

On page 4, line 15, decrease the amount by \$303,420,000.

On page 4, line 16, decrease the amount by \$475,732,000.

On page 4, line 17, decrease the amount by \$599,908,000.

On page 4, line 18, decrease the amount by \$755,924,000.

On page 4, line 24, decrease the amount by \$303,420,000.

On page 4, line 25, decrease the amount by \$475,732,000.

On page 5, line 1, decrease the amount by \$599,908,000.

On page 5, line 2, decrease the amount by \$755,924,000.

On page 5, line 8, decrease the amount by \$303,420,000.

On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$475,732,000.

On page 5, line 10, decrease the amount by \$599,908,000.

On page 5, line 11, decrease the amount by \$755,924,000.

On page 5, line 18, decrease the amount by \$303,420,000.

On page 5, line 19, decrease the amount by \$779,152,000.

On page 5, line 20, decrease the amount by \$1,379,060,000.

On page 5, line 21, decrease the amount by \$2,134,984,000.

On page 6, line 1, decrease the amount by \$303,420,000.

On page 6, line 2, decrease the amount by \$779,152,000.

On page 6, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,379,060,000.

On page 6, line 4, decrease the amount by \$2,134,984,000.

On page 21, line 3, decrease the amount by \$300,000,000.

On page 21, line 4, decrease the amount by \$300,000,000.

On page 21, line 7, decrease the amount by \$460,000,000.

On page 21, line 8, decrease the amount by \$460,000,000.

On page 21, line 11, decrease the amount by \$560,000,000.

On page 21, line 12, decrease the amount by \$560,000,000.

On page 21, line 15, decrease the amount by \$680,000,000.

On page 21, line 16, decrease the amount by \$680,000,000.

On page 27, line 3, decrease the amount by \$3,420,000.

On page 27, line 4, decrease the amount by \$3,420,000.

On page 27, line 7, decrease the amount by \$15,732,000.

On page 27, line 8, decrease the amount by \$15,732,000.

On page 27, line 11, decrease the amount by \$39,908,000.

On page 27, line 12, decrease the amount by \$39,908,000.

On page 27, line 15, decrease the amount by \$75,924,000.

On page 27, line 16, decrease the amount by \$75,924,000.

SA 806. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title III, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER ON LEGISLATION THAT RAISES INCOME TAX RATES ON SMALL BUSINESSES.

(a) In General.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order, to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that includes any provision which increases Federal income tax rates.

(b) Definition.—In this section, the term “Federal income tax rates” means any rate of tax imposed under subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of section 1, 11(b), or 55(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(c) Waiver.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(d) Appeals.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 807. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:
SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES AGAINST THE THREAT OF BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK.

In the event the United States or an ally of the United States engages a ballistic missile fired by a third party without the mutual consent of the engaging party and the party firing such missile, it shall be in order for the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget to revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide funding for United States programs for research, development, and deployment of ballistic missile defense by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years of 2009 through 2019.

SA 808. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 20, line 24, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 20, line 25, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 21, line 3, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 4, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 7, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 8, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 28, line 2, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 28, line 6, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

SA 809. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 2, after “development,”, insert “strengthen and retool manufacturing supply chains.”.

SA 810. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 37, line 24, insert “by increasing support for sector workforce training,” after “products.”.

SA 811. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ESTABLISH A NATIONAL USURY LAW.

The chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the aggregates, allocations, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports to establish a national usury law, provided that such legislation does not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 812. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:
SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT SOCIAL SECURITY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would protect Social Security by not reducing Social Security benefits or raising the retirement age, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 813. Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that improve student achievement by focusing on attendance and truancy prevention specifically at the middle school grade level, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 814. Mr. PRYOR (for himself and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 19, line 24, increase the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 19, line 25, increase the amount by \$11,000,000.

On page 20, line 4, increase the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$11,000,000.

On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

SA 815. Mr. REED (for himself and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the

concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 34, line 13, insert "by investing in programs such as the programs under subpart 4 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070c et seq.);" after "students".

SA 816. Mrs. BOXER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 38, line 19, after "refundable tax relief" insert "and enhancement of the employer-provided child care credit and enhancement of the dependent care tax credit".

SA 817. Mr. BUNNING submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE REPEAL OF THE 1993 INCREASE IN THE INCOME TAX ON SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would repeal the 1993 increase in the income tax on social security benefits, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 818. Mr. BUNNING submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLATION TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF CAPITAL LOSSES ALLOWED TO INDIVIDUALS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and

other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that increases the amount by which a capital loss of an individual is allowed, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 819. Mr. ENZI (for himself, Mr. ALEXANDER, and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, between lines 4 and 5, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . RESTRICTIONS ON UNFUNDED MANDATES ON STATES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that would increase the direct costs of one or more States or local governments by an amount that exceeds the threshold provided under section 424(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 658c(a)(1)).

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 820. Mr. ENZI (for himself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE ANIMAL HEALTH AND DISEASE PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would ensure that the animal health and disease program established under section 1433 of the National Agricultural Research, Extension, and Teaching Policy Act of 1977 (7 U.S.C. 3195) is fully funded.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 821. Mr. ENZI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, and insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ACCESS TO QUALITY AND AFFORDABLE HEALTH INSURANCE.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that—

(1) ensures that every American is insured by providing genuine access to quality, affordable health care that promotes choice and competition to drive down costs, without increasing health care spending;

(2) strengthens health care quality by promoting wellness and empowering consumers with accurate and comprehensive information on quality and cost;

(3) protects Americans' economic security from catastrophic events by expanding insurance options and improving health insurance portability;

(4) promotes the advanced research and development of new treatments and cures to enhance health care quality; and

(5) accomplishes paragraphs (1) through (5) through regular order, without the use of reconciliation;

provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 822. Mr. ENZI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would encourage the efficiency of providers receiving health information technology incentive payments made available under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 by capping such incentive payments at 75 percent of the total acquisition and operating costs of implementing such system, provided such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 823. Mr. ENZI (for himself and Mr. ROBERTS) submitted an amendment in-

tended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 3, line 12, decrease the amount by \$7,536,000,000.

On page 3, line 13, decrease the amount by \$11,786,000,000.

On page 3, line 14, decrease the amount by \$13,136,000,000.

On page 3, line 15, decrease the amount by \$14,236,000,000.

On page 4, line 6, increase the amount by \$7,536,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, increase the amount by \$11,786,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, increase the amount by \$13,136,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, increase the amount by \$14,236,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, increase the amount by \$85,910,000.

On page 4, line 16, increase the amount by \$398,927,000.

On page 4, line 17, increase the amount by \$991,775,000.

On page 4, line 18, increase the amount by \$1,807,623,000.

On page 4, line 24, increase the amount by \$85,910,000.

On page 4, line 25, increase the amount by \$398,927,000.

On page 5, line 1, increase the amount by \$991,775,000.

On page 5, line 2, increase the amount by \$1,807,623,000.

On page 5, line 8, increase the amount by \$7,621,910,000.

On page 5, line 9, increase the amount by \$12,184,927,000.

On page 5, line 10, increase the amount by \$14,127,775,000.

On page 5, line 11, increase the amount by \$16,043,623,000.

On page 5, line 18, increase the amount by \$7,621,910,000.

On page 5, line 19, increase the amount by \$19,806,837,000.

On page 5, line 20, increase the amount by \$33,934,612,000.

On page 5, line 21, increase the amount by \$49,978,236,000.

On page 6, line 1, increase the amount by \$7,621,910,000.

On page 6, line 2, increase the amount by \$19,806,837,000.

On page 6, line 3, increase the amount by \$33,934,612,000.

On page 6, line 4, increase the amount by \$49,978,236,000.

On page 27, line 3, increase the amount by \$85,910,000.

On page 27, line 4, increase the amount by \$85,910,000.

On page 27, line 7, increase the amount by \$398,927,000.

On page 27, line 8, increase the amount by \$398,927,000.

On page 27, line 11, increase the amount by \$991,775,000.

On page 27, line 12, increase the amount by \$991,775,000.

On page 27, line 15, increase the amount by \$1,807,623,000.

On page 27, line 16, increase the amount by \$1,807,623,000.

SA 824. Mr. ENZI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S.

Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title III, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER ON LEGISLATION THAT INCREASES TAXES DURING ANY PERIOD WHEN THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE IS IN EXCESS OF 5.8 PERCENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order, to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report during any period in which the unemployment rate in the United States (as measured by the most recent Bureau of Labor Statistics' Current Population Survey and based on the national seasonally adjusted rate for persons age 16 and over) exceeds 5.8 percent if such bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report increases taxes.

(b) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(c) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 825. Mr. ENZI (for himself, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. VITTER, Mr. HATCH, and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . LIMITATIONS ON LEGISLATION THAT WOULD INCREASE ELECTRICITY PRICES DURING PERIODS OF HIGH UNEMPLOYMENT.

(a) DEFINITION OF LEGISLATION.—In this section, the term "legislation" means a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report.

(b) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Senate is considering legislation, on a point of order being made by any Senator against the legislation, or any part of the legislation, as a result of which a determination described in paragraph (2) is made, and the point of order is sustained by the Presiding Officer, the Senate shall cease consideration of the legislation.

(2) DETERMINATION.—The determination described in this paragraph means a determination made by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office, in consultation with the Energy Information Administration and other appropriate Federal Government agencies, on the request of a Senator for review of the legislation, that the legislation, or portion of the legislation, would, if enacted, result in an increase in the national average price for electricity during a period that the national average unemployment rate (as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics) is more than 5.5 percent.

(c) WAIVERS AND APPEALS.—

(1) WAIVERS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Before the Presiding Officer rules on a point of order described in subsection (b)(1), any Senator may move to waive the point of order and the motion to waive shall not be subject to amendment.

(B) VOTE.—A point of order described in subsection (a)(1) is waived only by the affirmative vote of 60 Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEALS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—After the Presiding Officer rules on a point of order described in subsection (b)(1), any Senator may appeal the ruling of the Presiding Officer on the point of order as the ruling applies to all or part of the provisions on which the Presiding Officer ruled.

(B) VOTE.—A ruling of the Presiding Officer on a point of order described in subsection (b)(1) is sustained unless 60 Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, vote not to sustain the ruling.

(3) DEBATE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Debate on the motion to waive under paragraph (1) or on an appeal of the ruling of the Presiding Officer under paragraph (2) shall be limited to 1 hour.

(B) DIVISION.—The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the Majority leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate, or designees.

SA 826. Mr. ENZI (for himself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REPEAL DEDUCTIONS FROM MINERAL REVENUE PAYMENTS TO STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would repeal the requirement to deduct certain amounts from mineral revenues payable to States under the heading “ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS” under the heading “MINERALS MANAGEMENT SERVICE” under the heading “DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR” of title I of the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111-8).

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 827. Ms. COLLINS (for herself, Mr. BINGAMAN, and Mr. BAYH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 4, insert “(including through industrial energy efficiency programs)” after “and efficiency”.

SA 828. Mr. COBURN (for himself, Mr. WICKER, Mr. VITTER, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 31, strike lines 3 through 7 and insert the following: “cans;

(8) maintain long-term fiscal sustainability and pays for itself by reducing health care cost growth, improving productivity, or dedicating additional sources of revenue; or

(9)(A) subject to subparagraph (B), protect the freedom of conscience for patients and the right of health care providers to serve patients without violating their moral and religious convictions, which includes, but is not limited to, prohibiting—

(i) discrimination on the basis of a provider’s objection to perform or participate in specific surgical or medical procedures or prescribe certain pharmaceuticals;

(ii) legal coercion against a provider who expresses a conscience objection to perform or participate in specific surgical or medical procedures or prescribe certain pharmaceuticals; and

(iii) government coercion of patients to enroll in specific health insurance plans or see pre-selected health care providers; and

(B) require the principles described in subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to authorize or shield from liability the denial, on the basis of a patient’s race or present or predicted disability, of a surgical or medical procedure or pharmaceutical that a provider offers to others;”.

SA 829. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, strike lines 6 through line 17 and insert the following:

SEC. 311. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, all committees are directed to review programs within their jurisdiction to root out waste, fraud, and abuse in program spending, giving particular scrutiny to issues raised by Government Accountability Office reports. Based on these oversight efforts and committee performance reviews of programs within their jurisdiction, committees are directed to include recommendations for improved governmental performance in their annual views and estimates reports required under section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committees on the Budget.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING SUPPORTING THE PRESIDENT IN HIS EFFORTS TO

GO “LINE BY LINE” THROUGH THE FEDERAL BUDGET.—

(1) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—

(A) as of March 30, 2009, the national debt of the United States currently stands at \$11,045,554,110,788.22, the largest in world history;

(B) each United States citizen’s share of this debt is \$36,155.97;

(C) the fiscal year 2010 Senate Budget Resolution will increase the total United States national debt by at least \$5,000,000,000,000 over the next 10 years;

(D) the power of the purse belongs to Congress;

(E) Congress authorizes and appropriates all Federal discretionary spending and creates new mandatory spending programs;

(F) Congress annually funds programs that are wasteful, inefficient, and duplicative that result in taxpayer losses in the billions;

(G) it is irresponsible for Congress to continue funding wasteful, inefficient, or duplicative Government programs that will result in borrowing from Social Security, Medicare, foreign nations, or future generations of Americans;

(H) every cent that the United States Government loses on wasteful, inefficient, or duplicative programs is money stolen from future generations of Americans and from important programs, including Social Security and Medicare, on which our senior citizens depend for their retirement security;

(I) President Obama declared on November 25, 2008, “In these challenging times, when we are facing both rising deficits and a sinking economy, budget reform is not an option. It is an imperative. We cannot sustain a system that bleeds billions of taxpayer dollars on programs that have outlived their usefulness, or exist solely because of the power of politicians, lobbyists, or interest groups.”; and

(J) President Obama pledged, on November 25, 2008, to go through the Federal Budget “page by page, line by line, eliminating those programs we don’t need, and insisting that those we do operate in a sensible, cost-effective way.”.

