By Mr. HINCHEY (for himself, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. COHEN, Mr. FILNER, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Ms. WOOLSEY, Mr. GRIJALVA, and Mr. JACKSON of Illinois):

H.R. 336. A bill to amend the Truth in Lending Act to protect consumers from usury, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. HUNTER (for himself, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. LUETKEMEYER, Mr. DAVIS OF KENTUCKY, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. FRANKS OF ARIZONA, Mr. PEARCE, Mr. WEST, Mr. ROGERS OF Alabama, Mr. FLEMING, Mr. BARTLETT, Mr. CONAWAY, Mr. MILLER OF Florida, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. KLINE, Mr. MANZULLO, and Mr. GINGREY OF GEORGIA):

H.R. 337. A bill to amend Public Law 111-321 (Don't Ask, Don't Tell Repeal Act of 2010) to impose an additional condition on the repeal of the policy codified as section 654 of title 10, United States Code; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. ISRAEL:

H.R. 338. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to ensure accurate, intelligible information on dosage delivery devices packaged with liquid over-the-counter medications; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. JENKINS (for herself, Mr. PITTS, Mr. POMPEO, Mr. BRADY of Texas, Mr. BROUN of Georgia, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. Ross of Florida, Mr. KLINE, Mrs. BIGGERT, Mrs. LUMMIS, Mr. GINGREY of Georgia, Mr. POSEY, Mr. WEST, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. BILBRAY, Mrs. SCHMIDT, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mrs. MYRICK, Mr. MILLER of Florida, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. LUETKEMEYER, Mr. STIVERS, Mr. CRAWFORD, Mr. DUNCAN of SOUTH CAPOLINA, and Mr. KELLY):

H.R. 339. A bill to deem any adjournment of the House of Representatives which is in effect on the date of the regularly scheduled general election for Federal office held during a Congress to be adjournment sine die, and to amend title 31, United States Code, to provide for automatic continuing appropriations if a regular appropriation bill for a fiscal year does not become law before the date of the regularly scheduled general election for Federal office held during such fiscal year; to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas:

H.R. 340. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to remove the exclusion from medical assistance under the Medicaid Program of items and services for patients in an institution for mental diseases; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas:

H.R. 341. A bill to amend title 23, United States Code, to increase certain infrastructure finance provisions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas:

H.R. 342. A bill to amend titles XIX and XVIII of the Social Security Act, as amended by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, with respect to payment of disproportionate share hospitals (DSH) under the Medicare and Medicaid programs; to the Committee on Ways and

Means, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MATHESON (for himself, Mr. McCaul, Mr. Peters, Mr. Austria, Mr. Coble, Mr. Quigley, and Ms. Kaptur):

H.R. 343. A bill to repeal the provision of law that provides automatic pay adjustments for Members of Congress; to the Committee on House Administration, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. NEUGEBAUER:

H.R. 344. A bill to amend the Federal Reserve Act to remove the power of Federal reserve banks to buy and sell municipal securities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 345. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to eliminate all Federally-imposed mandates over the local budget process and financial management of the District of Columbia and the borrowing of money by the District of Columbia; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. PEARCE (for himself, Mr. Dan-IEL E. LUNGREN of California, Mr. GARRETT, Mr. PLATTS, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado, and Mr. GERLACH):

H.R. 346. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for cooperative governing of individual health insurance coverage offered in interstate commerce; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. ROONEY:

H.R. 347. A bill to correct and simplify the drafting of section 1752 (relating to restricted buildings or grounds) of title 18, United States Code; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SENSENBRENNER:

H.R. 348. A bill to prohibit the Administrator of the Federal Highway Administration from requiring the replacement of street and highway signs that are in upper case letters with such signs that are in mixed case lettering with the initial letter in upper case followed by lower case lettering; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. SENSENBRENNER (for himself, Mr. Burgess, Mr. Duncan of South Carolina, Mr. Ross of Florida, Mr. Crawford, Mr. Long, and Mr. Duncan of Tennessee):

H.R. 349. A bill to make subject to appropriations Acts the Internal Revenue Service's use of certain funds collected from user fees; to the Committee on Ways and Means. By Mr. SERRANO:

H.R. 350. A bill to amend the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 to provide greater access to the supplemental nutrition assistance program by reducing duplicative and burdensome administrative requirements, authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to award grants to certain community-based nonprofit feeding and anti-hunger groups for the purpose of establishing and implementing a Beyond the Soup Kitchen Pilot Program for certain socially and economically disadvantaged populations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. SERRANO:

H.R. 351. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to waive the requirement for proof of citizenship during the first

year of life for children born in the United States to a Medicaid-eligible mother; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SERRANO:

