

Bilbray	Farr	Lewis (CA)	Reyes	Serrano	Thornberry
Bilirakis	Fattah	Lewis (GA)	Richardson	Sessions	Tiahrt
Bishop (GA)	Filner	Linder	Rodriguez	Sestak	Tiberi
Bishop (UT)	Flake	Lipinski	Roe (TN)	Shadegg	Tierney
Blackburn	Fleming	LoBiondo	Rogers (AL)	Shea-Porter	Titus
Blumenauer	Forbes	Loebsack	Rogers (KY)	Sherman	Tonko
Blunt	Fortenberry	Lowey	Rogers (MI)	Shinkus	Towns
Boccheri	Foster	Lucas	Rohrabacher	Shuler	Tsongas
Boehner	Fox	Luetkemeyer	Rooney	Shuster	Turner
Bonner	Frank (MA)	Lujan	Ros-Lehtinen	Simpson	Upton
Bono Mack	Franks (AZ)	Lummis	Roskam	Sires	Van Hollen
Boozman	Frelinghuysen	Lungren, Daniel E.	Ross	Skelton	Velázquez
Boren	Fudge	Lynch	Rothman (NJ)	Slaughter	Visclosky
Boswell	Gallely	Mack	Roybal-Allard	Smith (NJ)	Walden
Boucher	Garamendi	Maffei	Royce	Smith (TX)	Walz
Boustany	Garrett (NJ)	Maloney	Ruppersberger	Smith (WA)	Wamp
Brady (PA)	Gerlach	Manzullo	Ryan (OH)	Snyder	Wasserman
Brady (TX)	Giffords	Marchant	Ryan (WI)	Souder	Schultz
Briley (IA)	Gingrey (GA)	Markay (CO)	Salazar	Space	Waters
Bright	Gohmert	Markay (CA)	Sanchez, Loretta	Speier	Watson
Broun (GA)	Gonzalez	Marshall	Sarbanes	Spratt	Watt
Brown (SC)	Goodlatte	Matheson	Scalise	Stearns	Waxman
Brown, Corrine	Gordon (TN)	Matsui	Schakowsky	Stupak	Weiner
Brown-Waite,	Granger	McCarthy (CA)	Schauer	Sullivan	Welch
Ginny	Graves	McCarthy (NY)	Schiff	Sutton	Wilson (OH)
Buchanan	Grayson	McCaul	Schmidt	Tanner	Wilson (SC)
Burgess	Green, Al	McClintock	Schock	Taylor	Wittman
Burton (IN)	Green, Gene	McCollum	Schrader	Teague	Wolf
Butterfield	Griffith	McCotter	Schwartz	Terry	Woolsey
Buyer	Grijalva	McDermott	Scott (GA)	Thompson (CA)	Wu
Calvert	Guthrie	McGovern	Scott (VA)	Thompson (MS)	Yarmuth
Camp	Gutierrez	McHenry	Sensenbrenner	Thompson (PA)	Young (FL)
Campbell	Hall (NY)	McIntyre			
Cantor	Hall (TX)	McKeon			
Cao	Halvorson	McMahon			
Capito	Hare	McMorris			
Capps	Harman	Rodgers			
Capuano	Harper	Meek (FL)	Ackerman	Deal (GA)	Rush
Cardoza	Hastings (FL)	Meeks (NY)	Arcuri	Hastings (WA)	Sánchez, Linda T.
Carnahan	Heinrich	Melancon	Barrett (SC)	Hoekstra	Smith (NE)
Carney	Heller	Mica	Bishop (NY)	Johnson, Sam	Stark
Carson (IN)	Hensarling	Michaud	Boyd	Lofgren, Zoe	Westmoreland
Carter	Herger	Miller (FL)	Cummings	McNerney	Whitfield
Cassidy	Herseth Sandlin	Miller (MI)	Davis (TN)	Radanovich	
Castle	Higgins	Miller (NC)			
Castor (FL)	Hill	Miller, Gary			
Chaffetz	Himes	Miller, George			
Chandler	Hinches	Minnick			
Childers	Hinojosa	Mitchell			
Chu	Hirono	Mollohan			
Clarke	Hodes	Moore (KS)			
Clay	Holden	Moore (WI)			
Cleaver	Holt	Moran (KS)			
Clyburn	Honda	Moran (VA)			
Coble	Hoyer	Murphy (CT)			
Coffman (CO)	Hunter	Murphy (NY)			
Cohen	Inglis	Murphy, Patrick			
Cole	Inslee	Murphy, Tim			
Conaway	Israel	Myrick			
Connolly (VA)	Issa	Nadler (NY)			
Conyers	Jackson (IL)	Napolitano			
Cooper	Jackson Lee	Neal (MA)			
Costa	(TX)	Neugebauer			
Costello	Jenkins	Nunes			
Courtney	Johnson (GA)	Nye			
Crenshaw	Johnson (IL)	Oberstar			
Crowley	Johnson, E. B.	Jones			
Cuellar	Jones	Olson			
Culberson	Jordan (OH)	Oliver			
Dahlkemper	Kagen	Ortiz			
Davis (AL)	Kanjorski	Owens			
Davis (CA)	Kaptur	Pallone			
Davis (IL)	Kennedy	Pascarell			
Davis (KY)	Kildee	Pastor (AZ)			
DeFazio	Kilpatrick (MI)	Paul			
DeGette	Kilroy	Paulsen			
Delahunt	Kind	Payne			
DeLauro	King (IA)	Pence			
Dent	King (NY)	Perlmutter			
Diaz-Balart, L.	Kingston	Perriello			
Diaz-Balart, M.	Kirk	Peters			
Dicks	Kirkpatrick (AZ)	Peterson			
Dingell	Kissell	Petri			
Doggett	Klein (FL)	Pingree (ME)			
Donnelly (IN)	Kline (MN)	Pitts			
Doyle	Kosmas	Platts			
Dreier	Kratovil	Poe (TX)			
Driehaus	Kucinich	Polis (CO)			
Duncan	Lamborn	Pomeroy			
Edwards (MD)	Lance	Posey			
Edwards (TX)	Langevin	Price (GA)			
Ehlers	Larsen (WA)	Price (NC)			
Ellison	Larson (CT)	Putnam			
Ellsworth	Latham	Quigley			
Emerson	LaTourette	Rahall			
Engel	Latta	Rangel			
Eshoo	Lee (CA)	Rehberg			
Etheridge	Lee (NY)	Reichert			
Fallin	Levin				

For all these reasons, it is imperative that we pass health insurance reform legislation and provide all Americans with the quality health care they deserve at a cost they can afford. Mr. Speaker, I look forward to joining my colleagues in doing so this week.

HEALTH CARE REFORM AND FEDERAL STUDENT LOANS

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, competition used to be viewed as a way to lower prices and improve services. A rental car company's slogan was, We're number two, so we try harder.

Competition apparently is no longer a virtue under this administration. The health care bill seeks to put health care for Americans in the hands of government bureaucrats, but it also seeks to put guaranteed student loans solely into the same government hands. Unlike the car company, I'm not sure the government can say that it ever tried harder, sought innovation, or went out of its way to help a student.

The Federal Family Education Loan program is administered primarily by private companies today, and under the proposed change, private lenders will be barred from making government-guaranteed loans. Some 30,000 employees across the Nation will lose their jobs. So much for worrying about the Nation's unemployment.

Choice and competition will die, but the Democrats say it will save money, about \$87 billion, money they have already spent on Pell Grants and \$9 billion diverted to pay for health care reform. Instead of that savings, look for poorer service, increased defaults, and higher administrative costs—like dealing with the IRS.

□ 1815

WOMEN AND HEALTH CARE

(Ms. DELAURO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Speaker, our long-overdue health insurance reforms will put women's health on an equal footing at long last. It will transform the lives of American women of all ages for the better.

Younger women will be able to remain on their parents' policy as dependents until they reach 26 years of age. That means affordable care for everything from regular checkups to unexpected illness or injury. It means if they decide to become pregnant, finally there will be coverage for maternity and well-child care.

Working women shopping for their family's coverage will be glad to know that the reforms will require insurance companies to have unprecedented

NAYS—1

Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—20

Ackerman	Deal (GA)	Rush
Arcuri	Hastings (WA)	Sánchez, Linda T.
Barrett (SC)	Hoekstra	Smith (NE)
Bishop (NY)	Johnson, Sam	Stark
Boyd	Lofgren, Zoe	Westmoreland
Cummings	McNerney	Whitfield
Davis (TN)	Radanovich	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining in this vote.

□ 1811

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

HEALTH CARE REFORM

(Ms. MATSUI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. MATSUI. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the significant benefits our health care bill will have on American women. Simply put, the health care bill will provide more security, higher quality care, and is a better deal for America's daughters, mothers, and grandmothers.

In the current health care system, women often face higher health care costs than men and multiple other barriers to obtain health insurance. Fewer women are eligible for employer-based coverage, and comprehensive coverage in the individual health care market is often unavailable, prohibitively expensive, or excludes key services that women need. As a result, many women are either uninsured or underinsured and simply cannot afford their health care costs. This affects individual women, their families, and their businesses.

transparency about what really is and is not covered. The reforms will cap out-of-pocket expenses and give Americans sliding-scale affordability credits to help them buy coverage.

Older women on Medicare will benefit from closing the doughnut hole and ensuring important preventive services like mammograms and cancer screenings are free of charge.

And finally, all women will benefit from an end to the discriminatory practices of gender rating and from making prevention and wellness a critical part of health care at last. For themselves, their spouses, their friends, daughters, and mothers, I urge my colleagues to pass this legislation.

WHERE IS THE FLAG?

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, America is the most generous country on the face of the earth. Americans have given more in blood and treasure worldwide to help others than any nation in the history of the world.

But the Navy Times is reporting that the United States does not fly our flag at its main installation at Port-au-Prince in Haiti. The administration says flying the flag may give people in Haiti the wrong idea. Well, what is that supposed to mean? Is our government ashamed of Old Glory?

