

public transportation alternative to the region.

Ms. Hagedorn's dedication to her community and California has also been demonstrated by her participation on the boards of many government and nonprofit organizations in the region such as, the Tahoe Regional Planning Agency, the Arden Park and Recreation District, Friends of Light Rail, and the Planning and Conservation League.

As her family, friends and the community gather to celebrate her retirement, I congratulate and thank Jane Hagedorn for her work to maintain clean air for our future generations.●

REMEMBERING HARRY KALAS AND CONSTANTINE PAPADAKIS

● Mr. CASEY. Mr. President, the city of Philadelphia lost two of its favorite sons recently. We are all saddened by the passing of longtime Philadelphia Phillies broadcaster Harry Kalas and the loss of Drexel University president Constantine Papadakis. It has been a sad time in Philadelphia with the loss of these two great pillars of the community, and I wish today to honor their memory.

Harry Kalas was the voice of the Philadelphia Phillies for four decades. His signature calls of "Outta Here" following a Phillies' home run and "Struck hiimm out" following a strikeout became fixtures on Phillies' broadcasts. Born in Chicago, Harry grew up the son of a minister in Naperville, IL. He began his broadcasting career in Hawaii and eventually moved to Houston, where he broadcasted Astros games from 1965 to 1970. The Phillies were the Astros' opponent in his first game as a Major League broadcaster.

Harry signed up as the Phillies play-by-play announcer in 1971. He quickly became a popular figure in Philadelphia. Together with Richie Ashburn, the Phillies' Hall of Fame outfielder, whom Harry worked with from 1971 until Ashburn's passing in 1997, the pair formed a memorable team built upon what the Philadelphia Inquirer recently described as "a special rapport in the broadcast booth that won over the fans' hearts."

Fans, players, and sports writers have recounted over the past week just how deeply Harry was loved. One of the most poignant examples of just how beloved Harry was came after the 1980 World Series between the Phillies and the Kansas City Royals. Not a lot of people know that Harry was not permitted to call the Phillies' World Series victory over the Royals due to a Major League Baseball rule in place at the time that prevented local broadcasts of World Series games. The outcry from fans of baseball everywhere, particularly in Philadelphia, was so vociferous that Major League Baseball changed its rules. As a result, fans were treated to Harry's call of the Phillies' appearances in the 1983 and

1993 World Series games and the Phillies' victory in the 2008 World Series. Harry's now famous call of the final out of the 2008 series will forever ring in the minds of fans and players alike.

The Phillies have taken appropriate steps to honor Harry's memory for the rest of the season. Most notably, Harry's signature "Outta Here" will be played over the PA system each time a Phillies' player hits a home run. Thousands of fans paid their respects to Harry during a moving ceremony at Citizens Bank Park last Saturday. The tributes across Major League Baseball are fitting for a man of Harry's stature.

Harry was not only a great broadcaster, he was a great man. I personally will always remember Harry's faithful attendance and participation in the annual Veterans Day parade and ceremony in Media, PA. He loved the city of Philadelphia, and it loved him back.

No matter the score, Harry's passion for the game and unique voice kept the fans captivated for all nine innings. He made the tough seasons easier and the good years even better. To say he will be missed is an understatement. His is the voice that Phillies fans will forever associate with baseball. My deepest condolences go out to Harry's family and the Philadelphia Phillies.

I also wish to honor the life of Constantine Papadakis—known as "Taki"—the longtime president of Drexel University in Philadelphia, PA, who passed away recently after a long and brave battle with lung cancer.

Taki was a creative and dynamic leader at Drexel University for 14 years. He was described by one of his colleagues as identifying himself completely with the university—"there was no Taki that wasn't connected to Drexel." His devotion to Drexel meant that for him, it was not enough to simply preside over the institution. Instead, he threw himself into building, expanding, and extending Drexel's reach, both its academic prowess and its role in the community of Philadelphia. Enrollment grew by more than 130 percent. Freshman applications increased by nearly 700 percent. Research funding went from \$15 million to more than \$100 million in each of the last three years. The size of the faculty doubled and the university is now the seventh largest private employer in the city of Philadelphia. During Taki's tenure, Drexel added both a law school and a medical school. Most recently, he spearheaded the effort to acquire a campus in Sacramento, CA.

