

SENATE COMMITTEE BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAY ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 106(b)(1)(A) AND 106(b)(1)(B) OF THE BUDGET CONTROL ACT OF 2011 AND SECTION 302 OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT OF 1974 5-YEAR: 2012–2016

[in millions of dollars]

Committee	Direct spending legislation		Entitlements funded in annual appropriations acts	
	Budget authority	Outlays	Budget authority	Outlays
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry	69,511	71,290	567,654	514,904
Armed Services	759,884	759,430	505	503
Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs	126,377	24,581	0	0
Commerce, Science, and Transportation	75,817	51,156	7,768	7,515
Energy and Natural Resources	25,982	27,251	688	688
Environment and Public Works	222,367	15,744	0	0
Finance	7,561,995	7,528,351	3,181,096	3,180,794
Foreign Relations	135,604	135,069	604	604
Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs	520,945	501,945	49,678	49,678
Judiciary	52,914	53,470	3,837	3,835
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions	114,076	126,121	84,445	83,936
Rules and Administration	235	432	137	137
Intelligence	0	0	2,570	2,570
Veterans' Affairs	4,662	5,629	359,214	357,979
Indian Affairs	3,562	5,405	0	0
Small Business	0	0	0	0

SENATE COMMITTEE BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAY ALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 106(b)(1)(A) AND 106(b)(1)(B) OF THE BUDGET CONTROL ACT OF 2011 AND SECTION 302 OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT OF 1974 10-YEAR: 2012–2021

[In millions of dollars]

Committee	Direct spending legislation		Entitlements funded in annual appropriations acts	
	Budget authority	Outlays	Budget authority	Outlays
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry	143,439	143,223	1,126,571	1,017,059
Armed Services	1,658,690	1,653,081	981	969
Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs	226,333	— 33,553	0	0
Commerce, Science, and Transportation	156,465	104,984	16,778	16,224
Energy and Natural Resources	51,909	53,765	978	978
Environment and Public Works	445,435	32,142	0	0
Finance	18,064,976	18,041,945	7,746,200	7,745,605
Foreign Relations	242,023	248,438	1,083	1,083
Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs	1,145,274	1,100,595	97,602	97,602
Judiciary	98,494	100,244	8,677	8,624
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions	403,560	412,703	200,923	200,152
Rules and Administration	447	642	297	297
Intelligence	0	0	5,140	5,140
Veterans Affairs	7,605	9,740	759,332	756,862
Indian Affairs	6,631	8,608	0	0
Small Business	0	0	0	0

BUDGETARY AGGREGATES—PURSUANT TO SECTION 106(b)(1)(C) OF THE BUDGET CONTROL ACT OF 2011 AND SECTION 311 OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT OF 1974					
	\$s in millions	2011	2012	2012–16	2012–21
Spending:					
Budget Authority		3,076,930	2,854,385	n/a	n/a
Outlays		3,167,997	2,987,419	n/a	n/a
Revenue		1,664,563	1,890,921	12,710,420	30,279,657

SOCIAL SECURITY LEVELS—PURSUANT TO SECTION 106(b)(1)(D) OF THE BUDGET CONTROL ACT OF 2011 AND SECTION 311 OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT OF 1974					
	\$s in millions	2011	2012	2012–16	2012–21
Outlays		487,502	574,011	3,352,634	7,866,233
Revenue		565,636	666,758	3,833,608	8,733,524

PAY-AS-YOU-GO SCORECARD FOR THE SENATE—PURSUANT TO SECTION 106(c)(1) OF THE BUDGET CONTROL ACT OF 2011

\$s in millions	Balances
Fiscal Years 2011 through 2016	0
Fiscal Years 2011 through 2021	0

HONORING OUR ARMED FORCES

MASTER AT ARMS FIRST CLASS JOHNNY
DOUANGDARA

Mr. NELSON of Nebraska. Mr. President, I rise today to honor a true American hero, Master-at-Arms PO1 Johnny Douangdara of South Sioux City, NE, who was tragically killed on August 6, 2011, when the CH-47 Chinook helicopter in which he was a passenger was shot down in Wardak Province, Afghanistan.

