

shall include the names of all enrolled members of that Band living on the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) **DISBURSEMENT OF AVAILABLE FUNDS.**—

(1) **PER CAPITA ACCOUNT.**—After the date on which any amounts under section 4 have been disbursed and the Secretary has received the updated membership rolls under subsection (a), the Secretary shall, from the remaining judgment funds, deposit in a per capita account established by the Secretary for each Band, an amount that is equal to \$300 for each member of that Band listed on the updated membership roll.

(2) **REMAINING AMOUNTS.**—If, after the disbursement described in paragraph (1), any judgment funds remain undisbursed, the Secretary shall deposit in an account established by the Secretary for each Band, which shall be separate from the per capita account described in paragraph (1), all remaining amounts, divided equally among the Bands.

(c) **USE OF AMOUNTS.**—

(1) **DISBURSEMENT OF PER CAPITA PAYMENTS.**—Any amounts deposited in the per capita account of a Band described in subsection (b)(1) shall be—

(A) made available to the Band for immediate withdrawal; and

(B) used by the Band solely for the purpose of distributing 1 \$300 payment to each individual member of the Band listed on the updated membership roll.

(2) **TREATMENT OF DEPENDENTS.**—For each minor or dependent member of the Band listed on the updated roll, the Band may—

(A) distribute the \$300 payment to a parent or legal guardian of that dependent Band member; or

(B) deposit in a trust account the \$300 payment of that dependent Band member for the benefit of that dependent Band member, to be distributed under the terms of the trust.

(d) **UNCLAIMED PAYMENTS.**—If, on the date that is 1 year after the date on which the amounts described in subsection (b)(1) are made available to a Band, any amounts remain unclaimed, those amounts shall be returned to the Secretary, who shall deposit the remaining amounts in the accounts described in subsection (b)(2) in equal shares for each Band.

(e) **NO LIABILITY.**—The Secretary shall not be liable for the expenditure or investment of any amounts disbursed to a Band from the accounts described in subsection (b) after those amounts are withdrawn by the Band.

SEC. 6. ADMINISTRATION.

Amounts disbursed under this Act—

(1) shall not be liable for the payment of previously contracted obligations of any recipient, as provided in section 2(a) of Public Law 98-64 (25 U.S.C. 117b(a)); and

(2) shall be subject to section 7 of the Indian Tribal Judgment Funds Use or Distribution Act (25 U.S.C. 1407).

By Mr. CARDIN (for himself, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. WARNER, Mr. WEBB, Mr. CARPER, and Mr. COONS):

S. 1740. A bill to amend the Chesapeake Bay Initiative Act of 1998 to provide for the reauthorization of the Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, authorized under P.L. 105-312 in 1998 and reauthorized by P.L. 107-308 in 2002, the Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network helps several million visitors and residents find, enjoy, and learn about the special places and

stories of the Chesapeake and its watershed. Today I am introducing legislation to reauthorize this successful program.

For visitors and residents, the Gateways are the “Chesapeake connection.” The Network members provide an experience of such high quality that their visitors will indeed connect to the Chesapeake emotionally as well as intellectually, and thus to its conservation.

The Chesapeake Bay is a national treasure. The Chesapeake ranks as the largest of America’s 130 estuaries and one of the Nation’s largest and longest fresh water and estuarine systems. The Atlantic Ocean delivers half the bay’s 18 trillion gallons of water and the other half flows through over 150 major rivers and streams draining 64,000 square miles within 6 States and the District of Columbia. The Chesapeake watershed is among the most significant cultural, natural and historic assets of our Nation.

The Chesapeake is enormous and vastly diverse—how could you possibly experience the whole story in any one place? Better to connect and use the scores of existing public places to collaborate on presenting the many chapters and tales of the bay story. Visitors and residents go to more places for more experiences, all through a coordinated Gateways Network.