(2) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that Congress should support the President in his efforts to go line by line through the Federal budget to eliminate wasteful spending by—

(A) requiring the head of every Federal department and agency to provide a report to Congress, within 90 days of the date of adoption of this resolution, on programs that are duplicative, inefficient, or failing, with recommendations for elimination and consolidation of such programs;

(B) requiring the Office of Management and Budget, within 90 days of the date of adoption of this resolution, to provide a report to Congress on programs that are duplicative government-wide, with recommendations for elimination or consolidation of such programs; and

(C) requiring every standing committee of Congress to conduct at least one oversight hearing per fiscal year to identify wasteful, inefficient, outdated, and duplicative programs that could be eliminated.

SA 830. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 40, strike lines 9 through 22 and insert the following:

(f) HOUSING ASSISTANCE.—The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to housing assistance, which may include low income rental assistance, assistance provided through the Housing Trust Fund created under section 1131 of the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, and legislation that allows for a temporary suspension of the 10 percent tax penalty in order for struggling families to make an early withdrawal from their qualified retirement accounts to pay their monthly mortgage payments, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 831. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . SENSE OF CONGRESS ON UNITED NATIONS TRANSPARENCY.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The United States taxpayer provides the United Nations with over \$5,000,000,000 annually, representing up to 25 percent of all funds received by the United Nations, even though the United States is only 1 of 192 United Nations members.

(2) In 2008, the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Senate found that the United Nations lead development entity, the United Nations Development Program, diverted development funds to the entity used by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to finance illicit missile sales and permitted the Government of North Korea to use United Nations bank accounts to freely transfer cash around the world and elude detection and sanctions.

(3) The United Nations Procurement Task Force reported in 2008 that the United Nations Environment Program, which spends over \$1,000,000,000 annually and receives almost 10 percent of its budget from United States taxpayers, conducts almost no auditing or oversight of its spending, has one auditor and one assistant to inspect its operations, and would take 17 years to audit its high-risk areas already identified.

(4) The United Nations Procurement Task Force reported in 2008 that poor data collection across the United Nations system makes it impossible to determine whether a United Nations program is relevant or effective.

(5) The United Nations Procurement Task Force reported in 2008 that United Nations resource allocation and performance assessments do not take into account whether or not results have been achieved.

(6) The Department of State reported in 2007 that the United Nations 2008/2009 Biennial Budget represents the largest increase in its funding request in United Nations his-

tory, in excess of \$5,200,000,000 and representing a 25 percent increase from the previous biennial budget.

(7) The Department of State reported in 2007 that, in the previous 5 years, the United Nations budget has grown at a record 17 percent, the United Nations Peacekeeping budget has grown by 40 percent, and the United Nations Tribunals budget has grown by 15 percent, but the United States budget has only grown 7 percent during the same period.

(8) The Department of State reported in 2007 that the overwhelming majority of the United Nations budget, 75 percent, is diverted to costs associated with its staff instead of direct humanitarian assistance or conflict prevention.

(9) United Nations auditors in 2007 found that 43 percent of over \$1,000,000,000 in audited procurement contracts were tainted by fraud and corruption.

(10) The official policy at the Department of State for United Nations reform, as implemented through the United Nations Transparency and Accountability Initiative, is to press the United Nations to reform by providing access to United Nations audits, budget information and procurement activities, instituting legitimate whistleblower protections, financial disclosure policies, and an ethics office, providing independence for its internal oversight bodies, adopting international accounting standards, and establishing a cap on administrative overhead costs for United Nations funds and programs.

(11) The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (Public Law 109-282; 31 U.S.C. 6101 note) requires all federal funding information to be put on the public website, USA Spending.gov, including all contract, subcontract, grant, and subgrant data such as the amount of the award, source of funds, and the intended purpose of the funds.

(12) Section 212 of this resolution creates a deficit-neutral reserve fund for a bipartisan congressional sunset commission that is tasked with providing “for a process that will help abolish obsolete and duplicative Federal programs” and “for improved government accountability and greater openness in Government decision-making”.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that no appropriated funds should be obligated, expended, or otherwise made available for the United Nations or any subsidiary body of the United Nations, including any organization that is authorized to use the United Nations logo, for a fiscal year unless the Director of the Office of Management and Budget certifies that the United Nations, such subsidiary body of the United Nations, or such organization, as the case may be, is fully and publicly transparent about all of its spending, including for procurement purposes, that occurred during the prior fiscal year, including the posting on a publicly available website of—

(1) copies of all contracts, grants, subcontracts, and subgrants awarded or utilized during the prior fiscal year;

(2) copies of all program reviews, audits, budgets, project progress reports, and other management documents relating to the prior fiscal year; and

(3) any other financial or management information determined necessary by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

SA 832. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth

the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE NEED FOR TRANSPARENCY FOR DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:

(1) On September 16, 2008, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, after consulting with Treasury Department, issued a press release announcing it “authorized the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to lend up to \$85 billion to the American International Group (AIG) under section 13(3) of the Federal Reserve Act.”

(2) On October 8, 2008, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve issued a press release, announcing it would loan AIG an additional \$37.8 billion, stating, “Under this program, the New York Fed will borrow up to \$37.8 billion in investment-grade, fixed-income securities from AIG in return for cash collateral.”

(3) On November 10, 2008, the United States Treasury issued a press release announcing it would “purchase \$40 billion in senior preferred stock from the American International Group (AIG) as part of a comprehensive plan to restructure federal assistance to the systemically important company.”

(4) On November 25, 2008, the Treasury Department used funds from the Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) to purchase the \$40 billion in preferred shares in AIG.

(5) The November 10, 2008, a Treasury Department press release also stated, relating to compensation for AIG executives in light of the recent taxpayer-funded purchase of senior preferred stock, “Under the agreement AIG must be in compliance with the executive compensation and corporate governance requirements of Section 111 of the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act. AIG must comply with the most stringent limitations on executive compensation for its top five senior executive officers as required under the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act. Treasury is also requiring golden parachute limitations and a freeze on the size of the annual bonus pool for the top 70 company executives.”

(6) On January 26, 2009, H.R. 1, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 was introduced in the House with no language on executive compensation requirements for Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) recipients.

(7) On January 28, 2009, H.R. 1 passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 244-188, with no language included on executive compensation requirements for TARP recipients.

(8) On January 30, 2009, the Senate began consideration of Senate Amendment 98, a substitute amendment to H.R. 1, which did not include language on executive compensation requirements for TARP recipients.

(9) On February 5, 2009, during consideration of Senate Amendment 98, the Senate adopted by voice vote, Senate Amendment 354, which would prohibit the payment of bonuses to the top 25 executives at firms in receipt of TARP funds.

(10) On February 7, 2009, Senate Amendment 98 was withdrawn in the Senate, and Senate Amendment 570, a substitute amendment was ordered to be printed in the Senate, which included Senate Amendment 354, previously approved by the Senate.

(11) On February 10, 2009, Senate Amendment 570 passed the Senate by a vote of 61 – 37.

(12) On February 13, 2009, the conference report to H.R. 1 was approved by both the Senate and the House of Representatives, and contained a new provision, not included in either the Senate-passed or House-passed bills, specifically exempting bonuses agreed to before February 11, 2009, for executives at companies that received TARP funds.

(13) Senators were given less than 24 hours to review any changes that were made to the conference report, which totaled more than 1,000 pages.

(14) According to Senate Rule XXVIII, paragraph 2(a), "Conferees shall not insert in their report matter not committed to them by either House, nor shall they strike from the bill matter agreed to by both Houses."

(15) According to Senate Rule XXVIII, paragraph 9(a)(1), "It shall not be in order to vote on the adoption of a report of a committee of conference unless such report has been available to Members and to the general public for at least 48 hours before such vote. If a point of order is sustained under this paragraph, then the conference report shall be set aside."

(16) On March 18, 2009, CNN reported that one United States senator "denied inserting that exemption at the 11th hour, and insisted he doesn't know how it got in there."

(17) On March 19, 2009, ABC News reported that one United States senator stated the following regarding the executive compensation language included in H.R. 1, "And frankly it was such a rush, talking about the stimulus bill now, to get it passed, I did not have time, other conferees did not have time to address many of the provisions that were modified significantly. We do the best we can, but we missed that stuff as a result."

(18) On March 19, 2009, The Hill Newspaper reported that, according to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the language in question did not originate in the House of Representatives, stating "This was never brought to conference, ... This never came to the House side, and you can talk to any of our conferees. It's a matter of fact and record."

(19) On March 19, 2009, the Wall Street Journal reported that White House officials suggested they did not request the legislative change, saying that "Administration officials said the Treasury didn't suggest any language or say how the amendment should be changed. They said they noted legal issues that could likely lead to challenges, but was the end of their involvement. The official said Mr. Dodd and Congress made the final changes on their own."

(20) On March 19, 2009, in an interview with CNN, Treasury Secretary Timothy Geithner stated that "Treasury staff did express concern about whether this provision was vulnerable to legal challenge."

(21) On March 19, an ABC news story reported that "Two separate federal agencies have begun investigations into how the provisions ended up in the legislation..."

(22) On March 28, 2009, the Hartford Courant reported that the Attorney General of the State of Connecticut had sent a letter to the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve contending that the AIG bonuses payments were not protected under Connecticut's wage act, calling such arguments, "flawed legal bluffs". Earlier in the week, the Chairman had testified to Congress that he wanted to legally challenge the bonuses but was advised not to because of the potential liability from the wage act. But, according to a March 25 story in the Hartford Courant, the Federal Reserve had not been in contact with the State Attorney General's office to discuss the matter.

(23) Additionally, section 215 of this resolution encourages increased "transparency at the Federal Reserve System, including au-

ditions of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Federal reserve banks and increased public disclosure with respect to the recipients of all loans and other financial assistance it has provided since March 4, 2008".

(24) The secret change in the language relating to executive compensation for TARP recipients' calls into question the integrity of the Senate and the legislative process, and the executive branch has seen fit to investigate such matters.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that not later than 14 days after the adoption of this resolution, the Department of Treasury and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve, should post a clearly labeled section on the front page of the website of each such agency, that contains, in a searchable format, all documents relating to the origination, development, and insertion of the language described in subsection (a) into the conference report to H.R. 1, including—

- (1) any relevant correspondences, memorandums, electronic communications, meeting summaries, and telephone logs; and
- (2) all communication, in any medium or manner, with—
 - (A) each Senate Office;
 - (B) the President and any officials employed or associated with the Administration of the President;
 - (C) American International Group; and
 - (D) the Office of the Attorney General of the State of Connecticut.

SA 833. Mr. CRAPO (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. RISCH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 12, line 21, strike "\$4,489,000,000" and insert "\$4,939,000,000".
- On page 12, line 22, strike "\$6,210,000,000" and insert "\$6,457,500,000".
- On page 12, line 25, strike "\$4,404,000,000" and insert "\$4,844,000,000".
- On page 13, line 1, strike "\$8,906,000,000" and insert "\$9,283,000,000".
- On page 13, line 4, strike "\$4,427,000,000" and insert "\$4,867,000,000".
- On page 13, line 5, strike "\$10,341,000,000" and insert "\$10,769,000,000".
- On page 13, line 8, strike "\$4,619,000,000" and insert "\$5,059,000,000".
- On page 13, line 9, strike "\$5,613,000,000" and insert "\$6,053,300,000".
- On page 13, line 12, strike "\$4,540,000,000" and insert "\$4,980,000,000".
- On page 13, line 13, strike "\$484,000,000" and insert "\$924,000,000".
- On page 25, line 24, strike "\$22,321,000,000" and insert "\$21,871,000,000".
- On page 25, line 25, strike "\$23,021,000,000" and insert "\$22,773,500,000".
- On page 26, line 3, strike "\$22,477,000,000" and insert "\$22,037,000,000".
- On page 26, line 4, strike "\$23,322,000,000" and insert "\$22,945,000,000".
- On page 26, line 7, strike "\$22,707,000,000" and insert "\$22,267,000,000".
- On page 26, line 8, strike "\$23,806,000,000" and insert "\$23,378,000,000".
- On page 26, line 11, strike "\$22,437,000,000" and insert "\$21,997,000,000".
- On page 26, line 12, strike "\$23,252,000,000" and insert "\$22,811,700,000".

