

traveled the world with his then-wife Nancy. While on the road, they started their family. They returned to Cleveland to raise their daughters Shisha and Jenna. Martin worked a variety of jobs, including milkman and rail-roader. But in 1986, he realized his dream when he opened the Barking Spider.

Mr. Speaker and colleagues, please join me in mourning the loss of Martin Juredine. Our thoughts and prayers go out to his daughters Jenna and Shisha Adorjan, his granddaughter Aiyanna Adorjan, his son-in-law Ricky Adorjan, his ex-wife Nancy, his brother David, his sister-in-law Carol and nephews Adam and Jason.

HONORING THE LIFE AND SERVICE OF CYRIL O'BRIEN

HON. MADELEINE Z. BORDALLO

OF GUAM

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 9, 2011

Ms. BORDALLO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life and service of Cyril "Cy" John O'Brien, a veteran of the Second World War and Captain in the United States Marine Corps, for his dedication and service to our community and country. Cy passed away on January 31, 2011 in Bethesda, Maryland. As we mourn his loss, we recognize him for his contributions to our community.

Cy was born in Newfoundland, Canada in 1919 and graduated from St. Joseph's University in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania in June of 1942. One month later he enlisted in the United States Marine Corps. He was a member of the 3rd Marine Division during World War II and served as a Combat Correspondent in Bougainville, Guam, and Iwo Jima. His coverage of the Liberation of Guam, the bravery of American Marines, soldiers, sailors, and airmen, and the experiences of war survivors during the Liberation provided Americans with a unique perspective of Guam's Liberation for all who study the history of the Second World War in the Pacific.

Following his return from duty during the Second World War, Cy worked as a Washington correspondent for several New Jersey-based newspapers. He covered matters pertaining to Capitol Hill, writing stories on the House of Representatives and U.S. Senate. He went on to work at the Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory and served as its Director of Media Affairs until his retirement in 1983.

Cy is the author of "Liberation," which chronicles the 3rd Marine Division's recapture of Guam during the summer of 1944, and was published by the Marine Corps Historical Center. Cy was also a founding member of the 3rd Marine Division Association. Additionally, he has returned to Guam on many occasions to join the people of Guam in celebrating and recognizing the importance of our Liberation Day. He has remained true to his Chamorro friends and worked hard to educate Members of Congress and Senators on the importance of Guam War Claims.

Cy will be remembered by his four children—Tony, Bridget, Johnine, and Patsy—as well as many loved ones and friends. I offer my condolences, sympathies, and prayers to his family and all who knew him. On behalf of the people of Guam, I express a sincere Un-

dangkulo na si Yu'os Ma'ase for his service and sacrifice to our island. He will be missed.

TRIBUTE TO THE AMERICAN BUS ASSOCIATION ON THE OCCASION OF ITS 85TH ANNIVERSARY

HON. JOHN W. OLVER

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 9, 2011

Mr. OLVER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to congratulate the American Bus Association, the trade association for the private over-the-road bus and motorcoach industry, on its 85th anniversary in this year of 2011. The ABA represents 800 bus operating companies (along with 3200 other travel, tour and motorcoach manufacturing companies). The members of the ABA provide all manner of transportation services to millions of Americans. Specifically, ABA members provide scheduled service, commuter operations, charter and tour services and airport shuttle services to all parts of the country. A gauge of how well and thoroughly ABA members do their jobs is found in the amazing statistic that the industry provides 760 million passenger trips each year.

A few other facts about this industry are in order. The private bus industry is the clear choice for environmental travel. A recent study by the Union of Concerned Scientists documents that for an individual or family traveling anywhere from 100 to 1000 miles motorcoach travel is the cleanest form of transportation available. Moreover, each motorcoach can take 55 cars off of our nation's highways, a testament to the industry's ability to aid us in overcoming the congestion on the nation's highways. In fact, as a recent Forbes Magazine article detailed, the motorcoach industry's environmental record translates into saving Americans a total of forty-four million gallons of fuel each year.