After graduating from South Sioux City High School in 2003, Johnny knew he wanted to serve in the Navy. While initially he wanted to work on nuclear submarines, his love of dogs instead led

him to become the lead dog handler serving with an East Coast-based Navy SEAL unit.

Johnny earned numerous decorations throughout his five overseas tours, including the Bronze Star with “V” device, Joint Service Commendation Medal with “V” device, Army Commendation Medal, Presidential Unit Citation, Good Conduct Medal, Rifle Marksmanship Medal, and the Pistol Marksmanship Medal, among others.

The son of Laotian immigrants, Sengchanh and Phouthasith Douangdara, Johnny was never outspoken about his career. He was a humble man, a man doing a job he loved and a job in which he believed strongly. And in that belief, he and his dog, Bart, selflessly climbed aboard a Chinook with 29 other U.S. service members and 8 Afghans, rushing to help a band of Army Rangers pinned down by enemy fire. That helicopter was shot down in what has become the single deadliest incident for the U.S. military in this 10-year operation.

Johnny knew the dangers he faced and the risks he took working with the Navy’s elite SEALs. He also knew the importance of the work he did in the Navy on behalf of his fellow Americans. He risked—and ultimately sacrificed—his own life so that people a world away could have the chance to enjoy the freedoms he and his family had found in America.

PO Johnny Douangdara and Bart made the ultimate and most valiant sacrifice in service to their country, and my condolences and prayers go out to Johnny’s family and friends. His heroism and selflessness will remain an inspiration for all of us.

STAFF SERGEANT PATRICK HAMBURGER

Mr. President, I also rise today to honor a true American hero, SSG Patrick Hamburger of Lincoln, NE, who was tragically killed on August 6, 2011, when the CH-47 Chinook helicopter in which he was a passenger was shot down in Wardak Province, Afghanistan.

Sergeant Hamburger was born in Sioux City, IA, on Memorial Day, May 25, 1981. In 1985 his family moved to Lincoln, NE, where Patrick graduated from Lincoln Southeast High School in 1999. While still attending school, Patrick chose to use his talents and serve his fellow citizens as a member of the Nebraska National Guard.

Patrick met Candie Reagan and her daughter, Veronica, in 2005. In 2008 the three of them moved to Grand Island, NE, where Patrick served as a full-time helicopter flight engineer with the 2-135th General Support Aviation Battalion. In January 2009, Candie gave birth to their daughter, Payton. There is no doubt that while Patrick loved being a soldier, he loved his family more.

Patrick was less than 2 weeks into his deployment when he selflessly climbed aboard a Chinook with 29 other U.S. service members and 8 Afghans, rushing to help a band of Army Rangers pinned down by enemy fire. The helicopter was shot down in what has become the single deadliest incident for the U.S. military in this 10-year operation.

Patrick knew the dangers he faced and the risks he took. He also knew the importance of the work he did in the Army on behalf of his fellow Americans. He risked—and ultimately sacrificed—his own life so that people a world away could have the chance to enjoy the freedoms he had found in America.

Patrick is survived by his girlfriend, Candie Reagan; her daughter, Veronica Reagan; their daughter, Payton; his mother and stepfather, Joyce and DeLayne Peck of Lincoln; father and stepmother, Douglas and Shaune Hamburger of Knoxville, TN; brothers, Michael of New York, NY, and Christopher of St. Louis, MO; grandparents, Willard and Jacque Hamburger of Omaha; stepsiblings Jessica, Jeremy, and Joshua Francis of Knoxville, TN; and numerous other family members and friends.

Sergeant Patrick Hamburger made the ultimate and most valiant sacrifice in service to his country, and my condolences and prayers go out to his family and friends. His heroism and selflessness will remain an inspiration for all of us.

—SERGEANT JOSHUA J. ROBINSON

Mr. President, I further rise today to honor a true American hero, SGT Joshua J. Robinson of Nebraska, who was tragically killed on August 7, 2011, in Helmand Province, Afghanistan.

Joshua grew up on a 100-acre farm near Oak, NE, where he would spend his days hunting and tracking in the back pasture. Joshua took the skills he learned in his early years with him into the Marine Corps, where he quickly excelled and became an instructor, teaching younger marines how to track the enemy and survive in the mountains. Joshua even developed an enemy-tracking course which is believed to be the first of its kind.

