Pence

Lucas

Sensenbrenner

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. McCARTHY of California. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote. A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 413, noes 11, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 828]

AYES-413

Connolly (VA) Ackerman Guinta Adams Aderholt Conyers Guthrie Gutierrez Cooper Akin Costa Alexander Costello Hall Hanabusa Altmire Courtney Amash Cravaack Hanna Amodei Crawford Harper Andrews Crenshaw Harris Hartzler Critz Hastings (FL) Hastings (WA) Rachus Crowley Cuellar Baldwin Barletta Culberson Hayworth Barrow Cummings Heck Heinrich Bartlett Davis (CA) Barton (TX) Davis (IL) Hensarling Bass (CA) Davis (KY) Herger Bass (NH) Herrera Beutler DeFazio Becerra DeGette Higgins Benishek DeLauro Himes Denham Hinchey Berg Berklev Dent Hinojosa DesJarlais Berman Hirono Biggert Deutch Hochul Bilbray Diaz-Balart Holden Bilirakis Dicks Holt Bishop (GA) Doggett Honda Bishop (NY) Dold Hoyer Donnelly (IN) Huelskamp Bishop (UT) Huizenga (MI) Black Doyle Blackburn Dreier Hultgren Blumenauer Duffy Hunter Duncan (SC) Bonner Bono Mack Duncan (TN) Inslee Boren Edwards Israel Boswell Ellison Jackson (IL) Boustany Ellmers Jackson Lee Brady (PA) Emerson (TX) Brady (TX) Jenkins Engel Johnson (GA) Braley (IA) Eshoo Farenthold Johnson (IL) Brooks Broun (GA) Farr Fattah Johnson (OH) Brown (FL) Johnson, E. B. Buchanan Fincher Johnson, Sam Bucshon Fitzpatrick Jones Jordan Buerkle Flake Fleischmann Burgess Kaptur Burton (IN) Fleming Keating Kelly Butterfield Flores Calvert Forbes Kildee Camp Fortenberry Kind Campbell King (IA) Foxx Frank (MA) Canseco King (NY) Cantor Franks (AZ) Kingston Frelinghuysen Kinzinger (IL) Capito Capps Fudge Kissell Gallegly Cardoza Kline Carnahan Garamendi Labrador Carney Gardner Lamborn Carson (IN) Garrett Lance Carter Gerlach Landry Cassidy Gibbs Langevin Castor (FL) Gibson Lankford Larsen (WA) Chabot Gingrey (GA) Chaffetz Gohmert Larson (CT) Chandler Gonzalez Latham Chu Goodlatte LaTourette Cicilline Latta Lee (CA) GosarClarke (MI) Gowdy Clarke (NY) Granger Levin Lewis (CA) Clay Graves (GA) Cleaver Graves (MO) Lewis (GA) Clyburn Green, Al Lipinski Coble Green, Gene LoBiondo Coffman (CO) Griffin (AR) Loebsack Griffith (VA) Lofgren, Zoe Cohen Cole Grijalya. Long Conaway Grimm Lowey

Luetkemeyer Perlmutter Serrano Luján Peters Sessions Lummis Peterson Sewell Lungren Daniel Petri Sherman Pingree (ME) Shimkus Pitts Mack Shuler Malonev Platts Shuster Manzullo Poe (TX) Simpson Marchant Polis Sires Slaughter Marino Pompeo Smith (NE) Matheson Posev Matsui Price (GA) Smith (NJ) McCarthy (CA) Quayle Smith (TX) Smith (WA) McCarthy (NY) Quigley Southerland McCaul Rahall McClintock Rangel Speier McCollum Reed Stark McCotter Rehberg Stearns McDermott Reichert Stivers McGovern Renacci Stutzman McHenry Reyes Sullivan McIntyre Ribble Sutton McKeon Richardson Terry McKinley Thompson (CA) Richmond McMorris Rigell Thompson (MS) Rodgers Rivera Thompson (PA) Thornberry McNerney Roby Roe (TN) Tiberi Meehan Meeks Rogers (AL) Tipton Mica Tonko Rogers (KY) Michaud Rogers (MI) Towns Miller (FL) Rohrabacher Tsongas Turner (NY) Miller (MI) Rokita Turner (OH) Miller, Gary Rooney Miller, George Ros-Lehtinen Upton Van Hollen Moore Roskam Moran Ross (AR) Velázquez Walberg Mulvaney Ross (FL) Murphy (PA) Rothman (NJ) Walden Roybal-Allard Walsh (IL) Myrick Nådler Royce Walz (MN) Napolitano Runvan Waters Ryan (OH) Watt Neal Ryan (WI) Neugebauer Waxman Noem Sánchez, Linda Webster Welch Nugent Т Sanchez, Loretta Nunes West Nunnelee Sarbanes Westmoreland Scalise Whitfield Olson Schiff Wilson (SC) Olver Owens Schilling Wittman Wolf Palazzo Schmidt Pallone Schock Womack Schrader Woodall Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Schwartz Woolsey Schweikert Yarmuth Paul Paulsen Scott (SC) Yoder Young (AK) Payne Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Pearce Young (FL) Pelosi Scott, David Young (IN)

