the Taxpayer Advocate, reporting to the IRS can improve compliance of capital gains reporting from an estimated 50 percent today to 90 percent.

Fortunately, this new reporting requirement will not pose an undue burden to the financial firms affected. First, the firms will have plenty of time to put the necessary systems in place since the reporting requirement will not take effect until 2009, and then will only apply to securities acquired starting in 2009. Second, technology has made tracking by financial firms simple and efficient. More than 80 percent of all retail accounts already subscribe to a national reporting service for transferring basis information at a nominal cost per account. Finally, in cases where it is impossible to track basis, the Treasury Secretary and the IRS may develop regulations to require alternative information.

It is estimated that \$345 billion of Federal taxes goes uncollected each year. This bill doesn't solve that full problem, but it is a step in the right direction. It reduces the Federal deficit without raising taxes or cutting spending. It simplifies the tax filling process and reduces the chance of error or fraud. It applies what we know about the clear benefits of automatic reporting to the IRS—which is required now for wage income—to capital gains income as well.

This bill makes sense. It's good policy. And I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting it and in helping to improve our tax code.

### SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 81—RECOGNIZING THE 45TH ANNIVERSARY OF JOHN HERSHEL GLENN, JR.'S HISTORIC ACHIEVEMENT IN BECOMING THE FIRST UNITED STATES ASTRONAUT TO ORBIT THE EARTH

Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. Voinovich) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 81

Whereas John Herschel Glenn, Jr. was born on July 18, 1921, in Cambridge, Ohio, and grew up in New Concord, a small college town a few miles from the larger city of Zanesville, Ohio;

Whereas John Glenn attended New Concord High School and earned a Bachelor of Science degree in engineering from Muskingum College, which also awarded him an honorary Doctor of Science degree in engineering;

Whereas John Glenn enlisted in the Naval Aviation Cadet Program shortly after the attack on Pearl Harbor and was commissioned in the United States Marine Corps in 1943;

Whereas John Glenn served in combat in the South Pacific and also requested combat duty during the Korean conflict;

Whereas John Glenn was a dedicated military officer, flying 149 missions during 2

Whereas John Glenn received many honors for his military service, among them the Distinguished Flying Cross on 6 occasions, the Air Medal with 18 Clusters, the Asiatic-Pacific Campaign Medal, the American Campaign Medal, the World War II Victory Medal, the China Service Medal, the National Defense Service Medal, and the Korean Service Medal;

Whereas John Glenn served several years as a test pilot on Navy and Marine Corps jet fighters and attack aircraft;

Whereas, as a test pilot, John Glenn set a transcontinental speed record in 1957 by completing the first flight to average supersonic speeds from Los Angeles to New York:

Whereas John Glenn was a pioneer in the realm of space exploration and was selected in 1959 as one of the original 7 astronauts in the United States space program, entering the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's (NASA) Project Mercury:

Whereas John Glenn was assigned to the NASA Space Task Group at Langley Research Center in Hampton, Virginia;

Whereas, in 1962, the Space Task Group was moved to Houston, Texas, and became part of the NASA Manned Spacecraft Center;

Whereas, on February 20, 1962, John Glenn piloted the Mercury-Atlas 6 "Friendship 7" spacecraft on the first manned orbital mission of the United States;

Whereas, after launching from the Kennedy Space Center in Florida, John Glenn completed a 3-orbit mission around the planet, reaching an approximate maximum altitude of 162 statute miles and an approximate orbital velocity of 17,500 miles per hour:

Whereas John Glenn landed Friendship 7 approximately 5 hours later, 800 miles southeast of the Kennedy Space Center near Grand Turk Island:

Whereas, with that pioneering flight, John Glenn joined his colleagues Alan Shepard and Virgil Grissom in realizing the dream of space exploration and engaging the minds and imaginations of his and future generations in the vast potential of space exploration:

Whereas, after retiring from the space program, John Glenn continued his public service as a distinguished member of the Senate, in which he served for 24 years;