Beyond simply coordinating the Network, publishing a map and guides, and providing standard exhibits at all Gateways, the National Park Service has helped Gateways with matching grants and expertise for 200 projects with a total value of more than \$12 million. This is a great deal for the bay—it helps network members tell the Chesapeake story better and inspires people to care for this National Treasure—and it is a good deal for the Park Service. In this legislation, we cap the Gateways authorization at just \$2 million annually. It serves all 150+ Gateways and their 10 million visitors. No other National Park can provide such a dramatic ratio of public dollars spent to number of visitors served.

With the National Park Service’s expertise and support, Gateways have made significant progress in their mission to tell the bay’s stories to their millions of members and visitors, extend access to the bay and its watershed, and develop a conservation awareness and ethic. It is time to reauthorize the Chesapeake Gateways and Watertrails program. It is my hope that the Congress will act quickly to adopt this legislation.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 1740

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Chesapeake Bay Gateways and Watertrails Network Reauthorization Act”.

SEC. 2. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 502(c) of the Chesapeake Bay Initiative Act of 1998 (16 U.S.C. 461 note; Public Law 105-312) is amended by striking “fiscal years” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “fiscal years 2012 through 2016.”.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 299—DESIGNATING OCTOBER 2011 AS “NATIONAL WORK AND FAMILY MONTH”

Mr. MERKLEY (for himself, Mr. CRAPO, Mr KOHL, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 299

Whereas, according to a report by WorldatWork, a nonprofit professional association with expertise in attracting, motivating, and retaining employees, the quality of workers’ jobs and the supportiveness of the workplace of the workers are key predictors of the job productivity, job satisfaction, and commitment to the employer of those workers, as well as of the ability of the employer to retain those workers;

Whereas “work-life balance” refers to specific organizational practices, policies, and programs that are guided by a philosophy of active support for the efforts of employees to achieve success within and outside the workplace, such as caring for dependents, health and wellness, paid and unpaid time off, financial support, community involvement, and workplace culture;

Whereas numerous studies show that employers that offer effective work-life balance programs are better able to recruit more talented employees, maintain a happier, healthier, and less stressed workforce, and retain experienced employees, which produces a more productive and stable workforce with less voluntary turnover;

Whereas job flexibility often allows parents to be more involved in the lives of their children, and research demonstrates that parental involvement is associated with higher achievement in language and mathematics, improved behavior, greater academic persistence, and lower dropout rates in children;

Whereas military families have special work-family needs that often require robust policies and programs that provide flexibility to employees in unique circumstances;

Whereas studies report that family rituals, such as sitting down to dinner together and sharing activities on weekends and holidays, positively influence the health and development of children and that children who eat dinner with their families every day consume nearly a full serving more of fruits and vegetables per day than those who never eat dinner with their families or do so only occasionally; and

Whereas the month of October is an appropriate month to designate as National Work and Family Month: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates October 2011 as “National Work and Family Month”;

(2) recognizes the importance of work schedules that allow employees to spend time with their families to job productivity and healthy families;

(3) urges public officials, employers, employees, and the general public to work together to achieve more balance between work and family; and

(4) calls upon the people of the United States to observe National Work and Family Month with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

SENATE RESOLUTION 300—SUPPORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF RED RIBBON WEEK, 2011

Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, and Mr. THUNE) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 300

Whereas the Red Ribbon Campaign was established to commemorate the service of Enrique “Kiki” Camarena, a special agent of the Drug Enforcement Administration for 11 years who was murdered in the line of duty in 1985 while engaged in the battle against illicit drugs;

Whereas the Red Ribbon Campaign was established by the National Family Partnership to preserve the memory of Special Agent Camarena and further the cause for which he gave his life;

Whereas the Red Ribbon Campaign has been nationally recognized since 1988 and is now the oldest and largest drug prevention program in the United States, reaching millions of young people each year during Red Ribbon Week;

Whereas the Drug Enforcement Administration, established in 1973, aggressively targets organizations involved in the growing, manufacturing, and distribution of controlled substances and has been a steadfast partner in commemorating Red Ribbon Week;

