

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 410, noes 0, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 301]

AYES—410

Ackerman	Cuellar	Inglis
Aderholt	Culberson	Inslee
Adler (NJ)	Cummings	Israel
Akin	Dahlkemper	Issa
Alexander	Davis (CA)	Jackson (IL)
Altmire	Davis (IL)	Jenkins
Andrews	Davis (KY)	Johnson (GA)
Arcuri	Davis (TN)	Johnson (IL)
Austria	DeFazio	Johnson, E. B.
Baca	DeGette	Johnson, Sam
Bachmann	Delahunt	Jones
Bachus	DeLauro	Jordan (OH)
Baldwin	Dent	Kagen
Barrow	Deutch	Kanjorski
Bartlett	Diaz-Balart, L.	Kaptur
Barton (TX)	Diaz-Balart, M.	Kennedy
Bean	Dicks	Kildee
Becerra	Dingell	Kilroy
Berkley	Djou	Kind
Berman	Doggett	King (IA)
Berry	Donnelly (IN)	King (NY)
Biggert	Doyle	Kingston
Billray	Dreier	Kirkpatrick (AZ)
Bilirakis	Driehaus	Kissell
Bishop (GA)	Duncan	Klein (FL)
Bishop (NY)	Edwards (MD)	Kline (MN)
Bishop (UT)	Edwards (TX)	Kosmas
Blackburn	Ehlers	Kratovil
Blumenauer	Ellison	Kucinich
Boccieri	Ellsworth	Lamborn
Boehner	Emerson	Lance
Bonner	Engel	Langevin
Bono Mack	Eshoo	Larsen (WA)
Boozman	Etheridge	Larson (CT)
Boren	Farr	Latham
Boswell	Fattah	LaTourette
Boucher	Filner	Latta
Boustany	Flake	Lee (CA)
Boyd	Fleming	Lee (NY)
Brady (PA)	Forbes	Levin
Brady (TX)	Fortenberry	Lewis (CA)
Braley (IA)	Foster	Lewis (GA)
Bright	Fox	Linder
Broun (GA)	Frank (MA)	Lipinski
Brown (SC)	Franks (AZ)	LoBiondo
Brown, Corrine	Frelinghuysen	Loeb
Brown-Waite,	Fudge	Lofgren, Zoe
Ginny	Gallely	Lowe
Buchanan	Garamendi	Lucas
Burgess	Garrett (NJ)	Luetkemeyer
Burton (IN)	Gerlach	Lujan
Butterfield	Giffords	Lummis
Buyer	Gingrey (GA)	Lungren, Daniel
Calvert	Gohmert	E.
Camp	Gonzalez	Lynch
Campbell	Goodlatte	Mack
Cantor	Gordon (TN)	Maffei
Cao	Granger	Maloney
Capito	Grayson	Marchant
Capps	Green, Gene	Markey (CO)
Capuano	Griffith	Markey (MA)
Cardoza	Grijalva	Marshall
Carnahan	Guthrie	Matheson
Carney	Hall (NY)	Matsui
Carson (IN)	Hall (TX)	McCarthy (CA)
Carter	Halvorson	McCarthy (NY)
Cassidy	Hare	McCauley
Castle	Harman	McClintock
Castor (FL)	Harper	McCollum
Chaffetz	Hastings (FL)	McCotter
Childers	Hastings (WA)	McDermott
Chu	Heinrich	McGovern
Clarke	Heller	McHenry
Cleaver	Hensarling	McIntyre
Clyburn	Herger	McKeon
Coble	Herseth Sandlin	McMahon
Coffman (CO)	Higgins	McMorris
Cohen	Hill	Rodgers
Cole	Himes	McNerney
Conaway	Hinchey	Meek (FL)
Connolly (VA)	Hinojosa	Meeks (NY)
Cooper	Hirono	Melancon
Costa	Hodes	Mica
Costello	Holden	Michaud
Courtney	Holt	Miller (FL)
Crenshaw	Honda	Miller (MI)
Critz	Hoyer	Miller (NC)
Crowley	Hunter	Miller, Gary