NOES—11

Capuano Markey Schakowsky Dingell Miller (NC) Tierney Kucinich Price (NC) Visclosky Lynch Rush

NOT VOTING—9

Austria Issa Wasserman Bachmann Murphy (CT) Schultz Filner Ruppersberger Wilson (FL) Giffords

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1855

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. FILNER. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall 828, I was away from the Capitol due to prior commitments to my constituents. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye."

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN EN-GROSSMENT OF H.R. 2930 AND H.R. 2940

Mr. McCARTHY of California. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that in the engrossment of H.R. 2930 and H.R. 2940, the Clerk be authorized to correct section numbers, punctuation, and cross-references and to make such other technical and conforming changes as may be necessary to accurately reflect the actions of the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO CONGRESSIONAL-EXECUTIVE COMMISSION ON THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair announces the Speaker's appointment, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 6913 and the order of the House of January 5, 2011, of the following Members of the House to the Congressional-Executive Commission on the People's Republic of China:

Ms. Kaptur, Ohio Mr. Honda, California

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PRO-VIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2838, COAST GUARD AND MARITIME TRANSPORTATION ACT OF 2011

Mr. WEBSTER, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 112–267) on the resolution (H. Res. 455) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2838) to authorize appropriations for the Coast Guard for fiscal years 2012 through 2015, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

THE U.S. ARMY'S 2011 SOLDIER OF THE YEAR

(Mr. CHABOT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. CHABOT. Mr. Speaker, I am proud to offer my enthusiastic congratulations to Army Specialist Thomas Hauser for being named the Army's 2011 Soldier of the Year.

Specialist Hauser is a native of my district, Ohio's First Congressional District. He is a 2008 graduate of Colerain High School and is the son of Colerain Township residents Kim Ranson Hauser and Michael Hauser.

Without question, Specialist Hauser has distinguished himself as the best of the best. This Army-wide competition culminated in a final round of 12 soldiers being tested on a wide array of skill sets, to include physical fitness, urban warfare tactics, a day and night land navigation course, battlefield scenario tests, and a variety of drills.

Specialist Hauser serves his country as a proud member of the 563rd Military Police Company, of the 91st Military Police Battalion, and of the 10th Mountain Division at Fort Drum, New York.

Congratulations to Specialist Thomas Hauser on this great accomplishment. You've made all the folks back home in Cincinnati proud.

IN HONOR OF PENN STATE'S FOOTBALL COACH, JOE PATERNO

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. I rise today to honor one of the legends of college football, Penn State's football coach, Joe Paterno, who this past weekend scored his 409th victory as head coach. The win took place on a snowy State College afternoon where the Nittany Lions defeated the University of Illinois.

With this past weekend's win, Paterno becomes the winningest coach in Division I football. As if this accomplishment weren't extraordinary by itself, it is important to note that all 409 wins have come under the head coach of one school—Penn State.

Starting his football coaching career at Penn State in 1950 as an assistant coach, Paterno's tenure has spanned over 62 years. His 409-win and 136-loss record is truly unrivaled, passing over legendary coaches Bear Bryant of Alabama, Bobby Bowden of Florida State, and Eddie Robinson of Grambling.

From 1950 to today, Coach Paterno has led his team with humility, class, and integrity. He's truly one of a kind, but words can't describe his tremendous contributions to the Penn State community.

Today, I stand to honor and recognize Coach Paterno, the winningest coach in Division I football history.

Congratulations, Joe Paterno.

□ 1900

PATRIOT AND MEDAL OF HONOR RECIPIENT FIRST SERGEANT DAVID MCNERNEY, UNITED STATES ARMY

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, as we near Veterans Day, I want to pay a special tribute to my friend First Sergeant David McNerney. Here is a photograph of him, here to my left. After high school in Houston, David volunteered and enlisted in the United States Navy. He spent two tours of duty in Korea. And after leaving the Navy in 1953, he joined the United States Army. In 1962, McNerney was one of the first 500 soldiers sent to Vietnam. During his third tour of duty in Vietnam, he was stationed near the Cambodian border. And in March of '67,

he and his company were sent to recover a missing reconnaissance team.

