working with President Obama to take America in a new direction. We are working to turn our economy around and create good jobs, to make commonsense reforms to how Wall Street does business, to make quality health insurance affordable to every American, and to launch a clean-energy jobs revolution that makes America more secure. These efforts are being tackled with fiscal discipline and accountability.

You just heard about the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act; and then there is the Worker, Homeownership, and Business Assistance Act, stimulating growth and creating jobs with up to 20 additional weeks of unemployment benefits. And then there is the Job Creation Through Entrepreneurship Act to give established small businesses and entrepreneurial startups the needed tools and resources to thrive, create jobs, and drive economic growth.

GITMO DETAINEES COMING TO THE HEARTLAND

(Mr. KIRK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KIRK. Mr. Speaker, this morning, we read reports that the administration will announce that a prison in Illinois will be home to over 70 al Qaeda core detainees. After spending \$275 million on a state-of-the-art facility in Cuba, we will walk away from that investment.

The new plan poses an unnecessary risk on the American people. Administration briefings revealed that we are not ending Gitmo, just moving it to the heartland.

Members of Congress posed over one dozen questions on this plan 1 month ago—with no answer. Here is one of the key unanswered issues: In his archives speech, the President announced that approximately 75 of the detainees are "too dangerous for trial or release." They are to be held indefinitely without civil or military trial.

It is illegal under our Constitution for the executive to hold a person inside the United States indefinitely without trial. Question: How will the President suspend our Constitution's writ of habeas corpus once he brings these 75 detainees to the heartland? Courts will force him to answer, and the American people should know right now.

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WANT DEMOCRATIC SOLUTIONS

(Mr. YARMUTH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. YARMUTH. Mr. Speaker, many in the media and some of our Republican colleagues are trying to raise the specter of 1994 when we are talking about health care reform saying, oh, the Democrats are going to lose control of the House if they pass health

care reform just like they lost the House after trying to get HillaryCare through.

Well, there are a few differences between 1994 and 2009. For one, in 1994, 11,000 people weren't losing their health insurance every day, premiums had not nearly tripled in the prior 10 years, we weren't 7 years away from facing bankruptcy in Medicare, more than 700,000 people were not going bankrupt every year because of health care costs, and, finally, nearly 40,000 people every year weren't dying because of a lack of health care coverage.

You know, the people in America have seen what the Republican response for health care is. They saw one move in 12 years of their control, and that was to pass an unfunded prescription drug plan that the Social Security trustees now say may raise the deficit by \$1.2 trillion over the next 10 years.

We've seen the Republican solutions. The American people want the Democratic solutions.

MR. PRESIDENT, RECONSIDER GUANTANAMO BAY

(Mr. PENCE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PENCE. Mr. Speaker, I was here at the Capitol on September 11. I watched the smoke rise from the Pentagon. I walked in the ashes of Ground Zero 1 week later. Terrorism is not theoretical to me. That's why, like most Americans, I was astonished to read this morning press reports that the Obama administration is about to transfer over 70 known dangerous terrorists from the military detention facility at Guantanamo Bay outside the United States to a prison inside the United States, in the heartland of America, in the State of Illinois.

By moving known terrorists to American soil, the Obama administration is putting international public relations ahead of public safety. How does closing Guantanamo Bay make us safer? How does moving over 70 known terrorists to a facility in my beloved heartland of this country make our families safer? And how does it even make sense?

Mr. President, rescind this order. Reconsider your decision. Put the safety and security of the American people ahead of international public opinion.

SUPPORT GLOBAL CLIMATE AGREEMENT IN COPENHAGEN

(Mrs. CAPPS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. CAPPS. Mr. Speaker, the scientific consensus about whether humans are causing global warming is clear. Reports from the United Nations IPCC underscore the need for all countries to take action to reduce global warming pollution.

As I speak, world leaders are meeting in Copenhagen to negotiate a new global climate treaty. This is a tremendous opportunity for the United States to lead the world in coalescing around a fair, ambitious, and binding climate agreement.

We must confront the causes of global warming and manage the impacts of climate change, such as rising sea levels, and help developing countries benefit from clean energy technologies.

Mr. Speaker, the United States has a lot to gain in Copenhagen. Currently, European countries generate more of their electricity than we do from clean alternative sources, while China is on track to become the world's leading maker of wind turbines by the end of this year.

The United States can lead the world in growing a clean energy economy. We can create new American jobs and strengthen our national security while we protect our planet. We can, and we must, be the global clean energy leader again.

Let's all support a fair, ambitious, and binding climate agreement in Copenhagen.

DEMOCRATS AT WORK PUTTING AMERICA BACK TOGETHER

(Ms. SHEA-PORTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. SHEA-PORTER. Mr. Speaker, the 111th Congress and the President have pulled the economy back from the brink. After 8 years of the previous administration's lax oversight of Wall Street, tax cuts for the very rich, and dishonest budgets that hid the true costs, this Congress and President Obama are busy reversing the damage.

The House passed a Wall Street reform bill that will protect consumers and ensure that taxpayers are never again on the hook to bail out big Wall Street banks. We also passed Cash for Clunkers, which helped to jump-start the U.S. auto industry and get new, cleaner cars on the road. And the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act has invested in Main Street America, creating jobs and building infrastructure projects. These projects will serve their communities for decades to come.

When the President took office in January, the economy was shedding over 700,000 jobs a month. Last month, there were 11,000 job losses. Every job loss is a tragedy, though; and that is why we have been working to create jobs while we also extended unemployment benefits to those still seeking work.

We are still turning America around, but in just 1 year we have come a long way.

