took him, he continued to run the century-old farm near Maquoketa. Cattlemen across Iowa and the country knew few supporters who fought for their interests more than Wythe. As president of both the Iowa Cattlemen's Association and the National Cattlemen's Beef Association he was, in that position, tireless in his advocacy to give Iowa beef producers an opportunity to benefit from the market.

I have a lot of good memories of Wythe, including how he stole the tax counsel from my Washington office and ended up marrying her. They did not think I knew much about it, but I remember when Susan started spending more and more time in Iowa. Wythe and Susan were one of the first of several Grassley office romances and set a precedent for years to come.

One last memory I will never forget is when I learned he was supporting my candidacy for the U.S. Senate in 1980. At that time, Wythe worked for the Governor who had backed my opponent in the primary. I can never thank him enough for his trust in me, especially when it was not an easy thing to do because of his closeness to the Governor at that time.

Wythe remained a loyal friend and trusted adviser up to his death, and for that I am forever thankful.

TRIBUTES OF RETIRING SENATORS

BOB BENNETT

Mr. BUNNING. Mr. President, today I pay tribute to my distinguished colleague from Utah, Senator ROBERT BENNETT, who will be retiring from the Senate at the end of the 111th Congress.

I have worked with BOB since coming over to the Senate in 1998. I have also had the privilege of serving on the Senate Energy and Banking Committees with BOB. In fact, we sat next to each other for years in the Banking Committee.

He is a man of integrity and devotion. As a young man, he worked as a staffer on Capitol Hill and moved on to become a successful entrepreneur in Washington, DC. In 1992, he followed in his father's footsteps and was elected to the U.S. Senate. Over the course of his three consecutive terms in the Senate, BoB has fought hard for our shared conservative values of fiscal discipline, securing our borders, and energy independence.

BOB has served the people of Utah proudly as their Senator. His leadership on the Banking Committee and in the Senate will be missed.

I am honored to know him and to have worked with him. I would like to thank BoB for his contributions to the Senate and to the country we both love. I wish him and his family the best in all of their future endeavors.

KIT BONI

Mr. President, I wish to join my fellow Senators to honor a colleague and a friend, Senator Christopher Samuel "Kit" Bond, who, like me, will be retiring from the Senate at the close of this Congress.

I have had the privilege of working with Senator BOND on a variety of issues in the Senate for over a decade. He is an advocate of our Nation's military, infrastructure and energy needs, and intelligence community. The two of us have stood together on numerous issues—most notably advancing coal technology and maintaining a strong national defense.

Representing Missouri, home to major military bases and installations, Senator BOND has been instrumental to ensure that all citizens who are a part of our armed services-including servicemembers, family members, and survivors of veterans—are provided the world-class care and benefits they have earned. Additionally, whether the items of the day were funding for our Armed Forces and intelligence communities or improving U.S. relations among the international community, Senator BOND brought a voice of wisdom and reason to the Senate and governing bodies worldwide.

The Senate will not be the same without Senator KIT BOND. In a time when America has needed leadership in the Senate to address threats from conventional and unconventional means, Senator KIT BOND has continued to rise to the occasion by giving those who defend us the critical tools needed to prepare and protect our nation. I will miss my friend KIT BOND.

SAM BROWNBACK

Mr. President, I rise today to honor my friend from Kansas, Senator SAM BROWNBACK.

Born in Parker, KS, SAM has dedicated his time to serving the great people of Kansas. Beginning his service as the secretary of agriculture in Kansas, SAM has represented Kansas with dignity and honor.

Following his election in 1994, I have had the opportunity to work with Senator Brownback in both the House of Representatives and the Senate. While in the Senate, SAM and I worked tirelessly on the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources to utilize the energy resources we have in this great country.

SAM has created a long list of accomplishments on a wide range of issues for the people of Kansas and this Nation. I know his family and the people of Kansas are proud to call him one of their own. His leadership in the Senate will be missed, but our loss is a gain for the State of Kansas as SAM prepares for his new role as Governor. It has truly been an honor serving with him during these many years.

