

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO
THE CONGRESSIONAL-EXECUTIVE
COMMISSION ON THE PEOPLE'S
REPUBLIC OF CHINA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 6913, and the order of the House of January 6, 2009, the Chair announces the Speaker's appointment of the following Members of the House to the Congressional-Executive Commission on the People's Republic of China:

Mr. LEVIN, Michigan, Co-Chairman
Ms. KAPTUR, Ohio
Mr. HONDA, California
Mr. WALZ, Minnesota
Mr. WU, Oregon
Mr. SMITH, New Jersey
Mr. MANZULLO, Illinois
Mr. ROYCE, California
Mr. PITTS, Pennsylvania

COMMUNICATION FROM THE
REPUBLICAN LEADER

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Honorable JOHN A. BOEHNER, Republican Leader:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, March 3, 2009.

Hon. NANCY PELOSI,
Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR SPEAKER PELOSI: Pursuant to Section 333(a)(2) of the Consolidated Natural Resources Act of 2008 (P.L. 110-229), I am pleased to appoint Mr. Danny Vargas of Herndon, Virginia as a voting member of the Commission to Study the Potential Creation of a National Museum of the American Latino.

Dr. Aida Levitan of Key Biscayne, Florida and Mrs. Rosa J. Correa of Bridgeport, Connecticut were previously appointed and shall remain voting members.

Mr. Vargas has expressed interest in serving in this capacity and I am pleased to fulfill the request.

Sincerely,

JOHN A. BOEHNER,
Republican Leader.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 2009, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. POE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. POE of Texas addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□ 1830

NEVER AGAIN: WHAT WE DO DOES
MATTER

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Kansas (Mr. MORAN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. MORAN of Kansas. Madam Speaker, a few weeks ago, I came to

this House floor to address my colleagues and bring to their attention the danger that Iran poses to Israel. I shared with my colleagues some of the things that the Iranian leader had said about Israel to illustrate the seriousness of the threat.

Madam Speaker, the Iranian President, Mahmoud Ahmadinejad, has again spoken. Last week, at the opening day of the United Nations Anti-Racism Conference, the Iranian President was given a platform on which to spread racist and hateful views. In his address to the conference, he called Israel "the most cruel and racist regime," said that Zionism "is a paragon of racism," and said the creation of Israel was founded on "the pretext of Jewish sufferings and the ambiguous and dubious question of the Holocaust."

While the Iranian leader's comments are disturbing in any context, it is even more troublesome that he would question the Holocaust on the day before we celebrated the Holocaust Remembrance.

It is hard to understand how the United Nations and so many other countries fail to take the Iranian threat seriously. It is more than ironic that the U.N. would give one who has denied the Holocaust and advocated for the destruction of Israel the opportunity to speak at a conference convened to combat hatred and racism.

Although the United States and a few countries had the sense to boycott the summit and thereby refuse to lend credibility to the conference and speakers like Ahmadinejad, too many nations continue to act with complacency.

Last Thursday, our Nation's leaders gathered in our Rotunda here in the Capitol for the National Commemoration of the Day of Remembrance to remember the 6 million Jews who were murdered in the Holocaust. The theme of this year's events was, "Never Again: What You Do Matters." That theme is a message for all of us to take very seriously.

When we say "never again," we need to think about the current threats to peace and security and take appropriate action to prevent senseless violence. Iran's pursuit of nuclear weapons is an existential threat to the people of Israel and a grave danger to the rest of the world.

Madam Speaker, the things we do do matter. It is time for us to join together and confront this Iranian threat.

Today, Israel celebrates its 61st anniversary of its independence; again, a day in which we ought to remember the threat that still remains. Congress can take action to address this threat by approving H.R. 1327, the Iran Sanctions Enabling Act, and H.R. 1985, the Iran Diplomatic Enhancement Act.

The Iran Sanctions Enabling Act gives States and local governments the authority to divest their assets from any company that invests \$20 million

or more in Iran's energy sector. The other piece of legislation, H.R. 1985, would sanction any entity engaged in activities that contribute to Iran's ability to import gasoline or fine petroleum.