END THE WAR IN AFGHANISTAN NOW

(Mr. GRAYSON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GRAYSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in favor of peace. I am joined in that by nearly 100,000 people who have signed a petition urging Congress to stop the escalation of the war in Afghanistan. This is the petition from the group Rethink Afghanistan.

President Obama has decided to send more than 30,000 extra troops to Afghanistan at a cost of more than \$100 billion a year, but America cannot afford a war that does not make us safer; and Congress has the power to stop that escalation. Vote "no" on any spending bill that would send more troops to Afghanistan.

I agree with that petition. It took only about 1,000 Special Forces troops to overthrow the Taliban in 2001. Why would we need 100 times that many to keep them out now? This occupation is an 18th-century strategy against a 14th-century enemy.

We have done enough to help and secure the Pashtuns, the Tajiks and the Hazara. It's about time we start to think of ourselves. Instead of spending billions on the war, we need to spend it on America. End the war now.

DEMOCRATS ARE COMMITTED TO JOBS PROGRAM

(Mr. ELLISON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ELLISON. Mr. Speaker, after nearly a decade of handing over middle class tax dollars to the wealthiest 1 percent, after nearly a decade of policy that encouraged million-dollar CEO bonuses over raises for American workers, we are witnessing the results of nearly a decade of complete Republican control of the Federal Government.

They handed President Obama and this Congress two wars, hundreds of billions of dollars in debt, crumbling national infrastructure, a home mortgage crisis—one in eight mortgages in default or foreclosure—a global climate crisis, and a financial sector ravaged by greed and lax regulation.

In short, this greatest economic and financial crisis since the Great Depression should be called the "Republican recession." And then, they handed it all off to President Obama and now have the audacity to ask, Where are the jobs? Well, the jobs are coming. The jobs are being built right now because Democrats are focusing on jobs. Democrats are committed to a jobs program that talks about our infrastructure, retaining public employees, and building America's future again.

WE NEED TO HELP THE UNEMPLOYED

(Mr. COHEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, The New York Times and CBS released a poll recently that showed what the feelings are and the effects of unemployment on Americans. We've had 10 percent unemployment and many people that are long-term unemployed. The effects are devastating.

People who are unemployed are more likely not to have health insurance and have difficulty and give up getting medical care. That costs the public later with emergency room visits and costs us more money. They have more problems with depression and anxiety, and yet can't afford medical treatment. Again, problems arise. They have lost their homes, neighborhoods suffer, crime increases, neighborhood values decrease.

The loss of jobs has hurt millions of Americans and others because of the effects on the economy, on government, and on neighborhoods. But the people who have lost their jobs know why they have lost their jobs. Twenty-six percent specifically say the reason they've lost their jobs is because of President Bush and the policies that were brought about during the time he was President. That is obvious. The second largest group is Wall Street bankers. We need to help the unemployed. We need to find jobs.

WALL STREET REFORM PACKAGE

(Mr. WALZ asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WALZ. Mr. Speaker, among the speakers who have just addressed this House are a high school teacher, a nurse, a social worker, a small business owner, and a criminal prosecutor. And they stood hand in hand for working families on Main Street to restore responsibility and accountability to Wall Street last week.

After years of recklessness and unchecked greed that have now cost millions their jobs, their homes, and their life savings, we finally passed long-overdue commonsense reforms. These reforms protect investors and consumers from the excesses of those who will gamble other people's hard-earned money and closed loopholes in existing laws. They bring about an end to tax-payer bailouts and a belief that a firm is too big to fail.

Financial markets work best when they are transparent, allowing investors to make smart decisions and our capital system to flourish; but they also require cops on the beat to protect consumers from fraud and abuse. The Wall Street reform package we passed strengthens our markets and our economies, giving people confidence again to invest in America and our growth towards prosperity.

□ 1045

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DRIEHAUS). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule

XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote incurs objection under clause 6 of rule XX.

Record votes on postponed questions will be taken later.

AUTHORITY TO CONVERT CERTAIN OVERSEAS LIMITED APPOINT-MENTS TO PERMANENT APPOINTMENTS

Mr. CUELLAR. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1517) to allow certain U.S. Customs and Border Protection employees who serve under an overseas limited appointment for at least 2 years, and whose service is rated fully successful or higher throughout that time, to be converted to a permanent appointment in the competitive service, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1517

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this Act-

- (1) the term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
- (2) the term "U.S. Customs and Border Protection" means U.S. Customs and Border Protection of the Department of Homeland Security:
- (3) the term "competitive service" has the meaning given such term by section 2102 of title 5, United States Code; and
- (4) the term "overseas limited appointment" means an appointment under—
- (A) subpart B of part 301 of title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on January 1, 2008; or
- (B) any similar antecedent or succeeding authority, as determined by the Commissioner

SEC. 2. AUTHORITY TO CONVERT CERTAIN OVER-SEAS LIMITED APPOINTMENTS TO PERMANENT APPOINTMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, or any other provision of law relating to the examination, certification, and appointment of individuals in the competitive service, the Commissioner may convert an employee serving under an overseas limited appointment within U.S. Customs and Border Protection to a permanent appointment in the competitive service within U.S. Customs and Border Protection, if—
- (1) as of the time of conversion, the employee has completed at least 2 years of current continuous service under 1 or more overseas limited appointments; and
- (2) the employee's performance has, throughout the period of continuous service referred to in paragraph (1), been rated at least fully successful or the equivalent.
- An employee whose appointment is converted under the preceding sentence acquires competitive status upon conversion.
 - (b) INDEMNIFICATION AND PRIVILEGES.—
- (1) INDEMNIFICATION.—The United States shall, in the case of any individual whose appointment is converted under subsection (a), indemnify and hold such individual harmless from any claim arising from any event, act, or omission—
- (A) that arises from the exercise of such individual's official duties, including by reason