SA 3011. Mrs. McCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3012. Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. DODD, Mr. COBURN, Mr. HAGEL, and Mr. FEINGOLD) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3013. Mr. VOINOVICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3014. Mr. SESSIONS (for himself, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, and Mr. SPECTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3015. Mr. SESSIONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3016. Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. BENNETT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, supra: which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3017. Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. LIEBER-MAN, and Mr. COLEMAN) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, supra.

SA 3018. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3019. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3020. Mr. COLEMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3021. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2945. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title VIII, add the following:

SEC. 827. PROHIBITION ON USE OF EARMARKS TO AWARD NO BID CONTRACTS AND NONCOMPETITIVE GRANTS.

- (a) Prohibition.—
- (1) CONTRACTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided pursuant to paragraph (4) and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, all contracts awarded by the Department of Defense through congressional initiatives shall be awarded using competitive procedures in accordance with the requirements of section 2304 of title 10, United States Code, and the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

- (B) BID REQUIREMENT.—Except as provided in paragraph (3) and pursuant to paragraph (4), no contract may be awarded by the Department of Defense through a congressional initiative unless more than one bid is received for such contract. If the primary recipient of funding for a congressional initiative is the Department of Defense, the Department must administer a competitive bidding process for the work to be completed. If the primary recipient of funding from a Department of Defense contract awarded through a congressional initiative is a private entity, the Department must allow multiple private entities to compete for the work to be completed.
- (2) GRANTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no funds may be awarded by the Department of Defense by grant or cooperative agreement through a congressional initiative unless the process used to award such grant or cooperative agreement uses competitive procedures to select the grantee or award recipient. Except as provided in paragraph (3), no such grant may be awarded unless applications for such grant or cooperative agreement are received from two or more applicants that are not from the same organization and do not share any financial, fiduciary, or other organizational relationship.
 - (3) WAIVER AUTHORITY —
- (A) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary of Defense does not receive more than one bid for a contract under paragraph (1)(B) or does not receive more than one application from unaffiliated applicants for a grant or cooperative agreement under paragraph (2), the Secretary may waive such bid or application requirement if the Secretary determines that the contract, grant, or cooperative agreement is essential to the mission of the Department of Defense.
- (B) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—If the Secretary of Defense waives a bid requirement under subparagraph (A), the Secretary must, not later than 10 days after exercising such waiver, notify Congress, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives of the waiver.
- (4) EXCEPTION TO REQUIREMENT FOR COMPETITION IN GRANTS AND CONTRACTS TO COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES.—Section 2361(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "unless that provision of law" and all that follows and inserting "unless—

"(A) such provision of law-

"(i) specifically refers to this section;

"(ii) specifically states that such provision of law modifies or supersedes the provisions of this section: and

"(iii) specifically identifies the particular college or university involved and states that the grant to be made or the contract to be awarded, as the case may be, pursuant to such provision of law is being made or awarded in contravention of subsection (a); and

- $\mbox{``(B)}$ the research and development concerned—
- "(i) fulfills an urgent requirement for deployed United States forces; and
- "(ii) involves unique and exceptional technology or concepts (which the Secretary shall describe in the notice under paragraph (2)) that makes competition for the award of a grant or contract inadvisable.".
- (5) CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may, as appropriate, utilize existing contracts to carry out congressional initiatives.
 - (b) Annual Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31, 2008, and December 31 of each year thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on congressional initia-

tives for which amounts were appropriated or otherwise made available for the fiscal year ending during such year.

- (2) CONTENT.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include with respect to each contract and grant awarded through a congressional initiative—
- (A) the name of the recipient of the funds awarded through such contract or grant;
- (B) the reason or reasons such recipient was selected for such contract or grant; and (C) the number of entities that competed for such contract or grant.
- (3) PUBLICATION.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall be made publicly available through the Internet website of the Department of Defense.
- (c) CONGRESSIONAL INITIATIVE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional initiative" means a provision of law or a directive contained within a committee report or joint statement of managers of an appropriations Act that specifies—
- (1) the identity of a person or entity selected to carry out a project, including a defense system, for which funds are appropriated or otherwise made available by that provision of law or directive and that was not requested by the President in a budget submitted to Congress;
- (2) the specific location at which the work for a project is to be done; and
- (3) the amount of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available for such project.
- (d) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply with respect to funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2007, and to congressional initiatives initiated after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 2946. Mr. BAUCUS (for himself and Mr. HATCH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title XIV, add the following:

SEC. 1422. SCHOLARSHIPS FOR POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION FOR SPOUSES AND DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2008 such sums as may be appropriate for a grant to a private charitable organization or other appropriate private organization for the provision of scholarships for post-secondary education to spouses and other dependents of members of the Armed Forces, including members of the National Guard and the Reserves, for purposes of enhancing recruitment and retention of members of the Armed Forces.

