

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

COMMEMORATING DAVE BENGSTON FOR HIS OUTSTANDING CONTRIBUTION AS MENDOCINO COUNTY AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER AND SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

HON. MIKE THOMPSON

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 16, 2009

Mr. THOMPSON of California. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor Dave Bengston upon the occasion of his retirement after 37 years of outstanding service to the people of Mendocino County. During his tenure as Agricultural Commissioner and Sealer of Weights and Measures, Mr. Bengston's distinguished career includes many milestones.

He was instrumental in the eradication of the Ribes mite, which was not previously known to occur in North America. Mr. Bengston wrote a new quarantine for Grape Leaf Skeletonizer to protect the wine grape industry and succeeded in keeping the pest out of the county. He instituted an annual county-wide pesticide container recycling event. And he coordinated a hazardous materials collections process.

Dave Bengston, born in Modesto, in the heart of California's fertile Central Valley, was drawn at an early age toward agricultural pursuits. His first jobs as a teenager were picking peaches and working in canneries. While attending Modesto Junior College he developed a "love for botany." From there he attended Stanislaus State before transferring to the University of California at Berkeley.

In addition to his more than fulltime work schedule, Mr. Bengston developed a passion for mycology. In 1972 he already had a license in Apiary Inspection when he got a job with Mendocino County as a weights and measures inspector. A benefit to his move to Mendocino was the myriad variety of wild mushrooms, for which he has become an expert in identification.

He met his wife Christy, who was the 4-H secretary for the University of California Extension Service, in 1974. They were married 2 years later and have two grown sons, Brett and Logan.

Since 1989, when he became Mendocino County's Agricultural Commissioner and Sealer of Weights and Measures, Mr. Bengston has been instrumental in the success of keeping Mendocino free of such invasive pests as the Mediterranean fruit fly, vine mealybugs, and the Gypsy moth. He also made contributions to the glasse-winged sharpshooter, national organic, and West Nile virus programs and was instrumental in enforcing the ordinance banning genetically modified organisms in Mendocino County.

As is true of extraordinary public servants like Mr. Bengston, he also gave back to his community. He was a member of the Ukiah Kiwanis Club, a board member of the

Mendocino County Promotional Alliance and director and education chair of the Peregrine Audubon Society, to name a few. Bengston also found time to be a charter member of the Dorothy King Young Chapter of the California Native Plant Society. He coached youth soccer and basketball and played men's league soccer and was a soccer referee until 1993. He also has served as an advisor to the Ukiah Association of the Handicapped and the Regional Occupational Horticultural Program.

Madam Speaker, through his visionary leadership, technical expertise and quiet persuasion, Dave Bengston has made a long-lasting positive impact on the resources of the county of Mendocino. For these reasons and for the widespread respect of his colleagues and community, it is appropriate at this time that we honor Dave Bengston.

HONORING THE WORK OF DR. KENNETH STOCKING

HON. LYNN C. WOOLSEY

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 16, 2009

Ms. WOOLSEY. Madam Speaker, I rise today with sadness to honor Dr. Kenneth Stocking, who passed away on November 17, 2008, at the notable age of 97. Dr. Stocking dedicated his life and his work to education and the environment.

Dr. Stocking was a pioneering environmentalist and professor emeritus at Sonoma State University, SSU, who spent nearly half a century committed to environmental and political activism. A steward of plants, he was lauded for his advocacy work to preserve and protect native California species.

After graduating from the College of the Pacific in Stockton, Dr. Stocking began his teaching career and subsequently taught at several elementary and high schools. He later obtained a master's degree from the College of the Pacific and a doctorate degree at the University of Southern California in 1950.

In 1964, Dr. Stocking began teaching at what was then the Sonoma State College. Under his nurturing and forward-thinking leadership as professor and chair of the biology department, the department blossomed into the School of Environmental Studies and Planning. In addition to offering degree and certificate programs, Dr. Stocking's creation also serves as the home for the innovative Environmental Technology Center, ETC, and the Institute for Community Planning Assistance. Today, ETC is a model for green design in our nation.

Dr. Stocking's legacy continues to thrive today at SSU. He founded a botanical garden in 1973 at SSU to showcase the diverse California plant communities and provide a tranquil place for education and relaxation. In recognition of his plentiful contributions to the environmental sciences, faculty and students, this garden is named the Kenneth M. Stocking Native Plant Garden.

During his tenure at SSU, Dr. Stocking was appointed by then-Governor of California Ronald Reagan as the central coast representative for the California Coastal Commission. He was also president of Sonoma County Tomorrow, chairman of the Sonoma County Conservation Council, board member of the Sonoma Land Trust and an active member of the Audubon Society, Sierra Club, California Native Plant Society and many other organizations.

