doggett Bishop (UT) Hultgren Dold Donnelly (IN) Blackburn Dovle Hurt. Blumenauer Dreier Inslee Bonner Duffy Duncan (SC) Jackson (IL) Bono Mack Duncan (TN) Boren Jackson Lee Boswell Edwards (TX) Jenkins Boustany Ellison Ellmers Johnson (GA) Brady (PA) Brady (TX) Emerson Johnson (IL) Bralev (IA) Engel Johnson (OH) Brooks Eshoo Johnson, E. B. Brown (FL) Farenthold Johnson, Sam Buchanan Fattah Jones Bucshon Filner Jordan Buerkle Fincher Kaptur Fitzpatrick Burgess Keating Kelly Burton (IN) Fleischmann Butterfield Fleming Kildee Calvert Flores Kind King (IA) Camp Forbes Canseco Fortenberry King (NY) Kinzinger (IL) Foxx Cantor Frank (MA) Capito Kissell Capps Franks (AZ) Kline Capuano Frelinghuysen Kucinich Cardoza Fudge Labrador Carnahan Gallegly Lamborn Garamendi Carney Lance Carson (IN) Gardner Landry Carter Garrett Langevin Cassidy Gerlach Lankford Castor (FL) Gibbs Larsen (WA) Gingrey (GA) Larson (CT) Chabot Chaffetz Gohmert Latham Chandler Gonzalez LaTourette Goodlatte Chu Latta Lee (CA) Cicilline Gosar Clarke (MI) Gowdy Levin Lewis (CA) Clarke (NY) Granger Clav Green, Al Lewis (GA) Cleaver Clyburn Green, Gene LoBiondo Griffin (AR) Loebsack Lofgren, Zoe Coble Griffith (VA) Coffman (CO) Grijalya. Long Cohen Grimm Lowey

Sewell Peterson Luetkemeyer Petri Sherman Luján Pingree (ME) Shimkus Lummis Pitts Shuler Lungren, Daniel Platts Shuster Poe (TX) \mathbf{F} Sires Lynch Polis Slaughter Mack Pompeo Smith (NE) Malonev Posey Smith (NJ) Price (GA) Manzullo Smith (TX) Marchant Price (NC) Smith (WA) Marino Quavle Southerland Matheson Quigley Stark Matsui Stearns McCarthy (CA) Rangel Stivers McCarthy (NY) Reed Stutzman McCaul Renacci Sullivan McCollum Reves Sutton McCotter Ribble Terry McDermott Richardson Thompson (CA) McGovern Richmond Thompson (MS) McHenry Rigell McIntyre Thompson (PA) Rivera Thornberry McKeon Robv Roe (TN) McKinley Tiberi McMorris Rogers (AL) Tierney Rodgers Rogers (KY) Tipton McNerney Rogers (MI) Tonko Meehan Rohrabacher Towns Meeks Rokita Tsongas Mica Rooney Turner Michaud Ros-Lehtinen Upton Miller (FL) Roskam Van Hollen Miller (MI) Ross (AR) Velázquez Miller (NC) Ross (FL) Visclosky Rothman (NJ) Miller, Garv Walberg Roybal-Allard Miller, George Walden Moore Royce Walz (MN) Moran Runyan Wasserman Ruppersberger Mulvaney Schultz Murphy (PA) Rush Watt Ryan (OH) Myrick Waxman Nadler Ryan (WI) Webster Napolitano Sánchez, Linda Weiner Neal Т. Welch Neugebauer Sanchez, Loretta West Noem Sarbanes Whitfield Nugent Scalise Wilson (FL) Nunnelee Schakowsky Wilson (SC) Olson Schiff Wittman Schilling Olver Wolf Owens Schmidt Womack Palazzo Schrader Woodall Pallone Schwartz Woolsev Pascrell Schweikert Pastor (AZ) Wu Scott (VA) Paulsen Scott, Austin Yarmuth Payne Scott, David Yoder Young (AK) Pearce Sensenbrenner Young (FL) Pence Serrano Peters Sessions Young (IN) NAYS-12 Amash Gibson Paul Broun (GA) Graves (GA) Schock Walsh (IL) Campbell Kingston Flake McClintock Westmoreland NOT VOTING-Davis (CA) Lipinski Reichert Dingell Markey Scott (SC) Murphy (CT) Farr Simpson Giffords Nunes Speier Graves (MO) Pelosi Hanna Perlmutter Rehberg

□ 1853

Messrs. KINGSTON, WESTMORE-LAND, and BROUN of Georgia changed their vote from "yea" to "nay.

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

VETERINARY PUBLIC HEALTH AMENDMENTS ACT OF 2011

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the

bill (H.R. 525) to amend the Public Health Service Act to enhance and increase the number of veterinarians trained in veterinary public health, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Bur-GESS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 280, nays 138, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 164] YEAS-280

Ackerman Dold Lofgren, Zoe Donnelly (IN) Aderholt Lowey Akin Dovle Lucas Alexander Edwards Luetkemeyer Altmire Ellison Luján Andrews Lummis Austria Engel Lynch Maloney Baca Eshoo Baldwin Marino Barletta Fattah Matheson Filner Barrow Matsui Bartlett Fitzpatrick McCarthy (NY) Barton (TX) Forbes McCollum Fortenberry McDermott Bass (CA) Bass (NH) Frank (MA) McGovern Becerra Frelinghuysen McIntyre Berg Fudge McKeon Berkley Garamendi McKinlev Berman Gardner McNerney Biggert Gerlach Meehan Bilbray Gingrey (GA) Meeks Bishop (GA) Gonzalez Michaud Bishop (NY) Goodlatte Miller (NC) Bishop (UT) Green, Al Miller, George Blumenauer Green, Gene Moore Boren Griffin (AR) Moran Boswell Griffith (VA) Murphy (CT) Brady (PA) Grijalya Murphy (PA) Braley (IA) Nadler Brown (FL) Guthrie Napolitano Bucshon Gutierrez Neal Noem Burgess Hall Butterfield Hanabusa Nunnelee Calvert Olver Harper Capito Owens Capps Hartzler Palazzo Hastings (FL) Capuano Pallone Cardoza Pascrell Heck Heinrich Pastor (AZ) Carnahan Carney Higgins Payne Carson (IN) Perlmutter Himes Cassidy Hinchev Peters Castor (FL) Hinojosa Peterson Chabot Hirono Petri Pingree (ME) Chandler Holden Chu Holt Pitts Cicilline Honda Platts Clarke (MI) Polis Hover Clarke (NY) Inslee Pompeo Clay Jackson (IL) Price (GA) Cleaver Jackson Lee Price (NC) Clyburn (TX)Quigley Coble Jenkins Rahall Cohen Johnson (GA) Rangel Johnson (IL) Cole Reyes Connolly (VA) Johnson, E. B. Richardson Conyers Richmond Jones Cooper Kaptur Rigell Costa Keating Rivera Costello Kelly Roe (TN) Kildee Rogers (AL) Courtney Cravaack Kind Rogers (KY) Crawford King (NY) Rogers (MI) Critz Kissell Ros-Lehtinen Kucinich Crowley Ross (AR) Rothman (NJ) Cuellar Lance Cummings Langevin Roybal-Allard Larsen (WA) Davis (IL) Runvan DeFazio Larson (CT) Ruppersberger DeGette Latham Rush Ryan (OH) LaTourette DeLauro Dent Lee (CA) Sánchez, Linda Deutch Levin Lewis (CA) Т. Sanchez, Loretta Diaz-Balart Dicks Lewis (GA) Sarbanes Dingell LoBiondo Schakowsky Doggett Schiff Loebsack