SA 2947. Mrs. BOXER (for herself, Mr. LEVIN, and Mr. DURBIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. —SENSE OF SENATE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:
- (1) The men and women of the United States Armed Forces and our veterans deserve to be supported, honored, and defended when their patriotism is attacked;
- (2) In 2002, a Senator from Georgia who is a Vietnam veteran, triple amputee, and the recipient of a Silver Star and Bronze Star, had his courage and patriotism attacked in an advertisement in which he was visually linked to Osama bin Laden and Saddam Hussein:
- (3) This attack was aptly described by a Senator and Vietnam veteran as "reprehensible":
- (4) In 2004, a Senator from Massachusetts who is a Vietnam veteran and the recipient of a Silver Star, Bronze Star with Combat V, and three Purple Hearts, was personally attacked and accused of dishonoring his country.
- (5) This attack was aptly described by a Senator and Vietnam veteran as "dishonest and dishonorable."
- (6) On September 10, 2007, an advertisement in the New York Times was an unwarranted personal attack on General Petraeus; who is honorably leading our Armed Forces in Iraq and carrying out the mission assigned to him by the President of the United States; and
- (7) Such personal attacks on those with distinguished military service to our nation have become all too frequent.
- (b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate—
- (1) to reaffirm its strong support for all of the men and women of the United States Armed Forces; and
- (2) to strongly condemn all attacks on the honor, integrity, and patriotism of any individual who is serving or has served honorably in the United States Armed Forces, by any person or organization.
- SA 2948. Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. COLEMAN, and Mr. GRAHAM) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. SENSE OF SENATE ON IRAN.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:
- (1) General David Petraeus, commander of the Multi-National Force Iraq, stated in testimony before a joint session of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on September 10, 2007, that "[i]t is increasingly apparent to both coalition and Iraqi leaders that Iran, through the use of the Iranian Republican Guard Corps Qods Force, seeks to turn the Shi'a militia extremists into a Hezbollah-like force to serve its interests and fight a proxy war against the Iraqi state and coalition forces in Iraqi".
- (2) Ambassador Ryan Crocker, United States Ambassador to Iraq, stated in testimony before a joint session of the Com-