Dr. Stocking and his wife of 69 years, Mary, who preceded him in death, resided in Sonoma County for about 40 years. After his retirement from SSU in 1979, Dr. Stocking and Mary traveled to England, Europe, Africa and Asia. He is survived by a son and daughter, grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

Madam Speaker, Dr. Kenneth Stocking's unbridled passion for protecting our environment and commitment to education will continue to inform and inspire residents of Sonoma County and beyond.

CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2009

SPEECH OF

HON. JOHN M. MCHUGH

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, January 14, 2009

Mr. MCHUGH. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2, the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009. Given the importance of the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP) to my constituents, I am pleased that the House is working to extend SCHIP through Fiscal Year 2013.

Every bill that works its way through Congress has provisions that are less than ideal and this bill is no exception. Clearly, if given the opportunity, I would write much of this bill in a different way. That opportunity, of course, will not materialize.

However, accessibility to quality health care is one of the great challenges we face as a Nation. It is a particularly acute problem in Northern and Central New York, which I have the privilege of representing. According to one source, there are currently over 400,000 children without health insurance in New York State.

The importance of the SCHIP program to my district is hard to overstate. In fact, nearly 20,000 children in the 11 counties I represent are currently enrolled in the Child Health Plus as the SCHIP program is known in New York State.

The bill before the House today would strengthen and expand the SCHIP program by providing an additional \$35 billion over the next four and a half years. As a result of this increase in funding, an additional 4 million children—267,000 in New York State—are projected to be enrolled in the program, thereby ensuring that a total of 11 million children

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.

nationwide have access to health care. Thus, I will support this measure.

PAUL CUFFE: VOTING RIGHTS
PIONEER

HON. BARNEY FRANK

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 16, 2009

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Madam Speaker, Saturday, January 17, is the 250th birthday of Paul Cuffe. He is not well known, but he should be. I was not myself familiar with his important role in our history and as one of those who fought against the terrible racist pattern that mars our early history until it was called to my attention by a constituent, Brock N. Cordeiro of the Town of Dartmouth. Mr. Cordeiro wrote to me and called my attention to Mr. Cuffe's role. As Mr. Cordeiro notes, in 1781 "Paul Cuffe sought the franchise or relief from taxation without representation" and he played a major role in the fact that this happened in Massachusetts in 1783. Many years later, in 1864, as the Town of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, celebrated its centennial, people noted that "it was his determined and manly efforts, and his refusal to pay the taxes assessed upon him, on the grounds that he had no voice or vote with his neighbors, that finally secured from the Legislature of Massachusetts equal rights of suffrage for the colored man with the white man."

Madam Speaker, I am very proud as an American of the role that America has played as the first vibrant self-governed Nation, but the racism that marked our early years is the source of trouble which we are still fighting to overcome. It is therefore entirely appropriate to recognize as his 250th birthday approaches the pioneering work of Paul Cuffe. It is very difficult to imagine from our safe haven today what moral and physical courage it took for Mr. Cuffe to defy the racist consensus which confronted him, and his example should be widely hailed.

I am grateful to Brock Cordeiro for calling this to my attention. Mr. Cordeiro noted in his letter to me that he came to this through his academic studies, and because of his own history in the need to confront our racist past and to mark the progress we have made in overcoming it, he wrote a master's thesis on Mr. Cuffe.

Madam Speaker, as you know, and as I advised Mr. Cordeiro, we do not issue proclamations on people's birthdays, but given the great historical example that Paul Cuffe has given, I am very proud to insert this tribute to him on his 250th birthday into this RECORD.

INTRODUCTION OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION FACILITIES AUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2009

HON. JAMES L. OBERSTAR

OF MINNESOTA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 16, 2009

Mr. OBERSTAR. Madam Speaker, my colleagues and I join together today to introduce the Smithsonian Institution Facilities Authorization Act of 2009.

I thank my colleagues, including Committee on House Administration Chairman BRADY, Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure Ranking Member MICA and Subcommittee Chairwoman NORTON, Majority Leader HOYER, and the Congressional Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, Mr. BECERRA, Ms. MATSUI, and Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas, for joining me as cosponsors of this important legislation and for their continued efforts to move these authorizations of critical Smithsonian facilities forward.

