the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

#### By Mr. PERLMUTTER:

H.R. 1356.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

#### By Mr. PIERLUISI:

H.R. 1357.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of the Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution; to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution such power, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution; and to make rules and regulations respecting the U.S. territories, as enumerated in Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution.

### By Mr. REHBERG:

H.R. 1358.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . . ."

#### By Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN:

H.R. 1359.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I—The Legislative Branch.

Section 1: The Legislature:

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 8:

Clause 1. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

Clause 18. The Congress shall have Power To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. SCHIFF:

H.R. 1360.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: The Child Protection Improvements Act of 2011 is constitutionally authorized under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, the Necessary and Proper Clause. The Necessary and Proper Clause supports the expansion of congressional authority beyond the explicit authorities that are directly discernible from the text. Additionally, the Preamble to the Constitution provides support of the authority to enact legislation to promote the General Welfare.

By Mr. TOWNS:

H.R. 1361.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This Bill is enacted pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, known as the "General Welfare Clause." This provision grants Congress the broad power "to pay the Debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States."

<sup>1</sup>Please note, pursuant to Article I, section 8, Congress has the power "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. YODER:

H.R. 1362.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8, clauses 1 & 12 of the United States Constitution, Which grants Congress the power to provide for the common defense; to raise and support an Army and

Article I, section 9, Clause 7 of the United State Constitution, Which states that "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law"

# By Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky: H.R. 1363.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . . . "In addition, clause of section 8 of article I of the Constitution (the spending power) provides: "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States Together, these specific constitutional provisions establish the congressional power of the purse, granting Congress the authority to appropriate funds, to determine their purpose, amount, and period of availability, and to set forth terms and conditions governing their use.

## ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 5: Mr. Labrador.

H.R. 23: Ms. Woolsey.

H.R. 25: Mr. BROUN of Georgia.

H.R. 56: Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.

H.R. 58: Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. GARRETT, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. BROOKS, and Mrs. ELLMERS.

H.R. 59: Mr. Gary G. Miller of California. H.R. 114: Mrs. McMorris Rodgers and Mr.

H.R. 122: Mr. TIPTON and Mr. RIGELL.

H.R. 178: Mr. Sablan, Mr. Filner, Mr. Heller, Mr. Lucas, and Mr. Roskam.

H.R. 258: Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia and Mr. GERLACH.

H.R. 324: Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.

H.R. 361: Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio and Mr. SHU-STER.

H.R. 365: Ms. SUTTON.

H.R. 369: Mrs. Ellmers, Mr. Goodlatte, Mr. Manzullo, Mr. Neugebauer, Mr. Pearce, and Mr. Posey.

 $H.R.\ 412;\ Mr.\ McIntyre$  and  $Mr.\ Petri.$ 

H.R. 420: Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. GRIMM, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. GARRETT, Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. SIMPSON, and Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas.

H.R. 422: Mr. KUCINICH.

H.R. 452: Mr. ALEXANDER.

H.R. 456: Mr. FITZPATRICK.

H.R. 563: Mr. CRITZ.

H.R. 576: Mr. KUCINICH.

H.R. 640: Ms. NORTON. H.R. 719: Ms. McCollum.

H.R. 721: Mr. Kelly.

H.R. 745: Mr. RIGELL, Mr. COBLE, Mr. BROUN of Georgia, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. ROHR-ABACHER, Mr. FLAKE, and Mr. McCLINTOCK.

H.R. 747: Mr. Conyers.

H.R. 750: Mr. REHBERG.

 $\rm H.R.$  763: Mr. BISHOP of Utah and Mr. Labrador.

H.R. 776: Mr. CUMMINGS.

H.R. 780: Mr. WAXMAN.

H.R. 782: Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California. H.R. 805: Mr. MICHAUD and Mr. STARK.

H.R. 809: Mr. McGovern and Mr. Stark.

H.R. 812: Mr. DEFAZIO and Mr. SHULER.

H.R. 816: Mrs. CAPITO.