News reports say that every other nation involved in relief efforts is proudly flying their flag in Haiti. Americans in Haiti are a testament to the good intentions of our country. Why should the administration force the military to hide our flag as if it's ashamed of the red, white, and blue?

The flag represents everything that's good and right about America. American troops should be able to fly the Stars and Stripes wherever they are in this world serving our Nation. After all, isn't that what the flag is about?

But now it sounds like the administration is once again apologizing for Americans being American.

And that's just the way it is.

HEALTH CARE REFORM

(Mr. INSLEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. INSLEE. Mr. Speaker, as we head to our health care reform decision, I think a story of a fellow I met the other day, a very unique American, bears repeating. His name is Gary Hall. He was in my office yesterday.

Gary Hall won five gold medals, three silver medals, and two bronze medals in swimming, over three separate Olympics, really an incredible achievement. He got his medical insurance through the Olympic Committee for 12 years, but after that he wasn't eligible. And guess what happened? No one would write him insurance because he has diabetes.

The insurance companies said, we don't care if you've won gold medals, silver medals, and bronze medals, we won't give you insurance.

Now, that has got to change. We have to pass a health reform bill. Whether you've won a gold medal in swimming or you're just an average Joe or Jane, you ought to be able to buy insurance, even if you've got diabetes.

We are going to have a bill on the floor shortly that we are going to vote on. The vote's going to be transparent. It's going to be recorded. Everybody knows what it's going to be. It's going to be constitutional. It's going to be just the way we've voted for years. We're going to make sure people get health insurance in this country.

SIMPLE TRUTHS

(Mr. KINGSTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KINGSTON. Mr. Speaker, it's a simple truth that Republicans in Congress spent too much money. It's a simple truth, though, that in 12 years of Republican deficits, the Democrats in 1 year spent more money, with a deficit of \$1.4 trillion in 1 year.

It's a simple truth you can't insure 30 million more people without costing more to the Federal Government. It's a simple truth that if the government rewrites all the health care laws, you can't keep the health insurance that you now have.

It's a simple truth that with millions of new bureaucracies, or thousands of new bureaucracies and billions more dollars, bureaucrats will come in between you and your doctor.

And it's a simple truth the government that brought you "Cash For Clunkers" is not going to deliver good health care policy.

And it's a simple truth if the bill was so good we wouldn't need the Cornhusker kickback; we wouldn't need the Gatorade payoff; we wouldn't need the Louisiana purchase, and we would not have to promise to all Members of Congress all kinds of things that are in this bill and other bills to come if it was a good bill.

It's a simple truth the American people want us to start all over, and that's what we should be doing.

HEALTH REFORM AND WOMEN

(Ms. SUTTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. SUTTON. Mr. Speaker, health care reform is critical to ensure that women have access to affordable health care. Currently, women can be charged higher rates simply because of their gender.

The Joint Economic Committee has estimated that 64 million women do not have adequate health insurance coverage today. 1.7 million women have lost their health insurance coverage

since the beginning of the economic downturn, and 39 percent of all low-income women lack health insurance coverage.

Women are also more likely to deplete their savings accounts paying medical bills than men. The health reform legislation being considered by Congress will help address all of these critical issues, and more. It will eliminate insurance coverage discrimination based on gender, provide access to affordable policies to all Americans, it will prevent bankruptcies due to medical costs by capping out-of-pocket payments, and it will prohibit insurance companies from discriminating based on preexisting conditions, including the despicable practice of calling domestic violence victims preexisting conditions.

It's time to pass this.

WHAT THE HECK, AMERICA

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. You know, I just love to listen to my colleagues on the Democrat side. I love them so much. And they just don't mention some of the other things that are going on, like the budget this year is \$3.8 trillion that we don't have. But the taxpayers are going to have to pay for it. They'll have to pay to for it with inflation or higher taxes.

And they don't mention that there's going to be \$569.2 billion in new taxes. What the heck, we can afford that. And Medicare and Medicare Advantage is going to be cut by \$520 billion. But what the heck, the seniors, they don't have to worry about that. They can, you know, ask their grandkids for some of that money.

And of course the total cost is not \$980 billion. It's going to be about \$1.3 or \$1.4 trillion, and I really believe it's going to be more like \$2.5 to \$3 trillion. We don't have that money, and it's a new entitlement, but what the heck, America. You can handle that. This is just money, and we can always print more. Of course it causes inflation and higher taxes, but who cares. You can get it done.

THE IMPORTANCE OF HEALTH CARE REFORM TO WOMEN

(Ms. HIRONO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. HIRONO. Mr. Speaker, it bears repeating, few Americans have more at stake in health care reform than women.

Forty States allow private health insurance companies to gender rate their premiums. As a result, a 25-year-old woman may pay between 6 percent and 45 percent more than a 25-year-old man to get the same coverage.

Fifty-two percent of women reported postponing or forgoing medical care because of cost. Only 39 percent of men reported having had those experiences.