

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) recognizes and commends the significant contributions of the youth of the United States and encourages the cultivation of a common civic bond between young people dedicated to serving their neighbors, their communities, and the Nation;

(2) designates April 20, 2007, as “National and Global Youth Service Day”; and

(3) calls on the people of the United States to—

(A) observe the day by encouraging youth to participate in civic and community service projects and by joining them in such projects;

(B) recognize the volunteer efforts of the young people of the United States throughout the year; and

(C) support the volunteer efforts of young people and engage them in meaningful learning and decisionmaking opportunities today as an investment in the future of the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 159—COMMENDING THE ASSOCIATION FOR ADVANCED LIFE UNDERWRITING ON ITS 50TH ANNIVERSARY

Mr. LOTT (for himself and Mr. CONRAD) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 159

Whereas, for 50 years, Association for Advanced Life Underwriting members have been increasingly strong advocates for advanced life insurance planning and its benefits to millions of Americans;

Whereas, the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting has helped educate Congress and the country about the trillions of dollars of protection, savings, and capital and millions of jobs provided by life insurance products;

Whereas, Association for Advanced Life Underwriting members have helped Americans with long-term estate, business, pension, and deferred compensation planning;

Whereas, Association for Advanced Life Underwriting members have been very active participants in our democracy, particularly at the Federal or congressional level, providing their real life, market-based expertise on issues involving life insurance;

Whereas, the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting has provided technical assistance on a variety of life insurance-related matters to the Department of the Treasury, the Internal Revenue Service, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Department of Labor, and the Financial Accounting Standards Board;

Whereas, the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting has advocated in both the Federal and State legislatures for reforms needed to assure that life insurance is used appropriately for the benefit of clients and the general public;

Whereas, the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting has worked to unify the life insurance industry to better advocate in the interests of the American public; and

Whereas, the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting has worked to reflect the high level of commitment, principles, and expertise of its members and leaders: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That—

(1) the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting is congratulated on its 50th anniversary; and

(2) the Association for Advanced Life Underwriting is wished continued success during its next 50 years.

SENATE RESOLUTION 160—RECOGNIZING THE IMPORTANCE OF HOT SPRINGS NATIONAL PARK ON THE 175TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ENACTMENT OF THE ACT THAT AUTHORIZED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF HOT SPRINGS RESERVATION

Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself and Mr. PRYOR) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 160

Whereas, in 1803, the 47 hot springs that eventually received protection under the first section of the Act of April 20, 1832 (4 Stat. 505, chapter 70) formally became the property of the United States as part of the Louisiana Purchase;

Whereas, with the establishment of the Hot Springs Reservation, the concept in the United States of setting aside a nationally significant place for the future enjoyment of the citizens of the United States was first carried out 175 years ago in Hot Springs, Arkansas;

Whereas the Hot Springs Reservation protected 47 hot springs in the area of Hot Springs, Arkansas;

Whereas, in the first section of the Act of April 20, 1832 (4 Stat. 505, chapter 70), Congress required that “the hot springs in said territory, together with four sections of land, including said springs, as near the centre thereof as may be, shall be reserved for the future disposal of the United States, and shall not be entered, located, or appropriated, for any other purpose whatever”;

Whereas the Hot Springs Reservation was the first protected area in the United States;

Whereas the Act that authorized the establishment of the Hot Springs Reservation was enacted before the establishment of the Department of the Interior in 1849, and before the establishment of Yellowstone National Park as the first national park of the United States in 1872;

Whereas, in 1921, the Hot Springs Reservation was renamed “Hot Springs National Park” and became the 18th national park of the United States; and

Whereas the tradition of preservation and conservation that inspired the development of the National Park System, which now includes 390 units, began with the Act that authorized the establishment of the Hot Springs Reservation: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That on 175th anniversary of the Act of Congress that authorized the establishment of the Hot Springs Reservation, the Senate recognizes the important contributions of the Hot Springs Reservation and the Hot Springs National Park to the history of conservation in the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 161—HONORING THE LIFE OF OLIVER WHITE HILL, A PIONEER IN THE FIELD OF AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS LAW, ON THE OCCASION OF HIS 100TH BIRTHDAY

Mr. WEBB (for himself and Mr. WARNER) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 161

Whereas Oliver White Hill was born on May 1, 1907, in Richmond, Virginia, moved with his family to Roanoke, Virginia, and graduated from Dunbar High School in Washington, DC;

Whereas Mr. Hill earned his undergraduate degree from Howard University and received

a law degree from Howard University School of Law in 1933, graduating second in his class behind valedictorian and future Supreme Court Justice Thurgood Marshall;

Whereas, in 1934, Mr. Hill became a member of the Virginia Bar and began his law practice in Roanoke, Virginia, and continued in Richmond, Virginia, in 1939, leading the Virginia legal team of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) from 1940 to 1961 and serving as one of the principal attorneys on the historic *Brown v. Board of Education* case in 1954;

Whereas Mr. Hill interrupted his law practice to serve in the United States Armed Forces from 1943 to 1945, and was later appointed by President Harry S. Truman to a committee to study racism in the United States;

Whereas, in 1948, Mr. Hill became the first African-American elected to the Richmond, Virginia, City Council since Reconstruction, and later served in appointed capacities with the Federal Housing Administration and the then-newly-created Department of Housing and Urban Development;

Whereas Mr. Hill served as legal counsel in many of the Nation’s most important civil rights cases concerning equal opportunity in education, employment, housing, transportation, and the justice system;

Whereas Mr. Hill has remained actively engaged with civic enterprises at the community, State, national, and international levels, and earned numerous accolades and awards, including the Presidential Medal of Freedom from President William Jefferson Clinton in 1999; the NAACP Spingarn Medal in 2005; and the dedication of a building on the grounds of the Virginia State Capitol in his honor by the Commonwealth of Virginia in 2005; and

