

with ovarian cancer do not have a family history that puts them at higher risk;

Whereas the Pap test is sensitive and specific to the early detection of cervical cancer, but not to ovarian cancer;

Whereas there is currently no reliable early detection test for ovarian cancer;

Whereas many people are unaware that the symptoms of ovarian cancer often include bloating, pelvic or abdominal pain, difficulty eating or feeling full quickly, urinary symptoms, and several other symptoms that are easily confused with other diseases;

Whereas in June 2007, the first national consensus statement on ovarian cancer symptoms was developed to provide consistency in describing symptoms to make it easier for women to learn and remember them;

Whereas, due to the lack of a reliable early detection test, 75 percent of cases of ovarian cancer are detected at an advanced stage, making the overall 5-year survival rate only 45 percent;

Whereas there are factors that are known to reduce the risk for ovarian cancer and that play an important role in the prevention of the disease;

Whereas awareness of the symptoms of ovarian cancer by women and health care providers can lead to a quicker diagnosis;

Whereas, each year during the month of September, the Ovarian Cancer National Alliance and its partner members holds a number of events to increase public awareness of ovarian cancer; and

Whereas September 2010 should be designated as "National Ovarian Cancer Awareness Month" to increase the awareness of the public regarding the cancer: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate supports the goals and ideals of National Ovarian Cancer Awareness Month.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 556—RECOGNIZING THE IMPORTANT ROLE THAT FATHERS PLAY IN THE LIVES OF THEIR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES AND DESIGNATING 2010 AS "THE YEAR OF THE FATHER"

Mrs. MURRAY (for herself, Mr. BOND, and Ms. CANTWELL) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 556

Whereas Father's Day was founded in 1910 by Mrs. John B. Dodd, Sonora Smart Dodd, after attending a Mother's Day celebration in 1909 and believing that fathers should receive the same recognition;

Whereas Mrs. Dodd founded the day in celebration of her father, William Smart;

Whereas William Smart, a Civil War veteran, raised 6 children on his own after the death of his wife;

Whereas Spokane, Washington recognized and hosted the first celebration of Father's Day on June 19, 1910;

Whereas in 1924, President Calvin Coolidge recognized Father's Day and urged States to follow suit;

Whereas in 1966, President Lyndon B. Johnson signed a proclamation calling for the third Sunday in June to be recognized as Father's Day and requested that flags be flown that day on all Government buildings;

Whereas President Richard Nixon signed a proclamation in 1972 permanently observing Father's Day on the third Sunday in June;

Whereas Father's Day is celebrated in over 50 countries around the world;

Whereas there are an estimated 64,000,000 fathers in the United States;

Whereas it is well documented that children involved with loving fathers are significantly more likely to have healthy self-esteem, exhibit empathy and pro-social behavior, avoid high risk behaviors, reduce anti-social behavior and delinquency in boys, have better peer relationships, and have higher occupational mobility relative to parents;

Whereas fathers who live with their children are likely to have a close, enduring relationship with their children than those who do not; and

Whereas the 100th anniversary of Father's Day will be celebrated in Spokane, Washington on June 20, 2010: Now, therefore, be it *Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) recognizes the important role that fathers play in the lives of their children and families; and

(2) designates 2010 as "The Year of the Father".

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 557—COMMENDING EYECARE AMERICA FOR ITS VOLUNTEERISM AND EFFORTS TO PRESERVE EYESIGHT THROUGHOUT THE PREVIOUS 25 YEARS

Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for himself and Mr. ISAKSON) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 557

Whereas, according to the National Eye Institute, in public opinion polls, Americans—

(1) have consistently identified the fear of vision loss as second only to the fear of developing cancer; and

(2) have stated that the loss of vision would have the greatest impact on their lives;

Whereas the National Eye Institute estimates that more than 11,000,000 people in the United States have common vision problems;

Whereas, according to the National Eye Institute, approximately 35,000,000 people in the United States experience an age-related eye disease, including age-related macular degeneration (the leading cause of vision loss in older people of the United States), glaucoma, diabetic retinopathy, and cataracts;

Whereas, according to the National Eye Institute, the number of people in the United States who experience an age-related eye disease is expected to grow to 50,000,000 by 2020;

