In that spirit, I come to the Senate floor to introduce a bill that I believe is a great way to start making those improvements. I thank Senators BEGICH and McCASKILL for working with me to develop a bill, and Senator Mikulski for her hard work and energy and support as well.

Our legislation is entitled "The TRICARE Dependent Coverage Extension Act." It would help fulfill this important goal of the health insurance reform that the Presiding Officer and I support; that is, giving young adults the opportunity to remain on their parents' health care plan until the age of 26.

Young adults across our country are struggling to enter the job market as we get our economy back on track, and this legislation will ensure that the families of our military servicemembers are not left behind when this benefit goes into effect later this year for millions of civilian families and their children.

Currently, the TRICARE Program, which provides health insurance for military servicemembers, retirees, and their families, covers children up to the age of 21, or in some cases up to the age of 23 if they are full-time college students.

The TRICARE Dependent Coverage Extension Act will give young adults of these military families who have not been able to find health care insurance through an employer the opportunity to pay a reasonable premium and remain covered until their 26th birthday on their parents' plan.

Health reform, I think we agree, is meant to ensure that all Americans have access to affordable health care coverage. I cannot think of any of our countrymen more deserving of the peace of mind envisioned by this new law than members of our Armed Forces and their families.

They, in countries all over the world, make tremendous sacrifices every day for our Nation. I think it is over 60 different countries that we have service-members serving around the world. They deserve benefits that will keep them healthy and secure.

In addition to the three Senators I mentioned, Begich, McCaskill, and Mikulski, there are 19 of our Democratic colleagues who have also joined in supporting this legislation. I think this outpouring of support on short notice is indicative of how beneficial the bill will be for the families of our armed servicemembers.

Now, we have had our disagreements with the other side of the aisle on how best to reform our health care system as a whole. But I think there are certain areas of common interest we can still find and come together on to improve the lives of the people we are here to serve. I think this is one of those instances, and I want to offer my hand to our Republican friends and hope they will join a group of us in co-

sponsoring this important piece of legislation.

I sit on the Armed Services Committee in the Senate, and I served on the Armed Services Committee in the House. I would like to think I learned how to spot a good deal for our Nation's soldiers and their families, and this is a good deal.

Again, I would encourage all 100 Senators to consider joining us in this important, straightforward, cost-efficient idea that I am presenting today.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

RESOLUTION SENATE 479-EX-PRESSING SYMPATHY FOR THE PEOPLE OF POLAND IN THE AFTERMATH OF THEDEV-ASTATING PLANE CRASH THAT KILLED THE COUNTRY'S PRESI-DENT, FIRST LADY, AND 94 OTHER HIGH RANKING GOVERN-MENT, MILITARY, AND CIVIC LEADERS ON APRIL 10, 2010

Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. JOHANNS, Mr. KERRY, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. Voinovich, Mr. Brown of Ohio, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. REID, Mr. McCONNELL, Mr. KYL, Mr. AKAKA, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. BAYH, Mr. BEGICH, Mr. BENNET, Mr. BENNETT, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. BOND, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. Brown of Massachusetts, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. BUNNING, Mr. BURR, Mr. Burris, Mr. Byrd, Ms. Cantwell, CARPER, Mr. CASEY, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. COBURN, Mr. COCHRAN, Ms. Collins, Mr. Conrad, Mr. Corker, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Demint, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Dorgan, Mr. Ensign, Mr. ENZI, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. Franken, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. GREGG, Mrs. Hagan, Mr. Harkin, Mr. Hatch. Mrs. Hutchison, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. INOUYE, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. JOHNSON, Mr. KAUFMAN, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. KOHL, Ms. Landrieu, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. LEMIEUX, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mrs. LINCOLN, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. McCain, Mrs. McCaskill, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. MERKLEY, Ms. MUR-KOWSKI, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. REED, Mr. RISCH, Mr. ROB-ERTS, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. Schumer, Mr. Sessions, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. SHELBY, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. SPECTER, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. TESTER, Mr. Thune, Mr. Udall of Colorado, Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, Mr. VITTER, Mr. WARNER, Mr. WEBB, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. WICKER, and Mr. WYDEN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 479

Whereas the United States and Poland are close allies, with a shared bond of history, friendship, and international cooperation;

Whereas Polish immigrants were among the first Jamestown settlers, and Casimir Pulaski immigrated to the United States to fight in the Revolutionary War; Whereas more than 9,000,000 Americans of Polish descent now reside in the United States, bringing vitality to major metropolitan areas such as Chicago, Detroit, and New York City:

Whereas Polish-Americans have been leaders in all walks of American life;

Whereas the American people stood in support of the Solidarity movement as it fought against the oppression of the communist government of Poland through peaceful means, eventually leading to Solidarity members being elected to office in open democratic elections held on June 4, 1989, events that helped spark the movement to democracy throughout eastern Europe;

