security interest and asset, and that the elimination of funding for the NASA Constellation program in the President's proposed FY 2011 budget presents national security concerns.

The President's proposed FY2011 budget eliminates funding for the Constellation Program which includes the Orion Crew Capsule. the Altair Lunar Lander, and the Ares I and Ares V rockets. These programs, which together comprise our human spaceflight program, were authorized in both 2005 and 2008 by Republican and Democratic Congresses respectively. It is under the Constellation program, that NASA is currently developing new launch vehicles and spacecraft capable of travel to the moon, Mars and other destinations. Not only does cancelling the Constellation Program jeopardize America's leadership role in human space exploration. but it will have detrimental effects on national security.

NASA conducts aeronautics research to address aviation safety, air traffic control, noise and, emissions reductions and fuel efficiency. NASA's contribution to our knowledge of air and water supports improved decision making for natural resource management and emergency response, thus enabling us to better respond to future homeland security threats.

Knowledge of Earth's water cycle is a critical first step in protecting our water supply; water flows over the Earth's surface in oceans, lakes, and streams, and is particularly vulnerable to attack.

NASA sensors provide a wealth of information about the water cycle; and contributes to improving our ability to monitor water resources and water quality from space; we must also protect the quality and safety of the air we breathe; airborne contaminants can pose danger to human health; and chemical, nuclear, radiological, and biological attacks are plausible threats against which we can protect.

Thus, join me in my efforts to restore funding for the Constellation to the FY 2011 budget for the following reasons:

- (1) Elimination of the Constellation program, will present Homeland security implications for Cyberspace, critical infrastructure, and Intelligence community of the United States:
- (2) Elimination of the Constellation program will compromise the effectiveness of the International Space Station as it relates to the strategic importance of space station research, and intelligence:
- (3) Continuation of NASA's Constellation program is crucial to improving national security, climate, and research in science and medicine.
- medicine.

 (4) The United States should maintain its funding of the Constellation program and should begin funding commercial space in five years and not sooner.

To join as a co-sponsor, please call my office for Mona K. Floyd of my staff or email (Mona.FloydPmail.house.gov).

Very truly yours,

SHEILA JACKSON LEE,

Member of Congress.

Mr. OLSON. Very briefly, I would like to thank my colleague from Texas for all her support of the Johnson Space Center. True hero back home. And I couldn't agree with you more about every American has benefited from the human spaceflight.

I thank all my colleagues for coming here tonight.

CHARLIE WILSON

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentle-

woman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON LEE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas. Earlier this evening, Madam Speaker, colleagues came to the floor of the House to salute our late colleague, the Honorable Congressman Charles Wilson, who made the people of the world happy because of his enthusiasm and leadership.

Congressman Wilson was born June 1, 1933, in the small town of Trinity, Texas. He attended public schools there and graduated from Trinity High School in 1951.

While attending Sam Houston State University in Huntsville, Texas, Wilson was appointed to the United States Naval Academy. He received his B.S. degree, graduating eighth from the bottom of his class in 1956.

□ 2320

However, that was not a testimony to how Charlie Wilson would serve this Nation

He served in the Navy, attaining the rank of lieutenant. He graduated as a gunnery officer. He was assigned to a destroyer to search for Soviet submarines. He then took a top secret post at the Pentagon as part of an intelligence unit that evaluated the Soviet Union's nuclear forces.

Wilson came into politics by volunteering for John F. Kennedy's Presidential campaign in 1960. After a 30-day leave from the Navy, he entered his name into the race for Texas Representative from his home district. While back on duty, his mother, sister and their friends went door-to-door, campaigning. It worked. At age 27, he was sworn into office. For the next dozen years, Wilson was known as "the liberal from Lufkin."

In 1972, he came to the United States Congress. He was a power. He was a man who enjoyed the friendship of many of our colleagues. He was a staunch supporter of the elderly, of women, and of equal rights. He was unique in his time.

He came to this Congress in a segregated time, coming from Houston, Texas, and the surrounding areas; but he knew my colleagues Congressman Mickey Leland and Congresswoman Barbara Jordan.