Miller, George	Richardson
Minnick	Rodriguez
Mitchell	Roe (TN)
Moore (KS)	Rogers (AL)
Moore (WI)	Rogers (KY)
Moran (KS)	Rogers (MI)
Moran (VA)	Rohrabacher
Murphy (CT)	Rooney
Murphy (NY)	Ros-Lehtinen
Murphy, Patrick	Roskam
Murphy, Tim	Ross
Myrick	Rothman (NJ)
Nadler (NY)	Roybal-Allard
Napolitano	Royce
Neal (MA)	Ruppersberger
Neugebauer	Rush
Nunes	Ryan (OH)
Nye	Salazar
Oberstar	Sanchez, Linda
Obey	T.
Olson	Sanchez, Loretta
Oliver	Sarbanes
Ortiz	Scalise
Owens	Schakowsky
Pallone	Schauer
Pascarell	Schiff
Pastor (AZ)	Schmidt
Paul	Schock
Paulsen	Schrader
Payne	Schwartz
Pence	Scott (GA)
Perlmutter	Scott (VA)
Perriello	Sensenbrenner
Peters	Serrano
Peterson	Sessions
Pingree (ME)	Sestak
Pitts	Shadegg
Platts	Shea-Porter
Poe (TX)	Sherman
Polis (CO)	Shimkus
Pomeroy	Shuler
Posey	Shuster
Price (GA)	Simpson
Price (NC)	Sires
Putnam	Skelton
Quigley	Slaughter
Rahall	Smith (NE)
Rangel	Smith (NJ)
Rehberg	Smith (TX)
Reichert	Smith (WA)
Reyes	Snyder

Space	Thompson (CA)
Speier	Thompson (MS)
Spratt	Thompson (PA)
Stark	Thornberry
Stearns	Tiahrt
Stupak	Tiberi
Sullivan	Tierney
Sutton	Titus
Tanner	Tonko
Taylor	Towns
Teague	Tsongas
Terry	Turner
Thompson (CA)	Upton
Thompson (MS)	Van Hollen
Thompson (PA)	Velázquez
Thornberry	Visclosky
Tiahrt	Walden
Tiberi	Walz
Tierney	Wasserman
Titus	Schultz
Tonko	Waters
Towns	Watson
Tsongas	Watt
Turner	Waxman
Upton	Weiner
Van Hollen	Welch
Velázquez	Westmoreland
Visclosky	Whitfield
Walden	Wilson (OH)
Walz	Wilson (SC)
Wasserman	Wittman
Schultz	Wolf
Waters	Woolsey
Watson	Wu
Watt	Yarmuth
Waxman	Young (AK)
Weiner	Young (FL)
Welch	
Westmoreland	
Whitfield	
Wilson (OH)	
Wilson (SC)	
Wittman	
Wolf	
Woolsey	
Wu	
Yarmuth	
Young (AK)	
Young (FL)	

NOT VOTING—21

Baird	Graves	Manzullo
Barrett (SC)	Green, Al	Mollohan
Blunt	Gutierrez	Petri
Chandler	Hoekstra	Radanovich
Clay	Jackson Lee	Ryan (WI)
Conyers	(TX)	Wamp
Davis (AL)	Kilpatrick (MI)	
Fallin	Kirk	

□ 1825

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. KILPATRICK of Michigan. Madam Speaker, I was unable to attend to several votes today. Had I been present, I would have voted "aye" on final passage of H.R. 5145, "aye" on final passage of H. Res. 1258, "aye" on final passage of H. Res. 1382; "aye" on final passage of H. Res. 584; "aye" on final passage of H.R. 3885; "aye" on final passage of Senate Amendments to H.R. 2711; "aye" on final passage of H. Res. 1189; and "aye" on final passage of H. Res. 1172.

CLOSING THE SPENDING LOOPHOLE

(Mr. CONAWAY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CONAWAY. Madam Speaker, in the next couple of days, the House is scheduled to vote on a bill called the American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act. Yet, for all of its parts, the bill fails to address the largest loophole of all—the double-spending loophole.