Less recognized is the industry's record in fostering tourism and travel in the nation. Each motorcoach may in effect leave some \$13,000 behind in communities visited by those passengers in just a 24-hour period. The ABA has documented on its website the number of jobs motorcoach travel and tourism supports, both directly and indirectly, and the amount of money that motorcoach leaves in every Congressional district. The ABA Research Foundation has documented that motorcoach tourism is a vital part of the U.S. economy, employing over one million Americans and creating over \$112 billion in economic activity.

The ABA began its service to the nation as the bus division of the American Automobile Association in 1926. At that time buses were the main transportation choice for the overwhelming majority of Americans, providing service to all parts of the nation, urban and rural. Buses took Americans to work, school, jobs, and hospitals; they allowed us to meet our families, see friends, and make a living.

Today, that role as the chief private transportation mode is being reprised by the industry. The industry has begun new point to point routes, serving city pairs as never before. We have seen bus services allowing Americans to see families, travel for business and pleasure and see their nation as never before. A study cited in a recent U.S.A. Today article documented that motorcoach transportation is the

fastest growing mode of transportation in the nation for the last three years in a row, growing by six percent this last year alone. I want to congratulate the American Bus Association on its anniversary and wish it continued success.

HONORING MAYOR HOWARD "TREY" TYGRET

HON. HENRY C. "HANK" JOHNSON, JR.

OF GEORGIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 9, 2011

Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I submit the following.

Whereas, our lives have been touched by the life of this one man . . . who has given of himself in order for others to stand; and

Whereas, Mayor Howard "Trey" Tygett work is present in Clarkston, Georgia for all to see, being a man of action for the citizens of Clarkston and DeKalb County; and

Whereas, this giant of a man was elected as Mayor of the city of Clarkston in 2009, he accomplished much during his time in office; and

Whereas, this remarkable man gave of himself, his time, his talent and his life; he never asked for fame or fortune to uplift those in need, he just wanted to move his beloved city forward and to inspire the citizens to do the same by witnessing him walk the walk and talk the talk; and

Whereas, Mayor Tygett led by doing behind the scenes and on the front lines for the city of Clarkston, be it traveling to Washington, DC, the Georgia Gold Dome or downtown Decatur to represent and advocate for the city of Clarkston; Mayor Tygett was a husband, a father, a son, a friend; he was our warrior, our patriarch, a man of great integrity who remained true to the uplifting of our community until his end; and

Whereas, the U.S. Representative of the Fourth District of Georgia has set aside this day to bestow an honorable mention and recognition on Mayor Howard "Trey" Tygett for his leadership, friendship and service to all of the citizens in Georgia and throughout the Nation; a citizen of great worth and so noted distinction;

Now Therefore, I, HENRY C. "HANK" JOHNSON, Jr. do hereby attest to the 112th Congress that Mayor Howard "Trey" Tygett of Clarkston, DeKalb County, Georgia, is deemed worthy and deserving of this "Congressional Honorable Mention".

Mayor Howard "Trey" Tygett, U.S. Citizen of Distinction in the 4th Congressional District. Proclaimed This 22nd day of January, 2011.

IN REMEMBRANCE OF VICTOR J. LABUTTA

HON. DENNIS J. KUCINICH

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 9, 2011

Mr. KUCINICH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in remembrance of Victor J. Labutta and in recognition of his devotion to family, community and country.

Victor was born in Collier, Pennsylvania. He attended both the California University of

Pennsylvania and the University of Pittsburgh, where he earned a master's degree in school administration. He entered the armed forces and fought on the sands of Iwo Jima. He was honored for his service during World War II in 1995 by the Joint Veteran's Commission of Cuyahoga County.

After returning from the war, he took up teaching back home in Fayette County, Pennsylvania. In 1956, he moved to Parma, Ohio, where he would spend the rest of his life teaching and assisting the community. He taught shop class at Pleasant Valley Junior High, Hillside Junior High and at Parma Senior High. He was known to his students as Mr. La-Bow-Tie, for the trademark bow tie he wore to class every day.

