Radio Free Asia represents the potential of technology to cultivate democracy in nations to which it is foreign, and it is important that we modernize the structure of the organization to ensure its future financing and success.

HONORING JAMAICAN AMBAS-SADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, HER EXCELLENCY AUDREY PATRICE MARKS

HON. YVETTE D. CLARKE

OF NEW YORK IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 15, 2010

Ms. CLARKE. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the first female Jamaican Ambassador to the United States, Her Excellency Audrey Patrice Marks. Ambassador Marks is serving as Jamaica's tenth Ambassador to the United States and Permanent Representative to the Organization of American States (OAS). She assumed office May 17, 2010. Ambassador Marks holds both a Bachelor and Master degrees in Business Administration from the University of the West Indies, Mona, Jamaica, and Nova University, Florida, USA, respectively. Prior to her appointment as Ambassador, Ms. Marks served on several private and public sectors Boards, including being Deputy Chairman of the Urban Development Corporation (UDC), Chairman of the Central Wastewater Treatment Company Limited (CWTC), Chair of the Tourism Product Development Company (TPDCo), Director of the Board of RBTT Securities Jamaica Limited, Jamaica Trade and Invest (JTI), National Health Fund (NHF), the University of the West Indies (Mona School of Business). She holds the distinction of being the first female President of the American Chamber of Commerce of Jamaica (AMCHAM), an organization which promotes investment and trade between the United States and Jamaica.

"As a Jamaican American woman, and the Representative of one of the largest districts of first and second generation Jamaican immigrants, it is truly my honor to recognize and commend Ambassador Marks for her accomplishments. She has indeed made history through her appointment. Ambassador Marks is well equipped to serve the country of Jamaica. With her talent and expertise, I am positive that she will help bring Jamaica and its people into a new era of prosperity and strengthen U.S.-Jamaican relations to create a more secure and stable hemisphere.

HONORING THE LIFE AND LEGACY OF THE LATE PAUL LEO LOCATELLI, S.J.

HON. MICHAEL M. HONDA

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, July 15, 2010

Mr. HONDA. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the life and legacy of the late Paul Leo Locatelli, S.J., former President of Santa Clara University, who dedicated his life to a vision of social respect and compassion.

Born to Italian immigrant parents, Paul grew up in Boulder Creek, California, picking walnuts and crushing gapes for the family garden and wine. Paul's experience as a child of immigrants resonates with all of us. Paul's work ethic, focus on family and community, and deep faith are emblematic of immigrant families all across this country.

The first in his family to attend college, Paul matriculated at Santa Clara University, where he went on to serve for over 35 years. Paul earned his bachelor's degree in accounting from SCU, a Doctorate in Business Administration from the University of Southern California, and a Master of Divinity from the Jesuit School of Theology in Berkeley in 1974. That same year, Paul was ordained as a priest and began teaching accounting at Santa Clara University. He was a beloved teacher and was voted Outstanding Teacher of the Year. Paul's most prominent role was as President of Santa Clara University, a position he held for 20 years, the longest serving president in the school's history. After leaving the presidency to become Secretary of Higher Education for the Society of Jesus at the Vatican. Paul was named Chancellor of the University in 2009. As a teacher. I can personally attest that there is no greater compliment than being asked to replicate one's work on such a large scale.

As President of Santa Clara University, Paul's persona profoundly affected the curricula of his students, promoting a diverse student body and encouraging his students to understand the world through different perspectives and life experiences. Paul was committed to having graduates of Santa Clara leave the university having excelled in the three C's: competence, conscience, and compassion. Paul's devotion to his students led to the most successful campaign year of Santa Clara University's history, raising the University's endowment by over \$600 million during his tenure. Kicking off the campaign, Paul told his students and faculty, "Ten years from now, because of our high aspirations and this campaign, Santa Clara University will be known around the world for educating moral, responsible, global citizens-leaders who will change the world by finding better ways to overcome ignorance and prejudice, to alleviate poverty and hunger, and to end divisions that are caused by religion, national origins, or languages."

The success of the campaign propelled Santa Clara University into the top tier of our Nation's universities. Paul began several initiatives with the new endowment to create the world leaders that he envisioned. First, he focused on students' scholarships, advocating that all students deserve the right to a higher education. Second, he expanded the University's facilities and resources. And third, Paul saw several new programs to fruition.

Paul focused not only on Santa Clara University as an institution, but also on individual students and projects, solidifying a personal feeling of community within the University. In 2007, Paul supported a group of students in an international solar-house competition that was seemingly too massive a project for the small University. The team placed third in the competition, garnering worldwide recognition and introducing a new legacy of solar and renewable projects on campus. After the competition, Paul did not stop in his commitment to the team of students. When they graduated, Paul served on the board of directors for their start-up company Valence Energy, providing mentorship and guidance to the students long after their college days. Paul served on nu-

merous boards, spreading his visionary leadership widely into the community. Among these, he worked with the Association of Jesuit Colleges and Universities, Catholic Relief Services, the Silicon Valley Leadership Group, and the Bill Hannon Foundation.