I am a sponsor of these bills, and I believe that sanctions will increase pressure on the Iranian regime to change course and abandon its pursuit of nuclear weapons.

The Days of Remembrance call us to soberly evaluate the changes to peace we face and take swift action as best we can to address them.

Madam Speaker, I ask the House of Representatives to quickly approve the Iran Sanctions Enabling Act and the Iran Diplomatic Enhancement Act. "Never again: What we do does matter."

A KINDER, GENTLER MARXISM

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. CARTER) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. CARTER. Madam Speaker, recently I read an article by Gene Edward Veith entitled, "A Kinder, Gentler Marxism."

He begins his comments by saying, "Barack Obama is not a socialist, explained Eric Etheredge of The New York Times, he is a "social democrat." The administration's attempt to control private companies and the free market should not alarm us, according to Etheredge and other pundits. European nations do this all the time. It is simply an application of the European political and economic theory known as "social democracy."

We were promised several things by our President during his campaign. He promised us government reform, a renewed and repaired economy, and more ethical business practices. And he did all this as we watched our economy crash.

After these 100 days in office, we need to illuminate the path that this administration is actually taking us down. It could be the path that leads us from limited government, that stimulates our economy naturally, to a government mostly aligned with social democracy like the social economies of Western Europe, with massive taxes and chronic high unemployment.

An objective definition of social democracy from Merriam-Webster's online dictionary is as follows: "A political movement advocating a gradual and peaceful transition from capitalism to socialism by democratic means." Or a second definition, "A democratic welfare state that incorporates both capitalist and socialist practices."

So this political and economic system either moves from capitalism to socialism or combines both capitalism and socialism to form a welfare state. We need to know more.

Here is the first paragraph from the Encyclopedia Britannica about social

democracy. "A political ideology that advocates a peaceful, evolutionary transition of society from capitalism to socialism using established political processes.

"Based on 19th century socialism and the tenets of Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, social democracy shares common ideological roots with communism, but eschews its militancy and totalitarianism. Social democracy was originally known as revisionism because it represented a change in basic Marxist doctrine, primarily in the former's repudiation of the use of revolution to establish a capitalist society."

These definitions, paired with some of the actions we've seen so far in the administration, cause us concern that they may be indicative of gradual movement towards social democracy. We've got the stimulus bill, we've got the bank bailouts, now we've got the proposal that they will own 50 percent of General Motors, along with a 39 percent share for the unions, a 10 percent share for the bondholders, and a 1 percent share for the stockholders. As a result of these actions, the Federal Government's outrageous spending now equals almost 90 percent of gross domestic product. The GDP for last year was 14.2, and now 12.8.

So the question is, did we elect a President because we wanted to have a social democracy system? When Americans cast their vote for Barack Obama and they cast it for the Democratic Congress, did they also intend that this country should adopt social democracy, that lesser form of Marxism?

These are issues we need to talk about. And if this is the place our country is going, then maybe we need to amend or adopt new founding documents that more fit this form of government.

These are thoughts we ought to all think about. I know I'm thinking about them. I hope you are, too.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. BOYD) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BOYD addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. JONES addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

NORTH KOREAN FREEDOM AND HUMAN RIGHTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida (Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Madam Speaker, in Dante's "Divine Comedy," the in-

scription above the entrance to hell reads, "Abandon hope all ye who enter here." That should also, sadly, be the inscription above the DMZ for those turning northward, for North Korea is truly hell on Earth.

This is a land where the techniques of torture and brainwashing have been finely perfected, as portrayed in the film "The Manchurian Candidate." This is a land where political prisoners labor under conditions of slow starvation and massive abuse, as reflected in the South Korean drama "Yoduk Story."

