# H6724

Petri

Shuler

Shuster

Sires

Simpson

Skelton

Slaughter

Smith (NE)

Smith (TX)

Smith (WA)

Snvder

Space

Speier

Spratt

Stark

Stearns

Sutton

Tanner

Taylor

Teague

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Thompson (PA)

Thornberry

Tiahrt

Tiberi

Titus

Tonko

Towns

Tsongas

Turner

Upton

Van Hollen

Wasserman

Schultz

Viscloskv

Walden

Walz

Wamp

Waters

Watson

Waxman

Whitfield

Wittman

Woolsev

Yarmuth

Young (AK)

Wolf

Wu

Wilson (OH)

Wilson (SC)

Westmoreland

Weiner

Welch

Watt

Terry

Sullivan

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	Pingree (ME)	
A)	Pitts	
Y)	Platts	
<i>´</i>	Poe (TX)	
	Polis (CO)	
	Pomeroy	
	Posey	
	Price (GA)	
	Price (NC)	
	Quigley	
	Radanovich	
	Rahall	
	Rangel	
	Rehberg	
	Reichert	
	Reyes	
	Richardson	
	Rodriguez	
	Roe (TN)	
	Rogers (AL)	
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	Rohrabacher	
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e	Ros-Lehtinen	
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	Ross	
	Rothman (NJ)	
	Roybal-Allard	
	Royce	
	Ruppersberger	
	Rush	
rick	Ryan (OH)	
	Ryan (WI)	
	Salazar	
	Sánchez, Linda	
	Т.	
	Sanchez, Loretta	
	Sarbanes	
	Scalise	
	Schakowsky	
	Schauer	
	Schiff	
	Schmidt	
	Schock	
	Schrader	
	Schwartz	
	Scott (GA)	
	Scott (VA)	
	Sensenbrenner	
	Serrano	
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	Hinojosa	

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Hastings (FL)	Moore (W1)	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

# $\Box$ 1449

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

# MOMENT OF SILENCE IN MEMORY OF VICTIMS OF TERRORIST AT-TACKS ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2001

The SPEAKER. The Chair would ask all present to rise for the purpose of a moment of silence.

The Chair asks that the House now observe a moment of silence in memory of the victims of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001.

# CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

# COMMEMORATING SEPTEMBER 11

The SPEAKER. Without objection, 5minute voting will continue.

There was no objection. The SPEAKER. The unfinished busi-

ness is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H. Res. 1610) expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding the terrorist attacks launched against the United States on September 11, 2001, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. CONNOLLY) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution.

This is a 5-minute vote.

Aderholt

Alexander

Altmire

Andrews

Arcuri

Baca

Austria

Bachus

Baldwin

Barrow

Bartlett

Bean

Becerra

Berkley

Berman

Biggert

Bilbray

Bilirakis

Boccieri

Boehner

Bonner

Boozman

Boren

Boswell

Boucher

Boyd

Bright

Ginny

Buchanan

Burgess

Buyer

Camp

Calvert

Cantor

Capito

Capps

Capuano

Cardoza

Carney

Carnahan

Cao

Campbell

Boustanv

Berry

Baird

Akin

The vote was taken by electronic device. and there were-yeas 410, nays 0, not voting 23, as follows:

## [Roll No. 525] YEAS-410

Carson (IN) Adler (NJ) Carter Cassidy Castle Castor (FL) Chaffetz Chandler Childers Chu Bachmann Clarke Clay Cleaver Clyburn Barrett (SC) Coble Coffman (CO) Cohen Barton (TX) Cole Conaway Connolly (VA) Convers Cooper Costa Costello Courtney Crenshaw Bishop (GA) Critz Crowlev Bishop (NY) Bishop (UT) Cuellar Blackburn Culberson Blumenauer Dahlkemper Davis (AL) Davis (CA) Davis (IL) Bono Mack Davis (KY) Davis (TN) DeFazio DeGette DeLauro Dent Deutch Brady (PA) Diaz-Balart, L Diaz-Balart, M. Brady (TX) Braley (IA) Dicks Dingell Broun (GA) Diou Brown (SC) Doggett Donnelly (IN) Brown, Corrine Brown-Waite, Doyle Dreier Driehaus Duncan Burton (IN) Edwards (MD) Butterfield Edwards (TX) Ehlers Ellison Emerson Engel Etheridge Farr Fattah Filner Flake Fleming Forbes Fortenberry