Paul's love and gift of teaching was perhaps only exceeded by the example he set as a humble priest. Throughout his life he remained true to the Jesuit's core principles of faith and not only understood, but lived the movement known as Liberation Theology. At his core, Paul was a Christian. With every inch of his being, he lived the great commandment to "Love your neighbor as yourself." He was selflessly devoted to the mission he vowed to undertake, and died in service to others. Father Paul Locatelli was, simply put, the most Christ-like person that I have come to know.

Paul was one our Valley's most respected leaders of heart and compassion, and a devoted student of history. On the evening of the September 11th, 2001 terrorist attacks, Paul showed courage and wisdom when speaking about the need to guard ourselves against the temptation to turn against those who may look like the terrorists. Drawing on the internment of Japanese Americans after the bombing of Pearl Harbor, Paul cautioned, "Whatever the race or ideology or professed religion of the terrorists who committed these awful actions today, we are called not to yield to stereotyping and scapegoating people who by accident of birth or history may seem to be like the guilty.'

Father Paul Locatelli will be deeply missed by the Santa Clara University family as well as the larger Silicon Valley community. His commitment to competence, conscience, and compassion has made a permanent impact on us all, and his efforts have afforded many students of Santa Clara University opportunities that would have been otherwise unavailable to them. Paul once said, ". . . we must understand ourselves as citizens of a global community whose decisions shape the world for better or worse." There is no doubt that as a direct result of Paul's life, our world has been shaped for the better. My condolences are with the Locatelli family, and he is in my thoughts and prayers. I will miss you, Paul, and I will try to live according to your example.

WISHING THE BYRON NELSON HIGH SCHOOL SOLAR CAR TEAM "GOOD LUCK" IN THE 2010 HUNT-WINSTON SCHOOL SOLAR CAR CHALLENGE

HON. MICHAEL C. BURGESS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, July 15, 2010

Mr. BURGESS. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the Solar Car Team from Byron Nelson High School in Trophy Club, Texas. The seven-member Bobcats Solar Racing Team will be participating in the 2010 Hunt-Winston School Solar Car Challenge. The eight-day cross-country event tests the teams' abilities to build a vehicle powered exclusively by solar energy and drive it from Texas Motor Speedway in my district to Boulder, Colorado.

The Winston Solar Car Team was launched over 15 years ago as an education program

designed to teach high school students how to build and safely race roadworthy solar cars. The final product of each two-year education cycle is the Winston Solar Challenge. The Bobcats Team is one of 22 teams in the nation competing in this extraordinary event. The team will embark upon the 900 mile crosscountry race at 8 a.m., Sunday, July 18, 2010.

Madam Speaker, I submit the names of the Byron Nelson High School Solar Team's advisors, captains, and members who were instrumental in the support and building of this remarkable vehicle:

Linda Parker—School Principal and Team Advisor

Darren Klauser—Team Advisor Matt Klauser—Team Captain Cliff Campbell—Team Captain Peter Van Houten—Team Captain Taylor Douglas—Team Member Zach Randolph—Team Member Chad Loving—Team Member Austin Flickinger—Team Member

Madam Speaker, I proudly rise today to commend the hard-working and visionary students comprising the Byron Nelson High School Solar Team, competitor in the 2010 Hunt-Winston School Solar Car Challenge. It is an honor to represent Northwest ISD, Byron Nelson High School and its Solar Car Team in the U.S. House of Representatives.

OUR UNCONSCIONABLE NATIONAL DEBT

HON. MIKE COFFMAN

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 15, 2010

Mr. COFFMAN of Colorado. Madam Speaker, today our national debt is \$13,189,505,566,215.83.

On January 6th, 2009, the start of the 111th Congress, the national debt was \$10,638,425,746,293.80.

This means the national debt has increased by \$2,551,079,819,922.00 so far this Congress.

This debt and its interest payments we are passing to our children and all future Americans.

STORY OF ARMENIAN GENOCIDE SURVIVOR: HAGOP BOGHOSSIAN (BORN ASHARJIAN)

HON. ADAM B. SCHIFF

OF CALIFORNIA IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, July 15, 2010

Mr. SCHIFF. Madam Speaker, I rise today to memorialize and record a courageous story of survival of the Armenian Genocide. The Armenian Genocide, perpetrated by the Ottoman Empire from 1915 to 1923, resulted in the death of 1.5 million Armenian men, women, and children. As the U.S. Ambassador to the Ottoman Empire Henry Morgenthau documented at the time, it was a campaign of "race extermination."

The campaign to annihilate the Armenian people failed, as illustrated by the proud Armenian nation and prosperous diaspora. It is difficult if not impossible to find an Armenian family not touched by the genocide, and while there are some survivors still with us, it is imperative that we record their stories. Through the Armenian Genocide Congressional Record Project, I hope to document the harrowing stories of the survivors in an effort to preserve their accounts and to help educate the Members of Congress now and in the future of the necessity of recognizing the Armenian Genocide.

Below is one of those stories:

SUBMITTED BY HARRY BOGHOSSIAN, AN ARME-NIAN GENOCIDE SURVIVOR DESCENDANT WHO RESIDES IN SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

"It is an honor to have this opportunity to express my deepest appreciation to you for documenting my families' genocide story.