On page 26, line 15, strike "\$22,808,000,000" and insert "\$22,368,000,000".

On page 26, line 16, strike "\$23,109,000,000" and insert "\$22,669,000,000".

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . CONTINUATION OF REQUIRED LICENSING ACTIVITIES TO SUPPORT FINAL DISPOSAL OF CERTAIN MATERIALS AT YUCCA MOUNTAIN REPOSITORY.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for each of fiscal years 2010 through 2014, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Energy and the Chairperson of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for the continuation of required licensing activities to support the final disposal at the Yucca Mountain Repository of spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste an amount equal to the increase in amounts made available under Function 270 by the modifications made by this amendment.

SA 834. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 21, line 7, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.
- On page 21, line 8, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.
- On page 21, line 11, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 21, line 12, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 21, line 15, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 21, line 16, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 28, line 6, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.
- On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.
- On page 28, line 10, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 28, line 11, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 28, line 14, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.
- On page 28, line 15, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

SA 835. Mr. GREGG (for himself, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. VOINOVICH, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. ENZI, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Mr. ISAKSON) proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ADDRESS OUR NATIONS LONG TERM FISCAL PROBLEMS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference

reports that would authorize the creation of a bipartisan task force to examine the long term fiscal imbalances facing our Nation and directs the bipartisan task force to report, with the majority approval of each participating party, legislative recommendations to address those imbalances, and provides legislative fast track procedures to ensure a vote on the legislative recommendations, by the amount provided in that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 836. Mr. REED (for himself, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. DODD, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. KERRY, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and Mrs. GILLIBRAND) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 21, line 24, increase the amount by \$1,900,000,000.
 On page 21, line 25, increase the amount by \$1,330,000,000.
 On page 22, line 4, increase the amount by \$532,000,000.
 On page 22, line 8, increase the amount by \$38,000,000.
 On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,900,000,000.
 On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$1,330,000,000.
 On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$532,000,000.
 On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$38,000,000.

SA 837. Mr. DORGAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 19, line 24, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 On page 19, line 25, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.
 On page 20, line 4, increase the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 20, line 8, increase the amount by \$2,000,000.
 On page 20, line 12, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.
 On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.
 On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.
 On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.
 On page 28, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 838. Mr. DORGAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congress-

sional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 24, line 24, increase the amount by \$23,000,000.
 On page 24, line 25, increase the amount by \$16,000,000.
 On page 25, line 4, increase the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 25, line 8, increase the amount by \$2,000,000.
 On page 25, line 12, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.
 On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$23,000,000.
 On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$16,000,000.
 On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.
 On page 28, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 839. Mr. ROBERTS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 21, line 24, increase the amount by \$20,000,000.
 On page 21, line 25, increase the amount by \$15,200,000.
 On page 22, line 3, increase the amount by \$20,000,000.
 On page 22, line 4, increase the amount by \$19,800,000.
 On page 22, line 7, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 On page 22, line 8, increase the amount by \$12,400,000.
 On page 22, line 12, increase the amount by \$2,500,000.
 On page 22, line 16, increase the amount by \$100,000.
 On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.
 On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$15,200,000.
 On page 28, line 2, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.
 On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$19,800,000.
 On page 28, line 6, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.
 On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$12,400,000.
 On page 28, line 11, decrease the amount by \$2,500,000.
 On page 28, line 15, decrease the amount by \$100,000.

SA 840. Mr. BROWBACK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 25, line 23, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.
 On page 25, line 24, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.
 On page 26, line 2, increase the amount by \$6,000,000.
 On page 26, line 3, increase the amount by \$6,000,000.
 On page 26, line 6, increase the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 26, line 7, increase the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 26, line 10, increase the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 26, line 11, increase the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 26, line 14, increase the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 26, line 15, increase the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 10, line 20, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.
 On page 10, line 21, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.
 On page 10, line 24, decrease the amount by \$6,000,000.
 On page 10, line 25, decrease the amount by \$6,000,000.
 On page 11, line 3, decrease the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 11, line 4, decrease the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 11, line 7, decrease the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 11, line 8, decrease the amount by \$8,000,000.
 On page 11, line 11, decrease the amount by \$4,000,000.
 On page 11, line 12, decrease the amount by \$4,000,000.

SA 841. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. BENNET, Mr. TESTER, and Mr. THUNE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 19, line 24, increase the amount by \$100,000,000.
 On page 19, line 25, increase the amount by \$30,000,000.
 On page 20, line 4, increase the amount by \$43,000,000.
 On page 20, line 8, increase the amount by \$18,000,000.
 On page 20, line 12, increase the amount by \$7,000,000.
 On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000.
 On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$30,000,000.
 On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$43,000,000.
 On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$18,000,000.
 On page 28, line 11, decrease the amount by \$7,000,000.

SA 842. Mr. MARTINEZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 40, line 4, insert “(including such legislation that expands free trade by reducing or eliminating duties, restrictions on the importation of articles, or any other barriers to international trade)” after “trade”.

SA 843. Mr. MARTINEZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 40, line 4, after “trade” insert the following: “(including implementation of trade agreements with Colombia, Panama, and the Republic of Korea)”.

SA 844. Mr. CRAPO proposed an amendment to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 50, line 12, strike “and”

On page 50, insert after line 15:

“(3) for fiscal year 2011, \$1,092,921,000 in new budget authority;

(4) for fiscal year 2012, \$1,112,047,000 in new budget authority; and”.

On page 49, insert on line 12 after the word “bill”:

“, concurrent resolution.”.

SA 845. Ms. LANDRIEU (for herself and Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR FOSTER CARE FINANCING REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would, with respect to services provided under part B of title IV of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) and services provided under part E of title IV of that Act (42 U.S.C. 670 et seq.)—

(1) change the Federal foster care payment system from a system that supports programs to one that supports children, whatever their best placement may be, and one that promotes permanency for children;

(2) when it is determined to be in the best interests of the child, promote and improve family support, family preservation, including residential family treatment for families suffering from substance abuse and addic-

tion, and time-limited family reunification services;

(3) provide for subsidies and support programs that are available to support the needs of the children prior to removal, during removal, and post placement, whether through reunification, adoption, kinship adoption, or guardianship;

(4) promote innovation and best practice at the State level; and

(5) guarantee that public funds are used to effectively meet the needs of children who have been abused or neglected;

by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 846. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . FISCAL YEAR 2010 EARMARK MORATORIUM.

(a) **BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.—**

(1) **POINT OF ORDER.—**It shall not be in order to—

(A) consider a bill or joint resolution reported by any committee that includes an earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit; or

(B) a Senate bill or joint resolution not reported by committee that includes an earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit.

(2) **RETURN TO THE CALENDAR.—**If a point of order is sustained under this subsection, the bill or joint resolution shall be returned to the calendar until compliance with this subsection has been achieved.

(b) **CONFERENCE REPORT.—**

(1) **POINT OF ORDER.—**It shall not be in order to vote on the adoption of a report of a committee of conference if the report includes an earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit.

(2) **RETURN TO THE CALENDAR.—**If a point of order is sustained under this subsection, the conference report shall be returned to the calendar.

(c) **FLOOR AMENDMENT.—**It shall not be in order to consider an amendment to a bill or joint resolution if the amendment contains an earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit.

(d) **AMENDMENT BETWEEN THE HOUSES.—**

(1) **IN GENERAL.—**It shall not be in order to consider an amendment between the Houses if that amendment includes an earmark, limited tax benefit, or limited tariff benefit.

(2) **RETURN TO THE CALENDAR.—**If a point of order is sustained under this subsection, the amendment between the Houses shall be returned to the calendar until compliance with this subsection has been achieved.

(e) **WAIVER.—**Any Senator may move to waive any or all points of order under this section by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(f) **DEFINITIONS.—**For the purpose of this section—

(1) the term “earmark” means a provision or report language included primarily at the request of a Senator or Member of the House of Representatives providing, authorizing, or

recommending a specific amount of discretionary budget authority, credit authority, or other spending authority for a contract, loan, loan guarantee, grant, loan authority, or other expenditure with or to an entity, or targeted to a specific State, locality or Congressional district, other than through a statutory or administrative formula-driven or competitive award process;

(2) the term “limited tax benefit” means any revenue provision that—

(A) provides a Federal tax deduction, credit, exclusion, or preference to a particular beneficiary or limited group of beneficiaries under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

(B) contains eligibility criteria that are not uniform in application with respect to potential beneficiaries of such provision; and

(3) the term “limited tariff benefit” means a provision modifying the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States in a manner that benefits 10 or fewer entities.

(g) **FISCAL YEAR 2010.—**The point of order under this section shall only apply to legislation providing or authorizing discretionary budget authority, credit authority or other spending authority, providing a federal tax deduction, credit, or exclusion, or modifying the Harmonized Tariff Schedule in fiscal year 2010.

(h) **APPLICATION.—**This rule shall not apply to any authorization of appropriations to a Federal entity if such authorization is not specifically targeted to a State, locality or congressional district.

SA 847. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . EARMARK PROHIBITION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.—**It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a bill, resolution, amendment, or conference report that includes a congressional earmark.

(b) **MATTER STRICKEN.—**If the point of order prevails under subsection (a), the earmark provision shall be stricken in accordance with the procedures provided in section 313 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(c) **DEFINITION.—**In this section, the term “congressional earmark” means a provision or report language included primarily at the request of a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, or Senator providing, authorizing or recommending a specific amount of discretionary budget authority, credit authority, or other spending authority for a contract, loan, loan guarantee, grant, loan authority, or other expenditure with or to an entity, or targeted to a specific State, locality or Congressional district, other than through a statutory or administrative formula-driven or competitive award process.

(d) **WAIVERS AND APPEALS.—**

(1) **WAIVER OR SUSPENSION.—**This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative rollcall vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) **APPEALS.—**Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this section shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the

Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 848. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place at the end of sub-title A of title III, insert the following:

SEC. . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT RAISES TAXES ON MIDDLE-INCOME FAMILIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—After a concurrent resolution on the budget is agreed to, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report that would cause revenues to be more than the level of revenues set forth for that first fiscal year or for the total of that fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years in the applicable resolution for which allocations are provided under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(b) SUSPENSION OF POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A point of order raised under subsection (a) shall be suspended in the Senate upon certification by the Chairman of the Budget Committee of the Senate that such bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, amendment between Houses, or conference report does not include a Federal income tax increase on middle-income families.

(2) MIDDLE-INCOME FAMILIES.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term “middle-income families” is defined as married couples filing jointly with \$250,000 or less in adjusted gross income. Adjusted gross income is defined under section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(3) FEDERAL INCOME TAX INCREASE.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the term “Federal income tax increase” means any amendment to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that, directly or indirectly, increases the amount of Federal income tax, and any legislation that the Congressional Budget Office would score as an increase in Federal revenues.

(c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 849. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT THE TRANSFER OF DETAINEES AT NAVAL STATION GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, TO THE UNITED STATES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report to prohibit the transfer of detainees housed at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to the United States or its territories by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase spending over the total of the period of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 and that such legislation would not increase revenues in any year in the period of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 850. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUSPEND PREVAILING WAGE MANDATES IN HIGH UNEMPLOYMENT AREAS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would suspend the application of Federal laws requiring the payment of prevailing wages to workers under Federal contracts that have received federal funds from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 851. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE UNION TRANSPARENCY AND FISCAL INTEGRITY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would guarantee the right of every worker to a National Labor Relations Board sanctioned secret ballot election during a unionization campaign of the workplace, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either period of

the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 852. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE REPEAL OF THE DEATH TAX.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would permanently repeal chapter 11 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to the estate tax) and chapter 13 of such Code (relating to the tax on generation-skipping transfers), provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 853. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT DECREASES THE NUMBER OF AMERICANS ENROLLED IN PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCE WHILE INCREASING THE NUMBER ENROLLED IN GOVERNMENT-MANAGED, RATIONED HEALTH CARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order, to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that decreases the number of Americans enrolled in private health insurance plans, while increasing the number of Americans enrolled in government-managed, rationed health care (as determined by the Congressional Budget Office).

(b) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(c) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 854. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ALLOW THE PURCHASE OF HEALTH INSURANCE ACROSS STATE LINES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would permit Americans who reside in one State to purchase a more affordable health insurance plan in the individual market that is domiciled or licensed in another State, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 855. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ALLOW FOR THE PAYMENT OF HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUMS FROM AMOUNTS IN HEALTH SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that amends section 223 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow amounts paid for insurance premiums to be treated as a qualified medical expense when paid from a health savings account, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase taxes and would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 856. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF LEASE SALES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would provide for oil and

natural gas lease sales (including lease sales for areas in the outer Continental Shelf planning areas of the South Atlantic and Mid Atlantic) on or before July 31, 2010.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 857. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . LIMITATIONS ON LEGISLATION THAT WOULD INCREASE THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ELECTRICITY PRICE FOR CONSUMERS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Senate is considering legislation, upon a point of order being made by any Senator against legislation, or any part of the legislation, that it has been determined in accordance with paragraph (2) that the legislation, if enacted, would result in an increase in the national average electricity price for consumers, and the point of order is sustained by the Presiding Officer, the Senate shall cease consideration of the legislation.

(2) DETERMINATION.—The determination described in this paragraph means a determination by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office, in consultation with the Energy Information Administration and other appropriate Government agencies, that is made upon the request of a Senator for review of legislation, that the legislation, or part of the legislation, would, if enacted, result in an increase in the national average electricity price for consumers.

(3) LEGISLATION.—In this section the term “legislation” means a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report.

(b) WAIVERS AND APPEALS.—

(1) WAIVERS.—Before the Presiding Officer rules on a point of order described in subsection (a)(1), any Senator may move to waive the point of order and the motion to waive shall not be subject to amendment. A point of order described in subsection (a)(1) is waived only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEALS.—After the Presiding Officer rules on a point of order described in subsection (a)(1), any Senator may appeal the ruling of the Presiding Officer on the point of order as it applies to some or all of the provisions on which the Presiding Officer ruled. A ruling of the Presiding Officer on a point of order described in subsection (a)(1) is sustained unless three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, vote not to sustain the ruling.

(3) DEBATE.—Debate on the motion to waive under paragraph (1) or on an appeal of the ruling of the Presiding Officer under paragraph (2) shall be limited to 1 hour. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the Majority leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate, or their designees.

SA 858. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. — . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PROVIDING AN ABOVE THE LINE FEDERAL INCOME TAX DEDUCTION FOR INDIVIDUALS PURCHASING HEALTH INSURANCE OUTSIDE THE WORKPLACE.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide an above the line Federal income tax deduction under section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for individuals who do not receive health insurance through an employer and who purchase such insurance in the individual market by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase taxes and would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 859. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE OPTIONS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would permit individuals receiving COBRA subsidies to use such subsidies to enroll in any health insurance coverage offered by the employer (or employee organization), in any health insurance coverage offered in the individual market, or in coverage offered through a State high risk pool, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 860. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR YUCCA MOUNTAIN NUCLEAR REPOSITORY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would open the Yucca Mountain Nuclear Repository and provide for the expanded use of clean, non-carbon emitting nuclear energy in the United States.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 861. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HIGHWAY TRUST FUND.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would allow States to opt out of a portion of the Federal highway program, which permits States to keep a higher percentage of the amount such States currently pay in Federal motor vehicle fuel taxes and provides States with greater flexibility in meeting their infrastructure priorities, provided that such legislation would not increase taxes and would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 862. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE UNION TRANSPARENCY AND FISCAL INTEGRITY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would require labor organiza-

tions to provide financial transparency by filing annual LM-2 reports with the Department of Labor, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 863. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR COMPLETION OF 700 MILES OF THE SOUTHWEST BORDER FENCE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would increase border security by completing the construction of 700 miles of reinforced fencing and the installation of the related equipment described in section 102(b)(1)(B) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 USC 1103 note) by December 31, 2010, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over the 6-year period ending on September 30, 2014 or the 11-year period ending on September 30, 2019.

SA 864. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 10, line 20, strike “\$46,670,000,000” and insert “\$46,666,000,000”.

On page 10, line 21, strike “\$46,960,000,000” and insert “\$46,956,000,000”.

On page 24, line 24, strike “\$52,857,000,000” and insert “\$52,861,000,000”.

On page 24, line 25, strike “\$51,630,000,000” and insert “\$51,634,000,000”.

SA 865. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO MODERNIZE THE ARMED FORCES AND REQUIRE A MINIMUM BASELINE FOR DEFENSE FUNDING.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a

committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would guarantee a baseline budget (not including supplemental or war funding) that sets a spending floor for military investment and modernization to equip, train, and modernize a full-spectrum force to preserve America’s security based on the gross domestic product of the United States and setting that minimum baseline at not less than 4 percent of the gross domestic product of the United States over the next 10 years, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal year 2009 through 2019.

SA 866. Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Mr. MARTINEZ, Mr. VITTER, Mr. ENZI, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. BROWNBACK) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title III, insert the following:

SEC. . POINT OF ORDER ON LEGISLATION THAT IMPOSES A MARRIAGE TAX PENALTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order, to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that includes any provision which imposes or increases a marriage tax penalty.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “marriage penalty” means any provision under which the Federal income tax liability of taxpayers filing a joint return under section 6013 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is greater than such tax liability of such taxpayers if such taxpayers were unmarried and had filed individual tax returns under section 1(c) of such Code.

(c) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(d) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 867. Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Mr. BOND, Mr. VITTER, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. VOINOVICH, Mr. WICKER, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. COBURN, and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 1 after “reduce our Nation’s dependence on imported energy” insert “including through expanded offshore oil and gas production in the Outer Continental Shelf”.

SA 868. Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. MARTINEZ, and Mr. ENZI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 3, line 13, decrease the amount by \$2,860,000,000.
- On page 3, line 14, decrease the amount by \$2,935,000,000.
- On page 3, line 15, decrease the amount by \$2,993,000,000.
- On page 4, line 7, decrease the amount by \$2,860,000,000.
- On page 4, line 8, decrease the amount by \$2,935,000,000.
- On page 4, line 9, decrease the amount by \$2,993,000,000.
- On page 4, line 16, increase the amount by \$46,332,000.
- On page 4, line 17, increase the amount by \$168,298,000.
- On page 4, line 18, increase the amount by \$334,050,000.
- On page 4, line 25, increase the amount by \$46,332,000.
- On page 5, line 1, increase the amount by \$168,298,000.
- On page 5, line 2, increase the amount by \$334,050,000.
- On page 5, line 9, increase the amount by \$2,906,332,000.
- On page 5, line 10, increase the amount by \$3,103,298,000.
- On page 5, line 11, increase the amount by \$3,327,050,000.
- On page 5, line 19, increase the amount by \$2,906,332,000.
- On page 5, line 20, increase the amount by \$6,009,630,000.
- On page 5, line 21, increase the amount by \$9,336,680,000.
- On page 6, line 2, increase the amount by \$2,906,332,000.
- On page 6, line 3, increase the amount by \$6,009,630,000.
- On page 6, line 4, increase the amount by \$9,336,680,000.
- On page 27, line 7, increase the amount by \$46,332,000.
- On page 27, line 8, increase the amount by \$46,332,000.
- On page 27, line 11, increase the amount by \$168,298,000.
- On page 27, line 12, increase the amount by \$168,298,000.
- On page 27, line 15, increase the amount by \$334,050,000.
- On page 27, line 16, increase the amount by \$334,050,000.

SA 869. Mr. WHITEHOUSE (for himself and Mrs. BOXER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Section 202 is amended by inserting at the end the following: “(c) The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget shall not

revise the allocations in this resolution if the legislation provided for in subsections (a) or (b) is reported from any committee pursuant to section 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, unless, the Senate finds that public health, the economy and national security of the United States are jeopardized by inaction on global warming.”

SA 870. Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mrs. LINCOLN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 24, line 24, increase the amount by \$99,000,000.
- On page 24, line 25, increase the amount by \$12,000,000.
- On page 25, line 4, increase the amount by \$28,000,000.
- On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$99,000,000.
- On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$12,000,000.
- On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$28,000,000.

SA 871. Mr. ENSIGN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, after line 3, insert the following:

SEC. ____ DEFICIT-MUTUAL RESERVE FUND TO PRESERVE THE INTEGRITY OF THE CENSUS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report to prohibit expenditure of any funds provided for developing and conducting the census by any Federal office or agency not within the jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose provided that such legislation would not increase spending over the total of the period of fiscal years 2009 through 2014, provided that such legislation would not increase revenues in any year in the period of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 872. Mr. DODD (for himself, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of Title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PROVISION OF CRITICAL RESOURCES TO FIREFIGHTERS AND FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide firefighters and fire departments with critical resources under the Assistance to Firefighters Grant and the Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response Firefighters Grant of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, by the amounts provided in such legislation for such purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 873. Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself, Mr. KYL, Mr. NELSON of Nebraska, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. ROBERTS, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. ENZI, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ESTATE TAX RELIEF.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide for estate tax reform legislation establishing—

- (1) an estate tax exemption level of \$5,000,000, indexed for inflation,
- (2) a maximum estate tax rate of 35 percent,
- (3) a reunification of the estate and gift credits, and
- (4) portability of exemption between spouses, and

provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 874. Ms. LANDRIEU (for herself and Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert the following:

SEC. ____ DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR FOSTER CARE FINANCING REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would—

(1) change the Federal foster care payment system from a system that supports programs to one that supports children, whatever their best placement may be, and one that promotes permanency for children;

(2) when it is determined to be in the best interests of the child, promote and improve family support, family preservation, including residential family treatment for families suffering from substance abuse and addiction, and time-limited family reunification services;

(3) provide for subsidies and support programs that are available to support the needs of the children prior to removal, during removal, and post placement, whether through reunification, adoption, kinship adoption, or guardianship;

(4) promote innovation and best practice at the State level; and

(5) guarantee that public funds are used to effectively meet the needs of children who have been abused or neglected;

by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 875. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 48, line 24, insert “including the identity of each entity to which the Board has provided such assistance, the value or amount of that financial assistance, and what that entity is doing with such financial assistance,” after “2008.”

SA 876. Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself and Ms. SNOWE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 30, line 10, strike “, households” and insert “(in particular to small business and individuals who are self-employed), households”.

SA 877. Mr. REED (for himself and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 34, line 13, insert “such as by investing in programs such as the programs under subpart 4 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.),” after “students.”

SA 878. Mr. DODD (for himself and Mr. HATCH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 19, line 24, increase the amount by \$188,000,000.

On page 19, line 25, increase the amount by \$56,000,000.

On page 20, line 4, increase the amount by \$81,000,000.

On page 20, line 8, increase the amount by \$34,000,000.

On page 20, line 12, increase the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$188,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$56,000,000.

On page 28, line 3, increase the amount by \$81,000,000.

On page 28, line 7, increase the amount by \$34,000,000.

On page 28, line 11, increase the amount by \$13,000,000.

SA 879. Ms. STABENOW (for herself, Mr. BROWN, Mrs. BOXER, and Mrs. SHAHEEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 20, strike “or help” and insert “create new jobs in a clean technology economy, strengthen the manufacturing competitiveness of the United States, diversify the domestic clean energy supply to increase the energy security of the United States, protect consumers (including policies that address regional differences), provide incentives for cost-savings achieved through energy efficiencies, provide voluntary opportunities for agriculture and forestry communities to contribute to reducing the levels of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere, and help”.

SA 880. Mrs. MURRAY (for herself and Mr. BOND) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR HOME VISITATION PROGRAMS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports

that provide funds to States to establish or expand quality programs of early childhood home visitation that increase school readiness, child abuse and neglect prevention, and early identification of developmental and health delays, including potential mental health concerns, and that—

(1) serve pregnant women, or parent's or other primary caregivers and their children under the age of entry into kindergarten through quality programs of early childhood home visitation;

(2) are delivered by nurses, social workers, child development specialists, or other well-trained and competent staff, as demonstrated by education or training and the provision of ongoing specific training and supervision in the model of service being delivered;

(3) have outcomes and research standards that—

(A) demonstrate ongoing positive outcomes for children, parents and other primary caregivers that enhance child health and development;

(B) conform to a clear consistent home visitation model that has been in existence for at least 3 years and that—

(i) is research-based, grounded in relevant empirically-based knowledge;

(ii) is linked to program determined outcomes;

(iii) is associated with a national organization or institution of higher education that has comprehensive home visitation program standards that ensure high quality service delivery and continuous program quality improvement; and

(iv) has demonstrated significant positive outcomes when evaluated using well-designed and rigorous randomized controlled or well-designed and rigorous quasi-experimental research designs, and the evaluation results have been published in a peer-reviewed journal; and

(4) show, establish, or propose linkages to high quality early learning opportunities; provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 881. Mr. DORGAN (for himself and Ms. SNOWE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 38, line 19, insert “, such as enhanced charitable giving from individual retirement accounts, including life-income gifts,” before “or refundable tax relief”.

Sec. 206(b) TAX RELIEF—The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide tax relief, including but not limited to extensions of expiring and expired tax relief, such as enhanced charitable giving from individual retirement accounts, including life-income gifts, or refundable tax relief, by the amounts provided in that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years

2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 882. Mr. McCAIN (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. GRAHAM, and Mrs. HUTCHISON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010.

(a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this resolution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2010 and that this resolution sets forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2009 and 2011 through 2019.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2010.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.
Sec. 102. Social Security.
Sec. 103. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

Sec. 201. Deficit-reducing reserve funds for entitlement commissions—Social Security and Medicare & Medicaid.
Sec. 202. Sense of the Senate to protect seniors.
Sec. 203. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for comprehensive healthcare reform.
Sec. 204. Deficit neutral reserve fund for America's veterans and wounded servicemembers.
Sec. 205. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for energy security.
Sec. 206. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for tax code modernization.
Sec. 207. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for defense acquisition and contracting reform.
Sec. 208. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for a bipartisan, comprehensive investigation into the current financial crisis.

TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS

SUBTITLE A—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 301. Discretionary spending limits, program integrity initiatives, and other adjustments.
Sec. 302. Point of order against advance appropriations.
Sec. 303. Emergency legislation.
Sec. 304. Point of order against legislation increasing short-term deficit.

SUBTITLE B—OTHER PROVISIONS

Sec. 311. Oversight of government performance.
Sec. 312. Budgetary treatment of certain discretionary administrative Expenses.
Sec. 313. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.
Sec. 314. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
Sec. 315. Exercise of rulemaking powers.
Sec. 316. Cost estimates for conference reports and other measures.

Sec. 317. Limitation on long-term spending proposals
Sec. 318. Revenues collected from closing the tax gap are used only for debt reduction.
Sec. 319. Point of order to save Social Security first.
Sec. 320. Point of order against a budget resolution containing a debt-held-by-the—Public-to-GDP ratio that exceeds 65%.
Sec. 321. Point of order against a budget resolution containing deficit levels Exceeding 8% of GDP.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

The following budgetary levels are appropriate for each of fiscal years 2009 through 2014:

(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution:

(A) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$2,186,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$2,332,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$2,651,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$2,858,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$3,025,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$3,166,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$3,329,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$3,470,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$3,625,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$3,771,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$3,923,000,000,000

(B) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$0
Fiscal year 2010: \$-3,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$-132,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$-228,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$-257,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$-269,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$-280,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$-291,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$-302,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$-313,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$-325,000,000,000

(2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$4,193,877,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$3,394,550,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$3,310,202,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$3,311,270,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$3,486,786,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$3,661,286,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$3,810,805,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$3,995,116,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$4,135,327,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$4,290,116,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$4,402,012,000,000

(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$3,878,339,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$3,521,269,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$3,499,706,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$3,360,164,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$3,501,902,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$3,649,795,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$3,788,924,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$3,973,146,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$4,105,805,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$4,254,933,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$4,370,163,000,000

(4) DEFICITS.—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: -\$1,693,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: -\$1,190,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: -\$798,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: -\$502,000,000,000

Fiscal year 2013: -\$477,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: -\$484,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: -\$459,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: -\$503,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: -\$481,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: -\$484,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: -\$448,000,000,000

(5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$11,836,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$13,255,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$14,321,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$15,194,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$16,074,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$16,943,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$17,774,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$18,630,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$19,470,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$20,318,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$21,093,000,000,000

(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appropriate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$7,496,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$8,686,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$9,484,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$9,986,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$10,464,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$10,948,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$11,407,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$11,910,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$12,391,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$12,875,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$13,323,000,000,000

SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.

(a) SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of revenues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$654,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$682,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$719,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$756,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$803,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$842,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$879,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$925,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$962,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$1,004,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$1,048,000,000,000

(b) SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:

Fiscal year 2009: \$662,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2010: \$695,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2011: \$721,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2012: \$749,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2013: \$790,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2014: \$839,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2015: \$891,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2016: \$948,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2017: \$1,008,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2018: \$1,072,000,000,000
Fiscal year 2019: \$1,141,000,000,000

SEC. 103. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

Congress determines and declares that the appropriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal years 2009 through 2019 for each major functional category are:

(1) NATIONAL DEFENSE (050):

Fiscal year 2009:
(A) New budget authority, \$689,926,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$666,842,000,000
Fiscal year 2010:
(A) New budget authority, \$686,128,000,000

(B) Outlays, \$689,963,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$614,923,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$657,207,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$623,612,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$637,011,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$634,421,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$636,332,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$648,249,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$641,632,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$663,159,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$653,234,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$678,149,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$671,890,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$694,153,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$683,256,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$709,147,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$693,789,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$726,167,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$714,089,000,000
 (2) INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS (150):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$57,114,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$41,514,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$42,847,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$43,622,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$43,167,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$43,897,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$43,473,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$43,985,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$43,759,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$43,911,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$44,214,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$43,866,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$44,847,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$44,257,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$45,621,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$44,870,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$46,430,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$45,575,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$47,211,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$46,301,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$48,084,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$47,105,000,000
 (3) GENERAL SCIENCE, SPACE, AND TECHNOLOGY (250):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,264,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$30,855,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$29,780,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$31,707,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,007,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$31,161,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,231,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$30,214,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,432,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$30,312,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,758,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$30,584,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,703,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$30,417,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$31,748,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$31,359,000,000

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$32,319,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$31,984,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$32,872,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$32,446,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$33,484,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$33,028,000,000
 (4) ENERGY (270):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$44,998,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,350,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,568,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$8,974,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,582,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$11,303,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,459,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$11,999,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,319,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$7,091,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,175,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$2,082,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,212,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$3,214,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,325,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$3,512,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,478,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$3,765,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,567,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$3,905,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,595,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$4,502,000,000
 (5) NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENT (300):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$54,596,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,252,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,085,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$38,866,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,772,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$37,713,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,952,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,983,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,160,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,478,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,465,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,631,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,714,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,712,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$37,002,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,845,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$37,312,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,917,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$37,602,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$36,923,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$37,952,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$37,215,000,000
 (6) AGRICULTURE (350):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,349,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,111,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,131,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,217,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,150,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,133,000,000

Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,205,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,159,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,261,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,207,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,319,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,261,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,359,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,275,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,402,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,312,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,455,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,345,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,507,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,401,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,601,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,532,000,000
 (7) COMMERCE AND HOUSING CREDIT (370):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$13,216,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,253,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,197,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$8,977,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,055,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,847,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,097,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$7,436,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,982,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$7,180,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,909,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,250,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,860,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,915,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,855,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,748,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,839,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,730,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,814,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,701,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,793,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,675,000,000
 (8) TRANSPORTATION (400):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$79,061,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$85,668,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,312,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$92,847,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,717,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$93,051,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$31,140,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$92,082,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$31,544,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$92,110,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$32,105,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$92,296,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$32,806,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$91,863,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$33,656,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$90,792,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$34,545,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$90,908,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:

(A) New budget authority, \$35,432,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$92,372,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,385,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$93,932,000,000
 (9) COMMUNITY AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT (450):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$23,006,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$26,252,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$14,959,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$26,337,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$15,070,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$24,669,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$15,179,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$21,493,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$15,277,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$18,981,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$15,435,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$17,445,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$15,662,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$16,156,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$15,932,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$15,504,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$16,215,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$15,664,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$16,481,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$15,911,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$16,787,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$16,153,000,000
 (10) EDUCATION, TRAINING, EMPLOYMENT, AND SOCIAL SERVICES (500):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$188,508,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$94,814,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$89,417,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$138,899,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$90,007,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$127,810,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$90,588,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$98,331,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$91,092,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$94,666,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$91,948,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$94,142,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$93,164,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$95,075,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$94,657,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$96,402,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$96,235,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$97,938,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$97,739,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$99,507,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$99,415,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$101,130,000,000
 (11) HEALTH (550):
 (A) New budget authority, \$75,483,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$57,635,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$56,948,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$64,243,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$57,413,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$62,603,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$57,881,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$59,451,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:

(A) New budget authority, \$58,305,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$57,913,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$58,971,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$58,176,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$59,879,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$58,713,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$60,974,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$59,583,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,124,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$60,662,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$63,242,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$61,727,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$64,465,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$62,697,000,000
 (12) MEDICARE (570):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,390,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,255,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,595,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,566,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,819,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,781,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,852,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,828,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,893,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,855,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,927,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,920,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,967,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,935,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,004,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,955,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,035,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,962,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,065,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,975,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,085,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,992,000,000
 (13) INCOME SECURITY (600):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$74,067,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$64,056,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,365,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$67,580,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,275,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$67,880,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,540,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$66,271,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,803,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$65,341,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$63,328,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$64,169,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$64,221,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$64,804,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$65,362,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$65,660,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$66,561,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$66,690,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$67,716,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$67,735,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$68,976,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$68,840,000,000

(14) SOCIAL SECURITY (650):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,386,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,479,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,460,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,549,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,545,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,655,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,630,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,763,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,716,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,849,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,830,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,809,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$5,969,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$5,942,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,135,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,103,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,306,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,271,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,479,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,443,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$6,665,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$6,627,000,000
 (15) VETERANS BENEFITS AND SERVICES (700):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$49,394,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$46,757,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$53,263,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$52,474,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$54,417,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$53,972,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$55,855,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$55,487,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$57,384,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$56,932,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$58,969,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$58,519,000,000
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$60,971,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$59,265,000,000
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,494,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$61,978,000,000
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$64,367,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$63,067,000,000
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$65,404,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$65,012,000,000
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$67,415,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$65,345,000,000
 (16) ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE (750):
 Fiscal year 2009:
 (A) New budget authority, \$54,099,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$48,018,000,000
 Fiscal year 2010:
 (A) New budget authority, \$48,763,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$49,470,000,000
 Fiscal year 2011:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,595,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$51,525,000,000
 Fiscal year 2012:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,506,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$51,416,000,000
 Fiscal year 2013:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,389,000,000
 (B) Outlays, \$51,428,000,000
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,263,000,000

(B) Outlays, \$50,466,000,000
Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$50,156,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$49,725,000,000
Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, \$50,012,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$49,250,000,000
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$50,023,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$49,366,000,000
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$50,015,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$49,501,000,000
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$50,247,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$46,565,000,000
(17) GENERAL GOVERNMENT (800):
Fiscal year 2009:
(A) New budget authority, \$24,562,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$18,861,000,000
Fiscal year 2010:
(A) New budget authority, \$18,976,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$19,896,000,000
Fiscal year 2011:
(A) New budget authority, \$19,286,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$20,181,000,000
Fiscal year 2012:
(A) New budget authority, \$19,598,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$20,541,000,000
Fiscal year 2013:
(A) New budget authority, \$19,915,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$20,781,000,000
Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, \$20,320,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$20,662,000,000
Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$20,828,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$20,951,000,000
Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, \$21,426,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$21,366,000,000
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,039,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$21,854,000,000
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,668,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$22,427,000,000
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$23,330,000,000
(B) Outlays, \$22,873,000,000

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

SEC. 201. DEFICIT-REDUCING RESERVE FUNDS FOR ENTITLEMENT COMMISSIONS—SOCIAL SECURITY AND MEDICARE & MEDICAID.

(a) The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide for a BRAC-like commission to review the current and long-term solvency of Social Security and a BRAC-like commission to review the current and long-term solvency of Medicare and Medicaid, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

(b) These commissions will provide recommendations to reduce mandatory spending by at least four percent over the next five years, and seven percent over the next ten years.

(c) For the purposes of this Resolution, for individuals 55 or older, Medicare will not be changed (other than means testing for high-income beneficiaries under the prescription drug benefit under Part D).

SEC. 202. SENSE OF THE SENATE TO PROTECT SENIORS.

SENSE OF THE SENATE—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(a) This budget should preserve existing Medicare benefits for those beneficiaries age

55 or older (other than means testing for high-income beneficiaries under the Medicare prescription drug benefit).

(b) To make the program sustainable and dependable—

(1) Those 54 and younger should be able to enroll in a new Medicare Program with health coverage similar to what is now available to Members of Congress and Federal employees; and

(2) Starting in 2021, seniors should receive support payments based on income, so that low income seniors receive extra support, and high income seniors receive support relative to their incomes.

SEC. 203. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR COMPREHENSIVE HEALTHCARE REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would address health care costs, coverage, and care in the United States in a manner that reduces the costs of health care, increases access to health insurance, and improves the transparency of the costs and quality for medical care, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019. The legislation may include tax provisions.

SEC. 204. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR AMERICA'S VETERANS AND WOUNDED SERVICEMEMBERS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would expand the number of disabled military retirees who receive both disability compensation and retired pay, accelerate the phase-in of concurrent receipt, and eliminate the offset between Survivor Benefit Plan annuities and Veteran's Dependency and Indemnity Compensation, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SEC. 205. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ENERGY SECURITY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that promote energy security activities including, but not limited to, increasing funding for waste storage alternatives, advanced technology assessment and deployment for clean coal and carbon capture and storage, and clean energy deployment including increasing the use of nuclear power and refurbishing the transmission grid, and allowing loans under the Department of Energy's Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program of up to \$50,000,000,000 for the purposes of constructing nuclear power generating units, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SEC. 206. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR TAX CODE MODERNIZATION.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a

committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide for revenue-neutral income (including AMT revenue) and payroll tax reform that makes the tax code fair, more pro-growth, easier to administer, improves compliance and aids U.S. international competitiveness, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SEC. 207. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION AND CONTRACTING REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that—

(1) enhance the capability of the Federal acquisition or contracting workforce to achieve better value for taxpayers;

(2) reduce the use of no-bid and cost-plus contracts; or

(3) reform Department of Defense processes for acquiring weapons systems in order to reduce costs, improve cost and schedule estimation, enhance developmental testing of weapons, or increase the rigor of reviews of programs that experience critical cost growth;

by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SEC. 208. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR A BIPARTISAN, COMPREHENSIVE INVESTIGATION INTO THE CURRENT FINANCIAL CRISIS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports for a select senate committee to carry out a bipartisan, comprehensive investigation into the underlying causes of the current economic crisis, and recommend ways to avoid another crisis, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

TITLE III—BUDGETARY PROCESS

SUBTITLE A—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

SEC. 301. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS, PROGRAM INTEGRITY INITIATIVES, AND OTHER ADJUSTMENTS.

