It has sometimes appeared that the efforts in Afghanistan have trudged along, with success measured in part by the areas in which we have gained some measure of control versus the price paid in human lives both civilian and military. The casualties suffered aren't just numbers to me; each name, each face, represents a family who is paying the ultimate price, the loss of a son or daughter, brother or sister, father or mother; a family that will never be the same. Therefore, I wholeheartedly support the formation of an Afghanistan/Pakistan Study Group in the hope that it will help to turn the tide of this war and lessen the number of casualties as well.

I, too, have a deep respect and confidence in Gen. Petraeus and would not want my comments to be construed as being critical of the leadership of our military. I have no formal training in political science or history so please accept these comments as simply the perspective of an American mother with children glad to serve our country.

God bless you and give you wisdom as you serve in the leadership of our country.

Sincerely,

\sqcap 1040

FISCAL SOLUTIONS AND ECONOMIC RECOVERY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. BLUMENAUER) for 5 minutes.

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, the political parties are missing an opportunity to deal with both the discontent and the fundamental causes we see in the political process today. You don't have to identify with the tea party to be frustrated with the tax system. It is incomprehensible, expensive, unfair, and unsustainable. People of all parties and philosophies understand that the long-term debt of the United States and the fiscal practices that drive it are heading for a train wreck.

The answer is not to ignore real problems, change the subject, or make it worse. A tax discussion should, frankly, address why the system is incomprehensible, the lack of certainty, how it doesn't pay for what America needs, and how we spend through tax breaks about what we collect overall.

There are real problems that we should be zeroing in on, like the alternative minimum tax. It was a millionaire's tax some 40 years ago that now threatens 30 million American families, not the billionaires. They won't pay it at all. It will be the near rich and the middle class. It was a system that was actually made worse the way the Bush tax cuts were structured.

We should deal with the corporate tax. Yes, it is the second highest stated rate in the world, but few companies pay the full amount because of a Swiss cheese of exemptions and special provisions. It actually penalizes people who manufacture here in the United States.

I would suggest that, if we can borrow trillions of dollars for tax changes, shouldn't the trillions be used to fix the broken system and not to push problems ahead a couple of years?

Instead, the debate is largely about extending \$3.5 trillion in expiring Bush tax cuts or maybe about only extending \$2.8 trillion, not to mention the cost of borrowing that money from the Chinese, the Europeans, or the Japanese. Missing in the debate is how much of that we can afford at all, not just the borrowed money and the deficit, but the lost opportunity to get the tax system right.

Yet it is not just about taxation. We must also look at the expending side of the equation, which is widely acknowledged. Our defense budget can be reduced and redirected. There are hints of this in the Obama administration, but we can do far more. We cannot continue to spend above the rate of inflation, not counting the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq, while we spend billions of dollars to protect West Germany from the Soviet Union, neither of which exists anymore.

We lavish agricultural subsidies on the richest agribusiness, but it doesn't help most farmers or ranchers. We can help far more for far less.

There is the bottomless pit in the name of homeland security. Dana Priest's brilliant writing in The Washington Post pointed out: It is out-of-control spending, layer upon layer of activities, that doesn't make us any safer. Perhaps we may be less safe with all the expenditure.

There are some on the other side of the aisle who talk about eliminating health care reform. No. We should actually accelerate the reforms that are in the health care bill so that they won't just save money but will actually improve health care. We can invest in value over volume. We must not ignore why the long-term picture is such a problem and certainly we don't want to make it worse.

Many tea party sympathizers and Jon Stewart fans could agree on this path forward. It would be nice, instead of campaign documents that get people past an election but that don't solve a problem, to work on areas of agreement with the public which start us on a path to fiscal solutions and economic recovery.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until noon today.

Accordingly (at 10 o'clock and 45 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess until noon.

 \sqcap 1200

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker protempore (Mr. Cuellar) at noon.

PRAYER

Reverend Roy Bennett, Calvary Assembly of God Church, Jefferson City, Missouri, offered the following prayer:

Our Heavenly Father, we come to You today, asking Your divine blessing upon this House of Representatives. As they are called upon to make many decisions, we ask for Your divine direction for not only this House, but for our President and all others that are called upon to lead this great Nation.

Lord, help them to remember we are not great because of our vast resources or our manufacturing abilities, but because our forefathers believed when Your word said, "Blessed is the Nation whose God is the Lord." And as they looked to You, Lord, You led them, and Your blessing was upon this great land.

But today, Lord, we need Your divine direction and blessing to be upon this Nation more than ever. And now, Lord, let Your blessings be upon each one of these men and women that are leaders today. This we pray in Jesus' name.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. SKELTON) come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. SKELTON led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed a bill of the following title in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 3847. An act to implement certain defense trade cooperation treaties, and for other purposes.

WELCOMING REVEREND ROY BENNETT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. SKELTON) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to personally welcome to the House our guest chaplain, Pastor Roy Bennett of Missouri. His son David is accompanying him in the gallery. A native of the Show-Me State, Pastor Bennett was raised on a farm in southeast Missouri, and attended high school in Zalma. Moving with his family to St. Louis following high school, he attended Brooks Bible Institute, and was ordained in the Assemblies of God. Excelling in his ministry, Pastor Bennett would go on to serve congregations in the communities of Marble Hill, Potosi, Salem, and Versailles.

