

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. COSTELLO:

H.R. 898.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2.

By Mr. LANKFORD:

H.R. 899.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power . . . to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. RUSH:

H.R. 900.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes. U.S. Const., Art. I, Sec. 8, Cl. 3. The Interstate Commerce Clause serves as the constitutional basis for this legislation. In 1984, the Federal Trade Commission issued "The Funeral Rule" pursuant to its authority under Sections 5 and 18 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, which permits the FTC to promulgate trade regulation rules that define with specificity unfair or deceptive acts or practices in or affecting commerce. The Funeral Rule applies only to funeral homes. Its primary purposes are "[t]o ensure that consumers receive information necessary to make informed purchasing decisions, and to lower existing barriers to price competition in the market for funeral goods and services." The traditional marketplace for funeral and burial goods and services has dramatically evolved. Over the past 20 years, waves of cross-state funeral homes & cemetery consolidations and combinations, increasing cremation trends, challenging legal questions over portability of death-care sales contracts and pre-need insurance policies, and a significant rise in the number of third-party sellers of death care goods and services now warrant regulatory parity among the death care industry's sectors. Accordingly, this legislation would expressly authorize the FTC to promulgate and to enforce, along with the States rules promoting competition and protecting vulnerable consumers from severe economic and emotional harms.

By Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California:

H.R. 901.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution of the United States and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Ms. MATSUI:

H.R. 902.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. CALVERT:

H.R. 903.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article IV, Section 3 of the United States Con-

stitution, specifically Clause 2 (empowering Congress to make rules and regulations respecting property belonging to the people of the United States), Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically Clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States) and Clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress). Furthermore, this bill amends the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331), which Congress previously enacted pursuant to similar authority.

By Mr. SENSENBRENNER:

H.R. 904.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Tenth Amendment to the Constitution.

By Mr. WHITFIELD:

H.R. 905.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, which grants Congress the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, among the several States, and with the Indian tribes.

By Mr. COHEN:

H.R. 906.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mrs. MALONEY:

H.R. 907.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution.

The Congress shall have Power * * * To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 908.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 3 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. NUNES:

H.R. 909.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 3 of Section 8 of Article I and Clause 2 of Section 3 of Article IV of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. UPTON:

H.R. 910.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Commerce Clause: Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. BARROW:

H.R. 911.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Constitution; Article I, Section 8.

By Ms. GRANGER:

H.R. 912.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. ADERHOLT:

H.R. 913.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3: To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. CONNOLLY of Virginia:

H.R. 914.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

By Mr. CUELLAR:

H.R. 915.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitution including Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. DENT:

H.R. 916.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. FILNER:

H.R. 917.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution (Clauses 1, 3, and 18), which grant Congress the power to provide for the general welfare of the United States; to regulate Commerce among the several States; and to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers.

By Ms. FOX:

H.R. 918.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of, and the 16th Amendment to, the United States Constitution.

By Mr. FRANKS of Arizona:

H.R. 919.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 4, Section 3, Clause 2.

By Mr. GOHMERT:

H.R. 920.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 9, Clause 7, "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law." Furthermore, under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, "Congress shall have the power . . . [t]o make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution . . . all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States." It is within Congress' power to regulate the appropriation of money from the Treasury and this bill is "necessary" to stop the automatic increase in national spending.

By Mr. GOHMERT:

H.R. 921.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

Article I, Section 9, Clause 7: No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

By Mr. GOSAR:

H.R. 922.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

It was explained by James Madison, in Federalist No. 45, that the "powers delegated to Congress in the proposed constitution to the federal government are few and defined." Mindful of this admonition, this proposed bill comports with several enumerated powers granted to Congress. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8, Clause 17: The Congress shall have the power "[t]o exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, . . . to exercise like Authority

over all Places purchased by the Consent of the Legislature of the State in which the Same shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock-Yards, and other needful Buildings." Thus, lands purchased and held by the Federal Government, are within the exclusive jurisdiction of the Federal Government for purposes of management, control, disposition and if necessary, resolution of issues arising out of such land use. That being said, nothing herein shall be deemed an expansion of, or resolution of, the federal government's power to purchase and then hold land indefinitely and in substantial percentages as known in the Western States if not "needful" for federal purposes.

Further, the U.S. Supreme Court, in *Collins v. Yosemite Park & Curry Co.*, 304 U.S. 518, 529 (U.S. 1938), reasoned that Clause 17 "is not the sole authority" for either property acquisition or management, as "[i]t has never been necessary heretofore for this Court to determine whether or not the United States has the constitutional right to exercise jurisdiction over territory, within the geographical limits of a State, acquired for purposes other than those specified in Clause 17."

Further, the Constitution's Property Clause, Article IV, Sec. 3, Clause 2, provides that "Congress shall have the power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States." This Management Clause as currently understood conveys the express authority to Congress to address issues and resolve matters involving Federal Land. Additionally, Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, further provides a constitutional basis for this Act as it conveys the power to Congress to implement its enumerated powers (but this clause cannot expand those powers) and "make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper" for executing and implementing enumerated powers.

By Mr. HASTINGS of Florida:

H.R. 923.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. HEINRICH:

H.R. 924.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. KILDEE:

H.R. 925.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, The Commerce Clause, and Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18, the Necessary and Proper Clause.

By Mr. KING of New York:

H.R. 926.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. MARKEY:

H.R. 927.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article IV, Section 3, which provides that Congress shall have the power to dispose of and make all needful. Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States.

By Mr. MCNERNEY:

H.R. 928.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. NADLER:

H.R. 929.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1, 3 and 18.

By Ms. PINGREE of Maine:

H.R. 930.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 14: To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces;

As necessary and proper Article I Section 8, Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

As necessary and proper, Article I Section 8, Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. POE of Texas:

H.R. 931.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution which states that Congress has the power "to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. ROONEY:

H.R. 932.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4: To establish a uniform rule of Naturalization, and uni-

form laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States.

By Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD:

H.R. 933.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18.

By Mr. SESSIONS:

H.R. 934.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1.

By Mr. SOUTHERLAND:

H.R. 935.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Social Security Act has been upheld under the power to tax and spending under Article I Section 8, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.

Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 936.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. BROWN of Georgia:

H.J. Res. 45.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V of the Constitution. The Congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

By Mr. GRIFFITH of Virginia:

H.J. Res. 46.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to Article V of the United States Constitution.