(a) SENATE POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution (or amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill or joint resolution) that would cause the discretionary spending limits in this section to be exceeded.

(2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(A) WAIVER.—This subsection may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited

to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.

(b) **SENATE DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.**—In the Senate and as used in this section, the term “discretionary spending limit” means—

(1) with respect to fiscal year 2009—
 (A) for the defense category \$689,926,000,000 in new budget authority and \$666,842,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$49,394,000,000 in new budget authority and \$46,757,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$742,099,000,000 in new budget authority and \$532,373,000,000 in outlays.

(2) with respect to fiscal year 2010—

(A) for the defense category \$686,128,000,000 in new budget authority and \$689,963,000,000 in outlays, as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment procedures in subsection (c);

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$53,263,000,000 in new budget authority and \$52,274,000,000 in outlays; as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment procedures in subsection (c); and

(C) for the nondefense category \$458,515,000,000 in new budget authority and \$608,750,000,000 in outlays, as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment procedures in subsection (c).

(3) with respect to fiscal year 2011—

(A) for the defense category \$614,293,000,000 in new budget authority and \$657,207,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$54,417,000,000 in new budget authority and \$53,972,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$463,460,000,000 in new budget authority and \$596,209,000,000 in outlays.

(4) with respect to fiscal year 2012—

(A) for the defense category \$614,293,000,000 in new budget authority and \$657,207,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$54,417,000,000 in new budget authority and \$53,972,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$463,460,000,000 in new budget authority and \$596,209,000,000 in outlays.

(5) with respect to fiscal year 2013—

(A) for the defense category \$634,421,000,000 in new budget authority and \$636,332,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$57,384,000,000 in new budget authority and \$56,932,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$468,849,000,000 in new budget authority and \$544,103,000,000 in outlays.

(6) with respect to fiscal year 2014—

(A) for the defense category \$648,249,000,000 in new budget authority and \$641,632,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$58,969,000,000 in new budget authority and \$58,515,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$472,964,000,000 in new budget authority and \$534,759,000,000 in outlays.

(7) with respect to fiscal year 2015—

(A) for the defense category \$663,159,000,000 in new budget authority and \$6653,234,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$60,971,000,000 in new budget authority and \$59,265,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$478,347,000,000 in new budget authority and \$535,954,000,000 in outlays.

(8) with respect to fiscal year 2016—

(A) for the defense category \$678,149,000,000 in new budget authority and \$671,890,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$62,494,000,000 in new budget authority and \$61,978,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$486,111,000,000 in new budget authority and \$539,261,000,000 in outlays.

(9) with respect to fiscal year 2017—

(A) for the defense category \$694,153,000,000 in new budget authority and \$683,256,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$64,367,000,000 in new budget authority and \$63,067,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$493,916,000,000 in new budget authority and \$545,501,000,000 in outlays.

(10) with respect to fiscal year 2018—

(A) for the defense category \$709,147,000,000 in new budget authority and \$693,789,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$65,404,000,000 in new budget authority and \$65,012,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$501,500,000,000 in new budget authority and \$553,275,000,000 in outlays.

(11) with respect to fiscal year 2019—

(A) for the defense category \$726,167,000,000 in new budget authority and \$714,089,000,000 in outlays;

(B) for the Veterans Affairs (VA) category \$67,415,000,000 in new budget authority and \$65,345,000,000 in outlays; and

(C) for the nondefense/non-VA category \$509,864,000,000 in new budget authority and \$558,866,000,000 in outlays.

(c) **ADJUSTMENTS IN THE SENATE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—After the reporting of a bill or joint resolution relating to any matter described in paragraph (2), or the offering of an amendment thereto or the submission of a conference report thereon—

(A) the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may adjust the discretionary spending limits, budgetary aggregates, and allocations pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, by the amount of new budget authority in that measure for that purpose and the outlays flowing therefrom; and

(B) following any adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Senate Committee on Appropriations may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this subsection.

(2) **ADJUSTMENTS TO SUPPORT ONGOING OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS.**—The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may adjust the discretionary spending limits, allocations to the Senate Committee on Appropriations, and aggregates for one or more—

(A) bills reported by the Senate Committee on Appropriations or passed by the House of Representatives;

(B) joint resolutions or amendments reported by the Senate Committee on Appropriations;

(C) amendments between the Houses received from the House of Representatives or Senate amendments offered by the authority of the Senate Committee on Appropriations; or

(D) conference reports; making appropriations for fiscal year 2010 for overseas contingency operations by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes (and so designated pursuant to this paragraph), up to \$130,000,000,000 in budget authority for fiscal year 2010 and the new outlays flowing therefrom.

(3) **REVISED APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—If after adoption of this resolution by the Congress, the Congress-

sional Budget Office (CBO) re-estimates the President's request for discretionary spending in fiscal year 2010 at an aggregate level different from the CBO preliminary estimate dated March 20, 2009, the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may adjust the discretionary spending limits, budgetary aggregates, and allocations pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 by the amount of budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom, to reflect the difference between such re-estimate and the CBO preliminary estimate dated March 20, 2009.

(B) **SUBALLOCATIONS.**—Following any adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Senate Committee on Appropriations may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this paragraph.

(d) **INAPPLICABILITY.**—In the Senate, subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of section 312 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress) shall no longer apply.

SEC. 302. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—

(1) **POINT OF ORDER.**—Except as provided in subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that would provide an advance appropriation.

(2) **DEFINITION.**—In this section, the term “advance appropriation” means any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint resolution making appropriations for fiscal year 2010 that first becomes available for any fiscal year after 2010, or any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint resolution making general appropriations or continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2011, that first becomes available for any fiscal year after 2011.

(b) **EXCEPTIONS.**—Advance appropriations may be provided for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 for programs, projects, activities, or accounts identified in the joint explanatory statement of managers accompanying this resolution under the heading “Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations” in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$28,852,000,000 in new budget authority in each year.

(c) **SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.**—

(1) **WAIVER.**—In the Senate, subsection (a) may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) **APPEAL.**—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

(d) **FORM OF POINT OF ORDER.**—A point of order under subsection (a) may be raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(e) **CONFERENCE REPORTS.**—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section, and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate

amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(f) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 313 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress) shall no longer apply.

SEC. 303. EMERGENCY LEGISLATION.

(a) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE.—In the Senate, with respect to a provision of direct spending or receipts legislation or appropriations for discretionary accounts that Congress designates as an emergency requirement in such measure, the amounts of new budget authority, outlays, and receipts in all fiscal years resulting from that provision shall be treated as an emergency requirement for the purpose of this section.

(b) EXEMPTION OF EMERGENCY PROVISIONS.—Any new budget authority, outlays, and receipts resulting from any provision designated as an emergency requirement, pursuant to this section, in any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or conference report shall not count for purposes of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress) (relating to pay-as-you-go), section 311 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress) (relating to long-term deficits), and sections 301 and 304 of this resolution (relating to discretionary spending and short-term deficits). Designated emergency provisions shall not count for the purpose of revising allocations, aggregates, or other levels pursuant to procedures established under section 301(b)(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for deficit-neutral reserve funds and revising discretionary spending limits set pursuant to section 301 of this resolution.

(c) DESIGNATIONS.—If a provision of legislation is designated as an emergency requirement under this section, the committee report and any statement of managers accompanying that legislation shall include an explanation of the manner in which the provision meets the criteria in subsection (f).

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “direct spending”, “receipts”, and “appropriations for discretionary accounts” mean any provision of a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that affects direct spending, receipts, or appropriations as those terms have been defined and interpreted for purposes of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

(e) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—When the Senate is considering a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report, if a point of order is made by a Senator against an emergency designation in that measure, that provision making such a designation shall be stricken from the measure and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.

(2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(A) WAIVER.—Paragraph (1) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.

(3) DEFINITION OF AN EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a provision shall be considered an emergency designation if it designates any item as an emergency requirement pursuant to this subsection.

(4) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order under paragraph (1) may be raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(5) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section, and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(f) CRITERIA.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, any provision is an emergency requirement if the situation addressed by such provision is—

(A) necessary, essential, or vital (not merely useful or beneficial);

(B) sudden, quickly coming into being, and not building up over time;

(C) an urgent, pressing, and compelling need requiring immediate action;

(D) subject to subparagraph (B), unforeseen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and

(E) not permanent, temporary in nature.

(2) UNFORESEEN.—An emergency that is part of an aggregate level of anticipated emergencies, particularly when normally estimated in advance, is not unforeseen.

(g) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 204(a) of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2008, shall no longer apply.

SEC. 304. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION INCREASING SHORT-TERM DEFICIT.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report (except measures within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Appropriations) that would cause a net increase in the deficit in excess of \$10,000,000,000 in any fiscal year provided for in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget unless it is fully offset over the period of all fiscal years provided for in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(c) DETERMINATIONS OF BUDGET LEVELS.—For purposes of this section, the levels shall be determined on the basis of estimates provided by the Senate Committee on the Budget.

(d) SUNSET.—This section shall expire on September 30, 2018.

(e) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 315 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress), the concurrent resolution in the budget for fiscal year 2009, shall no longer apply.

SUBTITLE B—OTHER PROVISIONS

SEC. 311. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.

In the Senate, all committees are directed to review programs within their jurisdiction to root out waste, fraud, and abuse in program spending, giving particular scrutiny to issues raised by Government Accountability Office reports. Based on these oversight efforts and committee performance reviews of programs within their jurisdiction, committees are directed to include recommendations for improved governmental performance in their annual views and estimates reports required under section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committees on the Budget.

SEC. 312. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.

In the Senate, notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, and section 2009a of title 39, United States Code, the joint explanatory statement accompanying the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget shall include in its allocations under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committees on Appropriations amounts for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social Security Administration and of the Postal Service.

SEC. 313. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.

(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—

(1) apply while that measure is under consideration;

(2) take effect upon the enactment of that measure; and

(3) be published in the Congressional Record as soon as practicable.

(b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting from these adjustments shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations and aggregates contained in this resolution.

(c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Senate Committee on the Budget.

SEC. 314. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution providing for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this resolution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as in effect prior to September 30, 2002).

SEC. 315. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.

Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate, and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of the Senate and such rules shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent with such other rules; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the Senate to change those rules at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as is the case of any other rule of the Senate.

SEC. 316. COST ESTIMATES FOR CONFERENCE REPORTS AND OTHER MEASURES.

It shall not be in order to consider a conference report, bill, or joint resolution unless

an estimate of costs has been printed in the Congressional Record at least one day before its consideration.

SEC. 317. LIMITATION ON LONG-TERM SPENDING PROPOSALS

It shall not be in order to consider any bill or joint resolution reported from a committee if such bill or resolution is not accompanied by a cost estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office on whether or not the measure would cause a net increase in direct spending in excess of \$5 billion in any of the four next five-year periods.

SEC. 318. REVENUES COLLECTED FROM CLOSING THE TAX GAP ARE USED ONLY FOR DEBT REDUCTION.

(a) SPECIAL SCOREKEEPING RULE IN THE SENATE.—

(1) REPORT TO BUDGET COMMITTEE.—When a bill is cleared for the President, the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), pursuant to section 202 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and the Joint Committee on Taxation shall inform the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget if that measure contains provisions that increase revenues from closing the tax gap. The report shall include the amount of revenue raised each year including the current year, the budget year, and for each of the 10 years following the current year.

(2) EXCLUSION FROM PAY-AS-YOU-GO SCORECARD.—Any revenue raised from provisions to close the tax gap (as detailed in the report described in (a)(1)) shall not count as offsets for purposes of section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21, the FY 2008 Budget Resolution.

(b) CRITERIA AND DEFINITIONS.—

(1) The tax gap is the difference between the revenue that is owed to the federal government in accordance with existing tax law and the revenue that is collected by the federal government.

(2) The tax gap is a combination of inadvertent errors and deliberate evasion.

(3) Revenues raised from changes to withholding or payment reporting requirements are examples of efforts to close the tax gap.

(4) The tax gap is not about clarifying existing law in order to close loopholes, broadening the tax base, raising tax rates, or any other action that would change existing tax law.

SEC. 319. POINT OF ORDER TO SAVE SOCIAL SECURITY FIRST.

(a) POINT OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any direct spending legislation that would increase the on-budget deficit above the amounts provided for in this resolution in any fiscal year until the President submits legislation to Congress and Congress enacts legislation which would restore 75-year solvency to the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Trust Funds as certified by the Social Security Administration actuaries.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SEC. 320. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST A BUDGET RESOLUTION CONTAINING A DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC-TO-GDP RATIO THAT EXCEEDS 65%.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for the budget year or any amendment, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report thereon that contains a ratio of debt held by the public-to-Gross Domestic Product which exceeds 65% in any year covered by the budget resolution.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(c) DETERMINATION OF DEBT LEVELS.—For purposes of this section, the debt level shall be determined by the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget on the basis of estimates provided by the Congressional Budget Office.