Foster Foxx Frank (MA) Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Fudge Gallegly Garamendi Garrett (NJ) Gerlach Giffords Gingrey (GA) Gohmert Gonzalez Goodlatte Gordon (TN) Granger Graves (GA) Graves (MO) Grayson Green, Al Green, Gene Griffith Grijalva Guthrie Gutierrez Hall (NY) Hall (TX) Halvorson Hare Harman Harper Hastings (WA) Heinrich Heller Hensarling Herger Herseth Sandlin Higgins Hill Himes Hinchev Hinojosa Hirono Hoekstra Holden Holt Honda Hoyer Hunter Inglis Inslee Israel Issa Jackson (IL) Jackson Lee (TX) Jenkins Johnson (GA) Johnson (IL) Johnson, E. B. Johnson, Sam Jones Jordan (OH) Kagen

Kaptur Kennedv Kildee Kilpatrick (MI) Kilroy Kind King (IA) King (NY) Kingston Kirk Kirkpatrick (AZ) Kissell Klein (FL) Kline (MN) Kosmas Kratovil Kucinich Lamborn Lance Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Latham LaTourette Latta Lee (NY) Levin Lewis (CA) Lewis (GA) Linder Lipinski LoBiondo Loebsack Lofgren, Zoe Lowey Lucas Luetkemeyer Luján Lummis Lungren, Daniel E. Lynch Mack Maffei Maloney Manzullo Marchant Markey (CO) Markey (MA) Marshall Matheson Matsui McCarthy (CA) McCarthy (NY) McCaul McClintock McCollum McCotter McDermott McGovern McHenry McIntyre McKeon McMahon McMorris Rodgers McNernev Meeks (NY) Melancon Mica Michaud Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller (NC) Ackerman Blunt Cummings

Delahunt

Ellsworth

Hastings (FL)

Eshoo

Fallin

Kaniorski

# September 15, 2010

Miller, Gary Miller, George Scalise Schakowsky Minnick Schauer Mitchell Schiff Moore (KS) Schmidt Moran (KS) Schock Moran (VA) Schrader Murphy (CT) Schwartz Murphy (NY) Scott (GA) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Scott (VA) Sensenbrenner Mvrick Serrano Nadler (NY) Sessions Napolitano Sestak Neal (MA) Shadegg Neugebauer Nunes Nve Oberstar Obey Olson Olver Sires Ortiz Owens Pallone Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Paul Paulsen Pelosi Pence Perlmutter Stark Perriello Peters Peterson Petri Pingree (ME) Pitts Platts Poe (TX) Polis (CO) Pomerov Posey Price (GA) Price (NC) Quigley Titus Radanovich Rahall Rangel Rehberg Reichert Reyes Richardson Rodriguez Roe (TN) Walz Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Watt Roskam Ross Rothman (NJ) Rovbal-Allard Royce Rush Ryan (OH) Ryan (WI) Salazar Sánchez, Linda Wolf T Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes NOT VOTING-23 Hodes Langevin Lee (CA) Meek (FL) Mollohan

Shea-Porter Sherman Shimkus Shuler Shuster Simpson Skelton Slaughter Smith (NE) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Space Speier Spratt Stearns Sullivan Sutton Tanner Tavlor Teague Terry Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tiahrt Tiberi Tonko Towns Tsongas Turner Upton Van Hollen Visclosky Walden Wamp Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Waxman Weiner Welch Westmoreland Whitfield Wilson (OH) Wilson (SC) Wittman Woolsev Yarmuth Young (AK) Ruppersberger Smith (NJ) Stupak Tierney Velázquez Wu Young (FL)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. ED-WARDS of Maryland). There is 1 minute remaining.

Moore (WI)

Pavne

Putnam

# □ 1459

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

the table.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 59 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

## $\Box$ 1603

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. HEINRICH) at 4 o'clock and 3 minutes p.m.

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote incurs objection under clause 6 of rule XX.

Record votes on postponed questions will be taken later.