Madam Speaker, I wish I could say that North Korea was no more scary than an Orwellian novel or a Cold War movie or a tragic musical production. Sadly, however, North Korea is no mere bogeyman who disturbs a child's dreams in the shadows of the night. North Korea is a frightening reality, a daily reality for over 23 million people. It is an immediate threat to our Armed Forces in the Pacific and to our allies in South Korea and Japan. It is a proliferation of weapons of mass destruction to fellow rogue regimes in the Middle East.

North Korea haunts us all, but it is no mere ghost, it is a real and constant threat. That is why I introduced last week a bill, H.R. 1980, the North Korea Sanctions and Diplomatic Nonrecognition Act. United we must stand for North Korean human rights and for an end to the repression of innocent human beings. For if we wish to find the real meaning of repression, we should turn our gaze to Pyongyang. If we seek the true definition of torture, we need look no further than the killing fields of North Korea. We must not forget the horrific accounts which our emaciated prisoners of war brought back to America after the 1953 Armistice.

We must not turn a deaf ear to the haunting tales of refugees and returned abductees who are among the fortunate few who are able to escape this hell on Earth. We must not silence our consciences in the name of diplomatic expediency. To be silent on fundamental freedoms and human rights is to tell the despotic leader, Kim Jong Il, that he can avoid these issues indefinitely. To be silent is to be an enabler.

We must highlight how prison guards cut still living babies out of the refugee mothers' wombs and slam their heads on the pavement for the so-called crime of being the mixed blood seed of Chinese fathers. We must shed light on the imprisoned Christians who were martyred by having hot molten metal poured on their exposed flesh. The executions carried out for stealing a little food to keep one's child alive during the famine. The refugees hunted down or trafficked in the sex trade in China.

On a regular business day in our Nation's Capitol, the topic of human rights and oppression may seem rather abstract. But human rights is found in each individual, case by case, and in their tears. It is found in the tears of

Mrs. Yokota, waiting for over three decades for the return of her little girl snatched away by agents of North Korea. It is in the tears of our own American citizens, Mary Ling, waiting for the return of her daughter, journalist Laura Ling. Laura was grabbed, along with fellow U.S. journalist Euna Lee, 6 weeks ago by North Korean border guards and then imprisoned in the gulag.

Human rights is also found in the tears of a Chicago citizen, Esther Kim, waiting for the return of the remains of her husband, U.S. permanent resident Kim Dong-shik. Reverend Kim was kidnapped by North Korean agents in China 9 years ago while helping refugees, and reportedly died of starvation and torture at a North Korean military base. It is found in the tears of Israeli apartment dwellers hit by missiles developed by North Korea for Hezbollah in southern Lebanon in 2006 from tunnels dug with North Korean assistance.

It is a grim picture, but we must not despair, Madam Speaker. Justice will ultimately prevail. In the same manner that we prevailed against the evil empire and Soviet-style Communism, with perseverance, with dedication to the defense of human rights, and the promotion of core democratic principles, the suffering of the North Korean people can also be brought to an end. May it be so.

HONORING REVEREND TIMOTHY WRIGHT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New York (Mr. TOWNS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. TOWNS. Madam Speaker, I rise today in honor of Reverend Timothy Wright, a loving husband, a dedicated father, faithful pastor, and compassionate humanitarian. Grammy-nominated singer and composer, and also my dear friend.

Sadly, last week, Reverend Wright, the founder of the Grace Tabernacle Christian Center in Brooklyn, passed away. He had suffered for nearly a year with complications resulting from a tragic traffic accident that claimed the life of his wife, grandson, and of course the driver who hit his car head on.

Despite his struggles against improbable odds, having undergone numerous surgeries, Reverend Wright maintained unwavering faith in his God, even in the darkest hour.

□ 1845

Through his example, he showed us that, although he was physically down, he was spiritually vibrant.

Committed to his professed calling in life, one of the reverend's main desires in his last days was to return to his Brooklyn pulpit where he could encourage his congregants. I believe that his ability to be selfless during great suffering is evidence of a man who treasured, loved and lived life to the fullest that way as well.