I know that he had a relationship that showed no discrimination, no bias. I know he loved this country. He wanted to do well by our allies; and, yes, he was the star of "Charlie's War." He was the one who led quietly an opposition to the Russians' takeover of Afghanistan. That story will always be his—brave, quiet, but successful. As the story is told, he didn't do a lot of talking about it, but he got the job done.

We will miss Congressman Charlie Wilson. I am so honored and privileged to have had the opportunity to serve with him for 2 years when I first came to the United States Congress. He was a joy to serve with. He was a defined Member of this body, who respected this body but who had a great time. We will miss him as he has lost his life just recently.

We say to his lovely wife who shared times with him for 11 years, Thank you for sharing Charlie Wilson. Thank you for giving him the joy of his life, and thank you so very much for recognizing what a special treasure he was to the American people and to the great State of Texas.

Madam Speaker, my words, I hope, will be a mere comfort to his family and friends.

To my colleagues in the Texas delegation, yes, we have a fallen hero; but we have a friend we will be able to remember for a lifetime.

God bless you, Charlie Wilson. May you rest in peace.

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas. Madam Speaker, I rise to recognize the contributions Congressman Charles Wilson made to the people of Houston, Texas, and the nation. He served the people of Houston, Texas with vigor. Congressman Wilson was born June 1, 1933 in the small town of Trinity, Texas. He attended public schools there and graduated from Trinity High School in 1951.

While attending Sam Houston State University in Huntsville, Texas, Wilson was appointed to the United States Naval Academy. Wilson received a B.S. degree.

From 1956 to 1960, Wilson served in the U.S. Navy, attaining the rank of lieutenant. Having graduated as a gunnery officer, he was assigned to a destroyer that searched for Soviet submarines. He then took a top secret post at the Pentagon as part of an intelligence unit that evaluated the Soviet Union's nuclear forces.

Wilson stumbled into politics by volunteering for John F. Kennedy's presidential campaign in 1960. After a 30-day leave from the Navy, he entered his name into the race for Texas State Representative from his home district. While back on duty, his mother, sister and their friends went door to door campaigning. It worked. And at age 27, he was sworn into office.

For the next dozen years, Wilson made a name for himself as the "liberal from Lufkin." In 1972, Wilson was elected to the U.S. House of Representatives from the Second District of Texas, taking office the following January.

Though he did not speak much on the House floor, he spoke through his actions. He was a staunch supporter of the elderly, women, and equal rights. Charlie Wilson supported abortion rights and the Equal Rights Amendment. Wilson also battled for regulation of utilities, Medicaid, tax exemptions for the elderly and a minimum wage bill.

Madam Speaker, I am pleased to recognize the contributions of Charlie Wilson as a representative of the people of Houston and this nation.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. Young of Florida (at the request of Mr. Boehner) for today and March 9 on account of illness.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to: (The following Members (at the request of Mr. ORTIZ) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. Bright, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. Woolsey, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. DEFAZIO, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. KAPTUR, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. ORTIZ, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. EDWARDS of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Gonzalez, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Cuellar, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. AL GREEN of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. JONES) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. Poe of Texas, for 5 minutes, March 17.

Mr. Jones, for 5 minutes, March 17.

Mr. Moran of Kansas, for 5 minutes, March 17.

Mr. BARTON of Texas, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. BISHOP of Utah, for 5 minutes, March 11

Mr. Conaway, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. Gohmert, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. McCotter, for 5 minutes, March 11 and 12.

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

Lorraine C. Miller, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled a bill of the House of the following title, which was thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 3433. An act to amend the North American Wetlands Conservation Act to establish requirements regarding payment of the non-Federal share of the costs of wetlands conservation projects in Canada that are funded under that Act, and for other purposes

ADJOURNMENT

Ms. JACKSON LEE of Texas. Madam Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 11 o'clock and 22 minutes p.m.), the House adjourned until tomorrow, Thursday, March 11, 2010, at 10 a.m.

BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF PAYGO LEGISLATION

Pursuant to Public Law 111–139, Mr. SPRATT hereby submits, prior to the vote on passage, the attached estimate of the costs of H.R. 4783, as introduced, a bill to accelerate the income tax benefits for charitable cash contributions for the relief of victims of the earthquake in Chile, and to extend the period from which such contributions for the relief of victims of the earthquake in Haiti may be accelerated, for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

CBO ESTIMATE OF THE STATUTORY PAY-AS-YOU-GO EFFECTS FOR H.R. 4783, A BILL TO ACCELERATE THE INCOME TAX BENEFITS FOR CHARITABLE CASH CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE RELIEF OF VICTIMS OF THE EARTHQUAKE IN CHILE, AND TO EXTEND THE PERIOD FROM WHICH SUCH CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE RELIEF OF VICTIMS OF THE EARTHQUAKE IN HAITI MAY BE ACCELERATED AS INTRODUCED ON MARCH 9, 2010

[Millions of dollars, by fiscal year]

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2010-2015	2010-2020
Net Impact on the On-Budget Deficit													
Total On-Budget Changes	25	-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Designated as Emergency Requirements ¹	25	-24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Impact	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Section 3 of the bill would designate all sections of the Act as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4(g) of the Statutory Pay-Aş-You-Go Act of 2010. Notes: Positive numbers for "Net Impact on the On-Budget Deficit" denote an increase in the deficit; negative numbers denote a decrease in the deficit. Sources: Congressional Budget Office and Joint Committee on Taxation.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

6477. A letter from the Management and Program Analyst, Department of Agriculture, transmitting the Department's final rule — Sale and Disposal of National Forest System Timber; Special Forest Products and Forest Botanical Products (RIN: 0596-AB81) received February 23, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

6478. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — 1,2,3-Propanetriol, Homopolymer Diisooctadecanoate; Exemption from the Requirement of a Tolerance [EPA-HQ-OPP-2009-0213; FRL-8813-8] received February 24, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

6479. A letter from the Director, Regulatory Management Division, Environmental Protection Agency, transmitting the Agency's final rule — Trichoderma asperellum strain ICC 012; Exemption from the Requirement of a Tolerance [EPA-HQ-OPP-2008-0750; FRL-8800-9] received February 24, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Agriculture.

6480. A letter from the Director, Defense Procurement and Acquisition Policy, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department's final rule — Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Limitation on Procurements on Behalf of DoD (DFARS Case 2008-D005) (RIN: 0750-) received February 1, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Armed Services.

6481. A letter from the Director, Defense Procurement and Acquisition Policy, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department's final rule—Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement; Additional Requirements Applicable to Multiyear Contracts (DFARS Case 2008-D023) recevied February 1, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Armed Services.

6482. A letter from the Director, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the Department's final rule — Financial Crimes Enforcement Network; Expansion of Special Information Sharing Procedures to Deter Money Laundering and Terrorist Activity (RIN: 1506-BA04) received February 22, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

6483. A letter from the Legal Information Assistant, Department of the Treasury, transmitting the Department's final rule—Risk-Based Capital Guidelines; Capital Adequacy Guidelines; Capital Maintenance: Regulatory Capital; Impact of Modifications to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles; Consolidation of Asset-Backed Commercial Paper Programs; and Other Related Issues [Docket No.: OTS-2010-0020] (RIN: 1550-AD36) received February 3, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

6484. A letter from the Deputy to the Chairman for External Affairs, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, transmitting the Corporation's final rule — Community Reinvestment Act Regulations (RIN: 3064-AD54) received February 23, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Financial Services.

nancial Services. 6485. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Education, transmitting the Department's final rule — School Improvement Grants; American Recovery and Reinvestments Act of 2009 (ARRA); Title I of the Elemenary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as Amended (ESEA) [Docket ID: ED-2009-OESE-0010] (RIN: 1810-AB06) received January 27, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

6486. A letter from the Director, Office of Policy, Reports and Disclosure, Department of Labor, transmitting the Department's final rule — Trust Annual Reports (RIN: 1215-AB75) received February 1, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Education and Labor.

6487. A letter from the Program Manager, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the Department's final rule — Grants for Research Projects [Docket No.: NIH-2007-0929] (RIN: 0925-AA42) received February 2, 2010, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

6488. A letter from the Program Manager, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting the Department's final rule— National Practitioner Data Bank for Adverse Information on Physicians and Other Health