Through the sheer force of his personality and his vision, Taki also brought renewed hope and optimism to Philadelphia's leaders and citizens. He established a leading role for Drexel in regional economic development, reaching out to business, academic, and community leaders to show what could be done by investing in growth. He knew that a university is not an isolated institution but a member of a

larger community with the potential to transform a city and a region. He constantly pushed forward, never content, as one colleague said, to rest on the laurels of Drexel's gains, "however meteoric." Government officials, business and community leaders, and ordinary citizens should be inspired by Taki's relentless drive toward improving our communities by strengthening our civic institutions and engaging in public life.

Taki's last year was emblematic of how he lived the rest of his life. His energy and charisma never waned, as he conducted business from his hospital bed, his office, and in board meetings. He had so much to work to finish, which is remarkable for an individual who had already achieved so much. He has been described as "larger than life and taken from us too young," which is undoubtedly true. I extend my deepest condolences to his wife of 39 years, Eliana, and his daughter Maria and hope they will take some comfort in the fact that Taki not only built a well-respected academic institution but also made a city believe in what could be accomplished through hard work, devotion, and passion.●

TRIBUTE TO CHUCK MACK

● Mrs. FEINSTEIN. Mr. President, today I commend Chuck Mack for his contributions to the labor movement in California and his remarkable 47 years as a Teamster.

Chuck began his career as a Teamster in 1962 and has spent every year since working on behalf of his fellow union members, organizing and ensuring fair treatment and benefits for all.

First elected to a representative position in 1966, he worked as a business agent until 1971 when he briefly moved to Sacramento to lobby the legislature as part of the Teamsters Public Affairs Council.

Returning to the East Bay in 1971, Chuck successfully ran for the position of secretary-treasurer of Local 70, a position he has maintained ever since, which represents 5,000 members in Alameda County.

He was elected to the joint council in 1972, and became president of the council, which represents 55,000 members in San Francisco, in 1982. In 1996, Chuck was elected western region vice president. And, in 2003, he was appointed director of the Teamsters Port Division.

Chuck's responsibilities and leadership roles have steadily increased over the last four decades.

I know him to be a passionate, thoughtful, and committed advocate for all workers.

Whether through his efforts to protect the environment in port communities or preserve wages and benefits for truck drivers, Chuck Mack has always put the needs of his fellow Teamsters first.

Chuck will be stepping down from his Teamsters positions at Local 70, Joint Council 7, and the International Union at the end of this month.

Chuck is now moving on to another significant challenge as he becomes co-chair of the Western Conference of Teamsters Pension Trust.

I wish him the very best in this new endeavor and offer my heartfelt and sincere congratulations for a job well done representing Teamsters in the bay area and across northern California for the last four decades.●

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mrs. Neiman, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

REPORT RELATIVE TO A PROPOSED AGREEMENT FOR COOPERATION BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES CONCERNING PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY—PM 21

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

To the Congress of the United States:

I am pleased to transmit to the Congress, pursuant to sections 123 b. and 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2153(b), (d)) (the "Act"), the text of a proposed Agreement for Cooperation Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Arab Emirates Concerning Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy. I am also pleased to transmit my written approval, authorization, and determination concerning the Agreement, and an unclassified Nuclear Proliferation Assessment Statement (NPAS) concerning the Agreement. (In accordance with section 123 of the Act, as amended by Title XII of the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-277), a classified annex to the NPAS, prepared by the Secretary of State in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, summarizing relevant classified information, will be submitted to the Congress separately.) The joint memorandum submitted to me by the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Energy and a letter from the Chairman of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission

stating the views of the Commission are also enclosed.

The proposed Agreement has been negotiated in accordance with the Act and other applicable law. In my judgment, it meets all applicable statutory requirements and will advance the nonproliferation and other foreign policy interests of the United States.