"My father, Hagop Boghossian (born Hagop Asharjian), was a remarkable man. He was born on May 20, 1910, in the city of Dikranagerd, present day Diyarbakir, Turkey. His parents, Boghos, and Ani, had three sons and three daughters: Yeznig, Hagop, Antranig, Dickranouhi, Mena, and Vartouhi.

"My father always reminded me what happened to his family in the days following April 24, 1915. He said to me: 'During the massacre, the Turkish government took away my innocent, beloved father and my older brother, and they never returned home. They were murdered by the Turkish government. My younger brother, Antranig, died of cold and hunger, and there was no one around to bury him. My second oldest sister, Mena, was married to a Turkish man by force, and she died of hunger and cold, as well. All our luxury belongings: home, money, jewelry, clothing and our historic homeland were taken away by the Turks.'

"The surviving members of his family ended up in a refugee camp and his mother worked hard for several years just so they could stay alive. My father's mother was a beautiful woman, and had offers to marry several Turkish and Armenian men, but she refused to remarry.

"In 1922, my father's uncle, Anto, on his mother's side, fortunately came from Israel, managed to find them, and helped them to obtain their passports to immigrate to Israel. On May 7, 1945, my parents, Hagop and Mary, got married. They had three sons and one daughter: Paul, Peter, Harry and Ani. In 1949 my father's mother Ani, passed away.

"In May 1966, my family moved to Los Angeles, California.

"My father's two older sisters passed away. Dikranouhi, in 1968 and Vartouhi, in 1985. He sometimes cries when he remembers his lost family. I watched him cry and realized my Dad's heart was hurting inside, and that he had experienced a great deal of sadness, tragedy, depression, and loneliness.

"My father passed away on May 9, 1996. He always loved his family and this country with all his heart. He was married over 50 years and had six grandchildren.

"My maternal grandparents were also survivors of the Armenian Genocide. During the massacre the Turks were going to take away my grandfather, Toros Sivalzlian, to a death march in the desert. Fortunately he was hidden behind the door and the Turks did not see him, so they left. God saved him and he escaped. He was 20 years old at that time and family. My lost his grandmother Santoukht's brother was included with all people that were marching, during the deportation by the Turks. She started running after him while he was being marched away. She didn't catch up to him. And never saw him again. At the age of 10, she lost her parents/family and was an orphan, and did not know or have any contact information if her family were dead or alive. My grandparents met and were married in Greece, had seven children, 24 grandchildren and five greatgrandchildren. They were marred over 63 years and lived over 90 years.

"On April 29, 2009, I met with Senator Wyland and his staff at the state capitol to testify in front of the chair members in favor of the Genocide Awareness Act SB234. My testimony was as follows:

"'One of the greatest atrocities during the First World War was the Armenian Genocide. The 1.5 million Armenians that vanished from this planet that were annihilated by the genocide deserve to be recognized throughout history along with all Genocides. My father was an eyewitness to the massacre. He was exposed to a terrible tragedy. It changed his entire life. He saw bodies buried below the ground except their head exposed to the sun. He saw men, women, and children lying on the ground dead. Our former U.S. Ambassador, Henry Morgenthau, documented the Armenian Genocide. He put into print the experience he witnessed of the Turkish government's immoral tactics to wipe out the Armenian people, and rob the people of their land and dignity. Mr. Ambassador had the willingness to record the atrocities as a credible, U.S. government document, readily available in the U.S. archives. This document serves as a legitimate itemization of the Genocide. In so doing, he kept the remembrance of the Armenian Genocide alive in the face of today's Turkish government plot to cover up the truth and deny that the Genocide ever existed. We must never live in the denial of the truth. I urge the Senate Education Committee to support and vote for the Genocide Awareness Act SB 234 so the genocide is never repeated.""

"I would like to thank you Congressman Adam Schiff, for your generous support for supporting the Armenian Genocide."

REMEMBERING THE USS "LIBERTY"

HON. SOLOMON P. ORTIZ

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, July 15, 2010

Mr. ORTIZ. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the sacrifice made by those brave sailors and Marines aboard the USS *Liberty* on June 8, 1967. Those sailors were put in the worst possible situation by virtue of their clandestine mission, undergoing an unprovoked, brutal attack from an ally. I am certain the incident will never be closed in the hearts and minds of those who survived this attack.

The USS *Liberty*, a United States Navy technical research ship, was attacked by Israeli Air Force jet fighter aircraft and motor torpedo boats, during the Six-Day War. Out of a crew of 294, 34 were killed, and 174 were wounded during this tragic incident. As a result of the brave actions of the crewmen that day, the ship received the Presidential Unit Citation, and the ship's commander received the Medal of Honor.

My thoughts and prayers are with the survivors and families of the USS *Liberty*, as well as those 34 crewmen who gave their lives that day.

Our nation has a great deal of work to do today with our continued engagement in two separate wars and the largest influx of veterans coming home since World War II. We need to ensure that all of our brave young men and women are taken care of, and receive the benefits they have earned and so rightly deserve.