SEC. 321. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST A BUDGET RESOLUTION CONTAINING DEFICIT LEVELS EXCEEDING 8% OF GDP.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for the budget year or any amendment, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report thereon that contains deficits as a percentage of the Gross Domestic Product in excess of 8% in any year covered by the budget resolution.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(c) DETERMINATION OF DEFICIT LEVELS.—For purposes of this section, the deficit as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product shall be determined by the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget on the basis of estimates provided by the Congressional Budget Office.

SA 883. Ms. COLLINS (for herself and Mrs. LINCOLN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 34, line 13, insert “such as by investing in programs such as the programs under chapters 1 and 2 of subpart 2 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a–11 et seq., 1070a–21 et seq.)” after “students.”

SA 884. Mr. SESSIONS (for himself, Mr. KYL, Ms. MURKOWSKI, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 50, line 13, decrease the amount by \$9,446,939,000.

On page 50, line 14, decrease the amount by \$9,446,939,000.

On page 54, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

(F) BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE.—If a bill or joint resolution is reported making appropriations for fiscal year 2010 that appropriates up to \$9,446,939,000 to the Department of Defense to develop and field an integrated, layered, ballistic missile defense system to defend the United States, its deployed forces, allies, and friends against all ranges of enemy ballistic missiles in all phases of flight, then the discretionary spending limits, allocations to the Senate Committee on Appropriations, and aggregates may be adjusted by the amount provided in such legislation for that purpose, but not to exceed \$9,446,939,000 in budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom for fiscal year 2010.

SA 885. Mr. BENNETT (for himself, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. BINGAMAN, and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PENSION COVERAGE FOR EMPLOYEES OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY LABORATORIES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP SITES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would authorize funding to cover the full cost of pension obligations for current and past employees of laboratories and environmental cleanup sites under the jurisdiction of the Department of Energy (including benefits paid to security personnel) in a manner that does not impact the missions of those laboratories and environmental cleanup sites.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 886. Ms. KLOBUCHAR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 46, between lines 2 and 3, insert the following:

(c) FOOD SAFETY.—The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would improve the safety of the food supply in the

United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for these purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 887. Ms. KLOBUCHAR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 32, line 10, after “increases;” insert “or” and the following:

(4) promote payment policies under the Medicare program that reward quality and efficient care and address geographic variations in spending;

SA 888. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mrs. BOXER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 34, between lines 2 and 3, insert the following:

(c) **EXCEPTION.**—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate shall not revise the allocations in this resolution if the legislation described in subsection (a) or (b) is reported from any committee pursuant to section 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 641) unless, in accordance with the requirement to not increase the deficit, an amount equal to the value of all allowances from legislation described in subsection (b) is used for—

(1) the creation of new jobs in a clean technology economy;

(2) transition assistance relating to consumers, industries, workers, and regions adversely affected by climate change and climate change policy; and

(3) other purposes relating directly to the objective of the legislation addressing greenhouse gas emissions.

SA 889. Ms. KLOBUCHAR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 _____ **DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO EXPEDITE RESEARCH ON VIABILITY OF USE OF HIGHER ETHANOL BLENDS AT SERVICE STATION PUMP.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations,

aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would expedite research at the Department of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency on the viability of the use of higher ethanol blends at the service station pump.

(b) **DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.**—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 890. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 13, line 21, increase the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 13, line 22, increase the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$50,000,000.

SA 891. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. _____ DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO DISCLOSE THE ROLE OF CONGRESS IN AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP'S BONUSES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that requires that the White House, the Federal Reserve Board, the Department of the Treasury, and all Senate officers must post on their website all documents and emails relating to the origin, development and inclusion of the questionable American International Group bonus language that was secretly inserted into the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 892. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth

the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PROHIBITING UNDESERVED CONTRACTING PERFORMANCE BONUSES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would prohibit federally funded bonuses awarded to contractors and government executives responsible for over budget projects and programs that fail to meet basic performance requirements, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2019.

SA 893. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. _____ DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO ENSURE THE PLEDGE OF PRESIDENT OBAMA TO ELIMINATE WASTEFUL, INEFFICIENT, AND DUPLICATIVE PROGRAMS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieves savings by going through the Federal Budget line by line, as President Obama has called for, to eliminate wasteful, inefficient, and duplicative spending by requiring—

(1) the head of every department and agency to provide a report to Congress within 90 days after the date of enactment of this resolution on programs that are duplicative, inefficient, or failing, with recommendations for elimination and consolidation of these programs,

(2) the Office of Management and Budget to provide a report to Congress within 90 days after the date of enactment of this resolution on programs that are duplicative government-wide, with recommendations for elimination or consolidation of these programs, and

(3) every standing committee of the Senate to conduct at least one oversight hearing each fiscal year in order to identify wasteful, inefficient, outdated, and duplicative programs that could be eliminated and consolidated,

by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 894. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR SETTING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS TO IDENTIFY FAILING GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would develop performance measures for each program receiving Federal assistance under their jurisdiction, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2019.

SA 895. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ENDING ABUSIVE NO-BID CONTRACTS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would end abusive no-bid contracts by requiring all Federal contracts over \$25,000 to be competitively bid, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2019.

SA 896. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, between lines 3 and 4, insert the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REQUIRING TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY OF UNITED NATIONS SPENDING OF UNITED STATES FUNDS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would require the United Nations to be transparent and accountable for how it spends United States funding, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2010 through 2019.

SA 897. Mr. CRAPO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014, which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 3, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,658,000,000.
- On page 3, line 12, decrease the amount by \$8,604,000,000.
- On page 3, line 13, increase the amount by \$3,863,000,000.
- On page 3, line 14, decrease the amount by \$8,763,000,000.
- On page 3, line 15, decrease the amount by \$9,448,000,000.
- On page 4, line 5, decrease the amount by \$1,658,000,000.
- On page 4, line 6, decrease the amount by \$8,604,000,000.
- On page 4, line 7, increase the amount by \$3,863,000,000.
- On page 4, line 8, decrease the amount by \$8,763,000,000.
- On page 4, line 9, decrease the amount by \$9,448,000,000.
- On page 4, line 14, increase the amount by \$13,431,000.
- On page 4, line 15, increase the amount by \$130,147,000.
- On page 4, line 16, increase the amount by \$226,143,000.
- On page 4, line 17, increase the amount by \$424,032,000.
- On page 4, line 18, increase the amount by \$908,109,000.
- On page 4, line 23, increase the amount by \$13,431,000.
- On page 4, line 24, increase the amount by \$130,147,000.
- On page 4, line 25, increase the amount by \$226,143,000.
- On page 5, line 1, increase the amount by \$424,032,000.
- On page 5, line 2, increase the amount by \$908,109,000.
- On page 5, line 7, increase the amount by \$1,828,431,000.
- On page 5, line 8, increase the amount by \$8,601,147,000.
- On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$3,237,857,000.
- On page 5, line 10, increase the amount by \$8,985,032,000.
- On page 5, line 11, increase the amount by \$9,929,109,000.
- On page 5, line 17, increase the amount by \$1,828,431,000.
- On page 5, line 18, increase the amount by \$10,429,578,000.

- On page 5, line 19, increase the amount by \$7,191,721,000.
- On page 5, line 20, increase the amount by \$16,176,753,000.
- On page 5, line 21, increase the amount by \$26,105,862,000.
- On page 5, line 25, increase the amount by \$1,828,431,000.
- On page 6, line 1, increase the amount by \$10,429,578,000.
- On page 6, line 2, increase the amount by \$7,191,721,000.
- On page 6, line 3, increase the amount by \$16,176,753,000.
- On page 6, line 4, increase the amount by \$26,105,862,000.
- On page 26, line 24, increase the amount by \$13,431,000.
- On page 26, line 25, increase the amount by \$13,431,000.
- On page 27, line 3, increase the amount by \$130,147,000.
- On page 27, line 4, increase the amount by \$130,147,000.
- On page 27, line 7, increase the amount by \$226,143,000.
- On page 27, line 8, increase the amount by \$226,143,000.
- On page 27, line 11, increase the amount by \$424,032,000.
- On page 27, line 12, increase the amount by \$424,032,000.
- On page 27, line 15, increase the amount by \$908,109,000.
- On page 27, line 16, increase the amount by \$908,109,000.

SA 898. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER TO PROTECT SOCIAL SECURITY.

(a) POINT OF ORDER IN THE SENATE.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any direct spending legislation in any fiscal year unless the Office of the Chief Actuary of the Social Security Administration has certified that income, excluding interest, into the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Trust Funds is projected to exceed outlays by at least \$5,000,000,000 in all fiscal years provided for in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget.

(b) SUSPENSION OF REQUIREMENT DURING WAR OR AFTER ENACTMENT OF LEGISLATION TO RESTORE SOLVENCY.—

(1) LEGISLATION TO RESTORE SUSTAINABLE SOLVENCY.—If the President submits legislation to Congress and Congress enacts legislation which would restore sustainable solvency to the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Trust Funds as certified by the Office of the Chief Actuary of the Social Security Administration, this section is suspended.

(2) WAR.—If a declaration of war is in effect, this section is suspended.

(3) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term “sustainable solvency” means that the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Trust Funds have a positive trust fund ratio throughout the 75-year projection period and the ratio is stable or rising at the end of the period.

(c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—This section may be waived or suspended in

the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 899. Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself, Ms. SNOWE, and Mr. LIEBERMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROMOTE INDIVIDUAL SAVINGS AND FINANCIAL SECURITY.

The chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the aggregates, allocations, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that promote financial security through financial literacy, retirement planning, and savings incentives, including individual development accounts and child savings accounts, provided that such legislation does not increase the deficit over either the period of the total fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 900. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 6, insert "include the State of Alaska as a Gulf producing State eligible for qualified outer Continental Shelf revenues under the Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act of 2006 (43 U.S.C. 1331 note; Public Law 109-432)," before "or preserve".

SA 901. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 35, strike line 11 and insert the following:

(a) **INFRASTRUCTURE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Chairman of the Senate

On page 35, between lines 23 and 24, insert the following:

The Chairman of the Budget Committee may also revise the allocations to allow funding for the Denali Commission established by section 303(a) of the Denali Com-

mission Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 3121 note; 112 Stat. 2681-637) for each applicable fiscal year at a level equal to not less than the level of funding made available for the Denali Commission during fiscal year 2006.

SA 902. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 13, line 21, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 13, line 22, increase the amount by \$9,000,000.

On page 14, line 1, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$9,000,000.

On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 903. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 5, before "implement", insert "set aside additional funding from the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund for arctic oil spill research conducted by the Oil Spill Recovery Institute,".

SA 904. Mr. LIEBERMAN (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, insert the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR INCREASE IN THE END STRENGTH FOR ACTIVE DUTY PERSONNEL OF THE ARMY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would reduce the strain on the United States Armed Forces by authorizing an increase in the end strength for active duty personnel of the Army to a level not less than 577,400 persons, by the amounts provided in such legislation for such purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 905. Ms. SNOWE (for herself and Mr. CARDIN) submitted an amendment

intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 43, after line 25, add the following:

(4) improve the HUBZone program established under section 31 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 657a) in a manner consistent with the recommendations of the Government Accountability Office in the reports entitled "Small Business Administration: Additional Actions Are Needed to Certify and Monitor HUBZone Businesses and Assess Program Results" (GAO-08-643), issued June 2008, "HUBZone Program: SBA's Control Weaknesses Exposed the Government to Fraud and Abuse" (GAO-08-964T), issued July 17, 2008, and "HUBZone Program: Fraud and Abuse Identified in Four Metropolitan Areas" (GAO-09-519T), issued March 25, 2009;

SA 906. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR CERTAIN OIL AND NATURAL GAS LEASING ACTIVITIES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would—

(1) allow any coastal State (as defined in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453)) to participate in the oil and natural gas leasing program under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.); and

(2) provide that any revenues from leases granted under paragraph (1) shall be allocated in accordance with section 105 of the Gulf of Mexico Energy Security Act of 2006 (43 U.S.C. 1331 note; Public Law 109-432), including the provisions of that Act providing for the disposition of revenues in the general fund of the Treasury and the allocation of funds to carry out the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 4607-4 et seq.).