Whereas Mr. Hill served as a mentor to generations of attorneys, activists, and public servants: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate honors the life and legacy of Oliver White Hill, a pioneer in the field of American civil rights law, on the occasion of his 100th birthday.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 28—CONGRATULATING THE CITY OF CHICAGO FOR BEING CHOSEN TO REPRESENT THE UNITED STATES IN THE INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION TO HOST THE 2016 OLYMPIC AND PARALYMPIC GAMES, AND ENCOURAGING THE INTERNATIONAL OLYMPIC COMMITTEE TO SELECT CHICAGO AS THE SITE OF THE 2016 OLYMPIC AND PARALYMPIC GAMES

Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. OBAMA, and Mr. STEVENS) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 28

Whereas the City of Chicago has been selected by the United States Olympic Committee to represent the United States in its bid to host the 2016 Summer Olympic and Paralympic Games;

Whereas, by 2016, 20 years will have passed since the Summer Olympics were held in a city in the United States;

Whereas Chicago is a world-class city with remarkable diversity, culture, history, and people;

Whereas the citizens of Chicago take great pride in all aspects of their city and have a deep love for sports;

Whereas Chicago already holds a place in the international community as a city of immigrants from around the world, who are eager to be ambassadors to visiting Olympic athletes;

Whereas the Olympic and Paralympic Games will be played in the heart of Chicago so that athletes and visitors can appreciate the beauty of the downtown parks and lake-front;

Whereas Chicago is one of the transportation hubs of the world and can provide accessible transportation to international visitors through extensive rail, transit, and motorways infrastructure, combined with the world-class O'Hare and Midway International Airports;

Whereas the motto of the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games in Chicago would be "Stir the Soul," and the games would inspire citizens around the world, both young and old;

Whereas a Midwestern city has not hosted the Olympic Games since the 1904 games in St. Louis, Missouri, and the opportunity to host the Olympics would be an achievement not only for Chicago and for the State of Illinois, but also for the entire Midwest;

Whereas hosting the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games would provide substantial local, regional, and national economic benefits;

Whereas Mayor Richard M. Daley, Patrick Ryan, and members of the Chicago 2016 Committee have campaigned tirelessly to secure Chicago's bid to host the Olympic and Paralympic Games;

Whereas, through the campaign to be selected by the United States Olympic Committee, Chicago's citizens, officials, workers, community groups, and businesses have demonstrated their ability to come together to exemplify the true spirit of the Olympic Games and the City of Chicago; and

Whereas the Olympic and Paralympic Games represent the best of the human spirit and there is no better fit for hosting this event than one of the world's truly great cities: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That Congress—

(1) congratulates the City of Chicago on securing the bid to represent the United States in the international competition to host the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games; and

(2) encourages the International Olympic Committee to select Chicago as the site of the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic Games.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 888. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 889. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 890. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 891. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra.

SA 892. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 893. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 894. Mr. KYL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 895. Mr. BIDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 896. Mr. LEAHY (for himself and Mr. SPECTER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 378, supra.

SA 897. Mr. ENSIGN (for himself and Mr. CRAIG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 888. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 507. OFFSET REQUIREMENT.

Any funds appropriated for the activities authorized by this Act shall be offset by an equal amount of funds appropriated to the Department of Justice that are unobligated which shall be returned to the Treasury for retirement of the national debt.

SA 889. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 5. PROHIBITION ON FUNDING TO THE DRUG POLICY ALLIANCE OF NEW MEXICO.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Justice may not provide any funds to the Drug Policy Alliance of New Mexico.

SA 890. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 5. PROHIBITION ON FUNDING TO ORGANIZATIONS THAT DO NOT OPPOSE THE LEGALIZATION OR DECRIMINALIZATION OF ILLEGAL DRUGS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Justice may not provide any funds to any organization that does not explicitly oppose the legalization or decriminalization of illegal drugs.

SA 891. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 5. SENSE OF THE SENATE.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—

(1) the national debt of the United States of America now exceeds \$8,500,000,000; (2) each United States citizen's share of this debt is approximately \$29,183;

(3) every cent that the United States Government borrows and adds to this debt is money stolen from future generations of Americans and from important programs, including Social Security and Medicare on which our senior citizens depend for their retirement security;

(4) the power of the purse belongs to Congress;

(5) Congress authorizes and appropriates all Federal discretionary spending;

(6) for too long, Congress has simply borrowed more and more money to pay for new spending, while Americans want Congress to live within its means, using the same set of common sense rules and restraints Americans face everyday; because in the real world, families cannot follow Congress's example and must make difficult decisions and set priorities on how to spend their limited financial resources; and

(7) it is irresponsible for Congress to authorize new spending for programs that will result in borrowing from Social Security, Medicare, foreign nations, or future generations of Americans.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that Congress has a moral obligation to offset the cost of new government programs, initiatives, and authorizations.

SA 892. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 5. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CONFERENCE EXPENSES.

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "conference" means a meeting that—

(1) is held for consultation, education, or discussion;

(2) includes participants who are not all employees of the same agency;

(3) is not held entirely at an agency facility;

(4) involves costs associated with travel and lodging for some participants; and

(5) is sponsored by 1 or more agencies, 1 or more organizations that are not agencies, or a combination of such agencies or organizations.

(b) LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Justice may not expend more than \$35,000,000 for conferences in any fiscal year.

SA 893. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 378, to amend title 18, United States Code, to protect judges, prosecutors, witnesses, victims, and their family members, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 507. COMPETITIVE BIDDING FOR COPS.

(a) GRANT COMPETITIVENESS.—Each grant made under part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (COPS program) shall be—

(1) awarded on a competitive basis;

(2) given priority based on—