- mittee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on September 10, 2007, that "Iran plays a harmful role in Iraq. While claiming to support Iraq in its transition. Iran has actively undermined it by providing lethal capabilities to the enemies of the Iraqi state".
- (3) The most recent National Intelligence Estimate on Iraq, published in August 2007, states that "Iran has been intensifying aspects of its lethal support for select groups of Iraqi Shia militants, particularly the JAM [Jaysh al-Mahdi], since at least the beginning of 2006. Explosively formed penetrator (EFP) attacks have risen dramatically".
- (4) The Report of the Independent Commission on the Security Forces of Iraq, released on September 6, 2007, states that "[t]he Commission concludes that the evidence of Iran's increasing activism in the southeastern part of the country, including Basra and Diyala provinces, is compelling . . . It is an accepted fact that most of the sophisticated weapons being used to 'defeat' our armor protection comes across the border from Iran with relative impunity".
- (5) General (Ret.) James Jones, chairman of the Independent Commission on the Security Forces of Iraq, stated in testimony before the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate on September 6, 2007, that "[w]e judge that the goings-on across the Iranian border in particular are of extreme severity and have the potential of at least delaying our efforts inside the country. Many of the arms and weapons that kill and maim our soldiers are coming from across the Iranian border".
- (6) General Petraeus said of Iranian support for extremist activity in Iraq on April 26, 2007, that "[w]e know that it goes as high as [Brig. Gen. Qassem] Suleimani, who is the head of the Qods Force . . . We believe that he works directly for the supreme leader of the country".
- (7) Mahmoud Ahmedinejad, the president of Iran, stated on August 28, 2007, with respect to the United States presence in Iraq, that "[t]he political power of the occupiers is collapsing rapidly. Soon we will see a huge power vacuum in the region. Of course we are prepared to fill the gap".
- (8) Ambassador Crocker testified to Congress, with respect to President Ahmedinejad's statement, on September 11, 2007, that "[t]he Iranian involvement in Iraq—its support for extremist militias, training, connections to Lebanese Hezbollah, provision of munitions that are used against our force as well as the Iraqis—are all, in my view, a pretty clear demonstration that Ahmedinejad means what he says, and is already trying to implement it to the best of his ability".
- (9) General Petraeus stated on September 12. 2007, with respect to evidence of the complicity of Iran in the murder of members of the Armed Forces of the United States in Iraq, that "[t]e evidence is very, very clear. We captured it when we captured Qais Khazali, the Lebanese Hezbollah deputy commander, and others, and it's in black and white . . . We interrogated these individuals. We have on tape . . . Qais Khazali himself. When asked, could you have done what you have done without Iranian support, he literally throws up his hands and laughs and says, of course not . . . So they told us about the amounts of money that they have received. They told us about the training that they received. They told us about the ammunition and sophisticated weaponry and all of that that they received".
- (10) General Petraeus further stated on September 14, 2007, that "[w]hat we have got is evidence. This is not intelligence. This is evidence, off computers that we captured,

- documents and so forth . . . In one case, a 22-page document that lays out the planning, reconnaissance, rehearsal, conduct, and aftermath of the operation conducted that resulted in the death of five of our soldiers in Karbala back in January".
- (11) The Department of Defense report to Congress entitled "Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq" and released on September 18, 2007, consistent with section 9010 of Public Law 109–289, states that "[t]here has been no decrease in Iranian training and funding of illegal Shi'a militias in Iraq that attack Iraqi and Coalition forces and civilians . . . Tehran's support for these groups is one of the greatest impediments to progress on reconciliation".
- (12) The Department of Defense report further states, with respect to Iranian support for Shi'a extremist groups in Iraq, that "[m]ost of the explosives and ammunition used by these groups are provided by the Iranian Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps—Qods Force . . . For the period of June through the end of August, [explosively formed penetrator] events are projected to rise by 39 percent over the period of March through May".
- (13) Since May 2007, Ambassador Crocker has held three rounds of talks in Baghdad on Iraq security with representatives of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran.
- (14) Ambassador Crocker testified before Congress on September 10, 2007, with respect to these talks, stating that "I laid out the concerns we had over Iranian activity that was damaging to Iraq's security, but found no readiness on Iranians' side at all to engage seriously on these issues. The impression I came with after a couple rounds is that the Iranians were interested simply in the appearance of discussions, of being seen to be at the table with the U.S. as an arbiter of Iraq's present and future, rather than actually doing serious business . . . Right now, I haven't seen any sign of earnest or seriousness on the Iranian side".
- (15) Ambassador Crocker testified before Congress on September 11, 2007, stating that "[w]e have seen nothing on the ground that would suggest that the Iranians are altering what they're doing in support of extremist elements that are going after our forces as well as the Iraqis".
- (b) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate— $\,$
- (1) that the manner in which the United States transitions and structures its military presence in Iraq will have critical long-term consequences for the future of the Persian Gulf and the Middle East, in particular with regard to the capability of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to pose a threat to the security of the region, the prospects for democracy for the people of the region, and the health of the global economy;
- (2) that it is a vital national interest of the United States to prevent the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran from turning Shi'a militia extremists in Iraq into a Hezbollah-like force that could serve its interests inside Iraq, including by overwhelming, subverting, or co-opting institutions of the legitimate Government of Iraq;
- (3) that it should be the policy of the United States to combat, contain, and roll back the violent activities and destabilizing influence inside Iraq of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran, its foreign facilitators such as Lebanese Hezbollah, and its indigenous Iraqi proxies;
- (4) to support the prudent and calibrated use of all instruments of United States national power in Iraq, including diplomatic, economic, intelligence, and military instruments, in support of the policy described in

paragraph (3) with respect to the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran and its proxies:

- (5) that the United States should designate the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps as a foreign terrorist organization under section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act and place the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps on the list of Specially Designated Global Terrorists, as established under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act and initiated under Executive Order 13224; and
- (6) that the Department of the Treasury should act with all possible expediency to complete the listing of those entities targeted under United Nations Security Council Resolutions 1737 and 1747 adopted unanimously on December 23, 2006 and March 24, 2007, respectively.