H.R. 822: Mr. Denham, Mr. Ryan of Ohio, Mr. Camp, Mr. Lucas, Mr. McKinley, Mr. Shuster, and Mr. Reed.

H.R. 860: Mr. TIBERI and Mr. STIVERS.

H.R. 862: Ms. Slaughter.

H.R. 865: Mr. PASCRELL, Mrs. CAPPS, Mr. SIRES, and Mr. SMITH of Washington.

H.R. 878: Ms. Brown of Florida.

H.R. 912: Mr. ACKERMAN and Mr. KUCINICH. H.R. 942: Mr. POMPEO and Mr. STEARNS.

H.R. 965: Mr. SHERMAN, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. BLUMENAUER, and Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia.

H.R. 984: Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California, Mr. YODER, Mr. CONAWAY, and Mr. FITZPATRICK.

H.R. 998: Ms. DELAURO.

H.R. 1023: Mr. BURTON of Indiana.

H.R. 1025: Mr. LUETKEMEYER.

H.R. 1041: Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. HECK, Mr. JONES, Mr. SHUSTER, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. OWENS, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. WESTMORELAND, Mr. ADERHOLT, and Mr. MCKINLEY.

 $\rm H.R.$  1058: Mr. Johnson of Ohio and Mr. Cohen.

H.R. 1081: Mr. WEST, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. CLARKE of Michigan, and Mr. SARBANES.

H.R. 1093: Mr. CHAFFETZ, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. GARRETT, Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, and Mr. BROOKS.

H.R. 1112: Mr. CARTER and Mr. LONG.

H.R. 1144: Mr. Thompson of Mississippi.

 $\rm H.R.$  1199: Mr. Kucinich.

H.R. 1206: Mr. Dold, Mr. Gardner, Mr. Cassidy, and Mr. Fitzpatrick.

H.R. 1219: Ms. Hanabusa.

H.R. 1228: Mr. Scalise and Mr. Cassidy.

 $H.R.\ 1234:\ Mr.\ Boren,\ Mr.\ Honda,\ and\ Mr.\ Faleomavaega.$ 

H.R. 1252: Mr. Dold.

H.R. 1254: Mr. HOLDEN.

H.R.~1259: Mr. Huelskamp and Mr. Griffin of Arkansas.

H.R. 1266: Mr. MARINO.

H.R. 1281: Mr. PITTS. H.R. 1291: Mr. BOREN.

H.R. 1297: Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. CONAWAY, Mrs. ELLMERS, Mr. GRIMM, Ms. JENKINS, Mr. LABRADOR, Mr. LONG, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. MURHY of Pennsylvania, Mr. REICHERT, Mrs. ROBY, Mr. ROSS of Florida, Mr. SCALISE, Mr.

WEBSTER, and Mr. YODER.

H.R. 1302: Mr. WELCH.

H.J. Res. 46: Mr. McKinley.

H. Res. 25: Mr. HIGGINS, Ms. BORDALLO, and Mrs. BLACKBURN.

H. Res. 85: Mr. BURTON of Indiana.

H. Res. 137: Mr. Walz of Minnesota, Mr. ROTHMAN of New Jersey, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. TONKO, Mr. QUIGLEY, and Mr. ANDREWS.

H. Res. 142: Mr. Dold.

H. Res. 166: Mr. ELLISON.

H. Res. 172: Mr. GRIMM.

H. Res. 176: Mr. GRIJALVA.

H. Res. 177: Mr. Coble.

 $\rm H.\ Res.\ 185:\ Ms.\ Zoe\ Lofgren\ of\ California$  and Mr. Farr.

H. Res. 198: Mr. HOYER, Mr. WELCH, Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, and Ms. WOOLSEY.

CONGRESSIONAL EARMARKS, LIM-ITED TAX BENEFITS, OR LIM-ITED TARIFF BENEFITS

Under clause 9 of rule XXI, lists or statements on congressional earmarks,

limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits were submitted as follows:

OFFERED BY MR. ROGERS OF KENTUCKY

H.R. 1363, the Department of Defense and Further Additional Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011, does not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9 rule XXI DELETION OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 1323: Mr. McKeon.