Coming under heavy Vietnamese attack, McNerney was wounded by a grenade, and his commander was killed. Nonetheless, McNerney continued the fight, calling in close artillery fire. He destroyed an enemy machine gun, he pulled wounded to safety, he secured a landing zone for medical helicopters, and he refused to be evacuated himself. His actions stopped the enemy advance and saved his own men's lives. His valor earned First Sergeant McNerney the Congressional Medal of Honor, and it was presented to him by President Lyndon Baines Johnson. Then McNerney volunteered yet again for a fourth tour of duty in Vietnam.

After serving in the Army and the Navy, McNerney returned to Crosby, Texas. And last year, my friend First Sergeant McNerney died in Texas, still a patriot. Mr. Speaker, where does America get such men as these, these warriors, this rare breed, these Americans?

And that's just the way it is.

GUILLERMO FARINAS

(Mr. RIVERA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. RIVERA. Mr. Speaker, I rise to inform my colleagues of yet more beatings and arrests of opposition leaders by the Castro dictatorship in Cuba. Early this week, Guillermo Farinas, winner of the Sakharov Human Rights Award in 2010, was beaten and arrested by Castro's thugs while visiting another dissident on a hunger strike at a hospital in the Santa Clara province. According to his mother, Farinas was not allowed into the hospital and was arrested. A State security agent then held him in place and beat him.

Farinas is a dissident journalist who has advocated for a free press and against Internet censorship while also participating in various hunger strikes, asking for the release of political prisoners. On Monday, Cuban State security officials also arrested prominent dissidents Jorge Luiez Perez Garcia "Antunez" and his wife Yris at the same hospital and proceeded to drag them through the street.

While some across the world continue to ignore the brutal reality of repression and human rights abuses in Cuba, even pushing for appeasement of the

Castro tyrants, these heroes continue fighting for freedom and democracy. Let us not forget their brave struggle.

HIGH-LEVEL NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FLEISCHMANN). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 5, 2011, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. SHIMKUS) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. SHIMKUS. Mr. Speaker, before my freshman colleagues get too con-

cerned, I am only going to go a couple of minutes to talk about why I have been coming to the floor once each week for a whole debate on high-level nuclear waste and a national repository that is defined in law, a law passed in 1982 that that national repository would be at Yucca Mountain. So I have been going through a geography lesson about where we have nuclear waste in this country, comparing it to the site at Yucca Mountain, and then addressing the positions of our colleagues on the Senate side from those affected States.

The House has spoken on Yucca Mountain again this year in a vote in which 297 of my colleagues joined me in ensuring that we had enough money to finish the scientific study to finally bring closure to Yucca Mountain and, if the science is sound, then start moving high-level nuclear waste from all over this country to a single repository. So today I come to the floor to highlight another location.

This is Yucca Mountain. And I want to remind folks that Yucca Mountain has no nuclear waste onsite right now. The waste, once it gets to Yucca Mountain, will be stored 1,000 feet underground. The nuclear waste will be 1,000 feet above the groundwater. And Yucca Mountain is 100 miles from the Colorado River. So it's pretty far. It's in a mountain. It's in a desert. It is pretty far from ever being close to major bodies of water. And what's been interesting is, as we go around geographically, we find that we have high-level nuclear waste right next to major rivers and major lakes throughout the country.

This is one of the most compelling sites in our tour so far. This is a nuclear power plant in California called San Onofre. And if you look at this—yes, this is the ocean. Here is the nuclear power plant. And yes, these are waves that are coming up to the rocky shoreline and a concrete barrier that leads to the nuclear power plant.

Now compare San Onofre with Yucca Mountain. There are 2,300 waste rods that's nuclear waste rod material-onsite here right next to the Pacific Ocean. There's none at Yucca Mountain in the desert. The waste is stored above the ground and in pools here. The waste will be stored 1,000 feet underground at Yucca Mountain. The waste here is adjacent to the Pacific Ocean. You can see the waves. Yucca Mountain is in a desert, and it's 100 miles from the Colorado River. San Onofre is 45 miles from San Diego. Yucca Mountain is over 100 miles from Las Vegas, Nevada. So if you want to compare and contrast where we should have nuclear waste, would it be next to the Pacific Ocean? Or should it be in a desert underneath a mountain? I would think most Americans and my colleagues on the House floor agree, based upon our 297-vote total, that it should be in a geological repository underneath a mountain in a desert.