Whereas the Governors and attorneys general of the States, the National Family Partnership, Parent Teacher Associations, Boys and Girls Clubs of America, PRIDE Youth Programs, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and hundreds of other organizations throughout the United States annually celebrate Red Ribbon Week during the period of October 23 through October 31;

Whereas the objective of Red Ribbon Week is to promote the creation of drug-free communities through drug prevention efforts, education, parental involvement, and community-wide support;

Whereas drug abuse is one of the major challenges that the United States faces in securing a safe and healthy future for families in the United States;

Whereas drug abuse and alcohol abuse contribute to domestic violence and sexual assault and place the lives of children at risk;

Whereas, between 1998 and 2008, the percentages of admissions to substance abuse treatment programs as a result of the abuse of marijuana and methamphetamines rose significantly;

Whereas drug dealers specifically target children by marketing illicit drugs that mimic the appearance and names of well-known brand-name candies and foods;

Whereas emerging drug threats and growing epidemics demand attention, with particular focus on the abuse of prescription medications, the second most abused drug by young people in the United States;

Whereas since the majority of teenagers abusing prescription drugs get the prescription drugs from family, friends, and home medicine cabinets, the Drug Enforcement Administration will host a National Take Back Day on October 29, 2011, for the public to safely dispose of unused or expired prescription medications that can lead to accidental poisoning, overdose, and abuse; and

Whereas parents, young people, schools, businesses, law enforcement agencies, religious institutions, service organizations, senior citizens, medical and military personnel, sports teams, and individuals throughout the United States will demonstrate their commitment to healthy, productive, and drug-free lifestyles by wearing and displaying red ribbons during the week-long celebration of Red Ribbon Week: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the goals and ideals of Red Ribbon Week, 2011;

(2) encourages children and teens to choose to live drug-free lives; and

(3) encourages the people of the United States—

(A) to promote the creation of drug-free communities; and

(B) to participate in drug prevention activities to show support for healthy, productive, and drug-free lifestyles.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 858. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself, Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2012, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 859. Mr. PORTMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 860. Mr. GRASSLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra.

SA 861. Mrs. FEINSTEIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 862. Mr. VITTER (for himself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 863. Mr. MERKLEY (for himself and Mr. SCHUMER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 864. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 865. Mr. BROWN of Ohio submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 866. Mr. CASEY (for himself and Mrs. MCCASKILL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 867. Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. SANDERS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 769 proposed by Mr. VITTER to the amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 868. Mr. CARDIN (for himself and Mr. GRAHAM) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 869. Mrs. GILLIBRAND (for herself, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. CASEY, and Mr.

SANDERS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra.

SA 870. Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. MCCAIN, and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 871. Mr. BEGICH (for himself and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 872. Mrs. GILLIBRAND (for herself and Ms. SNOWE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 873. Mr. REED submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 874. Mr. BROWN of Ohio (for himself and Mr. SANDERS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 875. Mr. HATCH (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Ms. AYOTTE, Mr. HOEVEN, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. MORAN, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. JOHANNIS, Mr. WICKER, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. RISCH, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. JOHNSON of Wisconsin, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. MCCAIN, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. SNOWE, and Mr. THUNE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 876. Mr. KIRK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 877. Mr. KIRK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 878. Ms. SNOWE (for herself, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. CASEY, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. COONS, Mr. KIRK, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mrs. FEINSTEIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 879. Mr. MERKLEY (for himself, Mr. WYDEN, Ms. CANTWELL, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra.

SA 880. Mr. WYDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 881. Mr. WYDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 765 submitted by Mr. DEMINT and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 882. Mr. TESTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 883. Ms. STABENOW (for herself and Mr. BINGAMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 769 proposed by Mr. VITTER to the amendment SA 738 proposed by Mr. INOUE to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 884. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 2112, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.