Whereas Poland joined the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) in 1999, joined the European Union in 2004, and has contributed to United States and NATO operations in Iraq and Afghanistan;

Whereas Poland has enjoyed a thriving and prosperous free market democracy since the end of the Cold War;

Whereas the President of Poland Lech Kaczynski and 95 other people, including Poland's First Lady, the deputy foreign minister, dozens of members of Parliament, the chiefs of the army and navy, and the president of the national bank, were tragically killed in a plane crash in western Russia on April 10, 2010;

Whereas President Kaczynski and his colleagues were traveling to Katyn, Russia for a memorial service to mark the 70th anniversary of the Soviet secret police killing of more than 20,000 Polish officers, prisoners, and intellectuals who were captured after the Soviet Union invaded Poland in 1939:

Whereas Anna Walentynowicz, the former dock worker whose firing in 1980 sparked the Solidarity strike that ultimately overthrew the communist government of Poland, was also killed in the crash;

Whereas Ryszard Kaczorowski, who served as Poland's final president in exile before the country's return to democracy, also perished in the crash:

Whereas Chicago suffered the loss of a respected artist when Wojciech Seweryn, whose father was killed in Katyn, died in the crash:

Whereas Mr. Seweryn recently completed a memorial to the victims of Katyn at St. Adalbert Cemetery in Niles, Illinois, which President Kaczynski planned to visit in May:

Whereas President Barack Obama said, the "loss is devastating to Poland, to the United States, and to the world. President Kaczynski was a distinguished statesman who played a key role in the Solidarity movement, and he was widely admired in the United States as a leader dedicated to advancing freedom and human dignity.";

Whereas Former Solidarity leader and expresident Lech Walesa said, "Today, we lost part of our intellectual elite in a plane crash. It will take a long time until the wounds of our democracy are healed."; and

Whereas thousands of Poles gathered in the center of Warsaw and elsewhere around the world on Saturday to mourn those killed in the crash and affirm their continued solidarity with the people of Poland: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) expresses its deepest sympathies to the people of Poland and the families of those who perished for their profound loss;
- (2) expresses strong and continued solidarity with the people of Poland and Polish-American communities in the United States; and
- (3) expresses unwavering support for the Government of Poland as it works to address the loss of many key public officials.

SENATE RESOLUTION 480—CONDEMNING THE CONTINUED DETENTION OF BURMESE DEMOCRACY LEADER DAW AUNG SAN SUU KYI AND CALLING ON THE MILITARY REGIME IN BURMA TO PERMIT A CREDIBLE AND FAIR ELECTION PROCESS AND THE TRANSITION TO CIVILIAN, DEMOCRATIC RULE

Mr. GREGG (for himself, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Bennett, Mr. Brownback, Ms. Collins, Mr. Lieberman, and Mr. Leahy) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 480

Whereas the military regime in Burma, headed by General Than Shwe and the State Peace and Development Council, continues to persecute Burmese democracy leader Daw Aung San Suu Kyi and her supporters in the National League for Democracy, and ordinary citizens of Burma, including ethnic minorities, who publically and courageously speak out against the regime's many injustices:

Whereas Daw Aung San Suu Kyi has been imprisoned in Burma for 14 of the last 19 years and many members of the National League for Democracy have been similarly jailed, tortured, or killed;

Whereas the Constitution adopted in 2008 and the election laws recently promulgated effectively prohibit the National League for Democracy, Buddhist monks, ethnic minority leaders, and Daw Aung San Suu Kyi from participating in upcoming elections, and do not leave much opportunity for domestic dialogue among key stakeholders; and

Whereas the persecution of the people of Burma has continued even though the Department of State has pursued a policy of engagement with the military regime designed to secure the release of political prisoners, foster national reconciliation, and facilitate peaceful transition to civilian, democratic rule: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) condemns the continued detention of Burmese democracy leader Daw Aung San Suu Kyi and all prisoners of conscience in Burma, and calls for their immediate and unconditional release:

(2) calls on the military regime in Burma to engage in dialogue with the National League for Democracy and other opposition groups, as well as with ethnic minorities, to broaden political participation in an environment free from fear and intimidation:

(3) calls upon the Secretary of State to assess the effectiveness of the policy of engagement with the military regime in Burma in furthering United States interests, and to maintain, and consider strengthening, sanctions against Burma if the military regime continues its systematic violation of human rights and fails to embrace the democratic aspirations of the people of Burma;

(4) calls upon the Secretary of State to engage regional governments and multilateral organizations (including the People's Republic of China, the Association of Southeast Asian Nations, and the United Nations Security Council) to push for the establishment of an environment in Burma that encourages the full and unfettered participation of the people of Burma in a democratic transition to civilian rule; and

(5) calls on the Secretary of State to support the National League for Democracy and the people of Burma in calling for significant constitutional and election reforms by the military regime, which will broaden political participation, further democracy, account-

ability, and responsive governance, and improve human rights in Burma.

SENATE RESOLUTION 481—EX-PRESSING THE SENSE OF THE THATSENATE PUBLIC SERV-ANTS SHOULD BE COMMENDED THEIR DEDICATION AND CONTINUED PUBLIC SERVICE TO THE NATION DURING PUBLIC SERVICE RECOGNITION WEEK, MAY 3 THROUGH 9, 2010

Mr. AKAKA (for himself, Mr. VOINOVICH, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. CARPER, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mr. BURRIS, and Mr. KAUFMAN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs:

S. RES. 481

Whereas Public Service Recognition Week provides an opportunity to recognize and promote the important contributions of public servants and honor the diverse men and women who meet the needs of the Nation through work at all levels of government:

Whereas millions of individuals work in government service in every city, county, and State across America and in hundreds of cities abroad:

Whereas public service is a noble calling involving a variety of challenging and rewarding professions;

Whereas Federal, State, and local governments are responsive, innovative, and effective because of the outstanding work of public servants:

Whereas the United States of America is a great and prosperous Nation, and public service employees contribute significantly to that greatness and prosperity;

Whereas the Nation benefits daily from the knowledge and skills of these highly trained individuals;

Whereas public servants-

(1) defend our freedom and advance United States interests around the world;

(2) provide vital strategic support functions to our military and serve in the National Guard and Reserves;

(3) fight crime and fires;

- (4) ensure equal access to secure, efficient, and affordable mail service;
- (5) deliver Social Security and Medicare benefits:
- (6) fight disease and promote better health; (7) protect the environment and the Na-
- tion's parks;
 (8) enforce laws guaranteeing equal employment opportunity and healthy working
- conditions; (9) defend and secure critical infrastruc-
- ture; (10) help the Nation recover from natural
- disasters and terrorist attacks;
 (11) teach and work in our schools and li-
- (12) develop new technologies and explore the earth, moon, and space to help improve
- our understanding of how our world changes; (13) improve and secure our transportation systems:
 - (14) promote economic growth; and
- (15) assist our Nation's veterans;

Whereas members of the uniformed services and civilian employees at all levels of government make significant contributions to the general welfare of the United States, and are on the front lines in the fight against terrorism and in maintaining homeland security;

Whereas public servants work in a professional manner to build relationships with

other countries and cultures in order to better represent America's interests and promote American ideals;

Whereas public servants alert Congress and the public to government waste, fraud, abuse, and dangers to public health;

Whereas the men and women serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, as well as those skilled trade and craft Federal employees who provide support to their efforts, are committed to doing their jobs regardless of the circumstances, and contribute greatly to the security of the Nation and the world;

Whereas public servants have bravely fought in armed conflict in defense of this Nation and its ideals and deserve the care and benefits they have earned through their honorable service:

Whereas government workers have much to offer, as demonstrated by their expertise and innovative ideas, and serve as examples by passing on institutional knowledge to train the next generation of public servants;

Whereas May 3 through 9, 2010, has been designated Public Service Recognition Week to honor America's Federal, State, and local government employees; and

Whereas Public Service Recognition Week is celebrating its 26th anniversary through job fairs, student activities, and agency exhibits: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the Senate-

- (1) commends public servants for their outstanding contributions to this great Nation during Public Service Recognition Week and throughout the year:
- (2) salutes government employees for their unyielding dedication and spirit for public service:
- (3) honors those government employees who have given their lives in service to their country;
- (4) calls upon all generations to consider a career in public service; and
- (5) encourages efforts to promote public service careers at all levels of government.

Mr. AKAKA. Mr. President, today I rise to recognize America's public servants, who provide so many of the vital services upon which this nation relies. As the Chairman of the Senate Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs Subcommittee on Oversight of Government Management, the Federal Workforce, and the District of Columbia, I am pleased to once again introduce a resolution honoring these employees in celebration of Public Service Recognition Week.

Every day, Americans rely on our hardworking and talented government employees. Public servants deliver our mail, educate our children, care for our veterans, guard our prisons, protect our borders and communities, and defend our country and the principles of liberty and freedom that we hold dear. They influence the lives of people around the world as diplomats, promoting peace, prosperity, and democracy in conflicted regions, and providing critical assistance to developing and impoverished communities.

Just as President John F. Kennedy did in his 1961 inaugural address, President Obama has called on Americans to make a renewed commitment to public service. Public Service Recognition Week allows us not only to honor and celebrate the works of federal, state and local public employees, but also provides an opportunity for all Americans to explore the many possible careers in public service. Throughout the