I would like to thank SAM for his contributions to the Senate and wish him and his family well as they embark on this new chapter in their lives.

 ${\tt JUDD~GREGG}$

Mr. President, I wish to honor my colleague from New Hampshire, Senator GREGG, who is retiring from the

U.S. Senate after serving 18 years in this Chamber and serving 8 years in the U.S. House of Representatives.

Born and bred in New Hampshire, JUDD has dedicated his life to public service. Judd served on the Executive Council of New Hampshire in 1978 before running for national office. In 1980, he was elected to the U.S. House of Representatives and was elected to three additional terms before returning to New Hampshire. In 1988, JUDD became the Governor of New Hampshire, a seat formerly held by his father Hugh. During his two terms as Governor, Judd managed to balance the State's budget and left Concord with a surplus. Following his tenure as Governor, Judd returned to Washington in 1993 and has represented New Hampshire in the Senate ever since.

While working in the Senate, I have had the opportunity to serve with JUDD on the Banking Committee and the Budget Committee, where he currently serves as the ranking member. I have respect for the manner in which JUDD has conducted himself in the role of ranking member and the Republican leader on the Budget Committee. I also admire the fact that he always keeps our national deficit in mind when making touch decisions, whether or not these decisions are going to be popular.

JUDD has a long list of accomplishments to show for the people of New Hampshire and the United States. His leadership in the Senate will be missed, and it has truly been an honor serving with him.

I would like to thank JUDD for his contributions to the Senate and wish him well as he closes a chapter in his life and begins another.

GEORGE VOINOVICH

Mr. President, I rise to pay tribute to my friend and colleague, Senator George Voinovich. Over the past 12 years I have had the opportunity to work with Senator Voinovich on many issues that impact our adjoining States and this Nation. While working with Senator Voinovich, I gained respect for his firm commitment to his principles.

Prior to our time together in the Senate, I only knew of Senator Voinovich through his reputation as mayor of Cleveland and Governor of Ohio. In these positions, he cut spending, fought corruption, and created jobs. These experiences taught Senator Voinovich how to make tough decisions, and he never lost that quality here in the Senate.

Senator Voinovich also never forgot his roots. As a child of Yugoslavian parents, the Senator never lost interest in the Balkans, and through his work on the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, he made sure that this region was not forgotten by the U.S. Government. I also worked closely with him on Department of Energy issues because Ohio and Kentucky have neighboring DOE uranium sites.

Although Senator VOINOVICH accomplished many things in his life, his greatest achievement has been as a father and husband. GEORGE and his wife

Janet have been married for over 47 years. I wish him nothing but the best as he embarks on a new chapter in his life.

GEORGE LEMIEUX

Mr. President, today I would like to honor my distinguished colleague from Florida, Senator GEORGE LEMIEUX, who will be retiring from the Senate at the end of the 111th Congress.

GEORGE has humbly served the people of Florida for many years as deputy attorney general, chief of staff to the Governor, and most recently as a Member of the U.S. Senate. While his time in the Senate might have been short, his list of accomplishments is not. George has proven to be a principled leader that is unafraid to tackle the difficult issues facing our Nation. He has offered thoughtful and proactive solutions to problems that many would rather defer to a future Congress and a future generation. The people of Florida should be proud to have been represented by a man of such dedication and character.

I am honored to know GEORGE and to have worked with him. I would like to thank him for his contributions to the Senate and wish him and his family the best in all of their future endeavors.

EVAN BAYH

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I rise today to offer some remarks on the departure of my friend, the junior Senator from Indiana. Senator EVAN BAYH has served the good people of his State for two full terms and will be leaving the Senate at the end of this session. He will most certainly be missed.