Last week, it was reported that the majority plans to fund a new billion dollar summer jobs program with revenue from a tax increase on each barrel of oil. One problem: the revenue they're counting on has already been promised to the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund to cover the estimated \$14 billion in damages on our Gulf Coast.

Madam Speaker, you don't need to be a CPA to know that you cannot spend the same dollar twice. Yet, just like the health care bill, the majority is again spending revenue that has already been committed to other programs. Using this deception is wrong, and it further inflames the distrust of the American people for our institution. The first loophole we ought to be closing is the double-spending loophole.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT'S FAILURE TO SECURE THE ARIZONA BORDER

(Mr. MORAN of Kansas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MORAN of Kansas. Madam Speaker, I state the obvious. The Federal Government has failed when it comes to immigration. It is no surprise that Arizona is stepping forward to do the job the Federal Government has not done.

Our country is a nation of laws, and they must be enforced. Whether or not this administration likes it, it is a Federal crime not to carry status documents in the United States. If they would read it, administration officials would know that Arizona's new law gives local law enforcement the authority to enforce our laws by making it a State crime for illegal immigrants to fail to carry such documents.

Despite all of the misinformation and criticism, 71 percent of Arizonans, who live with this problem every day, support the new law. Though, it's not just Arizonans who are fed up with the government's failure. Many Kansans share their concern, and they support their efforts.

It is the responsibility of the President to defend the United States and its people. Rather than agreeing with foreign criticism, President Obama should stand with the American people who are demanding that the Federal Government address this problem and secure our border.

□ 1830

COMMENDING THE HOUSE PAGES ON THEIR VICTORY OVER THE SENATE PAGES

(Mr. CLEAVER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CLEAVER. Madam Speaker, on the 16th, the House pages played two games with the Senate pages. The Senate pages lucked up and won a Frisbee match—but with probably some cheating—but the House pages, standing strong, following all the rules, doing the right thing, defeated the Senate pages badly, 10-4, in kickball. And as the Senate pages, with their heads dropped and their spirits torn, left the field, they reported to the Senate only one part of that day, which was the game they lucked up and won.

So, Madam Speaker, I want to commend the athletic pages of the House of Representatives and hope that we can continue to get superior pages, as we have this year, in the future.

Congratulations to the pages.

IS NEWSWEEK THE CANARY IN THE LIBERAL COAL MINE?

(Mr. SMITH of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Madam Speaker, The Washington Post Company is trying to sell Newsweek because the magazine is losing money, according to news reports.

In response, The Weekly Standard wrote that “not only has Newsweek suffered from its online competition, it seems to have done everything within its power to hasten its own demise.

“During the 2008 presidential election, for example, its fawningly voluminous coverage of Barack Obama made it something of a journalistic laughingstock, and certainly affirmed every weary accusation of liberal bias in the mainstream media.”

The Standard wrote that Newsweek’s recent overhaul was “designed to create a left-wing journal of opinion.”

The American Spectator called Newsweek, “The Canary in the Liberal Coal Mine” and outlined the magazine’s history of liberal bias.

Maybe Newsweek’s biased reporting didn’t cause its downfall, but it certainly didn’t help.

URGING THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO SUPPORT LOUISIANA GOVERNOR’S REQUEST TO BUILD SAND BARRIERS

(Mr. BURGESS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BURGESS. Madam Speaker, today I sent, along with Representative SCALISE of Louisiana, a letter to the United States Army Corps of Engineers supporting Louisiana Governor Bobby Jindal’s request for an emergency permit to dredge and build sand barrier islands. The United States Corps of Engineers must conduct an environmental assessment before granting the State a permit to build the barriers.

Governor Jindal petitioned the Corps of Engineers on May 10, more than 2 weeks ago, for approval to dredge and build the sand barriers. He has yet to receive a response. In the meantime, oil has begun to inundate Louisiana’s fragile coasts and marshes. The proposed sand barriers would create a permanent barrier to prevent oil from reaching the shores and the wetlands.

