CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

Meek (FL)

Hall (NY) Hall (TX)

Hare

Haves

Heller

Higgins

Hinchey

Hinojosa

Hirono

Hobson

Hodes

Holden

Holt

Honda

Hooley

Hulshof

Hunter

Inslee

Israel

Tssa.

Inglis (SC)

Jackson (IL)

Jackson-Lee

Johnson (IL)

Johnson, E. B.

Johnson, Sam

Jones (NC)

Jones (OH)

Kanjorski

Jordan

Kagen

Keller

Kildee

Kind

Kirk

Kennedy

King (IA)

Kingston

Kucinich

LaHood

Lamborn

Langevin

Latham

Latta

Levin

Linder

Lowey

Lucas

E.

Lynch

Mack

Manzullo

Markey

Matsui

McHenry

McHugh

McIntvre

Gillibrand

Gingrey

Gohmert

Gonzalez

Goodlatte

Gordon

Granger

Graves

Green, Al

Grijalya

Gutierrez

Green, Gene

Goode

Marshall

Lipinski

Lee

(TX)

Hover

Hoekstra

Hill

Hensarling

Harman

Hastings (FL)

Hastings (WA)

Herger Herseth Sandlin

Waters	Wexler	Wolf
Watson	Whitfield (KY)	Woolsey
Watt	Wilson (NM)	Wu
Waxman	Wilson (OH)	Yarmuth
Weiner	Wilson (SC)	Young (AK
Welch (VT)	Wittman (VA)	Young (FL
	314310 18	

NAYS-17

Broun (GA) Campbell (CA) Doolittle Duncan Flake Garrett (NJ)	Gohmert Hensarling Kingston Linder Marchant Paul	Poe Price (GA) Tancredo Weldon (FL) Westmoreland
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NOT VOTING-15

Lampson	Slaughter
Mahoney (FL)	Snyder
McCotter	Souder
Putnam	Speier
Rush	Weller
	Mahoney (FL) McCotter Putnam

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). Members are advised that there are less than 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1811

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. WELLER of Illinois, Madam Speaker, on rollcall Nos. 459 and 460, I was detained in traffic. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

MOTION TO INSTRUCT CONFEREES ON H.R. 4040, CONSUMER PROD-UCT SAFETY MODERNIZATION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to instruct on H.R. 4040 offered by the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. KIRK) on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate the motion.

The Clerk redesignated the motion. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to instruct.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 415, nays 0, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 461]

	YEAS-415	
Abercrombie	Berkley	Boyd (FL)
Ackerman	Berman	Boyda (KS)
Aderholt	Berry	Brady (PA)
Akin	Biggert	Brady (TX)
Alexander	Bilbray	Braley (IA)
Allen	Bilirakis	Broun (GA)
Altmire	Bishop (GA)	Brown (SC)
Andrews	Bishop (NY)	Brown, Corrine
Arcuri	Bishop (UT)	Brown-Waite,
Baca	Blackburn	Ginny
Bachmann	Blumenauer	Buchanan
Bachus	Blunt	Burgess
Baird	Boehner	Burton (IN)
Baldwin	Bonner	Butterfield
Barrett (SC)	Bono Mack	Buyer
Barrow	Boozman	Calvert
Bartlett (MD)	Boren	Camp (MI)
Barton (TX)	Boswell	Campbell (CA)
Bean	Boucher	Cantor
Becerra	Boustany	Capito

Capps Capuano Cardoza Carnahan Carnev Carson Carter Castle Castor Cazayoux Chabot Chandler Childers Clarke Clay Cleaver Clvburn Coble Cohen Cole (OK) Conaway Convers Cooper Costa Costello Courtney Cramer Crenshaw Crowley Cuellar Culberson Cummings Davis (AL) Davis (CA) Davis (IL) Davis (KY) Davis, David Davis, Lincoln Davis, Tom Deal (GA) DeFazio DeGette Delahunt DeLauro Dent Diaz-Balart, L. Diaz-Balart, M. Dicks Dingell Doggett Donnelly Doolittle Doyle Dreier Duncan Edwards (MD) Edwards (TX) Ehlers Ellison Ellsworth Emanuel Emerson Engel English (PA) Eshoo Etheridge Everett Fallin Farr Fattah Feeney Ferguson Filner Flake Forbes Fortenberry Foster Foxx Frank (MA) Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Gallegly Garrett (NJ) Gerlach Giffords

Pickering Pitts Kilpatrick Platts Poe Pomeroy King (NY) Porter Price (GA) Price (NC) Klein (FL) Kline (MN) Knollenberg Rahall Ramstad Kuhl (NY) Rangel Regula Rehberg Reichert Larsen (WA) Renzi Larson (CT) Reyes Revnolds LaTourette Lewis (CA) Lewis (GA) Lewis (KY) Roskam Ross Rothman LoBiondo Lofgren, Zoe Rovce Lungren, Daniel Ryan (OH) Rvan (WI) Salazar Sali Maloney (NY) Sarbanes Matheson Saxton Scalise McCarthy (CA) McCarthy (NY) Schiff McCaul (TX) Schmidt McCollum (MN) Schwartz McCrery McDermott McGovern Sensenbrenner Serrano Sessions Sestak McKeon McMorris Shadegg Shays Shea-Porter Rodgers McNerney McNulty Sherman Shimkus

Meeks (NY) Melancon Mica. Michaud Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller (NC) Miller, Gary Miller, George Mitchell Mollohan Moore (KS) Moore (WI) Moran (KS) Moran (VA) Murphy (CT) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Murtha. Musgrave Myrick Nadler Napolitano Neal (MA) Neugebauer Nunes Oberstar Obey Olver Ortiz Pallone Pascrell Pastor Paul Payne Pearce Pence Perlmutter Peterson (MN) Peterson (PA) Petri Pryce (OH) Radanovich Richardson Rodriguez Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Ros-Lehtinen Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Sánchez, Linda Sanchez, Loretta Schakowsky Scott (GA) Scott (VA)

Shuler Shuster Sires Skelton Slaughter Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Solis Souder Space Spratt Stark Stearns Stupak Sullivan Sutton Tancredo Tanner Tauscher Taylor

Terry Thompson (CA) Waters Watson Thompson (MS) Watt Thornberry Waxman Tiahrt Weiner Tiberi Welch (VT) Tiernev Weller Towns Westmoreland Tsongas Wexler Turner Whitfield (KY) Udall (CO) Wilson (NM) Udall (NM) Wilson (OH) Upton Wilson (SC) Van Hollen Wittman (VA) Velázquez Wolf Visclosky Walberg Walden (OR) Woolsey Wu Walz (MN) Yarmuth Young (AK) Wamp Wasserman Young (FL) Schultz NOT VOTING-19

Cannon	Lampson	Simpson
Cubin	Loebsack	Snyder
Fossella	Mahoney (FL)	Speier
Gilchrest	Marchant	Walsh (NY)
Jefferson	McCotter	Weldon (FL)
Johnson (GA)	Putnam	W 014011 (1 12)
Kaptur	Rush	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. YARMUTH) (during the vote). There are 2 minutes left in this vote.

□ 1818

So the motion to instruct was agreed to

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING THE USE OF THE ROTUNDA OF THE CAPITOL TO COMMEMORATE 60TH ANNIVER-SARY OF THE INTEGRATION OF THEUNITED STATES ARMED FORCES

Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 377) authorizing the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony commemorating the 60th Anniversary of the beginning of the integration of the United States Armed Forces, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 377

Whereas African American men and women have served with distinction, courage, and honor in the United States Armed Forces throughout the history of the nation, even when they were denied the basic constitutional freedoms promised to all citizens;

Whereas the practice of racial segregation and discrimination in the military prevented African Americans from receiving the full recognition to which they were entitled as a result of their service;

Whereas African Americans, in leading the effort to protest discriminatory treatment in the armed forces, paved the way for successful integration of women, Asians, Hispanics, and other ethnic minorities;

Whereas the dedicated and heroic service of African American men and women during World War II led to President Truman's historic executive order 60 years ago that marked the beginning of racial integration in the United States Armed Forces;

Whereas as a result of President Truman's action, the United States Armed Forces has become one of the nation's best examples of an institution committed to equality, opportunity, and advancement based on merit rather than race, religion, or ethnicity; and

Whereas the heroic contributions of each member of the United States Armed Forces should be honored and celebrated: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

SECTION 1. USE OF ROTUNDA FOR CEREMONY COMMEMORATING 60TH ANNIVERSARY OF INTEGRATION OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) USE OF ROTUNDA.—The rotunda of the Capitol is authorized to be used on July 23, 2008, for a ceremony commemorating the 60th anniversary of President Truman's Executive Order No. 9981, which states, "It is hereby declared to be the policy of the President that there shall be equality of treatment and opportunity for all persons in the armed services without regard to race, color, religion or national origin.".

(b) PREPARATIONS.—Physical preparations for the ceremony referred to in subsection (a) shall be carried out in accordance with such conditions as the Architect of the Capitol may prescribe.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from California (Mrs. DAVIS) and the gentleman from California (Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from California.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H. Con. Res. 377.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

There was no objection.

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, this concurrent resolution provides for the use of the Capitol rotunda to mark the 60th anniversary of the integration of the United States Armed Forces. I support the resolution.