For the past 7 years, Pastor Bennett has grown a vibrant congregation at the First Assembly of God Church in Jefferson City, Missouri, where he currently serves as senior pastor. As his 50 years of service throughout rural Missouri demonstrate, Pastor Bennett has been an invaluable leader for several communities throughout our State.

I join my colleagues in welcoming Pastor Bennett to the U.S. House of Representatives, and we thank his son, David, who is with him today—one of his two sons. David is a former member of the Armed Services.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Office of the Clerk,} \\ \textit{Washington, DC, September 24, 2010.} \end{array}$

Hon. NANCY PELOSI, Speaker, House of Representatives,

Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on September 24, 2010 at 12:43 p.m.:

That the Senate passed S. 3839.

That the Senate passed S. 3196.

That the Senate passed without amendment H.R. 6190.

Appointments: (3).

State and Local Law Enforcement Congressional Badge of Bravery Board.

Federal Law Enforcement Congressional Badge of Bravery Board.

Public Safety Officer Medal of Valor Review Board.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

LORRAINE C. MILLER.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,

Washington, DC, September 28, 2010.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,

 $Speaker,\,House\,\,of\,\,Representatives,$

Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following mes-

sage from the Secretary of the Senate on September 28, 2010 at 10:00 a.m.:

That the Senate passed with an amendment H.R. 553.

That the Senate passed without amendment H.R. 3553.

That the Senate passed without amendment $\rm H.R.~3808.$

That the Senate passed without amendment H.R. 2923.

That the Senate passed with amendments

H.R. 946.
That the Senate passed with amendments

H.R. 2092.
That the Senate concur in House amendment to the text of the bill with an amendment; Senate agrees to the House amend-

ment to the title of the bill. S. 1510.

That the Senate concur in House amendments to the text and title of the bill. S.

That the Senate passed with an amendment H.R. 2701.

That the Senate passed S. 1338. That the Senate passed S. 3802.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

LORRAINE C. MILLER.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 4 of rule I, the following enrolled bills were signed by the Speaker on Friday, September 24, 2010:

S. 1674, to provide for an exclusion under the Supplemental Security Income program and the Medicaid program for compensation provided to individuals who participate in clinical trials for rare diseases or conditions;

S. 3717, to amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Investment Company Act of 1940, and the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 to provide for certain disclosures under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, (commonly referred to as the Freedom of Information Act), and for other purposes;

S. 3814, to extend the National Flood Insurance Program until September 30, 2011.

SENATOR PAUL SIMON WATER FOR THE WORLD ACT KEY FACTS

(Mr. BLUMENAUER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, almost 1 billion people lack access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation. Sick children miss 300 million school days a year from waterborne illness. And it kills 5,000 children every day. Our Water for the World Act emphasizes building sustainable expertise in these troubled countries. Their version of the Water for the World bill passed out of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee unanimously, and it passed the full Senate unanimously. Our House version has over 80 bipartisan cosponsors. This legislation does not provide new money, but helps us focus existing resources much more effectively to save lives.

I hope that our leadership on both sides of the aisle will schedule and support this important legislation, a symbol that we can work together while we help poor people around the globe.

WHERE IS THE TAX POLICY?

(Mr. BURGESS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURGESS. Mr. Speaker, as you know, we're back in town for a 1- or 2day workweek. But where is the tax policy that this country so desperately needs to know? People are waiting. We heard it all the month of August while we were home in our districts. End-ofthe-year tax planning; businesses making hiring decisions; employee pay raises; and yes, people doing estate planning-no one can move because this Congress has yet to act on extension of tax policy. We're all on hold until next year. Now the Internal Revenue Service cannot even begin to print the forms that it will send out for people who want to be in compliance with our tax laws-forms that Americans will need to be and be expected to fill out in January are not yet being printed.

Now, Mr. Speaker, Madam Speaker, we worked late when it suited your purpose. Cap-and-trade, may I remind you, was passed in this House late on a Friday night. The first version of health care passed this House in November, late on a Saturday night. And the second version of health care, the Senate version, which is now the law, passed late on a Sunday night. This House is capable of working late, but it seems only when it suits the purpose of the Speaker of the House.

Madam Speaker, I urge us to complete this important task before we go home. The House should not adjourn until our work is done.

□ 1210

A COMPREHENSIVE PEACE AGREEMENT

(Mr. POLIS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. POLIS. One of the most troubled areas of the world is at the threshold of a great breakthrough for peace and for humanity. I call upon the Israeli and Palestinian leadership to remain committed to peace talks. I applaud the courageous decision of both Prime Minister Netanyahu and President Abbas to work together to achieve peace.

A majority of Israelis and Palestinians supports an agreement of creating a Palestinian state. The majorities in both populations support a negotiated two-state solution, and there is not a lot left to negotiate.

We have known the basic parameters of such an agreement for many years. It is critical that, as new developments threaten to derail the process, President Abbas must put his people and