Senator BAYH was born in Shirkieville, IN, in 1955. He is, of course, the son of the distinguished Senator Birch Bayh, who served in this Chamber for 18 years. EVAN attended college at Indiana University, where he graduated with honors. He received his law degree from the University of Virginia. After graduating from law school and serving a year as a clerk to a Federal judge, EVAN returned to Indiana to go into private law practice.

Senator Bayh's career in public service began in 1986, when he was elected to serve as Indiana's secretary of State. He held that position for 2 years before he was elected Governor of Indiana in 1988.

As Governor, Senator Bayh earned a reputation as a fiscal conservative and a voice of moderation. He was able to work with members of both parties to achieve the best results for the people of Indiana. During his tenure, taxes in Indiana remained low, while the State enjoyed multiple budget surpluses. He also had great successes in areas such as education, crime, and job creation. Indeed, he was a very effective Governor throughout his two terms in office

Two years after completing his second term, EVAN was elected to serve in the same Senate seat held by his father. And, he brought with him the reputation and skills that had made him such a successful Governor.

As Indiana's Senator, Senator BAYH has demonstrated that one can be a proud member of their party and still find ways to work with the other side. No one can doubt that EVAN is a Democrat. He comes from a family of Democrats and I think his credentials as a supporter of his party's agenda are bevond dispute. However, he has often been looked to as a deal-maker here in the Senate. Senator BAYH has demonstrated sound judgment and strong leadership throughout his career in public service. That, coupled with his willingness to reach across the aisle and find common ground, has made his one of the most respected voices in the U.S. Senate.

Earlier this year, Senator BAYH announced his retirement. As he explained his decision not to run for reelection, said the following:

For some time, I have had a growing conviction that Congress is not operating as it should. There is too much partisanship and not enough progress—too much narrow ideology and not enough practical problemsolving. Even at a time of enormous challenge, the peoples' business is not being done.

In a lot of ways, I agree with Senator BAYH's assessment of Congress. Too often, the peoples' business gets set aside in favor of politics and partisan agendas. While I think we all hope that things will get better in the future, one thing is certain: we need more people like EVAN BAYH in both parties.

I am certain that Senator BAYH will be successful in whatever endeavor he chooses. But, while I am sure he doesn't need it, I want to wish him and his family the very best of luck.

RUSS FEINGOLD

Mr. President, I rise today to offer some remarks on the departure of my friend, the junior Senator from Wisconsin. Senator RUSS FEINGOLD, the fierce and independent Democrat who has served the good people of his State for 18 years, will be departing at the end of this session. He will certainly be missed.

Senator FEINGOLD was born in 1953 in Janesville, WI. He received his bachelor's degree from the University of Wisconsin and then went to University of Oxford on a Rhodes Scholarship. After returning to the U.S., he attended and graduated from Harvard Law School and then went back to Wisconsin to begin a career as a lawyer in private practice.

While Russ was a long-time political activist, having volunteered and worked on a number of election campaigns, he began his career in public service in 1982 when he was elected to serve the first of two terms in the Wisconsin State Senate. Ten years later, he was elected to serve in the U.S. Senate, and he has been here ever since.

I don't think it is any secret that RUSS and I tend to disagree on most issues. But, I have always admired his commitment to his principles and his devotion to his beliefs. Now, I may give Democrats a hard time every now and then with my criticism, particularly when I find myself at odds with their agenda. But, I have never been able to fault Senator FEINGOLD personally because I believe he is principled public servant who is simply trying to do what he believes is best for the country. He has been willing to do so even when it has been unpopular or when the majority of his own party was moving in a different direction.

Russ has a reputation for being contrarian at times. To be honest, I think he is probably proud of that fact. While he has certainly earned that reputation, I have always believed his actions and his positions—including those I have strongly disagreed with—have been rooted in his sincerely held beliefs.

Throughout his time in the Senate, Senator FEINGOLD has been a fierce, articulate, and effective advocate for his ideals. While he and I have rarely been in agreement, he has always had my respect and admiration. I want to wish him the best of luck in any future endeavors.