Whereas, according to the National Eye Institute, the Hispanic and African-American populations experience a disproportionate incidence of glaucoma, cataracts, and diabetic retinopathy;

Whereas, according to the National Eye Institute, diabetic retinopathy is the leading cause of blindness in individuals of all races between the ages of 25 and 74;

Whereas vision impairment and eye disease are major public health issues, especially as 2010 begins the decade in which, according to the Census Bureau, more than ½ of the 78,000,000 Baby Boomers will turn 65 and be at greatest risk for developing an age-related eye disease;

Whereas much can be done to preserve eyesight with early detection and treatment;

Whereas EyeCare America, the public service program of the Foundation of the American Academy of Ophthalmology, works to ensure that eye health is not neglected by matching eligible patients with 1 of nearly 7,000 volunteer ophthalmologists across the United States committed to preventing unnecessary blindness in their communities;

Whereas the volunteer ophthalmologists provide eye exams and eyecare for up to 1

year at no out-of-pocket cost to the patient, and seniors who do not have insurance receive the care at no charge;

Whereas individuals may call EyeCare America toll-free at 1-800-222-EYES (3937) to see if they are eligible to be referred to a volunteer ophthalmologist throughout the United States; and

Whereas EyeCare America has helped more than 1,000,000 people since the inception of the organization in 1985 and is the largest public service program of its kind in United States medicine as of the date of agreement to this resolution: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate commends EyeCare America for its volunteerism and efforts to preserve eyesight throughout the 25 years preceding the date of agreement to this resolution.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 558—DESIGNATING THE WEEK BEGINNING SEPTEMBER 12, 2010, AS "NATIONAL DIRECT SUPPORT PROFESSIONALS RECOGNITION WEEK"

Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for himself, Mr. KERRY, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. DODD, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. JOHANNES, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. CARPER, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, and Mr. UDALL of Colorado) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 558

Whereas direct support workers, direct care workers, personal assistants, personal attendants, in-home support workers, and paraprofessionals (referred to in this preamble as "direct support professionals") are the primary providers of publicly funded long term support and services for millions of individuals;

Whereas a direct support professional must build a close, trusted relationship with an individual with disabilities;

Whereas a direct support professional assists an individual with disabilities with the most intimate needs, on a daily basis;

Whereas direct support professionals provide a broad range of support, including—

(1) preparation of meals;

(2) helping with medications;

(3) bathing;

(4) dressing;

(5) mobility;

(6) getting to school, work, religious, and recreational activities; and

(7) general daily affairs;

Whereas a direct support professional provides essential support to help keep an individual with disabilities connected to the family and community of the individual;

Whereas direct support professionals enable individuals with disabilities to live meaningful, productive lives;

Whereas direct support professionals are the key to allowing an individual with disabilities to live successfully in the community of the individual, and to avoid more costly institutional care;

Whereas the majority of direct support professionals are female, and many are the sole breadwinners of their families;

Whereas direct support professionals work and pay taxes, but many remain impoverished and are eligible for the same Federal and State public assistance programs on which the individuals with disabilities served by the direct support professionals must depend;

Whereas Federal and State policies, as well as the Supreme Court, in *Olmstead v. L.C.*,

527 U.S. 581 (1999), assert the right of an individual to live in the home and community of the individual;

Whereas, in 2010, the majority of direct support professionals are employed in home and community-based settings and this trend is projected to increase over the next decade;

Whereas there is a documented critical and growing shortage of direct support professionals in every community throughout the United States; and

Whereas many direct support professionals are forced to leave jobs due to inadequate wages and benefits, creating high turnover and vacancy rates that research demonstrates adversely affects the quality of support to individuals with disabilities: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) designates the week beginning September 12, 2010, as “National Direct Support Professionals Recognition Week”;

(2) recognizes the dedication and vital role of direct support professionals in enhancing the lives of individuals with disabilities of all ages;

(3) appreciates the contribution of direct support professionals in supporting the needs that reach beyond the capacities of millions of families in the United States;

(4) commends direct support professionals as integral in supporting the long-term support and services system of the United States; and

(5) finds that the successful implementation of the public policies of the United States depends on the dedication of direct support professionals.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 559—OBSERVING THE HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF JUNETEENTH INDEPENDENCE DAY