Joshua deployed three times to Iraq before being sent to Afghanistan, leaving at home his wife, Rhonda, and two sons, Wyatt and Kodiak. Although he was a proud, smart, tough marine, he was first and foremost a loving father and husband.

I offer my most sincere condolences to the family and friends of Sergeant Robinson. He made the ultimate and most courageous sacrifice for our Nation, and his sons will grow up knowing their father was truly a hero. I join all Americans in grieving the loss of this remarkable young man and know that Sergeant Robinson's passion for serving, his leadership, and his selflessness will remain a source of inspiration for us all.

INAUGURATION OF DR. LOBSANG SANGAY

Mr. LIEBERMAN. Mr. President, on August 8, 2011, in the small town of Dharamsala in northern India, a modest ceremony was held to inaugurate the new Prime Minister of the Central Tibetan Administration. The new Prime Minister's name is Dr. Lobsang Sangay, and I had the opportunity, together with some of my distinguished colleagues, to meet him last month.

Dr. Sangay assumes office at an important moment in Tibetan history. Indeed, his election marks a significant milestone in the advancement of Tibetan democracy, as His Holiness the Dalai Lama earlier this year announced his decision to devolve fully his political authority to the elected leadership, now led by Dr. Sangay.

At a time when dictators in many parts of the world have proven themselves willing to slaughter their own people rather than cede an iota of power, the decision of His Holiness the Dalai Lama to surrender his political authority in favor of democracy is both inspiring and significant. It was also a wise decision that will strengthen the legitimacy of the Tibetan cause among the international community and sustain it for decades to come.

The election that brought Dr. Sangay to power involved voting by tens of thousands of Tibetans living in exile in over 30 countries, from Belgium to Bhutan. In my home State of Connecticut, nearly 100 Tibetan Americans took part in this election.

Dr. Sangay, a 43-year-old academic who holds a doctorate from Harvard Law School, was elected Prime Minister with 55 percent of the vote. Now the executive authority of the Central Tibetan Authority rests solely on his shoulders.

I came away from my conversation with Dr. Sangay deeply impressed. He is a young man of considerable intellect and accomplishment, and I am certain that he will prove to be a leader of courage and conviction. The Tibetan people have chosen wisely in electing him as their Prime Minister.

During our meeting, Dr. Sangay affirmed his commitment to the Dalai

Lama's "Middle Way Approach," which seeks genuine autonomy for Tibet, not independence, and I was encouraged by his determination to meet the challenge of finding a solution for the Tibet issue.

Unfortunately, the situation for the 6 million Tibetans living under Chinese rule today remains deeply troubling. This is a community that has never been permitted to participate in a free and fair election of the sort that just took place among Tibetans in exile. In fact, this is a community that is governed by authorities who have deemed that carrying a copy of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights or a simple photograph of his Holiness the Dalai Lama to be illegal and punishable acts. It is a community that has faced brutal repression and violence and that has, for decades, been denied their fundamental rights, including the freedoms of expression, assembly, and association.

I hope that the self-fulfillment of democratic governance exercised by Tibetan refugees can provide hope and inspiration to those in Tibet and China who yearn for the fundamental freedom to choose their own government and leaders.

While the U.S. government does not officially recognize the Central Tibetan Administration, we do work with them through a variety of programs to help Tibetan refugees. As the United States continues its outreach to civil society and nongovernmental groups, and its promotion of democracy around the world, I hope we should enhance our engagement with the Central Tibetan Administration and Dr. Sangay.

Moreover, when Lobsang Sangay returns to Washington this fall, I hope many doors will be open to him. What the Dalai Lama and his fellow Tibetan refugees have accomplished is worthy and deserving of our attention and respect.

FREEDOM IN CUBA

Mr. RUBIO. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the following articles highlighting the resilience and strength of the Cuban people as they continue to struggle under an oppressive regime. These stories and videos which continue to surface out of Cuba have underlined the Cuban Government's inhumane actions against its people. Santa Maria Fonseca is one of these brave "Ladies in White" who continue to peacefully fight for liberty in Cuba. She explained, "Our objective is that one day the people will join us." Ms. Fonseca and the Cuban people deserve our unyielding support in their courageous efforts to reclaim freedom in Cuba.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows: