

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H. Res. 605, defending the human rights of Falun Gong practitioners, savagely persecuted by the Chinese government, and thank my good friend Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN for introducing this resolution.

On the tenth anniversary of the Falun Gong's inspiring silent protest at Zhongnanhai many people still do not understand the savagery of the Mao-style campaign which the Communist Party unleashed in 1999.

The story of a typical Falun Gong arrest is horrific: first the government beats them, later it tortures them, molesting and sometimes raping women, sends them to forced labor camps and then brainwashing classes, all the while a high-profile publicity campaign defames and humiliates them. And it has been documented that it has killed at least 3,000 of the Falun Gong.

Members of Falun Gong will not pretend to accept Marxism-Leninism, and so the government brands them an "evil cult." They practice non-violence, and the government assaults them with cattle prods. Their hearts are remarkably serene, and so the government engages in psychiatric torture.

The Falun Gong are one of a wide array of religious faiths and spiritual groups in China, yet members of Falun Gong are the majority of all reported cases of torture and half of China's labor camp population—well over one hundred thousand of them.

Many of the Falun Gong have fled to America, and the government has followed them here, cyber-attacking their American Web sites, installing agents in their midst, and raising crowds to harass and beat them, as happened last year in New York.

Mr. Speaker, one of the invaluable things about this resolution is that it officially documents this Chinese-government sponsored violence on American soil, exercised against American citizens.

We need to learn more about whether our government is doing everything it can to protect the Falun Gong here in America.

I was in China last July, trying to visit human rights activists in the run-up to the Olympics. I remember going into an Internet cafe and trying to look up Falun Gong. You know the story: nothing. Search engines had been doctored. I wonder, if I were not a U.S. Congressman, would that search have gotten me identified, tracked, and tortured? After all, even foreign journalists who ask about Falun Gong have been arrested, and some have been beaten.

And would U.S. companies have been involved in identifying me? Sadly, we know it for a well-documented fact, from a six-hour hearing I held in 2006, that some leading U.S. IT companies are involved in censoring the Chinese Internet and turn over personally identifying information to the Chinese Internet police, making it possible to track and imprison dissidents.

I mention this because many members of Falun Gong are great heroes of Internet freedom. Several members have come to my office and demonstrated how they help millions of Chinese men and women break the so-called "Great Firewall of China" with which the Chinese government tries to cut its citizens off from the global Internet.

Mr. Speaker, Falun Gong practitioners have been great witnesses of courage and peace. Again I thank Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN for introducing this resolution.

Mr. BILIRAKIS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H. Res. 605, which condemns the Chinese government's targeted, persistent and egregious persecution of Falun Gong practitioners. This resolution was introduced last year to commemorate the tenth anniversary of the Chinese Communist Party's campaign to suppress the Falun Gong spiritual movement. Sadly, the persecution of Falun Gong practitioners and anyone associated with them, including lawyers who try to defend their human rights, continues today.

Since 1999, 6,000 Falun Gong practitioners have been sentenced to prison, over 100,000 were sentenced to re-education through labor camps, and at least 3,000 died while in police custody. They have been sent to special high security psychiatric hospitals for the "criminally insane" against their will where torture has been widely reported. Lawyers trying to defend their rights have been harassed, beaten and attacked by police officers in order to intimidate them. One of China's most prominent human rights advocates, Gao Zhiseng, who has defended the rights of many individuals attacked for their religious beliefs, was detained by police in February 2009 and his whereabouts are still unknown. The government continues to deny any involvement in his case.

The Government of China censors all media in China and actively opposes any information exposing its brutality and injustice. But the truth is clear to us today. This resolution is a testament to the millions of victims of the Chinese Communist Party that the Chinese government cannot hide the truth, and its victims will not be forgotten.

This resolution also stands as a statement of the U.S. Congress's continued support for the inalienable right to freedom of religion and expression recognized in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights that applies to all people everywhere. To be taken seriously as a participant in the twenty-first century global economy, China must take the rights of their citizens seriously. Egregious injustices, such as those suffered by the Falun Gong practitioners and others targeted by the Chinese Communist Party, are unacceptable in a civilized world and must end today.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATSON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 605, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

## THANKING VANCOUVER FOR 2010 WINTER OLYMPICS

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H. Res. 1128) thanking Vancouver for hosting the world during the 2010 Winter Olympics and honoring the athletes from Team USA, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

### H. RES. 1128

Whereas the people of Canada opened their hearts and their home to the athletes of the world;

Whereas the Olympics foster healthy competition and interaction among nations;

Whereas these games were not without moments of tribulation and tragedy, but the courage and resolve of the athletes to continue was inspirational;

Whereas the United States won a record 37 medals, 9 gold, 15 silver, and 13 bronze;

Whereas the United States won the overall medal count for the first time since 1932, the highest medal total by any one nation in the history of the Winter Olympics;

Whereas the United States men's and women's silver medal hockey teams excited and inspired the games with their world class play;

Whereas Apolo Anton Ohno won his seventh and eighth medals to become the most decorated United States Winter Olympian of all time;

Whereas the United States earned medals in Nordic Combined events for the first time in history, took the gold in men's figure skating, and won a gold medal in bobsledding for the first time since 1948;

Whereas United States teams and individual athletes should be honored for their contributions to these monumental achievements;

Whereas some athletes must overcome great personal adversity to realize their Olympic dreams;

Whereas the strong performances by United States Olympic athletes inspire children across the Nation to engage in physical fitness, work hard, and set high personal goals;

Whereas the dedication and sacrifice of the families, coaches, and communities associated with Olympic athletes should also be recognized; and

Whereas the Olympic torch has been extinguished in Vancouver, but the flame of camaraderie burns on in the hearts and minds of the world community: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

(1) congratulates the City of Vancouver, Team USA, and the athletes of the world for an outstanding and inspiring 2010 Winter Olympics; and

(2) wishes participants in the 2010 Paralympic Winter Games success in their athletic endeavors.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATSON) and the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from California.

### GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include

extraneous material on the resolution under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

There was no objection.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of this resolution and yield myself as much time as I may consume.

Last month, over 2,600 athletes from 82 nations came together in the beautiful city of Vancouver, Canada, to compete in the 21st Winter Olympic Games. All of us were proud to watch as Team USA not only won more medals than any other country, the first time they had done that since 1932, but the most medals ever won by a single nation in any Winter Games.

Apollo Anton Ohno won his seventh and eighth Olympic medals in short track speed skating, making him the most decorated American Winter Olympian of all time. Americans Lindsey Vonn and Bode Miller both won multiple medals in the thrilling alpine skiing events. American athletes won Olympic medals in the sport of Nordic combined for the first time ever and the first gold in bobsled since 1948. And Evan Lysacek won the gold in the men's figure skating, the first time an American has done that since 1988.

As we celebrate the incredible achievements of Team USA, it is also important to recognize the accomplishments of other nations and athletes. Host nation Canada won 14 gold medals, more than any other country. Some nations won their first Olympic gold medals, others competed for the first time ever.

We will never forget the performance of Canadian Joannie Rochette who had the courage to compete just days after her mother died and ended up winning the silver medal in women's figure skating. And we mourn the loss of an athlete from the country of Georgia who was killed in a luge training run just before the opening ceremony.

Simply getting to the Olympics required an enormous sacrifice from each and every one of the participating athletes. The vast majority of them did not win medals, but all of them tried their best and all had the unique experience of being Olympians. Their determination in the face of adversity helps us all recognize our common values and foster the mutual respect that brings nations closer together.

Olympic athletes inspire young people around the world to set their highest and most ambitious goals, to pursue those goals and to believe that they can achieve their dreams. We salute the athletes of Team USA for serving as role models and for their important contributions to the Olympic ideal.

Finally, we send our thanks to the Canadian people for being such gracious hosts and commend the Vancouver organizing committee for all their efforts to ensure that the games were a great success. And I thank my

good friend and colleague from California, Susan Davis, for taking the initiative to introduce this important resolution. I urge all my colleagues to join me in supporting it.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise today in support of House Resolution 1128 and join my colleagues in congratulating Team USA and Vancouver, Canada, for an outstanding 2010 Winter Olympics. Though this year's events were initially marked by tragedy, there were also many historic achievements. This year, the United States won the overall medal count for the first time since 1932. In fact, it was the highest medal total by any one nation in the history of the Winter Olympics. I would like to applaud and congratulate our Olympians for this amazing accomplishment.

The determination, the sacrifice, the commitment required of the athletes, their coaches and their families to qualify for the Olympics, let alone medal in the Olympics, is tremendous.

I would like to especially recognize Jennifer Rodriguez, a four-time participant of the Winter Olympic Games and a proud native of my home district of Miami, Florida. Considered to be one of the best long distance skaters in the United States, Jen also carries the unique distinction of being the first Cuban American to win an Olympic medal after taking the bronze in the 1,000 meters and 1,500 meters in 2002.

Again, I would like to congratulate all of the Olympians who competed in the 2010 Winter Games and thank our friends in Canada for hosting us.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from California, Representative SUSAN A. DAVIS, a member of the Committee on House Administration.

Mrs. DAVIS of California. I thank my colleague from California for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, the Olympics entertain us, inspire us, and humble us. The athletes who participate are committed to a dream, a dream that we, as spectators, are all privileged to witness.

I introduced House Resolution 1128 to honor the athletes who represented the United States in the 2010 Winter Olympic Games and to thank Vancouver, Canada, for showing hospitality to athletes from around the world. American athletes won 37 medals for the United States, the most medals ever won by any nation at a single Olympic Winter Games.

The Olympics fosters good-natured competition between nations and builds a sense of camaraderie in cities and communities around the world. In the United States, we don't identify our Olympians as Californians or Coloradans. We honor and respect them as Americans. With the help of families, coaches and their own inner strength,

these athletes continue to break records and set new standards of athletic performance. We celebrate their victories as national achievements and respect them for their hard work and their dedication in getting there.

□ 1630

The athleticism and dedication of our athletes should be an example to all Americans. Adults and children alike can aspire to be dedicated to a healthy exercise regimen. We can't all be Olympic athletes, but we can all try to keep our bodies fit and healthy.

Mr. Speaker, you may wonder why a San Diegan is honoring Winter Olympians. It's true we don't get quite as much snow as they do in other parts of the country, but we have a strong connection to this Winter Games. Rachel Flatt, the graceful figure skater, and the two Shauns, Shaun Palmer and Shaun White, both accomplished snowboarders, all have ties to San Diego. And also, the U.S. Olympic Training Center south of San Diego is an important training ground for winter athletes.

Athletes benefit from the temperate climate and natural resources of San Diego. They are able to train with Navy SEALs and participate in wind tunnel assessments. This Olympic Training Center helps athletes train for alpine skiing, for freestyle skiing, for bobsled and skeleton, speed skating, luge and snowboard events.

The unsung heroes of the Olympics are the organizers and support staff who create a safe and enjoyable experience for the athletes and spectators. And I want to join all of my colleagues again in thanking Vancouver, Canada for opening its doors to the world and completing the behind-the-scenes work involved in a public event of this nature.

The first-class resources used for the 2010 Winter Olympic Games are now being used for the 2010 Paralympic Games, which began on March 12, and I certainly wish all the participating paralympic athletes an exhilarating and safe competition.

May the flame of the Olympic torch burn bright, and may the dedication and perseverance it represents inspire us for years to come.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I would yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from Colorado, Representative JOHN T. SALAZAR, member of the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

Mr. SALAZAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of House Resolution 1128, honoring the 2010 American Winter Olympic team. This resolution recognizes the incredible accomplishments of the most decorated group of Winter Olympians in history and graciously thanks the people and the Government of Vancouver, British Columbia, and Canada for hosting Team USA.

I want to draw, however, special attention to the exceptional Vancouver Olympians from the Third Congressional District of Colorado. Trained on

the slopes of Aspen, Steamboat Springs, and Durango, there were 12 Olympians from the Third District competing in the 2010 Olympic Games, one of the highest from any congressional district in the country.

It is no secret that Colorado is a wonderful place to ski, snowboard, ice skate, and the exceptional athletes that competed in Vancouver are an inspiration to the young winter sports enthusiasts across the country. All of us in the Third District are proud, not only of what they have accomplished, but also the way that they have represented themselves, their families, and the State of Colorado and our Nation.

I would like to especially congratulate Johnny Spillane for his three silver medals in individual and team nordic combined, and his teammate Todd Lodwick for his silver in team nordic combined, both of Steamboat Springs, Colorado.

I'm so proud of Team USA, and I will continue to support their efforts. On behalf of the entire Third District of Colorado, congratulations on your success.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to Representative JIM McDERMOTT from Washington. He's the chairman of the Subcommittee on Income Security and Family Support.

(Mr. McDERMOTT asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. McDERMOTT. Mr. Speaker, I want to begin by congratulating Canada and Vancouver, specifically, for putting on a great Olympics this winter. They are our neighbor in Seattle, and we welcome and were pleased with having our neighbor have such a good party.

To compete in the Olympics is an enormous accomplishment, and I want to commend each and every one of the Olympians who participated. It's not a national team that goes; it's individuals. The spirit of the Olympics is that an individual strives to have his best or her best performance in whatever event he or she is involved in.

And I want to take this time to recognize at least one athlete from my district, in particular, whose career I've followed since he was a young man in Seattle. Apolo Ohno exemplifies what it means to be an Olympian. He trained not in Seattle, but he went up to Canada, to Vancouver, and trained every week. And after winning his eighth medal in this Vancouver Olympics, he is now the most decorated American athlete to compete in the Winter Games. He has now appeared in three Winter Olympics and has both won and lost races, but he has always returned to compete against younger and sometimes even faster opponents.

I also want to congratulate his father, Yuki Ohno, who has raised Apolo by himself, and helped him realize the dream of competing in the Olympics.

When I think about Apolo's achievements and all he has overcome, I recall

a quote from Teddy Roosevelt, who said, "The credit belongs to the man or the woman who is actually in the arena, whose face is marred by dust and sweat and blood, who strives valiantly, who errs, who comes short again and again, because there is no effort without error and shortcoming; but who does actually strive to do the deeds, who knows the great enthusiasms, the great devotions, who spends himself in a worthy cause, who, at the best, knows in the end the triumph of high achievement, and who, at the worst, if he fails, at least fails while daring greatly, so that his or her place shall never be with those cold and timid souls who know neither victory nor defeat."

To all the athletes, and to Apolo Ohno especially, I commend you for your performance in this Winter Games.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I'd like to take a moment to highlight the fact that shortly before our friends in Canada were kind enough to host the Olympics in Vancouver, my home district of Miami, Florida, was hosting Canadian Premier Danny Williams as he underwent cardiac surgery at Mount Sinai Medical Center, located in my congressional district of Miami Beach.

Responding to criticisms of his decision to receive medical treatment in the U.S., Premier Williams said, and I quote, "This was my heart, my choice, and my health. I did not sign away my right to get the best possible health care for myself when I entered politics."

And that is exactly, Mr. Speaker, what the Republican response to health care reform is all about, making the necessary changes to strengthen our health care system so that the American people may receive the best possible health care in the world. By instituting commonsense, responsible solutions, we can lower health care cost. We can expand access to quality care without a government takeover of our Nation's health care system.

Instead, the majority leadership is hoping to force a health care system on the American people. This would kill jobs, will raise taxes. It will cut Medicare for our Nation's seniors. We have seen time and time again what happens when health care is not patient-centered. Why would we wish that on the American people? Especially when the American people have made it abundantly clear that this is not what they want.

It is time that cool heads prevail so that responsible decisions can be made. We must listen to the American people and not force this health care bill through.

I have no further requests for time, Mr. Speaker, so I thank you, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, again, I want to thank my colleague, Ms. ROS-

LEHTINEN. I'd like to thank the House for the opportunity to honor the achievement of all Olympic athletes who participated in the 2010 Winter Games and the nation of Canada for their successful execution of this event.

The lighting of the Olympic torch every 2 years for both the Summer and the Winter Games initiates the beginning of a great global coming together. All around the world, people are uniquely unified by the thrill of competition and a spirit of sportsmanship.

I recall my own relative back in 1964 who ran in the Japanese Olympics and won the 100-yard dash, and she became quite interested in where this ability came from because her mother played tennis at UCLA. And so she traced us way back and found out that we came from Nancy, France, through Quebec, and then down to and through New Orleans, through the Louisiana Purchase.

But I say all this to say that being an American and having a good health care system is essential. And she would say to me now, We need to reform health care. We need to provide every American with the best health care that money can provide. And so, we are proposing to this House that we do the right thing.

I want more Olympians in my family. My brother has eight children, and I want to see that they all have an opportunity to be their best, like our young people were, and we won the most medals.

I was so happy. And I used to ski when I was teaching school in France, and I am so happy that we are preparing our youth to be winners. And we can only do that if we have a health care system that provides for every American, and that's what we are attempting to put in place.

So I am so proud. And I want to thank our ranking member for bringing health care reform to the attention, and all this morning, from 12 to just a few minutes ago, all their people came, and they weren't too happy with what we were trying to do.

But we're going to clarify the misstatements and we're going to let America know that we cannot wait. We cannot delay health care because we want champions. We want winners in this country. And America has been known for being a Nation of winners, and other countries need to look up to us again. And that is what we are preparing to do.

So I urge my colleagues to support the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I have no further requests for time, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATSON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 1128, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Ms. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 4628, by the yeas and nays;

H. Res. 311, by the yeas and nays;

H. Res. 605, by the yeas and nays;

H. Res. 1128, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

#### SERGEANT CHRISTOPHER R. HRBEK POST OFFICE BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4628, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. LYNCH) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4628.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 416, nays 0, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 116]

YEAS—416

Ackerman	Boustany	Coble
Aderholt	Boyd	Coffman (CO)
Adler (NJ)	Brady (PA)	Cohen
Akin	Brady (TX)	Cole
Alexander	Braley (IA)	Conaway
Altmire	Bright	Connolly (VA)
Andrews	Brown (SC)	Conyers
Arcuri	Brown, Corrine	Cooper
Austria	Brown-Waite,	Costa
Baca	Ginny	Costello
Bachmann	Buchanan	Courtney
Bachus	Burgess	Crenshaw
Baird	Burton (IN)	Crowley
Baldwin	Butterfield	Cuellar
Barrow	Buyer	Culberson
Bartlett	Calvert	Cummings
Barton (TX)	Camp	Dahlkemper
Bean	Campbell	Davis (AL)
Becerra	Cantor	Davis (CA)
Berkley	Cao	Davis (KY)
Berman	Capito	Davis (TN)
Berry	Capps	DeFazio
Biggert	Capuano	DeGette
Bilbray	Cardoza	Delahunt
Bilirakis	Carnahan	DeLauro
Bishop (GA)	Carney	Dent
Bishop (NY)	Carson (IN)	Diaz-Balart, L.
Bishop (UT)	Carter	Diaz-Balart, M.
Blackburn	Cassidy	Dicks
Blumenauer	Castle	Dingell
Blunt	Castor (FL)	Doggett
Boccieri	Chaffetz	Donnelly (IN)
Boehner	Chandler	Doyle
Bonner	Childers	Dreier
Bono Mack	Chu	Driehaus
Boozman	Clarke	Duncan
Boren	Clay	Edwards (MD)
Boswell	Cleaver	Edwards (TX)
Boucher	Clyburn	Ehlers

Ellison	Larson (CT)
Ellsworth	Latham
Emerson	LaTourette
Engel	Latta
Eshoo	Lee (CA)
Etheridge	Lee (NY)
Fallin	Levin
Farr	Lewis (CA)
Fattah	Lewis (GA)
Filner	Linder
Flake	Lipinski
Fleming	LoBiondo
Forbes	Loeb sack
Fortenberry	Lofgren, Zoe
Foster	Lowey
Fox	Lucas
Frank (MA)	Luetkemeyer
Franks (AZ)	Lujan
Frelinghuysen	Lummis
Fudge	Lungren, Daniel E.
Galleghy	Lynch
Garamendi	Mack
Garrett (NJ)	Maffei
Gerlach	Maloney
Giffords	Manzullo
Gingrey (GA)	Marchant
Gohmert	Markey (CO)
Gonzalez	Markey (MA)
Goodlatte	Marshall
Gordon (TN)	Matheson
Granger	Matsui
Graves	McCarthy (CA)
Grayson	McCarthy (NY)
Green, Al	McCaul
Green, Gene	McClintock
Griffith	McCollum
Grijalva	McCotter
Guthrie	McDermott
Gutierrez	McGovern
Hall (TX)	McHenry
Halvorson	McIntyre
Hare	McKeon
Harman	McMahon
Harper	McMorris
Hastings (FL)	Rodgers
Hastings (WA)	McNerney
Heinrich	Meek (FL)
Heller	Meeks (NY)
Hensarling	Melancon
Hergert	Mica
Herseht Sandlin	Michaud
Higgins	Miller (FL)
Hill	Miller (MI)
Himes	Miller (NC)
Hinchee	Miller, Gary
Hinojosa	Minnick
Hirono	Mitchell
Hodes	Mollohan
Holden	Moore (KS)
Holt	Moore (WI)
Honda	Moran (KS)
Hoyer	Moran (VA)
Hunter	Murphy (CT)
Inglis	Murphy (NY)
Inslee	Murphy, Patrick
Israel	Murphy, Tim
Issa	Myrick
Jackson (IL)	Nadler (NY)
Jackson Lee	Napolitano
(TX)	Neal (MA)
Jenkins	Neugebauer
Johnson (GA)	Nunes
Johnson (IL)	Nye
Johnson, E. B.	Oberstar
Johnson, Sam	Obey
Jones	Olver
Jordan (OH)	Ortiz
Kagen	Owens
Kanjorski	Pallone
Kennedy	Pascarella
Kildee	Pastor (AZ)
Kilpatrick (MI)	Paul
Kilroy	Paulsen
Kind	Payne
King (IA)	Pence
King (NY)	Perlmutter
Kingston	Perriello
Kirk	Peters
Kirkpatrick (AZ)	Peterson
Kissell	Petri
Klein (FL)	Pingree (ME)
Kline (MN)	Pitts
Kosmas	Platts
Kratovil	Poe (TX)
Kucinich	Polis (CO)
Lamborn	Pomeroy
Lance	Posey
Langevin	Price (GA)
Larsen (WA)	

Price (NC)	Wilson (OH)
Quigley	Wilson (SC)
Radanovich	Wittman
Rahall	
Rangel	
Rehberg	
Reichert	
Reyes	
Richardson	
Rodriguez	
Roe (TN)	
Rogers (AL)	
Rogers (KY)	
Rogers (MI)	
Rohrabacher	
Rooney	
Ros-Lehtinen	
Roskam	
Ross	
Rothman (NJ)	
Roybal-Allard	
Royce	
Ruppersberger	
Rush	
Ryan (OH)	
Ryan (WI)	
Salazar	
Sanchez, Linda T.	
Sanchez, Loretta	
Sarbanes	
Scalise	
Schakowsky	
Schauer	
Schiff	
Schmidt	
Schock	
Schrader	
Schwartz	
Scott (VA)	
Sensenbrenner	
Serrano	
Sessions	
Sestak	
Shadegg	
Shea-Porter	
Sherman	
Shimkus	
Shuler	
Shuster	
Simpson	
Sires	
Skellton	
Slaughter	
Smith (NE)	
Smith (NJ)	
Smith (TX)	
Smith (WA)	
Snyder	
Souder	
Space	
Speier	
Spratt	
Stearns	
Stupak	
Sullivan	
Sutton	
Tanner	
Taylor	
Teague	
Terry	
Thompson (CA)	
Thompson (MS)	
Thompson (PA)	
Thornberry	
Tiahrt	
Tiberi	
Tierney	
Titus	
Tonko	
Towns	
Tsongas	
Turner	
Upton	
Van Hollen	
Velázquez	
Visclosky	
Walden	
Walz	
Wasserman	
Schultz	
Waters	
Watson	
Watt	
Waxman	
Weiner	
Welch	
Westmoreland	
Whitfield	

Wilson (OH)  
Wilson (SC)  
Wittman

Wolf  
Woolsey  
Wu

Yarmuth  
Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—14

Barrett (SC)	Hoekstra	Scott (GA)
Brown (GA)	Kaptur	Stark
Davis (IL)	Miller, George	Wamp
Deal (GA)	Olson	Young (FL)
Hall (NY)	Putnam	

□ 1713

Mr. LYNCH changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### SUPPORTING GOALS AND IDEALS OF RED CROSS MONTH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 311, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from California (Ms. WATSON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 311.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 417, nays 0, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 117]

YEAS—417

Ackerman	Brown (GA)	Crowley
Aderholt	Brown (SC)	Cuellar
Adler (NJ)	Brown, Corrine	Culberson
Akin	Brown-Waite,	Cummings
Alexander	Ginny	Dahlkemper
Altmire	Buchanan	Davis (AL)
Andrews	Burgess	Davis (CA)
Arcuri	Burton (IN)	Davis (IL)
Austria	Buyer	Davis (KY)
Baca	Calvert	Davis (TN)
Bachmann	Camp	DeFazio
Bachus	Campbell	DeGette
Baird	Cantor	Delahunt
Baldwin	Cao	DeLauro
Barrow	Capito	Dent
Bartlett	Capps	Diaz-Balart, L.
Barton (TX)	Capuano	Diaz-Balart, M.
Bean	Cardoza	Dicks
Becerra	Carnahan	Dingell
Berkley	Carney	Doggett
Berman	Carson (IN)	Donnelly (IN)
Berry	Carter	Doyle
Biggert	Cassidy	Dreier
Bilbray	Castle	Driehaus
Bilirakis	Castor (FL)	Duncan
Bishop (GA)	Chaffetz	Edwards (MD)
Bishop (NY)	Chandler	Edwards (TX)
Bishop (UT)	Childers	Ehlers
Blackburn	Chu	Ellison
Blumenauer	Clarke	Ellsworth
Blunt	Clay	Emerson
Boccieri	Cleaver	Engel
Boehner	Clyburn	Eshoo
Bonner	Coble	Etheridge
Bono Mack	Coffman (CO)	Fallin
Boozman	Cohen	Farr
Boren	Cole	Fattah
Boswell	Conaway	Filner
Boucher	Connolly (VA)	Flake
Boustany	Conyers	Fleming
Boyd	Cooper	Forbes
Brady (PA)	Costa	Fortenberry
Brady (TX)	Costello	Foster
Braley (IA)	Courtney	Fox
Bright	Crenshaw	Frank (MA)