Mr. BURRIS (for himself, Mr. DURBIN, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. HARKIN, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. LINCOLN, Ms. LANDRIEU, and Mr. CARDIN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 559

Whereas news of the end of slavery did not reach frontier areas of the United States, and in particular the southwestern States, for more than 2½ years after President Lincoln’s Emancipation Proclamation, which was issued on January 1, 1863, and months after the conclusion of the Civil War;

Whereas, on June 19, 1865, Union soldiers led by Major General Gordon Granger arrived in Galveston, Texas with news that the Civil War had ended and that the enslaved were free;

Whereas African-Americans who had been slaves in the Southwest celebrated June 19, commonly known as “Juneteenth Independence Day”, as the anniversary of their emancipation;

Whereas African-Americans from the Southwest continue the tradition of celebrating Juneteenth Independence Day as inspiration and encouragement for future generations;

Whereas, for more than 140 years, Juneteenth Independence Day celebrations have been held to honor African-American freedom while encouraging self-development and respect for all cultures;

Whereas, although Juneteenth Independence Day is beginning to be recognized as a national, and even global, event, the history behind the celebration should not be forgotten; and

Whereas the faith and strength of character demonstrated by former slaves remains

an example for all people of the United States, regardless of background, religion, or race: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That—

(1) the Senate—

(A) recognizes the historical significance of Juneteenth Independence Day to the Nation;

(B) supports the continued celebration of Juneteenth Independence Day to provide an opportunity for the people of the United States to learn more about the past and to understand better the experiences that have shaped the Nation; and

(C) encourages the people of the United States to observe Juneteenth Independence Day with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and programs; and

(2) it is the sense of the Senate that—

(A) the celebration of the end of slavery is an important and enriching part of the history and heritage of the United States; and

(B) history should be regarded as a means for understanding the past and solving the challenges of the future.

#### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 4366. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4301 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4367. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4368. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4369. Mr. BAUCUS proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 4213, supra.

SA 4370. Mr. SPECTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4371. Mr. CASEY (for himself and Mr. BROWN of Ohio) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4369 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4372. Mr. KOHL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4369 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4373. Ms. SNOWE (for herself, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. ENSIGN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4369 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4374. Mr. KYL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4369 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4375. Mr. KOHL (for himself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. FRANKEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4369 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

#### TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 4366. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 4301 proposed by Mr. BAUCUS to the bill H.R. 4213, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and

for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title II, insert the following:

#### SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF GRANTS FOR SPECIFIED ENERGY PROPERTY IN LIEU OF TAX CREDITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1603 of division B of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “2009 or 2010” and inserting “2009, 2010, 2011, or 2012”, and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking “after 2010” and inserting “after 2012”, and

(B) by striking “2009 or 2010” and inserting “2009, 2010, 2011, or 2012”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (j) of section 1603 of division B of such Act is amended by striking “2011” and inserting “2013”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to property placed in service after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) USE OF STIMULUS FUNDS TO OFFSET SPENDING.—Notwithstanding section 5 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, from the amounts appropriated or made available and remaining unobligated under division A of such Act (other than under title X of such division A), the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall transfer from time to time to the general fund of the Treasury an amount equal to the net increase in spending resulting from the amendments made by this section. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall report to each congressional committee the amounts so rescinded within the jurisdiction of such committee.

SA 4367. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 4213, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend certain expiring provisions, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

#### TITLE VIII—ALASKA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT QUOTA PROGRAM

##### SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Western Alaska Community Development Organizations Tax Relief Act”.

##### SEC. 802. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) In 1990, Congress established a Joint Federal-State Commission on Policies and Programs Affecting Alaska Natives to investigate economic and social conditions in rural Alaska communities that are Native villages for the purposes of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act; the Commission reported very high unemployment and widespread poverty.

(2) In 1992, the United States Secretary of Commerce approved Amendment 18 to the Bering Sea and Aleutian Island (BSAI) Fishery Management Plan creating the Western Alaska Community Development Quota (CDQ) Program to promote the economic development of the 65 villages of the western Alaska region which were organized as six coalitions.

(3) In 1994, the Commission recommended to Congress that it amend the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act to codify the establishment of the CDQ Program and expand the program to include all commercial fisheries that are conducted in the Bering Sea-Aleutian Islands Management Area.