The Agreement provides a comprehensive framework for peaceful nuclear cooperation with the United Arab Emirates (UAE) based on a mutual commitment to nuclear nonproliferation. The United States and the UAE are entering into it in the context of a stated intention by the UAE to rely on existing international markets for nuclear fuel services as an alternative to the pursuit of enrichment and reprocessing. Article 7 will transform this UAE policy into a legally binding obligation from the UAE to the United States upon entry into force of the Agreement. Article 13 provides, inter alia, that if the UAE at any time following entry into force of the Agreement materially violates Article 7, the United States will have a right to cease further cooperation under the Agreement, require the return of items subject to the Agreement, and terminate the Agreement by giving 90 days written notice. In view of these and other nonproliferation features, the Agreement has the potential to serve as a model for other countries in the region that wish to pursue responsible nuclear energy development.

The Agreement has a term of 30 years and permits the transfer of technology, material, equipment (including reactors), and components for nuclear research and nuclear power production. It does not permit transfers of Restricted Data, sensitive nuclear technology, sensitive nuclear facilities, or major critical components of such facilities. In the event of termination of the Agreement, key nonproliferation conditions and controls continue with respect to material, equipment, and components subject to the Agreement.

In addition to the UAE's obligation to forgo enrichment and reprocessing—the first instance of such an obligation on the part of a U.S. cooperating partner in an agreement of this type—the Agreement contains certain additional nonproliferation features not typically found in such agreements. These are modeled on similar provisions in the 1981 United States-Egypt Agreement for Peaceful Nuclear Cooperation and include (a) a right of the United States to require the removal of special fissionable material subject to the Agreement from the UAE either to the United States or to a third country if exceptional circumstances of concern from a nonproliferation standpoint so require, and (b) confirmation by the United States that the fields of cooperation, terms, and conditions accorded by the United States to the UAE shall be no less favorable in scope and effect than those that the United States may accord to any other non-

nuclear-weapon State in the Middle East in a peaceful nuclear cooperation agreement. The Agreement also provides, for the first time in a U.S. agreement for peaceful nuclear cooperation, that prior to U.S. licensing of exports of nuclear material, equipment, components, or technology pursuant to the Agreement, the UAE shall bring into force the Additional Protocol to its safeguards agreement.

The UAE is a non-nuclear-weapon State party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT). The United States is a nuclear-weapon State party to the NPT. Article 12 of the proposed Agreement provides that the Agreement shall not be interpreted as affecting the inalienable rights of the United States and the UAE under the NPT. A more detailed discussion of the UAE's intended civil nuclear program and its nonproliferation policies and practices is provided in the NPAS and in a classified Annex to the NPAS to be submitted to the Congress separately.

The Agreed Minute to the Agreement provides U.S. prior approval for retransfers by the UAE of irradiated nuclear material subject to the Agreement to France and the United Kingdom, if consistent with their respective policies, laws, and regulations, for storage or reprocessing subject to specified conditions, including that prior agreement between the United States and the UAE is required for the transfer of any special fissionable material recovered from any such reprocessing to the UAE. The transferred material would also have to be held within the European Atomic Energy Community subject to the Agreement for Cooperation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy Between the United States of America and the European Atomic Energy Community (EURATOM).

In view of the fact that this consent would constitute a subsequent arrangement under the Act if agreed separately from the proposed Agreement, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Energy have ensured that the advance approval provisions meet the applicable requirements of section 131 of the Act. Specifically, they have concluded that the U.S. advance approval for retransfer of nuclear material for reprocessing or storage contained in the Agreed Minute to the proposed Agreement is not inimical to the common defense and security. An analysis of the advance approval given in the Agreed Minute is contained in the NPAS.

This transmission shall constitute a submittal for purposes of both sections 123 b. and 123 d. of the Act. My Administration is prepared to begin immediately the consultations with the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and the House Foreign Affairs Committee as provided in section 123 b. Upon completion of the period of 30 days of continuous session provided for in section