

country. The Vermont Commission on National and Community Service, first established by Governor Howard Dean in 1993, works with AmeriCorps volunteers, community volunteers and other organizations throughout Vermont to grow Vermont's dynamic communities. The service to others and civic engagement that the volunteer programs organized by the Commission promote are the cornerstone of Vermont's most treasured values.

Being a dedicated volunteer is often not an easy task. The Vermont Commission on National and Community Services allows servicemembers to shine through their vast opportunities and resources for our Vermont-based volunteers. Within the scope of their work, the Commission provides various opportunities to work in our communities through the AmeriCorps, Senior Corps and Learn and Serve America programs. The experiences of these volunteers will allow them to share their community values with the rest of Vermont and our great country.

I continue to be impressed with the achievements our dedicated professionals and young volunteers reach during their inspiring careers. I am pleased that the staff of the Vermont Commission on National and Community Service, along with their AmeriCorps members, are being recognized for all that they have done day in and day out throughout Vermont. The skills and experiences of these volunteers are instrumental in helping our communities tackle tough and complex problems.

I am fortunate to call Vermont my home, and we are more than lucky to have so many local role models that continue to inspire our young citizens to get involved. Whether volunteering as an AmeriCorps member, or helping a next door neighbor in need, Vermonters carry forward our longstanding tradition of community service and involvement. This is why Vermont continues to be the great State that it is today. To the staff and volunteers of the Vermont Commission on National and Community Service, again I say thank you for all that you do for Vermont.

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

##### COLORADO NATIONAL MONUMENT

• Mr. BENNET. Mr. President, today I wish to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the dedication of the Colorado National Monument on May 24, 2011. The monument's 32 square miles of red rock canyons, pinnacles and vistas on Colorado's Western Slope are a wonder to behold. They provide essential habitat for keystone species like the golden eagle and desert bighorn and a unique campus for junior rangers to learn and connect with the high desert ecosystem. Anyone who has hiked one of the Monument's many trails or driven historic Rim Rock

Drive understands that this is a place worthy of celebration.

For a century now, visitors to this monument have been not only awed by its beauty but also inspired by its past. This rare piece of earth gained Federal recognition due to the dedicated efforts of John Otto, who made his home in these canyons. He worked for years to build trails and organize support, succeeding in 1911 as President William Howard Taft signed a proclamation declaring the monument. Just weeks later, Otto made his first daring climb to plant an American flag at the top of the 450-foot tall spire known as Independence Monument, on the Fourth of July. That day confirmed what Coloradans already knew—that we had something special.

But John Otto didn't end his commitment there. He became the monument's first park ranger, living in a tent and helping visitors discover the canyons for 16 more years. Through the lens of history, his dedication stands as a shining example of what it means to work for something you believe in so strongly. The history of the Colorado National Monument remains a testament to the spirit, conviction, and love of our land that makes the State of Colorado what it is today.

By offering educational field trips to public schools, rangers at the Colorado National Monument are working to ensure that the science and history of the monument will remain in the minds of young people across western Colorado. All Coloradans are proud of the fact that this treasured landscape will continue to inspire visitors for generations to come. Mr. President and all other Members here today, please join me and all Coloradans in celebrating the monument on its centennial.●

##### WOODWORTH, NORTH DAKOTA

• Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, today I wish to recognize a community in North Dakota that will be celebrating its 100th anniversary. On June 25–26, the residents of Woodworth will gather to celebrate their community's history and founding.

Woodworth is a small but vibrant community in North Dakota. The town was founded in 1911, and takes its name from the Northern Pacific Railroad's traffic manager and vice president at the time, J. G. Woodworth. It is located in Stutsman County and is the last stop on the railroad track that runs along highway 36. The historical site, Camp Grant, is located near Woodworth, and was used in the Sibley Expedition of 1863. Woodworth earned the nickname "the Cream City" in its early years, because the sale of cream and eggs was the main source of income for many local farmers. The town is currently home to approximately 70 proud residents.