Victor also served on Parma's City Council for 16 years. He assisted his community by securing tax abatements for General Motors, a major employer in his district. He also fed the livelihood of the community by supporting housing integration in his city. Furthermore, Tim Dobeck, a colleague of his, commented that Victor "took every new councilman under his wing."

Mr. Labutta was not only a leader in his community, he was also an active member among his neighbors. He was a member of the Parma American-Slovak Club for over 30 years. Victor was a devoted catholic and one of Kildare Catholic Church's founding members.

Mr. Speaker and colleagues, please join me in remembering Victor Labutta, whose legacy of dedication to family, city and country serve as an example. I extend my sincere condolences to Victor's wife, Mary Ann Steiger; his three sons; his daughter; ten grandchildren and two great-grandchildren.

RULES OF THE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRA- STRUCTURE

HON. JOHN L. MICA

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, February 9, 2011

Mr. MICA. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives and clause (b) of Rule I of the Rules of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, I submit the Rules of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure for the 112th Congress. On January 26, 2011, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure met in open session and adopted these Committee Rules by voice vote with a quorum present.

RULES OF THE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE, UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 112TH CONGRESS, ADOPTED JANUARY 26, 2011

RULE I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

(a) APPLICABILITY OF HOUSE RULES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Rules of the House are the rules of the Committee and its subcommittees so far as applicable, except that a motion to recess from day to day, and a motion to dispense with the first reading (in full) of a bill or resolution, if printed copies are available, are non-debatable privileged motions in the Committee and its subcommittees.

(2) SUBCOMMITTEES.—Each subcommittee is part of the Committee, and is subject to the

authority and direction of the Committee and its rules so far as applicable.

(3) INCORPORATION OF HOUSE RULE ON COMMITTEE PROCEDURE.—Rule XI of the Rules of the House, which pertains entirely to Committee procedure, is incorporated and made a part of the rules of the Committee to the extent applicable. Pursuant to clause 2(a)(3) of Rule XI of the Rules of the House, the Chairman of the Committee is authorized to offer a motion under clause 1 of Rule XXII of the Rules of the House whenever the Chairman considers it appropriate.

(b) PUBLICATION OF RULES.—Pursuant to clause 2(a) of Rule XI of the Rules of the House, the Committee's rules shall be publicly available in electronic form and published in the Congressional Record not later than 30 days after the Chairman is elected in each odd-numbered year.

(c) VICE CHAIRMAN.—The Chairman shall appoint a vice chairman of the Committee and of each subcommittee. If the Chairman of the Committee or subcommittee is not present at any meeting of the Committee or subcommittee, as the case may be, the vice chairman shall preside. If the vice chairman is not present, the ranking member of the majority party on the Committee or subcommittee who is present shall preside at that meeting.

RULE II. REGULAR, ADDITIONAL, AND SPECIAL MEETINGS

(a) REGULAR MEETINGS.—Regular meetings of the Committee shall be held on the first Wednesday of every month to transact its business unless such day is a holiday, or the House is in recess or is adjourned, in which case the Chairman shall determine the regular meeting day of the Committee for that month. A regular meeting of the Committee may be dispensed with if, in the judgment of the Chairman, there is no need for the meeting. This paragraph shall not apply to meetings of any subcommittee.

(b) ADDITIONAL MEETINGS.—The Chairman may call and convene, as he or she considers necessary, additional meetings of the Committee for the consideration of any bill or resolution pending before the Committee or for the conduct of other committee business. The Committee shall meet for such purpose pursuant to the call of the Chairman.