(b) **DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.**—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 907. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels

for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE DOMESTIC ENERGY SECURITY BY PERMITTING ENVIRONMENTALLY SUSTAINABLE SUBSURFACE DEVELOPMENT AND PRODUCTION IN THE ARCTIC NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would authorize legislation that would permit the exploration, leasing, and development and production without surface occupancy of oil and gas in and from the western portion of the Coastal Plain of the State of Alaska.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 908. Ms. MURKOWSKI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO AUTHORIZE THE EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF ENERGY RESOURCES OF THE OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF AND OTHER PUBLIC LAND.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would authorize the establishment, assessment, and collection of reasonable fees by the National Marine Fisheries Service, and the acceptance of land, buildings, equipment, and other contributions (including funding) from public and private sources, to conduct work associated with the support of the orderly exploration and development of energy resources of the outer Continental Shelf and other public land.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 909. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth

the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST BUDGET RESOLUTIONS THAT DOUBLE THE DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for the budget year or any amendment, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report thereon that doubles or more than doubles the debt held by the public for the budget year and any subsequent fiscal year covered by the resolution compared to the current year covered by the resolution.

(b) SUSPENSION OF REQUIREMENT DURING WAR.—If a declaration of war is in effect, this section is suspended.

(c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(1) WAIVER.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.

(d) BUDGET YEAR.—In this section, the term “budget year” shall have the same meaning as in section 250(c)(12) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SA 910. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT IMPOSES A NATIONAL ENERGY TAX ON MIDDLE-INCOME TAXPAYERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—After a concurrent resolution on the budget is agreed to, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report that includes a National energy tax increase which would have widespread applicability on middle-income taxpayers.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(1) MIDDLE INCOME TAXPAYERS.—The term “middle-income” taxpayers means single individuals with \$200,000 or less in adjusted gross income (as defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) and married couples filing jointly with \$250,000 or less in adjusted gross income (as so defined).

(2) WIDESPREAD APPLICABILITY.—The term “widespread applicability” includes the definition with respect to individual income taxpayers in section 4022(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998.

(3) NATIONAL ENERGY TAX INCREASE.—The term “National energy tax increase” means any legislation that the Congressional Budget Office would score as leading to an increase in the costs of producing, generating or consuming energy.

SA 911. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 33, line 6, before “or preserve”, insert “rebuild United States fish stocks, promote fisheries bycatch monitoring, conduct fisheries habitats assessments,”.

SA 912. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 41, line 24, insert after “Indemnity Compensation,” the following: “provide for the payment of retired pay for members of the Alaska Territorial Guard who served in the Alaska Territorial Guard during and after World War II,”.

SA 913. Mr. DODD (for himself and Mr. SHELBY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 48, line 21, strike “banks” and all that follows through “purposes,” on line 25 and insert the following “banks, to include (1) an evaluation of the appropriate number and the associated costs of Federal reserve banks; (2) publication on its website, with respect to all lending and financial assistance facilities created by the Board to address the financial crisis, of (A) the nature and amounts of the collateral that the central bank is accepting on behalf of American taxpayers in the various lending programs, on no less than a monthly basis; (B) the extent to which changes in valuation of credit extensions to various special purpose vehicles, such as Maiden Lane I, Maiden Lane II, and Maiden Lane III, are a result of losses on collateral which will not be recovered; (C) the number of borrowers that participate in each of the lending programs and details of the credit extended, including the extent to which the credit is concentrated in one or more institutions; and (D) information on the extent to which the central bank is contracting for services of private sector firms for the design, pricing, management, and accounting for the various lending programs and the terms and nature of such contracts and bidding processes,”.

SA 914. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 2. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO MEET INTERNATIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE COMMITMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report to meet any future commitments of the United States for financial and technological assistance to developing countries under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, done at New York on May 9, 1992.

(b) DEFICIT NEUTRALITY.—Subsection (a) applies only if the legislation described in subsection (a) would not increase the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 915. Mr. TESTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 13, line 21, increase the amount by \$528,000,000.

On page 13, line 22, increase the amount by \$317,000,000.

On page 14, line 1, increase the amount by \$132,000,000.

On page 14, line 5, increase the amount by \$79,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$528,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$317,000,000.

On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$132,000,000.

On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$79,000,000.

SA 916. Mr. TESTER (for himself, Mrs. LINCOLN, Mr. BROWN, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. WEBB, Mrs. MCCASKILL, and Ms. SNOWE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 23, line 24, increase the amount by \$133,000,000.

On page 23, line 25, increase the amount by \$133,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$133,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$133,000,000.

SA 917. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congress-

sional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 43, after line 24, add the following:
(4) reduce the award of contracts to contractors with seriously delinquent tax debts;

(5) reduce the use of contracts, including the continuation of task orders, awarded under the Logistics Civil Augmentation Program (LOGCAP) III;

(6) reform Department of Defense processes for acquiring services in order to reduce costs, improve costs and schedule estimation, enhance oversight, or increase the rigor of reviews of programs that experience critical cost growth;

(7) reduce the use of contracts for acquisition, oversight, and management support services; or

(8) enhance the capability of auditors and inspectors general to oversee Federal acquisition and procurement;

SA 918. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; as follows:

On page 4, line 14, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 7, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 17, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 18, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 19, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 20, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 21, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 5, line 25, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 6, line 1, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 6, line 2, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 6, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 6, line 4, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 25, line 24, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 25, line 25, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 50, line 13, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 50, line 14, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 919. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 4, line 14, decrease the amount by \$14,067,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, decrease the amount by \$10,303,000,000.

On page 4, line 16, decrease the amount by \$12,750,000,000.

On page 4, line 17, decrease the amount by \$11,383,000,000.

On page 4, line 18, decrease the amount by \$8,049,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, decrease the amount by \$9,067,000,000.

On page 4, line 24, decrease the amount by \$12,303,000,000.

On page 4, line 25, decrease the amount by \$11,750,000,000.

On page 5, line 1, decrease the amount by \$11,383,000,000.

On page 5, line 2, decrease the amount by \$9,049,000,000.

On page 5, line 7, decrease the amount by \$9,067,000,000.

On page 5, line 8, decrease the amount by \$12,303,000,000.

On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$11,750,000,000.

On page 5, line 10, decrease the amount by \$11,383,000,000.

On page 5, line 11, decrease the amount by \$9,049,000,000.

On page 5, line 17, decrease the amount by \$9,067,000,000.

On page 5, line 18, decrease the amount by \$21,370,000,000.

On page 5, line 19, decrease the amount by \$33,120,000,000.

On page 5, line 20, decrease the amount by \$44,503,000,000.

On page 5, line 21, decrease the amount by \$55,552,000,000.

On page 5, line 25, decrease the amount by \$9,067,000,000.

On page 6, line 1, decrease the amount by \$21,370,000,000.

On page 6, line 2, decrease the amount by \$33,120,000,000.

On page 6, line 3, decrease the amount by \$44,503,000,000.

On page 6, line 4, decrease the amount by \$55,552,000,000.

On page 26, line 24, decrease the amount by \$67,000,000.

On page 26, line 25, decrease the amount by \$67,000,000.

On page 27, line 3, decrease the amount by \$303,000,000.

On page 27, line 4, decrease the amount by \$303,000,000.

On page 27, line 7, decrease the amount by \$750,000,000.

On page 27, line 8, decrease the amount by \$750,000,000.

On page 27, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,383,000,000.

On page 27, line 12, decrease the amount by \$1,383,000,000.

On page 27, line 15, decrease the amount by \$2,049,000,000.

On page 27, line 16, decrease the amount by \$2,049,000,000.

On page 27, line 23, decrease the amount by \$14,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 24, decrease the amount by \$9,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 2, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 3, decrease the amount by \$12,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 6, decrease the amount by \$12,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 7, decrease the amount by \$11,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 10, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 11, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 14, decrease the amount by \$6,000,000,000.

On page 28, line 15, decrease the amount by \$7,000,000,000.

On page 50, line 13, decrease the amount by \$14,000,000,000.

On page 50, line 14, decrease the amount by \$9,000,000,000.

SA 920. Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself and Mr. CARPER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 73, after line 6, add the following:

SEC. 317. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE ROLE OF BIOTECHNOLOGY IN THE LIFE SCIENCES INDUSTRY.

It is the sense of the Senate that—
 (1) the United States is the established and undisputed global leader in life sciences, and biotechnology companies of the United States are developing advances in medicine, energy, defense, and agriculture;

(2) the biotechnology industry is a source of high-wage, science-oriented jobs, and the success of the industry is critical to ensure that the President's call to "cure cancer in our lifetime" is met;

(3) the ongoing financial crisis has made it difficult for small biotechnology firms to access capital, negatively affecting the cutting-edge life sciences industry of the United States by threatening to halt or significantly delay the next generation of promising therapies for cancer, multiple sclerosis, heart disease, and other diseases and afflictions affecting tens of millions of people of the United States, as well as threatening to halt or significantly delay the development of next-generation biofuels;

(4) the potential for biotechnology to prevent and cure disease, improve surgical outcomes, and pioneer other medical breakthroughs represents tremendous opportunity to reduce costs and improve public health; and

(5) Congress should act to facilitate access to capital for the life sciences industry of the United States, including emerging biotechnology companies, as the industry faces a severe funding crisis that is jeopardizing a critical sector of the United States' 21st century innovation economy and a source of high-paying, high-quality jobs in the United States.

SA 921. Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself and Mr. KAUFMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, after line 3, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) AND THE FAMILY VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND SERVICES ACT (FVPSA), AND OTHER RELATED PROGRAMS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide resources for programs administered through the Violence Against Women Act and the Family Violence Preven-

tion and Services Act, and other related programs, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2019.

SA 9222. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . BUDGETARY IMPACT OF THE TARP PROGRAM.

Effective fiscal year 2011, the budget resolution shall separately set forth the budgetary impact of the TARP program or any other program that is designed to provide financial assistance for purchasing troubled financial assets or is managed by the Office of Financial Stability under the Department of the Treasury for the budget year and the 9 year period following the budget year.

SA 923. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . LIMIT ON FEDERAL SPENDING.

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section:

(1) FEDERAL SPENDING LIMIT.—The term "Federal spending limit" means with respect to a fiscal year, outlays not exceeding 20 per cent of the GDP.

(2) GDP.—The term "GDP" means the gross domestic product for the relevant fiscal year.

(b) FEDERAL SPENDING LIMIT POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or conference report that includes any provision that would exceed the Federal spending limit for such fiscal year.

(2) WAIVER OR SUSPENSION.—This subsection may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative rollcall vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(3) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.

SA 924. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 31, line 3, strike "or".

On page 31, between lines 7 and 8, insert the following:

"(9) does so without creating a new government operated health insurance plan; and

"(10) does so through regular order, without the use of reconciliation."

SA 925. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 216. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE DETENTION OF DETAINEES AT NAVAL STATION GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, AT ANY LOCATION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide funding for the transfer and incarceration (including any associated infrastructure) of individuals currently detained at Naval Station Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, at a location outside United States, and prohibit funding of any transfers of such detainees to the United States, by the amounts provided in that legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2009 through 2014 or the period of the total of fiscal years of 2009 through 2019.

SA 926. Mr. BOND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT CAUSES SIGNIFICANT JOB LOSS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—After a concurrent resolution on the budget is agreed to, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report that—

(1) would cause revenues to be more than the level of revenues set forth for that first fiscal year or for the total of that fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years in the applicable resolution for which allocations are provided under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and

(2) would cause significant job loss in manufacturing or coal-dependent regions of the United States such as the Midwest, Great Plains or South.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 927. Mr. BOND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 13, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2010, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2009, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2011 through 2014; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 68, after line 4, insert the following:

SEC. ___ . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT CAUSES AN INCREASE IN PRICES FOR FERTILIZER OR FARM FUEL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—After a concurrent resolution on the budget is agreed to, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, resolution, amendment between Houses motion, or conference report that—

(1) would cause revenues to be more than the level of revenues set forth for that first fiscal year or for the total of that fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years in the applicable resolution for which allocations are provided under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and

(2) would cause an increase in the retail price of fertilizer or fuel used in the production or transportation of agricultural products.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 2 p.m. in room 216 of the Hart Senate office building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Environment and Public Works be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 3 p.m., to hold a hearing entitled "Enhanced Partnership with Pakistan Act."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate, to conduct a hearing entitled "Nominations" on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 2:30 p.m., in room SD-226 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 10 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Veterans' Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009. The Committee will meet in room 418 of the Russell Senate Office Building beginning at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON CLEAN AIR AND NUCLEAR SAFETY

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Clean Air and Nuclear Safety of the Committee on Environment and Public Works be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009 at 10 a.m. in room 406 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building to hold a hearing entitled, "Oversight—the Environmental Protection Agency's Renewable Fuel Standard."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON EMERGING THREATS AND CAPABILITIES AND SUBCOMMITTEE ON STRATEGIC FORCES

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities and the Subcommittee on Strategic Forces of the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 3:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PERSONNEL

Mr. CONRAD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Personnel of the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, April 1, 2009, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. CORNYN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that two law clerks from my staff, Matthew Welling and Andrew Warthen, be granted floor privileges for the remainder of this session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

DISCHARGE AND REFERRAL—S. 718

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that S. 718 be discharged from the Committee on the Judiciary and be referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

AUTHORIZING USE OF THE ROTUNDA

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of H. Con. Res. 54, which was received from the House.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the concurrent resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 54) permitting the use of the Rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony as part of the commemoration of the days of remembrance of victims of the Holocaust.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the concurrent resolution be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate, and any statements related to the measure be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.