

closed the investigations loophole and the diversion loophole. Look at who just imposed unprecedented energy, banking, and finance sector sanctions. Look at who just imposed human rights sanctions on Iran's regime of thugs.

Look also at who just got Russia and China to join with the international community in passing the toughest ever UN Security Council sanctions on Iran; sanctions that authorize the inspection of Iranian ships; that impose major new restrictions on Iranian banking, finance, shipping, and arms transactions; and that designate the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps and key Iranian firms and figures associated with proliferation for additional penalties. Two years ago if someone had suggested the Security Council would have adopted these positions, they would have been taken away in a straitjacket. Today it's reality.

The cowboy rhetoric and the contempt for diplomacy are gone. But the results, which are what actually matters, are compelling. Just as we in Congress have come together to pass this historic legislation, the Obama Administration has rallied the world to stand against Iran's nuclear ambitions. Results matter.

We can not guarantee the success of these measures. Ultimately, the choice lies with the regime in Tehran to decide what price they're prepared to pay to sustain their illicit nuclear activities. But it should be clear that we are doing all that we can to impose on Iran the highest possible costs for its defiance and that we are demonstrating, by our actions and by our efforts, the depth of our commitment to peacefully ending Iran's illegal nuclear activities.

We are trying diplomacy. We are trying unilateral sanctions. We are trying multilateral sanctions. We are trying our utmost to avoid making conflict inevitable. But there should be no question about the absolute determination of the United States to prevent Iran from acquiring the capability to produce nuclear weapons.

Iran can not and must not be allowed to cross the threshold of nuclear arms. They can stop their program, or it can be stopped by others. And it would be far, far better if they stopped their nuclear program themselves. The United States and the other P5+1 nations have all made clear the benefits Iran would gain if it made this choice. The United Nations and the Congress today are showing Iran the rising costs and growing isolation it will endure if its behavior doesn't change.

Iran's illicit nuclear activities and programs must stop. Above all other considerations, above all other costs, without any doubt or uncertainty, Iran's nuclear arms program must be stopped. It must be stopped.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of this conference agreement.

I am deeply concerned that Iran continues to pursue nuclear capabilities in defiance of the international community. Such actions pose a profound threat to our national security interests.

I have repeatedly supported efforts to give U.S. Presidents the tools and capabilities needed to prevent Iran from acquiring nuclear weapons and engaging in terrorism, and I continue to do so today through this conference agreement.

In pursuing the critical goal of preventing Iran's nuclear proliferation, I am pleased that the conference agreement expands the sanc-

tions available to the President to include refined petroleum resources. In addition, the severe financial restrictions imposed under this agreement will prevent banks from doing business with blacklisted Iranian entities.

However, while domestic sanctions are critical, it is also important that our allies participate in an international coalition so that combating Iran's nuclear proliferation is a powerful multilateral effort. This conference agreement encourages this vital endeavor.

The original House bill, like other Iran sanctions bills that have preceded it in this chamber, was referred to the Ways & Means Committee. I am pleased that as a conferee, I have been able to work with my colleagues on the Foreign Affairs Committee to address the issues in our jurisdiction in a way that maintains the strength of the bill. This has been a bipartisan and productive effort resulting in a robust agreement that takes powerful action against Iran, gives the Administration the best chance at continuing to cultivate and maintain international multilateral pressure, and is consistent with our trade obligations.

I thank Chairman LEVIN for his valuable efforts, as well as Chairman BERMAN and Ranking Member ROS-LEHTINEN, in achieving this exemplary outcome and urge my colleagues to support this conference agreement.

Mrs. MILLER of Michigan. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of this legislation because nuclear weapons in the hands of the Iranian regime is simply unacceptable.

Iran is a state sponsor of terror.

Iranian leaders have continually denied the Holocaust while expressing the desire to commit a second Holocaust through the destruction of Israel, our most important ally in the Middle East.

To that we must say "Never Again."

The chant of "Death to America" is seemingly the official slogan of this Iranian regime.

Those who would seek to profit by helping the Iranian regime to develop nuclear weapons or to suppress the people of Iran will no longer be able to do business with the United States or have access to our nation's financial system.

These sanctions are real and they have teeth.