CHRISTOPHER DODD

Mr. President, I rise today to offer some remarks on the departure of my good friend, the senior Senator from Connecticut. After five terms and 30 years in the Senate, Senator CHRISTOPHER DODD will be leaving us at the end of this session. He will most certainly be missed.

CHRIS was born in Willimantic, CT, in 1944. He was the fifth of six children born to his parents, Grace Mary Dodd and another Connecticut Senator, Thomas J. Dodd. Senator Dodd graduated from Providence College and then spent 2 years in the Peace Corps. When he returned to the U.S., he enlisted in the Army National Guard and later served in the U.S. Army Reserves. After graduating from the University of Louisville School of Law in 1972, CHRIS practiced law in New London. However, just 2 years later, he would answer the call to public service. CHRIS was elected to the House of Representatives in 1974 and has represented the good people of Connecticut in Congress ever since. All told, Senator Dodd spent three terms in the House before coming to the Senate in 1980.

Throughout his time in the Senate, CHRIS has been an unwavering presence. He's chaired the Rules Committee and the Banking Committee. He has been among the most prominent members of the HELP and Foreign Relations Committees. Over the years, our paths have crossed numerous times. Of course, most of the time, we have been on opposing sides. But, there have been a few times—some significant times—where we have been able to put our differences aside and work together.

Most recently, I worked with Senator DODD on passing the Edward M. Kennedy Serve America. CHRIS talks often of his service of the Peace Corps and the lessons he learned during that time. As a Senator, has been a tireless

advocate for the Peace Corps program and for volunteerism in general. In that regard, he and I have much in common. As a young man, I served a full-time mission for the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. I too learned much about the benefits of selfless, volunteer service while serving as a missionary and those 2 years were instrumental in my understanding of the world and instilled me with a desire to serve and help others. The Serve America Act was meant to embody these ideals and provide similar opportunities for others. It could have very easily been a purely Democratic endeavor. But, in the end, we were able to work together in drafting and passing this legislation. With CHRIS's help, the Serve America Act became one of very few bills passed during this Congress with a broad, bipartisan majority here in the Senate. It was, in my opinion, a piece of legislation that represents the best of what both parties have to offer. Fittingly, we named the bill after CHRIS and my mutual friend, the late Senator Ted Kennedy.

I want to wish Senator Dodd and his wife Jackie the very best of luck going forward

FOOD SAFETY MODERNIZATION ACT

Ms. KLOBUCHAR. Mr. President, I am here to recognize today's achievement of the passage of the landmark bipartisan Food Safety Modernization Act out of the Senate.

The first responsibility of government is to protect its citizens. Ensuring a rapid response to outbreaks of contaminated food is critical to maintaining public trust in our food supply. This bill will make necessary changes to help keep consumers safe, and I look forward to passage in the House and the bill being signed into law.

This food safety legislation is going to be a tremendous benefit to our Nation, and to protecting our citizens from foodborne illnesses, as well as potential acts of terrorism aimed at our food supply. I urge the Food and Drug Administration, FDA, to work very closely with the business community in the rulemaking process to be sure that we are not adding additional regulations that may already be covered and regulated under other areas, such as the Food and Drug Cosmetic Act and the Bioterrorism Act.

I want to thank my colleagues for their efforts to make this legislation strong, and to protect the American people while balancing the legitimate concerns that businesses have that do not over reach or over legislate in this bill. The rulemaking process must not be duplicative or attempt to regulate areas that already protect public safety in other areas of law, statute and regulation. It is my hope that the FDA will be practical in applying this legislation to manufacturers of ingredients such as food processing aids, and will direct their resources where the real

food safety dangers occur and are occurring. The use of indirect food additives and processing aids have not been determined to be the source of food borne illness outbreaks and I believe it is important that the FDA continue to focus its scarce resources on the key elements that this legislation hopes to address in the Food Safety area.