SA 2949. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1044. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE RESPONSE TO BUTTERBAUGH V. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report setting forth an assessment by the Comptroller General of the response of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice (336 F.3d 1332 (2003)).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An estimate of the number of members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces, both past and present, who are entitled to compensation under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (2) An assessment of the current policies, procedures, and timeliness of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service in implementing and resolving claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (3) An assessment whether or not the decisions made by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service in implementing the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice follow a consistent pattern of resolution.
- (4) An assessment of whether or not the decisions made by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service in implementing the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice are resolving claims by providing more compensation than an individual has been able to prove, under the rule of construction that laws providing benefits to veterans are liberally construed in favor of the veteran.
- (5) An estimate of the total amount of compensation payable to members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces, both past and present, as a result of the recent decision in Hernandez v. Department of the Air Force (No. 2006–3375, slip op.) that leave can be reimbursed for Reserve service before 1994, when Congress enacted chapter 43 of

title 38, United States Code (commonly referred to as the "Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act").

- (6) A comparative assessment of the handling of claims by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the handling of claims by other Federal agencies (selected by the Comptroller General for purposes of the comparative assessment) under that decision.
- (7) An estimate of the total amount of attorney fees for which the Federal Government has been determined liable under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice, and an estimate of the total amount of attorney fees for which the Federal Government may be liable in the future due to claims made under that decision and under the decision in Hernandez v. Department of the Air Force.
- (8) A statement of the number of claims by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice that have been adjudicated by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- (9) A statement of the number of claims by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice that have been denied by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- (10) A comparative assessment of the average amount of time required for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to resolve a claim under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the average amount of time required by other Federal agencies (as so selected) to resolve a claim under that decision.
- (11) A comparative statement of the backlog of claims with the Defense Finance and Accounting Service under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the backlog of claims of other Federal agencies (as so selected) under that decision.
- (12) An estimate of the amount of time required for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to resolve all outstanding claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (13) An assessment of the reasonableness of the requirement of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service for the submittal by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces of supporting documentation for claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (14) A comparative assessment of the requirement of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service for the submittal by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces of supporting documentation for claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the requirement of other Federal agencies (as so selected) for the submittal by such members of supporting documentation for such claims.
- (15) Such recommendations for legislative action as the Comptroller General considers appropriate in light of the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice and the decision in Hernandez v. Department of the Air Force.

SA 2950. Mr. MARTINEZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal

year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title II, add the following:

SEC. 256. STUDY AND REPORT ON STANDARD SOLDIER PATIENT TRACKING SYSTEM.

- (a) STUDY REQUIRED.—In conjunction with the development of the pilot program utilizing an electronic clearinghouse for support of the disability evaluation system of the Department of Defense authorized under this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on the feasibility of including in the required pilot program the following additional elements:
- (1) A means to allow each recovering service member, each family member of such a member, each commander of a military installation retaining medical holdover patients, each patient navigator, and ombudsman office personnel, at all times, to be able to locate and understand exactly where a recovering service member is in the medical holdover process.
- (2) A means to ensure that the commander of each military medical facility where recovering service members are located is able to track appointments of such members to ensure they are meeting timeliness and other standards that serve the member.
- (3) A means to ensure each recovering service member is able to know when his or her appointments and other medical evaluation board or physical evaluation board deadlines will be and that they have been scheduled in a timely and accurate manner.
- (4) Any other information needed to conduct oversight of care of the member through out the medical holdover process.
- (5) Information that will allow the Secretaries of the military departments and the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to monitor trends and problems.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the results of the study, with such findings and recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate.

SA 2951. Mrs. DOLE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the end of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN RESIDENTS AND CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES AT CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA, OF EXPOSURE TO DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION.