We must send a clear and decisive message to the Iran and the world community that America is serious in our effort to deny Iran nuclear weapons.

To accomplish that we must pass these sanctions.

Mr. GALLEGLY. Mr. Speaker, I support targeted sanctions against the government of Iran in an effort to stop the Iranian regime's pursuit of nuclear weapons. For this reason, I voted in favor of the Conference Report on the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability, and Divestment Act on the floor of the House today. The effectiveness of this legislation will now depend on whether the sanctions are forcefully implemented by the Obama Administration. I urge the President to work closely with our allies and use all the tools provided by the Act to prevent Iran from acquiring a nuclear capability.

Ms. SCHAKOWSKY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of the conference report on H.R. 2194, the Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability, and Divestment Act.

I would like to thank Chairman BERMAN for introducing this legislation, of which I am a co-sponsor, and for his tireless work in support of halting Iranian aggression.

Iran's nuclear ambitions not only pose a critical threat to the security of our close ally, Israel, but they also threaten the stability of the entire Middle East region and the world. As we saw clearly last summer, the Iranian regime suppresses democracy and violates human rights at home, and they continue to sponsor terrorist organizations abroad. The bottom line is this: Iran must not be allowed to develop nuclear weapons.

This legislation builds on recent multilateral sanctions negotiated by President Obama. After strong leadership by the Obama Administration, the U.N. Security Council recently passed internationally-binding sanctions against Iran's banking, finance, shipping, and energy sectors, as well as against Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC). The bill we are considering today will augment and strengthen those ongoing multilateral efforts.

This bill expands the current U.S. sanctions regime to target entities involved in selling refined petroleum to Iran or in aiding Iran's domestic refining efforts, as well financial institutions doing business with blacklisted Iranian entities. It provides a legal framework under which state and local governments can divest their portfolios of foreign companies involved in Iran's energy sector.

Mr. Speaker, time is not on our side, and Iran continues to progress toward nuclear weapons capabilities. This legislation contains the most comprehensive package of Iran sanctions ever considered by Congress, and it will give us a full range of economic tools to immediately apply strong pressure on the Iranian regime to abandon the pursuit of nuclear weapons.

This legislation sends a clear message to Tehran that the regime's nuclear program, human rights record, and support for terrorists are unacceptable. I strongly urge my colleagues to join me in support of this important legislation.

Mr. BERMAN. I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. BERMAN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the conference report on the bill, H.R. 2194.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. BERMAN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

Motion to suspend the rules on H.R. 3962, by the yeas and nays;

Motion to suspend the rules on the conference report on H.R. 2194, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. The second electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

AFFORDABLE HEALTH CARE FOR AMERICA ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendments to the bill (H.R. 3962) to provide affordable, quality health care for all Americans and reduce the growth in health care spending, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. LEVIN) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendments.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 417, nays 1, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 393]