The citizens of Woodworth have organized numerous activities to celebrate their town's centennial. Beginning on Saturday morning, they will partici-

pate in a walk/run, with a breakfast, a parade, and art in the park to follow. A truck/tractor pull, street dance, and fireworks will round out the day's events. Woodworth's residents will conclude the centennial festivities with a community worship service on Sunday morning, and enjoy a home-run derby and music in the park on Sunday afternoon.

I ask the U.S. Senate to join me in congratulating Woodworth, ND, and its residents on the first 100 years and in wishing them well through the next century. By honoring Woodworth and all the other historic small towns of North Dakota, we keep the great pioneering frontier spirit alive for future generations. It is places such as Woodworth that have helped to shape this country into what it is today, which is why this fine community is deserving of our recognition.

Woodworth has a proud past and a bright future.●

##### TUTTLE, NORTH DAKOTA

• Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, today I am pleased to recognize a community in North Dakota that is celebrating its 100th anniversary. From June 17–19, the residents of Tuttle, ND, will gather to celebrate their community's founding.

In 1911, the town of Tuttle was founded by an official with the Dakota Land & Town Site Company, Colonel William P. Tuttle. Proud to have a town named in his honor, Colonel Tuttle donated money for the Tuttle Baseball Club's first baseball uniforms.

Located near the geographic center of North Dakota, Tuttle and its surrounding area were settled by homestead families of Scandinavian and German Russian heritage. Many of the descendants of these settlers still live and farm in the area today. In addition to farming, there are many community businesses and services in Tuttle such as the Senior Center, Post Office, BJ Auction Service, Buchholz Trucking, Days Gone By Cafe, Tuttle Community Store, Tuttle Farmers Elevator, and Tuttle Tavern.

Today, the people of Tuttle enjoy fishing, boating, and hunting near places like Lake Josephine and Cherry Lake. Also popular are traditional culinary specialties like knoephla soup, fleisch kuechle, and kuchen. Tuttle is a hard working community, whose vitality can be attributed to its strong family values and community spirit.

In honor of the city's 100th anniversary, community leaders have organized, among other things, a meet and greet fish fry, a centennial 5K/10K Run/Walk, turtle races, a threshing bee and antique tractor show, a parade, and a baseball game in Tuttle Ball Park.

I ask that my colleagues in the U.S. Senate join me in congratulating Tuttle, ND, and its residents on their first 100 years and in wishing them well in the future. By honoring Tuttle and all other historic small towns of North Dakota, we keep the great pioneering

frontier spirit alive for future generations. It is places such as Tuttle that have helped shape this country into what it is today, which is why this fine community is deserving of our recognition.

Tuttle has a proud past and a bright future.●

#### BREWER SCIENCE'S 30TH ANNIVERSARY

● Mrs. MCCASKILL. Mr. President, I honor the 30th anniversary of Brewer Science, an innovative, high-technology company from Rolla, MO.

When Brewer Science was started by Dr. Terry and Paula Brewer in 1981, it had only three employees. Like so many small businesses in our country, the company has grown and expanded because of its commitment to hard work, innovative solutions and exceptional service for its customers. From humble beginnings, the company has grown today to 263 employees working globally to bring groundbreaking technology to companies worldwide.

Brewer Science is best known in the microelectronics industry for introducing ARC brand bottom antireflecting coatings in 1981 to microchip makers. In the past 30 years, they have expanded their portfolio to include optoelectronic coatings, protective coatings, bonding processes and nanotechnology products, which enable the manufacturing of advanced integrated circuits, sensors and displays throughout the world.

As Brewer Science has continued to grow, their vision and philosophy have remained consistent. The milestone that I ask us to honor today is a tribute to this vision.

Brewer Science has translated their success in business into a better community for Missourians. Brewer Science has had a positive impact on its community through service, volunteering, and donations to various arts, educational and environment programs.

Brewer Science's passion for providing dedicated service and their emphasis on innovation serve as an inspiration for all Missourians. Their achievements deserve the highest commemoration.

Mr. President, I ask that the Senate join me in recognizing the 30th anniversary of Brewer Science.●

#### TRIBUTE TO DR. ERIC GANGLOFF

● Mr. ROCKEFELLER. Mr. President, today I wish to recognize Dr. Eric Gangloff, who has served the American people for more than 25 years at the Japan-United States Friendship Commission. He has served in numerous roles, including as the director of the Commission's Japan office, as associate executive director, and currently as the Commission's executive director.