ELDERLY HOUSING

Mr. KOHL. Mr. President, I rise today to praise the passage of S. 118, the section 202 Supportive Housing for the Elderly Act. Earlier this Congress, Senator Schumer and I introduced S. 118 to modernize and improve section 202 housing for seniors across the country. This piece of legislation will help ensure that seniors have accessible, safe and affordable housing so they can live independently and with dignity, while also saving the government money by keeping people out of expensive nursing homes.

HUD's senior housing program, also known as the section 202 program, provides capital grants to enable the development of supportive housing exclusively for the very low-income elderly population. Unfortunately, the 202 program has been unable to address the growing demand. For every available unit, there are ten seniors waiting to move in. Under the current law, the development and preservation of existing 202 communities can be time-consuming, bureaucratic and often require duplicative waivers and special permission from HUD to complete.

Additionally, the program provides rental subsidies and grants to fund supportive services for seniors, such as inhome care and transportation. Over one-third of the section 202 population is considered disabled enough to be at risk for being put in a nursing home. By reducing the need for costly nursing home stays, access to these types of services saves both seniors and the government money.

Modernizing the elderly housing program will promote the preservation and renovation of existing 202 developments. Many properties are in need of both rehabilitation and increased access to services that help seniors to remain in their homes. This legislation will help provide the modernization they desperately need.

I want to thank the American Association of Homes and Services for the Aging as well as the Wisconsin Association of Homes and Services for the Aging for being champions of this legislation and for working with us to develop a comprehensive bill that will help meet the growing need for senior housing in this Nation.

I also want to thank Senator Dodd and his staff for all of his efforts to move this legislation. He has always been great to work with and he will be greatly missed next year. And I want to extend my appreciation to Senator SHELBY and his staff for working with us on this bill.

Senior citizens deserve to have housing that will help them maintain their independence. It is my hope that with the passage of S. 118, many more Americans have a place to call home during their golden years.

TRIBUTE TO DR. JANE GOODALL

Mr. UDALL of New Mexico. Mr. President, in July I introduced S. Res. 581, a resolution honoring the educational and scientific significance of Dr. Jane Goodall on the 50th anniversary of the beginning of her work in what is today Gombe Stream National Park in Tanzania. I would like to urge my colleagues to support this resolution, which also has a companion bill that was passed with unanimous support in the House of Representatives on July 28 of this year; and I would like to have printed in the RECORD the article printed in the October 2010 edition of National Geographic. The article, entitled "Fifty Years at Gombe," describes Dr. Goodall's lifetime of dedication and contribution to our understanding of chimpanzees and the natural world, as well as her unique and heroic personality. As described in the article, Dr. Goodall "made three observations that rattled the comfortable wisdoms of physical anthropology: meat eating by chimps—that had been presumed vegetarian—tool use by chimps—in the form of plant stems probed into termite mounds—and toolmaking—stripping leaves from stems-supposedly a unique trait of human premeditation. Each of those discoveries further narrowed the perceived gap of intelligence and culture between Homo sapiens and Pan troglodytes."

As a leading researcher, conservationist, and humanitarian, Dr. Goodall has made remarkable contributions to our understanding of the species with whom we live. She has led by example in efforts to ensure that these species continue to thrive and to ensure that surrounding communities are also able to thrive.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the article to which I referred.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

 $\begin{array}{c} \hbox{[From National Geographic Magazine, Oct.} \\ 2010 \\] \end{array}$

FIFTY YEARS AT GOMBE (By David Quammen)

In 1960 a spirited animal lover with no scientific training set up camp in Tanganyika's Gombe Stream Game Reserve to observe chimpanzees. Today Jane Goodall's name is synonymous with the protection of a beloved species. At Gombe—one of the longest, most detailed studies of any wild animal—revelations about chimps keep coming.

Most of us don't enter upon our life's destiny at any neatly discernible time. Jane Goodall did.

On the morning of July 14, 1960, she stepped onto a pebble beach along a remote stretch of the east shore of Lake Tanganyika. It was her first arrival at what was then called the Gombe Stream Game Reserve, a small protected area that had been