This bill authorizes the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution to design and construct laboratory space to accommodate the Mathias Laboratory at the Smithsonian Environmental Research Center, SERC, in Edgewater, Maryland, and to construct laboratory space to accommodate the terrestrial research program of the Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, STRI, in Gamboa, Panama. The bill also authorizes the Board of Regents to construct a greenhouse facility at its museum support facility in Suitland, Maryland.

Section 2 of the bill authorizes the Board of Regents to design and construct laboratory and support space to accommodate the Mathias Laboratory at the Smithsonian Environmental Research Center in Edgewater, Maryland. The bill authorizes \$41 million to design and construct the facility. SERC is a global leader in the study of ecosystems in the coastal zone. The 52,000-square-foot replacement laboratory will be connected to the existing structure to provide an operationally efficient and environmentally sustainable laboratory facility for SERC's research programs. The project will eliminate the use of temporary, unsafe trailers, address substandard, inefficient laboratory facilities, and will substantially reduce the facility's energy use and maintenance costs.

Section 3 of the bill authorizes the Board of Regents to construct laboratory space to accommodate the terrestrial research program of the Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute in Gamboa, Panama. The bill authorizes \$14 million to construct the 53,283-square-foot facility. STRI is the principal United States organization devoted to research in tropical biology. Tropical biology is critical to finding untapped resources to add to the important supply of food, pharmaceuticals, and fiber of tropical regions. STRI has outgrown the space available at its current facilities and this bill provides for construction of a new lab in Gamboa, Panama, on the east bank of the Panama Canal. Gamboa is protected by geography from the encroachment of civilization and pollution. The terrestrial research program is critical to understanding the role that tropical plants and soils play in global climate change models and for enriching knowledge of tropical biodiversity.

Section 4 of the bill authorizes the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution to construct a greenhouse facility at its museum support facility in Suitland, Maryland. This bill authorizes \$12 million for the construction of a new greenhouse facility. This facility will support the Office of Facilities Engineering and Operations, OFEO, of the Horticulture Services Division, HSD. This office provides services for the Smithsonian museums and units through planting for exhibits and special events, and through development and management of the Smithsonian public gardens.

In the 110th Congress, I introduced two bills to authorize the facilities authorized by this

legislation. The Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure reported H.R. 6627, the Smithsonian Institution Facilities Authorization Act of 2008, a bill to authorize the SERC and STRI facilities on September 15, 2008. The House passed this bill by voice vote on September 17, 2008. The Committee reported H.R. 5492, a bill to authorize the greenhouse facility in Suitland, Maryland, on March 10, 2008. The House passed this bill by voice vote on March 11, 2008. Unfortunately, the Senate did not complete action on these bills in the 110th Congress.

I look forward to continuing to work with the Smithsonian as the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure moves to address the enormous repair and maintenance backlog of the Smithsonian Institution facilities and to ensure that its facilities meet the highest standards of energy efficiency and conservation.

I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting the Smithsonian Institution Facilities Authorization Act of 2009.

RECOGNIZING ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO DEFEND ITSELF AGAINST ATTACKS FROM GAZA

SPEECH OF

HON. PATRICK J. KENNEDY

OF RHODE ISLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 9, 2009

Mr. KENNEDY. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of Israel's right to defend its citizens from the terrorism and extremism of Hamas. The United States and this Congress have a responsibility to stand in solidarity with Israel as it endures a difficult moment in its history. We must understand that this conflict was created by Hamas's unwavering commitment to violence against both Israelis and Palestinians. Since 2001, Hamas has fired over 7,500 rockets and mortars at villages and towns in Southern Israel. More alarmingly, Hamas has recently acquired rockets with an increased range that have the ability to levy even more destruction on Israeli society. As their rocket technology becomes more sophisticated, Hamas could potentially strike airports, major cities and nuclear power plants. Would we as Americans accept living under an incessant barrage of violent air attacks? We would expect our leaders to take the appropriate action against these perpetrators of violence. Israel has correctly taken steps that will ensure that terrorism against its nation will be eliminated with the hope that one day its nation can live in peace. I firmly believe that a two-state solution is the only way in which peace and stability can come to Israelis and Palestinians in the Middle East.

Madam Speaker, for over 20 years, Palestinians have been subject to the terror, intimidation and militancy of Hamas. This terrorist organization openly recruits suicide bombers to launch attacks throughout the Middle East. Earlier this month, a female suicide bomber killed over 100 innocent Iraqis without causing the slightest outcry from Hamas. In Gaza, Hamas has committed a litany of human rights violations including the arrest, tortures and imprisonment of political opponents. In December 2008, Hamas terrorists refused to allow Palestinian pilgrims in Gaza to travel to Mecca, Islam's holy site. Hamas represents a great threat to international peace