Mr. Speaker, 60 years ago, President Harry Truman issued Executive Order 9981, which established the President's Committee on Equality of Treatment and Opportunity in the Armed Forces. Determined to end segregation in the Armed Forces, President Truman issued this historic directive to end discrimination experienced by African American soldiers.

Executive Order 9981 was successful in ending racial segregation in the military and its effect is long-standing. As a result of the directive, segregation based on creed, gender, and national origin was also abolished. It is important we recognize such an historic victory for civil rights and for our Armed Forces.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. DANIEL E. LUNGREN of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, while we wait to find out what we are going to do tomorrow and whether there will be a real energy bill presented to this floor, or some more energy fluff, I do rise today in support of H. Con. Res. 377 which would authorize use of the rotunda of the Capitol to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the beginning of the integration of the United States Armed Forces.

On July 26, 1948, President Harry Truman signed Executive Order 9981, which provided for the equal treatment of blacks serving in the military. We should remember that previous attempts had been made to integrate the Armed Forces. In fact, during our Revolutionary War, approximately 5,000 African Americans served in integrated units. They served in many different capacities, including as artillerymen infantrymen, laborers, and even entertainers. Each served our Nation proudly, protecting the freedoms that they themselves had not yet come to know.

With a new century, though, came political realities that would once again segregated the military. Nearly 50 years passed until once again blacks and whites were able to stand shoulder to shoulder, as a unit defined not by color, but by a commitment to freedom and love of country. President Truman's executive order to integrate the military also laid the groundwork for other minorities to gain those same rights, paving the way for the diverse group of men and women of all backgrounds who today serve in our military.

I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting H. Con. Res. 377, so we may mark the historic occasion of the integration of our Nation's Armed Forces with a ceremony here in our Nation's capital at the Capitol rotunda in a manner that would truly honor the sacrifice that men and women of all backgrounds have made to our Nation throughout history.

As I understand the gentlelady has no further speakers, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I have no further speakers, and I just urge that Members support H. Con. Res. 377 which provides for use of the Capitol rotunda marking the 60th anniversary of the integration of the United States Armed Forces.

Mr. SKELTON. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H. Con. Res. 377 to authorize the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony commemorating the 60th anniversary of the beginning of the integration of the United States Armed Forces. The historic document that began the process of integration was Executive Order 9981 issued by President Harry S. Truman, my fellow Missourian.

History has well documented that President Truman was a man of great principle and courage. He was by all accounts a man that did not shrink from responsibility even when the decisions were very difficult. The employment of atomic weapons at the end of World War II, the Berlin airlift at the beginning of the cold war, and the Korean war are but few examples of his leadership during crisis.

However, I believe it is his decision to declare that each person in the military is deserving of equal treatment and opportunity, regardless of race, color, religion, and national origin that most reflects his personal commitment to his core beliefs.

His July 26, 1948 Executive order was no weak-kneed statement designed to fit the political expediency of the era. Executive Order 9981 was a bold statement that reflected his heartfelt commitment to the civil rights of all Americans and the American style of freedom that became a beacon of hope for so many people throughout the world during World War II. This powerful statement of equality in treatment and opportunity reflects the highest standards of democracy and lived up to the American spirit that we all cherish.

President Truman saw much in the professional and heroic performance of African Americans during World War II that demanded he issue his Executive order. The exploits of African Americans that carried out the Red Ball Express, flew with the 99th fighter squadron, and served as Tuskegee Airmen are legendary. There were also stories of the many individual heroes during World War II like the seven African Americans who were finally awarded the Medal of Honor for their longoverlooked World War II heroism in 1997. Like all the other wars that preceded World War II, African Americans had played an important role during war and Harry Truman was determined to set the record straight.

The 60th anniversary of President Truman's Executive order to begin the integration of the Armed Forces is a pivotal event in United States history that is deserving of a ceremony in the rotunda of the Capitol. I thank Chairman BRADY and the staff of the House Administration Committee for helping to move this resolution so expeditiously and I strongly encourage my colleagues to support H. Con. Res.

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from California (Mrs. DAVIS) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution, H. Con. Res. 377, as amended.

The question was taken; and (twothirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution, as amended, was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

CIVIL RIGHTS FOR THE DISABLED

(Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise to enthusiastically support the legislation that we just debated on the floor of the House. Having been detained in my Committee on Transportation Security and Critical Infrastructure during the debate, I wanted to come and support H.R. 3195, the ADA Restoration Act of 2007. This is truly a civil rights initiative, and it is important to restore the basic support and rights of those who are disabled in America.

Unfortunately, through the Supreme Court's narrow decision and definition