#### SUPPORTING BACKCOUNTRY AIR-STRIPS AND RECREATIONAL AVIATION

Ms. HIRONO. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H. Res. 1473) supporting backcountry airstrips and recreational aviation, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

#### H. RES. 1473

Whereas recreational aviation represents a significant portion of the Nation's aviation activity;

utilize Whereas recreational aviators backcountry airstrips as access points for a variety of activities;

Whereas backcountry airstrips provide multiple benefits to the general public, including search and rescue, fire management, research, disaster relief, and wildlife management benefits:

Whereas recreational aviation helps State economies by providing efficient access to recreational activities for visitors;

Whereas backcountry airstrips serve as emergency landing sites for aircraft in the event of mechanical problems or inclement weather; and

Whereas backcountry airstrips provide for dispersed recreational activity and act as internal trailheads within backcountry areas: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the House of Representatives recognizes the value of recreational aviation and backcountry airstrips located on the Nation's public lands and commends aviators and the various private organizations that maintain these airstrips for public 11Se

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from

A motion to reconsider was laid on Hawaii (Ms. HIRONO) and the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. PETRI) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Hawaii.

# GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. HIRONO. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on H. Res. 1473.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Hawaii?

There was no objection.

Ms. HIRONO. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in support of H. Res. 1473, as amended, introduced by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. REHBERG), which expresses support for backcountry airstrips and recreational aviation.

A backcountry airstrip is an unattended landing area in a location that provides access to remote, undeveloped rural areas by aircraft, usually airplanes. Backcountry airstrips provide benefits to the general public, including performing research and rescue operations, fire management, research and aerial mapping, and disaster relief. These airstrips allow tourists to access remote Federal lands that, in turn, helps to support local economies and small businesses. Also, in the event of mechanical problems or inclement weather, backcountry airstrips serve as emergency landing sites when airports are out of reach.

H. Res. 1473 recognizes the value of recreational aviation and backcountry airstrips located on our Nation's public lands. In addition, it commends aviators and the various private organizations that maintain these airstrips for public use. I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting this resolution.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. PETRI. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the author of the resolution currently before us, our colleague from the State of Montana. Representative DENNIS REHBERG.

Mr. REHBERG. Thank you, Mr. PETRI.

Mr. Speaker, I want to voice my support for House Resolution 1473, supporting recreational aviation and backcountry airstrips on America's public lands.

This resolution is the fruit of a bipartisan effort. I could not have drafted this legislation without the support of my colleagues from Idaho, Mr. SIMPSON and Mr. MINNICK, and the co-chairs of the House General Aviation Caucus, Mr. EHLERS and Mr. BOYD.

One hundred years ago, this resolution might have been about supporting horses. Aviation has become as important to the modern West as horses were to the early explorers, trappers and prospectors. That is because the vast majority of Montana's 147,000 square miles aren't easily reached by roadswe've got a lot of dirt between light bulbs. And like the horse opened new lands in 1910, aviation is critical to access today. That is why backcountry airstrips are such an important part of our way of life.

There are too many benefits to list them all. They enable search and rescue, fire management, research, disaster relief and wildlife management. In the event of mechanical problems or inclement weather, they serve as emergency landing sites when larger airports are out of reach. They allow public access to some of the most beautiful, remote Federal lands in America, regardless of one's physical ability, and they serve as efficient access points for tourists, who in turn contribute to local economies and small businesses. That means jobs. Too often, however, these airstrips are targeted for closure by the Federal Government or wellfunded special interest groups, or simply ignored by bureaucrats in Washington. D.C.

Please join the bipartisan support for this measure and vote for House Resolution 1473

Mr. PETRI. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I support the resolution before us, H. Res. 1473, recognizing the value of recreational aviation in backcountry airstrips.

Aviation provides access, as we've heard, to the most remote and scenic areas of our national landscape, and not just for recreational users. Backcountry airstrips also provide access for those who do not have the physical ability to get to these areas any other way. The airstrips also serve an important safety function as emergency landing sites in the event of severe weather or another emergency. Sustaining these airstrips is critical to preserving safe flight and access to the American wilderness. It is important to promote and maintain the public use of backcountry airstrips for future generations. Additionally, we should be proud of the individuals and private organizations that donate their time and resources in order to sustain these airstrips for public use and benefit.

Mr. Speaker, I support this resolution and urge its passage by the House today.

Mr. OBERSTAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H. Res. 1473, as amended, introduced by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. REHBERG), which expresses support for backcountry airstrips. Generally speaking, a backcountry airstrip is an unattended landing area in a location that provides access to remote, undeveloped rural areas by aircraft, usually airplanes.

Backcountry airstrips are a part of life for many Americans, especially in the West. They provide countless benefits to the general public, including search and rescue, fire management, research, disaster relief and wildlife management. They also allow public access to some of the most beautiful, remote federal lands in America, as well as providing a means of access to remote areas for physically disadvantaged individuals who might not otherwise be able to get to remote locations for leisure.