Dr. Gangloff has, through his work at the Commission, contributed substan-

tially to research, training, and student exchange programs with Japan, and supported the valuable projects of countless scholars, students, and artists through Commission grant programs.

Throughout his tenure as executive director of the Commission, Dr. Gangloff has worked with the leaders of several professional organizations of Japanese language educators, encouraging them to join forces and work together in order to provide maximum support for Japanese language teachers at all levels in the United States, from kindergarten through college. As a result of his efforts and continuing support, the Alliance of Associations of Teachers of Japanese was founded in 1999 as a coalition that represents and serves two previously separate organizations.

Dr. Gangloff also spearheaded a movement to create the North American Coordinating Council on Japanese Library Resources in 1991 to meet the demands of the American library community for Japanese research materials. The creation of the NCC brought the activities of the Japan studies library community into a clearinghouse that focuses on resource-sharing through cooperative collection development, information literacy at all levels within the Japan studies field and fosters close collaboration and consultation among librarians, the academic community and funding agencies in both countries.

In addition, Dr. Gangloff is responsible for the strengthening of long-term positive relations between the two countries through his creation and long-term support and guidance of the U.S.-Japan Legislative Exchange Program which brings together on a semi-annual basis, a core group of United States Congressional Members and Japanese Diet Members for in-depth and informal discussions on a broad range of political, economic and security issues. Discussions such as these cement the bonds between the two countries at the highest levels, which is especially important at times of great stress, such as the recent tragic events in Japan.

Dr. Gangloff was the driving force behind the creation in 1998 of the United States Japan Bridging Foundation, a charitable organization that expands opportunities for American undergraduate students to study in Japan. This public-private partnership, directed by Dr. Gangloff, has raised over \$4,000,000 and awarded over 1,000 scholarships to American students since its inception.

In short, Dr. Eric Gangloff has provided inspired leadership throughout his career in cultural, educational, and scholarly dialogue and exchange between Japan and the United States. On behalf of the congressional Members serving as Commissioners of the Japan-U.S. Friendship Commission—Senator MURKOWSKI, Congressman TOM PETRI, Congressman JIM McDERMOTT, and my-

self—I would like to express our deepest gratitude for these contributions and assure Dr. Gangloff that the positive results of his hard work will be felt for years to come.●

#### MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the second time, and placed on the calendar:

H.R. 1231. An act to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to require that each 5-year offshore oil and gas leasing program offer leasing in the areas with the most prospective oil and gas resources, to establish a domestic oil and natural gas production goal, and for other purposes.

#### EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, and were referred as indicated:

EC-1697. A communication from the Assistant Secretary, Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a Determination and Certification under Section 40A of the Arms Export Control Act relative to countries not cooperating fully with United States antiterrorism efforts; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

EC-1698. A communication from the Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legislative Affairs, Department of Justice, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Department of Justice's fiscal year 2010 annual report relative to the Notification and Federal Employee Antidiscrimination and Retaliation Act of 2002; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

EC-1699. A communication from the Secretary of Education, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Department of Education's fiscal year 2010 annual report relative to the Notification and Federal Employee Antidiscrimination and Retaliation Act of 2002; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

EC-1700. A communication from the Diversity and Inclusion Director, Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Federal Reserve System's fiscal year 2010 annual report relative to the Notification and Federal Employee Antidiscrimination and Retaliation Act of 2002; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

EC-1701. A communication from the Director of the Regulatory Management Division, Office of Policy, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants From the Portland Cement Manufacturing Industry and Standards of Performance for Portland Cement Plants" (FRL No. 9306-7) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on May 12, 2011; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-1702. A communication from the Director of the Regulatory Management Division, Office of Policy, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Approval and Promulgation of Air Quality Implementation Plans; New Mexico; Sunland Park Section 110(a)(1) Maintenance Plan for the 1997 8-Hour Ozone Standard" (FRL No. 9305-6) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on May 12, 2011; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.