(a) NOTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS SERVED BY TARAWA TERRACE WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, INCLUDING KNOX TRAILER PARK.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall make reasonable efforts to identify and notify directly individuals who were served by the Tarawa Terrace Water Distribution System, including Knox Trailer Park, at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, during the years 1958 through 1987 that they may have been exposed to drinking water contaminated with tetrachloroethylene (POCE)

- (b) NOTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS SERVED BY HADNOT POINT WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.—Not later than one year after the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) completes its water modeling study of the Hadnot Point water distribution system, the Secretary of the Navy shall make reasonable efforts to identify and notify directly individuals who were served by the system during the period identified in the study of the drinking water contamination to which they may have been exposed.
- (c) NOTIFICATION OF FORMER CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES AT CAMP LEJEUNE.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall make reasonable efforts to identify and notify directly civilian employees who worked at Camp Lejeune during the period identified in the ATSDR drinking water study of the drinking water contamination to which they may have been exposed.
 - (d) CIRCULATION OF HEALTH SURVEY .-
- (1) FINDING.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (A) Notification and survey efforts related to the drinking water contamination described in this section are necessary due to the potential negative health impacts of these contaminants.
- (B) The Secretary of the Navy will not be able to identify or contact all former residents due to the condition, non-existence, or accessibility of records.
- (C) It is the intent of Congress is that the Secretary of the Navy contact as many former residents as quickly as possible.
 - (2) ATSDR HEALTH SURVEY.—
- (A) DEVELOPMENT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the ATSDR, in consultation with the National Opinion Research Center, shall develop a health survey that would voluntarily request of individuals described in subsections (a), (b), and (c) personal health information that may lead to scientifically useful health information associated with exposure to TCE, PCE, vinyl chloride, and the other contaminants identified in the ATSDR studies that may provide a basis for further reliable scientific studies of potentially adverse health impacts of exposure to contaminated water at Camp Lejeune.
- (B) INCLUSION WITH NOTIFICATION.—The survey developed under subparagraph (A) shall be distributed by the Secretary of the Navy concurrently with the direct notification required under subsections (a), (b), and (c).
- (e) USE OF MEDIA TO SUPPLEMENT NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of the Navy may use media notification as a supplement to direct notification of individuals described under subsections (a), (b), and (c). Media notification may reach those individuals not identifiable via remaining records; once individuals respond to media notifications, the Secretary will add them to the contact list to be included in future information updates.
- SA 2952. Mr. ISAKSON (for himself and Mr. CHAMBLISS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title VIII, add the following:

- SEC. 827. PROCUREMENT OF FIRE RESISTANT RAYON FIBER FOR THE PRODUC-TION OF UNIFORMS FROM FOREIGN SOURCES.
- (a) AUTHORITY TO PROCURE.—The Secretary of Defense may procure fire resistant rayon fiber for the production of uniforms that is manufactured in a foreign country referred to in subsection (d) if the Secretary determines either of the following:
- (1) That fire resistant rayon fiber for the production of uniforms is not available from sources within the national technology and industrial base.
 - (2) That-
- (A) procuring fire resistant rayon fiber manufactured from suppliers within the national technology and industrial base would result in sole-source contracts or subcontracts for the supply of fire resistant rayon fiber; and
- (B) such sole-source contracts or subcontracts would not be in the best interests of the Government or consistent with the objectives of section 2304 of title 10, United States Code.
- (b) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after making a determination under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to Congress a copy of the determination.
- (c) APPLICABILITY TO SUBCONTRACTS.—The authority under subsection (a) applies with respect to subcontracts under Department of Defense contracts as well as to such contracts.
- (d) Foreign Countries Covered.—The authority under subsection (a) applies with respect to a foreign country that—
- (1) is a party to a defense memorandum of understanding entered into under section 2531 of this title; and
- (2) does not discriminate against defense items produced in the United States to a greater degree than the United States discriminates against defense items produced in that country.
- (e) NATIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND INDUSTRIAL BASE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "national technology and industrial base" has the meaning given that term in section 2500 of title 10, United States Code.
- SA 2953. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle E of title V, add the following:

SEC. 565. EMERGENCY FUNDING FOR LOCAL EDU-CATIONAL AGENCIES ENROLLING MILITARY DEPENDENT CHILDREN.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Help for Military Children Affected by War Act of 2007".
- (b) Grants Authorized.—The Secretary of Defense is authorized to award grants to eligible local educational agencies for the additional education, counseling, and other needs of military dependent children who are affected by war or dramatic military decisions.
 - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ELIGIBLE LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.— The term "eligible local educational agency" means a local educational agency that—
- (A) has a number of military dependent children in average daily attendance in the schools served by the local educational agen-

- cy during the current school year, determined in consultation with the Secretary of Education, that—
- (i) equaled or exceeded 20 percent of the number of all children in average daily attendance in the schools served by such agency during the current school year; or
- (ii) is 1,000 or more, whichever is less; and
- (B) is designated by the Secretary of Defense as impacted by—
 - (i) Operation Iraqi Freedom;
 - (ii) Operation Enduring Freedom;
- (iii) the global rebasing plan of the Department of Defense;
- (iv) the realignment of forces as a result of the base closure process:
- (v) the official creation or activation of 1 or more new military units; or
- (vi) a change in the number of required housing units on a military installation, due to the Military Housing Privatization Initiative of the Department of Defense.
- (2) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term "local educational agency" has the meaning given the term in section 9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
- (3) MILITARY DEPENDENT CHILD.—The term "military dependent child"—
- (A) means a child described in subparagraph (B) or (D)(i) of section 8003(a)(1) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7703(a)(1)); and
 - (B) includes a child-
- (i) who resided on Federal property with a parent on active duty in the National Guard or Reserve; or
- (ii) who had a parent on active duty in the National Guard or Reserve but did not reside on Federal property.
- (d) USE OF FUNDS.—Grant funds provided under this section shall be used for—
- (1) tutoring, after-school, and dropout prevention activities for military dependent children with a parent who is or has been impacted by war-related action described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of subsection (c)(1)(B);
- (2) professional development of teachers, principals, and counselors on the needs of military dependent children with a parent who is or has been impacted by war-related action described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of subsection (c)(1)(B); and
- (3) counseling and other comprehensive support services for military dependent children with a parent who is or has been impacted by war-related action described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of subsection (c)(1)(B), including the subsidization of a percentage of hiring of a military-school liaison.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense \$5,000,000 to carry out this section for fiscal year 2008 and such sums as may be necessary for each of the 3 succeeding fiscal years.
- (2) SPECIAL RULE.—Funds appropriated under paragraph (1) are in addition to any funds made available to local educational agencies under section 561 or 562 of this Act or section 8003 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7703).
- SA 2954. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
 - At the end of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. INCREASED AUTHORITY FOR REPAIR,
RESTORATION, AND PRESERVATION
OF LAFAYETTE ESCADRILLE MEMORIAL,
MARNES-LA-COQUETTE,
FRANCE.

Section 1065 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107-107: 115 Stat. 1233) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "\$2,000,000" and inserting "\$2,500,000"; and
- (2) in subsection (e), by striking "under section 301(a)(4)".

SA 2955. Mr. WARNER (for himself and Mr. McCain) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON NAMING THE NEXT AIRCRAFT CARRIER AS U.S.S. AMERICA.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) In the history of the United States, three Navy vessels have been named U.S.S. America.
- (2) On November 9, 1776, the Continental Congress authorized the construction of three 74-gun ships of the line. One of the men-of-war, the first ship named America, was laid down in May 1777 in the shipyard of John Langdon on Rising Castle (now Badger) Island in the Piscataqua River between Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and Kittery, Maine
- (3) On June 26, 1781, Congress selected then-Captain John Paul Jones as the first commanding officer of the America. However, Congress decided on September 4, 1782, to present the ship to King Louis XVI of France to replace the French ship of the line Magnifique which had run aground and been destroyed on August 11, 1782, while attempting to enter Boston harbor. The ship transfer symbolized the appreciation of the United States for France's service to and sacrifices on behalf of the cause of the American patriots.
- (4) The second America was originally the German civilian passenger transport Amerika, which was launched on April 20, 1905, at Belfast, Ireland, by the noted shipbuilding firm of Harland and Wolff, Ltd. Built for the Hamburg-America Line, the steamer entered transatlantic service in the autumn of 1905 when she departed Hamburg, Germany, on October 11, 1905, bound for the United States.
- (5) The largest ship of her kind in the world, and easily one of the most luxurious passenger vessels to sail the seas, from 1905 to 1914, the Amerika plied the North Atlantic trade routes touching at Cherbourg, France, while steaming between Hamburg and New York, New York.
- (6) During the summer of 1914, events in the Balkans triggered a conflict that soon spread through Europe, pitting nations against nations in the First World War. The eruption of fighting caught Amerika at Boston, where she was preparing to sail for home. Although due to leave port on August 1, 1914, the Amerika stayed at Boston lest she fall prey to the warships of the Royal Navy and remained there for almost three years during the period of United States neutrality.