YEAS—417

Ackerman	Carney	Eshoo
Aderholt	Carson (IN)	Etheridge
Adler (NJ)	Carter	Fallin
Akin	Cassidy	Farr
Alexander	Castle	Fattah
Altmire	Castor (FL)	Filner
Andrews	Chaffetz	Flake
Arcuri	Chandler	Fleming
Austria	Childers	Forbes
Baca	Chu	Fortenberry
Bachmann	Clarke	Foster
Bachus	Clay	Fox
Baird	Cleaver	Frank (MA)
Baldwin	Clyburn	Franks (AZ)
Barrow	Coble	Frelinghuysen
Bartlett	Coffman (CO)	Fudge
Barton (TX)	Cohen	Galleghy
Bean	Cole	Garamendi
Becerra	Conaway	Garrett (NJ)
Berkley	Connolly (VA)	Gerlach
Berman	Conyers	Giffords
Berry	Cooper	Gingrey (GA)
Biggart	Costa	Gohmert
Bilbray	Costello	Gonzalez
Bilirakis	Courtney	Goodlatte
Bishop (GA)	Crenshaw	Gordon (TN)
Bishop (NY)	Critz	Granger
Bishop (UT)	Crowley	Graves (GA)
Blackburn	Cuellar	Graves (MO)
Blumenauer	Culberson	Grayson
Boccheri	Cummings	Green, Al
Bonner	Dahlkemper	Green, Gene
Bono Mack	Davis (AL)	Griffith
Boozman	Davis (CA)	Grijalva
Boren	Davis (IL)	Guthrie
Boswell	Davis (KY)	Gutierrez
Boucher	Davis (TN)	Hall (NY)
Boustany	DeFazio	Hall (TX)
Boyd	DeGette	Halvorson
Brady (PA)	Delahunt	Hare
Brady (TX)	DeLauro	Harman
Braley (IA)	Dent	Harper
Bright	Deutch	Hastings (FL)
Broun (GA)	Diaz-Balart, L.	Hastings (WA)
Brown, Corrine	Diaz-Balart, M.	Heinrich
Brown-Waite,	Dicks	Heller
Ginny	Dingell	Hensarling
Buchanan	Djou	Hерger
Burgess	Doggett	Herseth Sandlin
Burton (IN)	Donnelly (IN)	Higgins
Butterfield	Doyle	Hill
Buyer	Dreier	Himes
Calvert	Driebeaus	Hinchey
Camp	Duncan	Hirono
Cantor	Edwards (MD)	Hodes
Cao	Edwards (TX)	Holden
Capito	Ehlers	Holt
Capps	Ellison	Honda
Capuano	Ellsworth	Hoyer
Cardoza	Emerson	Hunter
Carnahan	Engel	Inglis

Inslee	McMorris	Salazar
Israel	Rodgers	Sánchez, Linda
Issa	McNerney	T.
Jackson (IL)	Meek (FL)	Sanchez, Loretta
Jackson Lee	Meeks (NY)	Sarbanes
(TX)	Melancon	Scalise
Jenkins	Mica	Schakowsky
Johnson (GA)	Michaud	Schauer
Johnson (IL)	Miller (FL)	Schiff
Johnson, E. B.	Miller (MI)	Schmidt
Johnson, Sam	Miller (NC)	Schock
Jones	Miller, Gary	Schrader
Jordan (OH)	Minnick	Schwartz
Kagen	Mitchell	Scott (GA)
Kanjorski	Mollohan	Scott (VA)
Kaptur	Moore (KS)	Sensenbrenner
Kennedy	Moore (WI)	Serrano
Kildee	Moran (KS)	Sessions
Kilpatrick (MI)	Moran (VA)	Sestak
Kilroy	Murphy (CT)	Shadegg
Kind	Murphy (NY)	Shea-Porter
King (IA)	Murphy, Patrick	Sherman
King (NY)	Murphy, Tim	Shimkus
Kingston	Myrick	Shuler
Kirk	Nadler (NY)	Shuster
Kirkpatrick (AZ)	Napolitano	Simpson
Kissell	Neal (MA)	Sires
Klein (FL)	Neugebauer	Skelton
Kline (MN)	Nunes	Slaughter
Kosmas	Nye	Smith (NE)
Kratovil	Obey	Smith (NJ)
Kucinich	Olson	Smith (TX)
Lamborn	Oliver	Smith (WA)
Lance	Ortiz	Snyder
Langevin	Owens	Space
Larsen (WA)	Pallone	Speier
Larson (CT)	Pascarella	Spratt
Latham	Pastor (AZ)	Stark
LaTourette	Paul	Stearns
Latta	Paulsen	Stupak
Lee (CA)	Payne	Sullivan
Lee (NY)	Pence	Sutton
Levin	Perlmutter	Tanner
Lewis (CA)	Perriello	Taylor
Lewis (GA)	Peters	Terry
Linder	Peterson	Thompson (CA)
Lipinski	Petri	Thompson (MS)
LoBiondo	Pingree (ME)	Thompson (PA)
Loebach	Pitts	Thornberry
Lofgren, Zoe	Platts	Tiahrt
Lowe	Poe (TX)	Tiberi
Lucas	Polis (CO)	Tierney
Luetkemeyer	Pomeroy	Titus
Lujan	Posey	Tonko
Lummis	Price (GA)	Towns
Lungren, Daniel	Price (NC)	Tsongas
E.	Putnam	Turner
Lynch	Quigley	Upton
Mack	Radanovich	Van Hollen
Maffei	Rahall	Velázquez
Maloney	Rangel	Walden
Manzullo	Rehberg	Walz
Marchant	Reichert	Wasserman
Markey (CO)	Reyes	Schultz
Markey (MA)	Rodriguez	Waters
Marshall	Roe (TN)	Watson
Matheson	Rogers (AL)	Watt
Matsui	Rogers (KY)	Waxman
McCarthy (CA)	Rogers (MI)	Weiner
McCarthy (NY)	Rohrabacher	Welch
McCaul	Rooney	Westmoreland
McClintock	Ros-Lehtinen	Whitfield
McCollum	Roskam	Wilson (OH)
McCotter	Ross	Wilson (SC)
McDermott	Roybal-Allard	Wittman
McGovern	Royce	Wolf
McHenry	Ruppersberger	Woolsey
McIntyre	Rush	Wu
McKeon	Ryan (OH)	Yarmuth
McMahon	Ryan (WI)	Young (FL)