(c) SPECIAL MEETINGS.—If at least three members of the Committee desire that a special meeting of the Committee be called by the Chairman, those members may file in the offices of the Committee their written request to the Chairman for that special meeting. Such request shall specify the measure or matter to be considered. Immediately upon the filing of the request, the clerk of the Committee shall notify the Chairman of the filing of the request. If, within 3 calendar days after the filing of the request, the Chairman does not call the requested special meeting to be held within 7 calendar days after the filing of the request, a majority of the members of the Committee may file in the offices of the Committee their written notice that a special meeting of the Committee will be held, specifying the date and hour thereof, and the measure or matter to be considered at that special meeting. The Committee shall meet on that date and hour. Immediately upon the filing of the notice, the clerk of the Committee shall notify all members of the Committee that such meeting will be held and inform them of its date and hour and the measure or matter to be considered; and only the measure or matter specified in that notice may be considered at that special meeting.

(d) NOTICE.—

(1) MINIMUM NOTICE PERIOD.—Pursuant to clause 2(g)(3) of Rule XI of the Rules of the House, the Chairman shall make a public an-

nouncement of the date, place, and subject matter of a Committee or subcommittee meeting, which may not commence earlier than the third day on which members have notice thereof.

(2) CHANGES IN MEETING TIMES.—A meeting may commence sooner than announced if the Chairman, with concurrence of the ranking minority member, determines there is good cause to begin the meeting sooner or the Committee or subcommittee so determines by majority vote, a quorum being present for the transaction of business. The Chairman shall make a public announcement of the meeting time change at the earliest possible opportunity.

(3) NOTIFICATION OF DAILY DIGEST CLERK.—The clerk of the Committee shall notify the Daily Digest Clerk of the Congressional Record as soon as possible after a public announcement of a time change for a Committee or subcommittee meeting is made under this paragraph.

(e) PROHIBITION ON SITTING DURING JOINT SESSION.—The Committee may not sit during a joint session of the House and Senate or during a recess when a joint meeting of the House and Senate is in progress.

RULE III. MEETINGS AND HEARINGS GENERALLY

(a) MINIMUM PERIOD FOR AVAILABILITY OF COMMITTEE MARKUP TEXT.—Pursuant to clause 2(g)(4) of Rule XI of the Rules of the House, the Chairman of shall make publicly available, in electronic form, the text of any legislation to be marked up at least 24 hours prior to the commencement of a meeting for the markup of legislation, or at the time of a meeting announcement under paragraph (a)(2)(B) of Committee Rule II if made within 24 hours before such meeting.

(b) OPEN MEETINGS.—Each meeting for the transaction of business, including the markup of legislation, and each hearing of the Committee or a subcommittee shall be open to the public, except as provided by clause 2(g) of Rule XI of the Rules of the House.

(c) MEETINGS TO BEGIN PROMPTLY.—Each meeting or hearing of the Committee shall begin promptly at the time so stipulated in the public announcement of the meeting or hearing.

(d) ADDRESSING THE COMMITTEE.—A Committee member may address the Committee or a subcommittee on any bill, motion, or other matter under consideration—

(1) only when recognized by the Chairman for that purpose; and

(2) only for 5 minutes, or for a period of time designated by the Chairman with concurrence of the ranking minority member, until such time as each member of the Committee or subcommittee who so desires has had an opportunity to address the Committee or subcommittee.

A member shall be limited in his or her remarks to the subject matter under consideration. The Chairman shall enforce this paragraph.

(e) PARTICIPATION OF MEMBERS IN SUBCOMMITTEE MEETINGS AND HEARINGS.—All members of the Committee who are not members of a particular subcommittee may, by unanimous consent of the members of such subcommittee, participate in any subcommittee meeting or hearing. However, a member who is not a member of the subcommittee may not vote on any matter before the subcommittee, be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum, or raise points of order.

(f) BROADCASTING.—Whenever a meeting for the transaction of business, including the markup of legislation, or a hearing is open to the public, that meeting or hearing shall be open to coverage by television, radio, and still photography in accordance with clause 4 of Rule XI of the Rules of the House. Operation and use of any Committee Internet