H.R. 352. A bill to permit members of the House of Representatives to donate used computer equipment to public elementary and secondary schools designated by the members; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. SERRANO:

H.R. 353. A bill to establish a grant program to provide screenings for glaucoma to individuals determined to be at high risk for glaucoma, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. LOEBSACK (for himself, Mr. LATHAM, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. Bos-WELL, and Mr. BRALEY of Iowa):

H. Con. Res. 9. Concurrent resolution honoring the service and sacrifice of Army Staff Sergeant Salvatore Giunta, a native of Hiawatha, Iowa, and the first living recipient of the Medal of Honor since the Vietnam War; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. LARSON of Connecticut:

H. Res. 39. A resolution electing Members to certain standing committees of the House of Representatives; considered and agreed to. By Mr. FRANKS of Arizona:

H. Res. 40. A resolution celebrating the life of President Ronald Wilson Reagan on the 100th anniversary of his birth; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Re-

By Mr. RUSH (for himself, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. COHEN, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, and Mr. AL GREEN of Texas):

H. Res. 41. A resolution recognizing 2011 as the Year for People of African Descent; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. HENSARLING:

H. Res. 42. A resolution electing certain Members to certain standing committees of the House of Representatives; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BURTON of Indiana (for himself, Mrs. Bachmann, Mr. Olson, Mr. Crawford, Mr. Huelskamp, Mr. Long, Mr. Critz, Mr. Pompeo, Mr. McClintock, Mr. Wittman, Mrs. Mil-Ler of Michigan, and Mr. Paul.):

H. Res. 44. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that an effective moratorium by the Executive Branch on offshore oil and gas exploration and drilling should be terminated; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. GERLACH:

H. Res. 45. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to encourage bipartisan amendments; to the Committee on Rules.

## PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII, private bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 354. A bill for the relief of Lauli'i Matu'u; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 355. A bill for the relief of Pablo Eduardo Perrone and Maria Cristina Lemos; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 356. A bill for the relief of Flavia Maboloc Cahoon; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LIPINSKI:

H.R. 357. A bill for the relief of Corina de Chalup Turcinovic; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

## CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. BACA:

H.R. 317.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 318.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I.

By Mr. BRALEY of Iowa:

H.R. 319.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CALVERT:

H.R. 320.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. COHEN:

H.R. 321.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 (relating to the power to regulate foreign and interstate commerce) of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. CONYERS:

H.R. 322.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Constitution, Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. CONYERS:

H.R. 323.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Constitution, Article  $\bar{I}$ , Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 324.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 14 and 18), which grant Congress the power to make Rules for the Government and Regulation of land and naval Forces; and to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 325.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 1, 3, 14, and 18), which

grant Congress the power to provide for the general welfare of the United States; to regulate Commerce among the several States; to make rules for the Government; and to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 326.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 1, 3, 14, and 18), which grant Congress the power to provide for the general welfare of the United States; to regulate Commerce among the several States; to make rules for the Government; and to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers; Amendment V to the Constitution, which provides that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; as well as Section 1 and Section 5 of Amendment XIV to the Constitution, which provides that no State shall deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws; and provides Congress the power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 327.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 1, 14, 16, and 18), which grant Congress the power to provide for the common Defense and general welfare of the United States; to make rules for the Government; to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States; and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 328.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 1, 3, 7, and 18), which grant Congress the power to provide for the general welfare of the United States; to regulate Commerce among the several States; to establish Post Offices and post Roads; and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 329.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 330.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Amendment XVI of the United States Constitution, which grants Congress the power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 331.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Amendment XVI of the United States Constitution, which grants Congress the power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 332.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 1, 3, 14, and 18), which grant Congress the power to provide for the general welfare of the United States; to regulate Commerce among the several States; to make rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces; and to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers.

By Mr. BISHOP of Georgia:

H.R. 333.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is enumerated in the United States Constitution, which provides Congress the power to: Provide for the common defense and general welfare under Article I. Section 8, Clause 1; Raise and support Armies, under Article I, Section 8, Clause 12; Provide and maintain a Navy, under Article I, Section 8, Clause 13; Make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, under Article I, Section 8, Clause 14; Provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, under Article I, Section 8, Clause 16; and, Make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

By Mr. FORBES:

H.R. 334.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses I, XVIII and Article I, Section 9, Clauses VII.

By Mr. GRIFFITH of Virginia:

H.R. 335.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to Clause 1 of Section 6 of Article I and Amendment XXVII of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. HINCHEY:

H.R. 336.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 3 To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H.R. 337.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation ensures that the military readiness of our Armed Forces is maintained through proper certifications which make certain that military commanders have a direct say in significant matters that affect the morale, cohesion and readiness of our military forces. Specific authority is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia.