meeting during the session of the Senate on March 17, 2010, at 3 p.m., in room 253 of the Russell Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON NATIONAL PARKS

Mr. ROCKEFELLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on National Parks be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 17, 2010 at 3:30 p.m., in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON STRATEGIC FORCES

Mr. ROCKEFELLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Strategic Forces of the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 17, 2010, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON AGING

Mr. ROCKEFELLER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Special Committee on Aging be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 17, 2010, at 2:30–5 p.m. in Dirksen 562 for the purpose of conducting a hearing.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CONGRATULATING KICY RADIO

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the consideration of S. Res. 459, which was submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A resolution (S. Res. 459) congratulating KICY Radio for 50 years of service to western Alaska and the Russian Far East.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 459) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 459

Whereas KICY Radio is owned and operated by the Arctic Broadcasting Association, a nonprofit affiliate of the Evangelical Covenant Church;

Whereas KICY Radio has been broadcasting since April 17, 1960, on an AM frequency of 850 kilohertz;

Whereas KICY Radio is primarily staffed by volunteers;

Whereas KICY Radio broadcasts from Nome, Alaska to more than 40 Alaska Native villages throughout the Seward Peninsula and Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta; Whereas KICY Radio serves the Chukotkan, Kamchatkan, and Siberian regions of the Russian Far East for 5 hours each day, 7 days each week, from 11 p.m. to 4 a.m.:

Whereas the signal strength of KICY Radio has expanded from 5,000 watts to 50,000 watts during the past 50 years;

Whereas 1 of the most popular KICY Radio programs over the 50-year history of the station is "Ptarmigan Telegraph," which allows listeners to send in brief messages to be read on the air for friends and relatives; and

Whereas, even today, when much of the region served by KICY Radio is connected by telephone, "Ptarmigan Telegraph" remains a vital means of connecting the people of western Alaska: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) congratulates KICY Radio for 50 years of service to western Alaska and the Russian Far East;

(2) recognizes the volunteer staff who have kept KICY Radio on the air for the past 50 years; and

(3) wishes the staff of KICY Radio well with the continued efforts of the staff to serve the people of western Alaska and the Russian Far East with culturally relevant programming.

RECOGNIZING THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE LONG TRAIL

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 460, submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 460) recognizing the importance of the Long Trail and the Green Mountain Club on the 100th anniversary of the Long Trail.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. LEAHY. Mr. President, I am pleased that the Senate will agree to this resolution commemorating the 100th anniversary of the Long Trail and the Green Mountain Club. In March 1910, James P. Taylor, a teacher from Vermont, fulfilled a dream held by many when he founded the Green Mountain Club, and created a long-distance trail to extend from Massachusetts to Canada.

Spanning over 273 miles, the Long Trail is the oldest long-distance hiking trail in the United States, and has survived many floods, hurricanes, and harsh Vermont winters. The Long Trail's scenic and varied landscapes, from the alpine peaks of Camel's Hump and Mount Mansfield, to quiet woodland trails and mountain streams, have delighted countless tourists who have visited the Green Mountain state. Several Senators, a Secretary of Agriculture, and even a President have all enjoyed the trail.

It is only through the hard work of the thousands of Green Mountain Club volunteers that the Long Trail has flourished and grown during the last century. The Green Mountain Club has resisted efforts to build highways or commercial developments that intersect with the Long Trail, and helped to maintain pristine Vermont forestland that we all love for future generations to enjoy. They have protected the habitat of many important woodland species, including the black bear, the moose, the bobcat, and migratory songbirds

I was pleased to secure funding to help the Green Mountain Club renovate their headquarters and visitors center in 2008 in anticipation of the centennial, so that Vermonters and tourists alike can enjoy Vermont's natural beauty for another 100 years. I join with all Vermonters, and the thousands of people from across the United States and around the world who have enjoyed the beauty of the Long Trail, in celebrating this centennial celebration.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motions to reconsider be laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate, and any statements related to the resolution be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 460) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 460

Whereas the Long Trail is the oldest longdistance hiking trail in the United States;

Whereas the Long Trail stretches over 273 miles, from the Massachusetts to Canadian borders, with approximately 175 miles of side trails and more than 65 shelters:

Whereas the Long Trail has achieved the dream of founder James Taylor of creating "a high highway, a mountain footpath over the skyline of Vermont";

Whereas the Green Mountain Club is the founder, sponsor, defender, and protector of the Long Trail;

Whereas the Green Mountain Club has delivered 100 years of conservation, community education, and outreach on local ecology;

Whereas the Long Trail has protected the habitat of many important species for future generations, including the black bear, the moose, the bobcat, and migratory songbirds;

Whereas the thousands of members and dedicated volunteers of the Green Mountain Club have worked to maintain, manage, and protect the Long Trail for the benefit of the people of the State of Vermont during the last century;

Whereas the Long Trail is a popular tourist destination for people from around the world, including Senators, a Secretary of Agriculture, and even a President;

Whereas the Long Trail allows the people of the State of Vermont and tourists to enjoy the Green Mountain State and all the beauty and history the State has to offer;

Whereas the Green Mountain Club has successfully conserved the entire corridor of the Long Trail, fought efforts to build highways or commercial developments that intersect with the Long Trail, and helped to maintain pristine Vermont forestland for future generations to enjoy; and

Whereas the Green Mountain Club has recognized members regardless of sex or race since the founding of the club: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate recognizes the 100th anniversary of the Long Trail of the

State of Vermont, the oldest long-distance hiking trail in the United States, and applauds the Green Mountain Club and the many volunteers of the Green Mountain Club for a century of service and for creating, protecting, and enjoying the Long Trail.

CONGRESSIONAL AWARD PROGRAM REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2009

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 317, S. 2865.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A bill (S. 2865) to reauthorize the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I further ask unanimous consent that the bill be read a third time and passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate, and that any statements related to this measure be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 2865) was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed, as follows:

S. 2865

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Congressional Award Program Reauthorization Act of 2009"

SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL AWARD PROGRAM.

- (a) IMPLEMENTATION AND PRESENTATION.— Section 102 of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 802) is amended—
- (1) in the matter following subsection (b)(5), by striking "under paragraph (3)"; and (2) in subsection (c), in the second sen-

(2) In subsection (c), in the second sentence, by striking "during" and inserting "in

connection with"

- (b) TERMS OF APPOINTMENT AND REAPPOINTMENTS.—Section 103 of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 803) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:
- lowing:
 "(b) Terms of Appointed Members; ReAppointment.—
- "(1) Appointed members of the Board shall continue to serve at the pleasure of the officer by whom they are appointed, and (unless reappointed under paragraph (2)) shall serve for a term of 4 years.
- "(2)(A) Subject to the limitations in subparagraph (B), members of the Board may be reappointed, except that no member may serve more than 2 full consecutive terms. Members may be reappointed to 2 full consecutive terms after being appointed to fill a vacancy on the Board.
- "(B) Members of the Board shall not be subject to the limitation on reappointment in subparagraph (A) during their period of service as Chairman of the Board and may be reappointed to an additional full term after termination of such Chairmanship.
- "(3)(A) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) or (2), the term of each member of the Board shall begin on October 1 of the even numbered year which would otherwise apply with one-half of the Board positions having terms which begin in each even numbered year.

- "(B) Subparagraph (A) shall apply to appointments made to the Board on or after the date of enactment of the Congressional Award Program Reauthorization Act of 2009."
- (c) REQUIREMENTS REGARDING FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.—Section 104(c) of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 804(c)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), in the third sentence, by striking ", in any calendar year," and inserting "in any fiscal year"; and
- (2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following
- "(2)(A) The Comptroller General of the United States shall determine for each fiscal year whether the Director has substantially complied with paragraph (1). The findings made by the Comptroller General under the preceding sentence shall be included in the reports submitted under section 107(b).
- "(B) If the Director fails to substantially comply with paragraph (1), the Board shall instruct the Director to take such actions as may be necessary to correct such deficiencies, and shall remove and replace the Director if such deficiencies are not promptly corrected."
- (d) Funding and Expenditures.—Section 106(a) of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 806(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
- "(1) the Board shall carry out its functions and make expenditures with—
- "(A) such resources as are available to the Board from sources other than the Federal Government; and
- "(B) funds awarded in any grant program administered by a Federal agency in accordance with the law establishing that grant program.".
- (e) STATEWIDE CONGRESSIONAL AWARD COUNCILS.—Section 106(c) of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 806(c)) is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:
- "(4) Each Statewide Council established under this section may receive contributions, and use such contributions for the purposes of the Program. The Board shall adopt appropriate financial management methods in order to ensure the proper accounting of these funds. Each Statewide Council shall comply with subsections (a), (d), (e), and (h) governing the Board."
- (f) CONTRACTING AND USE OF FUNDS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS.—Section 106 of the Congressional Award Act (2. U.S.C. 806) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (d), by inserting "to be" after "expenditure is"; and
- (2) in subsection (e)(1)(A), by inserting "or for scholarships" after "local program".
- (g) NONPROFIT CORPORATION.—Section 106 of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 806) is amended by striking subsection (i) and inserting the following:
- "(i)(1) The Board shall provide for the incorporation of a nonprofit corporation to be known as the Congressional Award Foundation (together with any subsidiary nonprofit corporations determined desirable by the Board, collectively referred to in this title as the 'Corporation') for the sole purpose of assisting the Board to carry out the Congressional Award Program, and shall delegate to the Corporation such duties as it considers appropriate, including the employment of personnel, expenditure of funds, and the incurrence of financial or other contractual obligations.
- "(2) The articles of incorporation of the Congressional Award Foundation shall provide that—
- "(A) the members of the Board of Directors of the Foundation shall be the members of the Board, with up to 24 additional voting members appointed by the Board, and the Director who shall serve as a nonvoting member; and

- "(B) the extent of the authority of the Foundation shall be the same as that of the Board.
- "(3) No director, officer, or employee of any corporation established under this subsection may receive compensation, travel expenses, or benefits from both the Corporation and the Board."
 - (h) TERMINATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 108 of the Congressional Award Act (2 U.S.C. 808) is amended by striking "October 1, 2009" and inserting "October 1, 2013".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection shall take effect as of October 1, 2009.

FAIR SENTENCING ACT OF 2009

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, prior to making the next unanimous consent request, I wish to make a statement on the RECORD relative to the bill that I will be asking for unanimous consent on. It is S. 1789.

This bill is known as the Fair Sentencing Act. It is bipartisan legislation which has cleared both sides. At the conclusion of my remarks, I will, of course, ask for unanimous consent, but will ask permission, if possible, that the statement of Senator Sessions be printed in the Record. I don't know if he will be able to make it this evening, but if not, we will do our best to accommodate him.

The Fair Sentencing Act would reduce the sentencing disparity between crack and powder cocaine and increase penalties for serious drug offenders. Crack and powder cocaine have a devastating effect on families in America. and tough anti-cocaine legislation is definitely needed, but the law must also be fair. Current law is based on an unjustified distinction between crack and powder cocaine. Simply possessing five grams of crack—the equivalent of five tiny packets of sugar that you find in restaurants-carries the same sentence as selling 500 grams of powder cocaine. That is 500 packets of sugar. Five packets for crack; 500 packets for powder, the same sentence. This is known as the 100-to-1 disparity.

I can remember as a Member of the House of Representatives when we enacted this legislation. Crack cocaine had just appeared on the scene and it scared us, because it was cheap and it was addictive. We thought it was more dangerous than many narcotics and left the legacy of crack babies and broken lives. In our response to this terrible new narcotic at the time, we enacted this sentencing disparity, saying that 5 five grams of crack cocaine would lead to the same sentence as 500 grams of powder cocaine. What it has meant is that, unfortunately, in the years that followed, we have seen people sent to prison for extended periods of time for possessing—merely possessing—the smallest amount of crack.

Disproportionately, African Americans who are addicted use crack cocaine. The use of powder cocaine is spread across the population among Whites, Hispanics, and others. So the net result of this was that the heavy