Whereas John Glenn has continued his public service through his work at the John Glenn Institute at Ohio State University, which was established to foster public involvement in the policy-making process, raise public awareness about key policy issues, and encourage continuous improvement in the management of public enterprise;

Whereas, in March 1999, Secretary of Education Richard W. Riley appointed John Glenn as Chair of the newly formed National Commission on Mathematics and Science Teaching for the 21st Century:

Whereas the Commission played a pivotal role in improving the quality of teaching in mathematics and science in the United States:

Whereas, in 1998, John Glenn returned to space after 36 years as a member of the crew of the space shuttle Discovery, serving as a payload specialist and as a subject for basic research on how weightlessness affects the body of an older person; and

Whereas, combined with his previous missions, John Glenn logged over 218 hours in space: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—
(1) honors the 45th anniversary of John Hershel Glenn, Jr.'s landmark mission piloting the first manned orbital mission of the

ing the first manned orbital mission of the United States; and (2) recognizes the profound importance of John Glenn's achievement as a catalyst to space exploration and scientific advance-

ment in the United States.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, February 14, 2007, at 3 p.m., in closed session to receive a briefing on Iranian activities in Irag.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, February 14, 2007, at 10 a.m. to conduct a hearing on "The Semiannual Monetary Policy Report to the Congress."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to hold a hearing during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, February 14, 2007, at 10 a.m., in room 253 of the Russell Senate Office Building. The purpose of the hearing is to evaluate overseas sweatshop abuses, their impact on U.S. workers, and the need for anti-sweatshop legislation.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

 $\begin{array}{c} {\tt COMMITTEE} \ {\tt ON} \ {\tt COMMERCE}, \ {\tt SCIENCE}, \ {\tt AND} \\ {\tt TRANSPORTATION} \end{array}$ 

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to hold a hearing during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, February 14, 2007, at 2:30 p.m., in room 253 of the Russell Senate Office Building, for an oversight hearing on the coast guard deepwater acquisition program.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions be authorized to meet in executive session during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, February, 14, 2007 at 9:30 a.m. in SD-430.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet to conduct a hearing on "Judicial Security and Independence" for Wednesday, February 14, 2007 at 10 a.m. in Hart Senate Office Building Room 216

Witness List

The Honorable Anthony M. Kennedy, Associate Justice, United States Supreme Court, Washington, DC.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Rules and Administration be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, February 14, 2007, at 11:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing on Senate Committee Budget requests.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on February 14, 2007 at 2:30 p.m. to hold a closed hearing.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### CONGRATULATING ILLINOIS STATE UNIVERSITY'S SESQUI-CENTENNIAL

Mr. OBAMA. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Judiciary Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. Res. 53, and that the Senate then proceed to its consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A resolution (S. Res. 53) congratulating Illinois State University as it marks its sesulicentennial.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. OBAMA. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table; that any statements relating thereto be printed in the RECORD, without further intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 53) was agreed

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

#### S. RES. 53

Whereas Illinois State University marks its sesquicentennial with a year-long celebration, beginning with Founders Day on February 15, 2007;

Whereas Illinois State University is the oldest public university in the State of Illinois:

Whereas Illinois State University has 34 academic departments and offers more than 160 programs of study in the College of Applied Science and Technology, the College of Arts and Sciences, the College of Business, the College of Education, the College of Fine Arts, and the Mennonite College of Nursing;

Whereas Illinois State University is 1 of the 10 largest producers of teachers in the Nation, and nearly 1 in 7 Illinois teachers holds a degree from Illinois State University;

Whereas Milner Library at Illinois State University contains more than 3 million holdings and special collections;

Whereas Illinois State University is ranked nationally as one of the 100 "best values" in public higher education; and

Whereas Illinois State University participates in the American Democracy Project, an initiative that prepares students to engage in a competitive global society: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate congratulates Illinois State University as it marks its sesquicentennial.