We support Governor Jindal’s efforts to protect the fragile ecosystems and natural resources that are of critical importance, not just to Louisiana, but in fact the entire national economy, and we urge the Army Corps of Engineers to act swiftly so that they may assist the governor in protecting these valuable resources.

Mr. SCALISE and I were both part of a congressional delegation that visited the Gulf and the protected area 3 weeks ago. We have seen the spill and the waters firsthand and seen the way it is threatening Louisiana’s coastline. Every resource should be utilized to stem this spill and protect the Nation’s coastline.

I insert for the RECORD a copy of the letter we sent to Lieutenant General Robert L. Van Antwerp.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, May 24, 2010.

LTG Robert L. Van Antwerp,
Commanding General and Chief of Engineers,
Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
Washington, DC.

LTG ROBERT L. VAN ANTWERP: As oil from the Deepwater Horizon oil spill begins to reach the fragile marshes and estuaries of the Louisiana coastline, it is imperative that the federal government do everything possible to stop the flow of oil and act immediately to protect the natural resources along Louisiana’s coast.

On May 23, 2010, the Associated Press reported that Louisiana Governor Bobby Jindal, frustrated with Army Corps of Engineers delays over environmental impact studies, will move forward unilaterally in building sand barriers to protect the coastline. Gov. Jindal petitioned the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers the week of May 10 for approval to dredge and build sand barriers to protect the wetlands, but the USACE has yet to grant approval of that request, and oil continues to damage areas of Louisiana’s coasts.

We support Gov. Jindal’s efforts to protect the fragile ecosystems and natural resources that are of critical importance not only to Louisiana but also to the entire national economy. And we hope the Army Corps of Engineers will expedite any environmental studies so that the Corps may assist the Governor in protecting these valuable resources.

The oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico is a serious tragedy, resulting in the loss of 11 lives onboard the exploratory rig. Every resource should be utilized to stem this spill and protect the nation’s coastlines. We appreciate your assistance in this matter.

Sincerely,

MICHAEL C. BURGESS, M.D.
STEVE SCALISE.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. KOSMAS). Under the Speaker’s announced policy of January 6, 2009, and under a previous order of the House,

the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

AMERICA’S ENERGY POLICY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. POE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. POE of Texas. Madam Speaker, the recent explosion of the BP Deepwater Horizon oil rig in the Gulf of Mexico has raised legitimate concerns regarding safety and environmental standards of deepwater, offshore drilling. My thoughts and prayers go out to the families that lost loved ones in this tragic accident. Eleven individuals were killed.

Safety and responsible operating procedures must always come first, particularly when human lives are at risk. It is important to reevaluate and address our safety procedures and hold those responsible for the accident accountable.

At the same time, I believe the Federal Government has the obligation to make informed and responsible decisions regarding offshore drilling. We have to differentiate between the causes of this accident and other responsible and safe drilling operations.

Our primary purpose right now should be to stop the leak and determine the cause of this tragedy, and the Federal Government needs to simultaneously address the cleanup. We need the full cooperation of Federal, State, and local agencies, as well as private industry, to immediately address the cleanup and containment situation in the Gulf of Mexico.

In my opinion, there has not been sufficient urgency to do this thus far. Cleanup remains inadequate and is still bogged down in redtape from Federal bureaucrats. This bureaucratic response from Interior Secretary Salazar has been to shut down all new offshore drilling permits, including both shallow water and deepwater offshore drilling.

However, shallow water drilling is fundamentally different from deepwater drilling. It has operated safely in the Gulf of Mexico for over 60 years, yet this prohibition treats both the same. This drilling in shallow water is primarily for natural gas. The oil remaining in these reservoirs has largely been produced, so it is at lower pressure than the oil found at deeper depths. And unlike deepwater drilling, the blowout preventers in shallow water drilling are located above the surface, not thousands of feet below on the ocean floor.

I recently joined our congressional neighbor in Louisiana, Congressman CHARLIE BOUSTANY, and 40 other additional colleagues in sending a bipartisan letter urging Secretary Salazar to resume permitting for the shallow water drilling.

The unintended consequences of this wide range ban are far-reaching. The blanket ban has the potential to cause