NAYS—1

Miller, George

NOT VOTING—14

Barrett (SC)	Hinojosa	Teague
Blunt	Hoekstra	Visclosky
Boehner	Oberstar	Wamp
Brown (SC)	Richardson	Young (AK)
Campbell	Rothman (NJ)	

□ 1909

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California changed his vote from “yea” to “nay.” So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the Senate amendments were concurred in.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

COMPREHENSIVE IRAN SANCTIONS, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND DIVESTMENT ACT OF 2010

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the conference report on the bill (H.R. 2194) to amend the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 to enhance United States diplomatic efforts with respect to Iran by expanding economic sanctions against Iran, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. BERMAN) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the conference report.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 408, nays 8, answered “present” 1, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 394]

YEAS—408

Ackerman	Capuano	Edwards (TX)
Aderholt	Cardoza	Ehlers
Adler (NJ)	Carnahan	Ellison
Akin	Carney	Ellsworth
Alexander	Carson (IN)	Emerson
Altmire	Carter	Engel
Andrews	Cassidy	Eshoo
Arcuri	Castle	Etheridge
Austria	Castor (FL)	Fallin
Baca	Chaffetz	Farr
Bachmann	Chandler	Fattah
Bachus	Childers	Filner
Barrow	Chu	Fleming
Bartlett	Clarke	Forbes
Barton (TX)	Clay	Fortenberry
Bean	Cleaver	Foster
Becerra	Clyburn	Fox
Berkley	Coble	Frank (MA)
Berman	Coffman (CO)	Franks (AZ)
Berry	Cohen	Frelinghuysen
Biggart	Cole	Fudge
Bilbray	Conaway	Galleghy
Bilirakis	Connolly (VA)	Garamendi
Bishop (GA)	Cooper	Garrett (NJ)
Bishop (NY)	Costa	Gerlach
Bishop (UT)	Costello	Giffords
Blackburn	Courtney	Gingrey (GA)
Boccheri	Crenshaw	Gohmert
Boehner	Critz	Gonzalez
Bonner	Crowley	Goodlatte
Bono Mack	Cuellar	Gordon (TN)
Boozman	Culberson	Granger
Boren	Cummings	Graves (GA)
Boswell	Dahlkemper	Graves (MO)
Boucher	Davis (AL)	Grayson
Boustany	Davis (CA)	Green, Al
Boyd	Davis (IL)	Green, Gene
Brady (PA)	Davis (KY)	Griffith
Brady (TX)	Davis (TN)	Grijalva
Braley (IA)	DeFazio	Guthrie
Bright	DeGette	Gutierrez
Broun (GA)	Delahunt	Hall (NY)
Brown, Corrine	DeLauro	Hall (TX)
Brown-Waite,	Dent	Halvorson
Ginny	Deutch	Hare
Buchanan	Diaz-Balart, L.	Harman
Burgess	Diaz-Balart, M.	Harper
Burton (IN)	Dicks	Hastings (FL)
Butterfield	Dingell	Hastings (WA)
Buyer	Djou	Heinrich
Calvert	Doggett	Heller
Camp	Donnelly (IN)	Hensarling
Cantor	Doyle	Hерger
Cao	Dreier	Herseth Sandlin
Capito	Driebeaus	Higgins
Capps	Edwards (MD)	Hill