### AMENDING SENATE RESOLUTION 400 OF THE 94TH CONGRESS

Mr. OBAMA. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 16, S. Res. 50.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 50) amending Senate Resolution 400 (94th Congress) to make amendments arising from the enactment of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 and to make other amendments.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. OBAMA. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating thereto be printed in the RECORD, without intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 50) was agreed to, as follows:

### S. RES. 50

Resolved,

## SECTION 1. AMENDMENTS TO SENATE RESOLUTION 400 (94TH CONGRESS) ARISING FROM ENACTMENT OF INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.

Senate Resolution 400, agreed to May 19, 1976 (94th Congress), is amended—

- (1) in section 3—
- (A) in subsection (a)—
- (i) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respectively;
- (ii) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraphs:
- "(1) The Office of the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of National Intelligence.
- "(2) The Central Intelligence Agency and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency."; and
- (iii) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated—
  (I) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (G) as subparagraphs (C) through
- (H), respectively;(II) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following new subparagraphs:
- "(A) The Office of the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of National Intelligence.
- "(B) The Central Intelligence Agency and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency."; and

(III) in subparagraph (H), as so redesignated—  $\,$ 

(aa) by striking "clause (A), (B), or (C)" and inserting "clause (A), (B), (C), or (D)";

(bb) by striking "clause (D), (E), or (F)" both places it appears and inserting "clause (E), (F), or (G)"; and

(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "clause (1) or (4)(A)" and inserting "clause (1), (2), (5)(A), or (5)(B)";

(2) in section 4(b), by inserting "the Director of National Intelligence," before "the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency";

- (3) in section 6, by striking "the Director of Central Intelligence" both places it appears and inserting "the Director of National Intelligence"; and
  - (4) in section 12—
- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (6) as paragraphs (3) through (7), respectively; and
- (B) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraphs:
- "(1) The activities of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of National Intelligence.
- "(2) The activities of the Central Intelligence Agency and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.".

# SEC. 2. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO SENATE RESOLUTION 400 (94TH CONGRESS) RELATING TO REDESIGNATION OF SELECT COMMITTEE ON STANDARDS AND CONDUCT AS SELECT COMMITTEE ON ETHICS.

Senate Resolution 400, agreed to May 19, 1976 (94th Congress), is amended—

- (1) in section 6, by striking "the Select Committee on Standards and Conduct" and inserting "the Select Committee on Ethics"; and
  - (2) in section 8-
- (A) in subsection (d), by striking "the Select Committee on Standards and Conduct" and inserting "the Select Committee on Ethics": and
- (B) in subsection (e), by striking "the Select Committee on Standards and Conduct" both places it appears and inserting "the Select Committee on Ethics".

# SEC. 3. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO SENATE RESOLUTION 400 (94TH CONGRESS) RELATING TO REMOVING REFERENCE TO THE INTELLIGENCE DIVISION OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

Senate Resolution 400, agreed to May 19, 1976 (94th Congress), is amended by striking ", including all activities of the Intelligence Division" in—

- (1) paragraph (5)(F) of section 3(a), as redesignated by section 1(1)(A)(i); and
- (2) paragraph (7) of section 12, as redesignated by section 1(4)(A).

## SEC. 4. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO SENATE RESOLUTION 400 (94TH CONGRESS) RELATING TO REFERENCES TO SENATE RULES.

Senate Resolution 400, agreed to May 19, 1976 (94th Congress), is amended—

- (1) in section 2(b), by striking "paragraph 6(f)" and inserting "paragraph 4(e)(1)"; and
  - (2) in section 8(b)(5)—
- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "section 133(f) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946" and inserting "paragraph 5 of rule XVII of the Standing Rules of the Senate"; and
- (B) in the flush text after subparagraph (C), by striking "section 133(f) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946" and inserting "paragraph 5 of rule XVII of the Standing Rules of the Senate".

### SEC. 5. OTHER TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO SENATE RESOLUTION 400 (94TH CONGRESS).

Section 3(b)(3) of Senate Resolution 400, agreed to May 19, 1976 (94th Congress), is amended by striking "the session" and inserting "in session".