- (7) Meanwhile, the loss of life caused by German submarine operations turned opinion in the United States against the Central Powers and on February 1, 1917, the United States declared war. The Amerika remained inactive until seized by the United States Shipping Board (USSB), on July 25, 1917. The Amerika was earmarked by the Navy for service in the Cruiser-Transport Force as a troop transport, given the identification number 3006, and placed in commission on August 6, 1917.
- (8) Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels promulgated General Order No. 320, changing the names of several ex-German ships on September 1, 1917. The Amerika became the America and went on to conduct multiple voyages transporting troops and supplies to and from Word War I operations in Europe. The completion of these trials proved to be a milestone in the reconditioning of former German ships, for the America was the last to be readied for service in the United States Navy.
- (9) On September 26, 1919, the America was decommissioned in Hoboken, New Jersey, and transferred to the War Department. The ship went on to serve as USAT America, and was later renamed, possibly to avoid confusion with the liner America, as the Edmund B. Alexander, in keeping with the Army policy of naming its oceangoing transports for famous general officers. This name honored Edmund Brooke Alexander from the War with Mexico
- (10) The ship operated briefly between New Orleans, Louisiana, and the Panama Canal Zone and became a troop transport in World War II. The ship was sold to the Bethlehem Steel Co., of Baltimore, Maryland, on January 16, 1957, and was broken up a short time later.
- (11) The third America was the aircraft carrier designated CV-66 laid down on January 1, 1961 at Newport News, Virginia, by the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Corporation. She was launched on February 1, 1964, and commissioned at the Norfolk Naval Shipvard on January 23, 1965.
- (12) In the late 1960s, the carrier America conducted multiple Mediterranean deployments during such events as political crises in Greece and the Suez and countless encounters with Soviet navy vessels and assisted with the rescue and treatment of wounded from the incident involving the Liberty (AGTR-5).
- (13) On May 30, 1968, the carrier America arrived at Yankee Station in the South China Sea, and the next morning, the first aircraft since commissioning to leave her deck in anger were launched against the enemy. The America served through four line periods, consisting of 112 days on Yankee Station off the Vietnam coast.
- (14) On a subsequent deployment in 1970, the carrier America completed 100 days on Yankee Station. Through five line periods, the carrier conducted 10,600 aircraft sorties, completed 10,804 carrier landings, expended 11,190 tons of ordnance, moved 425,996 pounds of cargo, handled 6,890 packages and transferred 469,027 pounds of mail. This was accomplished without a single combat loss and only one major landing accident with, fortunately, no fatalities.
- (15) On June 2, 1972, three days before the carrier America was to sail again on deployment, the Chief of Naval Operations visited the ship and explained the reason why her orders had been changed to send her to the Gulf of Tonkin instead of the Mediterranean. On October 6, 1972, bombs from the planes of the America dropped the Thanh Hoa Bridge, a major objective since the bombing of the North had begun years before. The America received five battle stars for her overall service in the Vietnam War.

- (16) The carrier America logged her 100,000th landing on August 29, 1973. On May 6, 1981, the America was the first United States Navy carrier to steam through the Suez Canal since the U.S.S. Intrepid (CVA-11) made the passage shortly before the Arab-Israeli "Six-Day War" of 1967. The America was also the first supercarrier to transit the canal since it had been modified to permit passage of supertankers.
- (17) On January 7, 1986, President Ronald Reagan ordered all American citizens out of Libya, and broke off all remaining ties between the United States and Libya. At the same time, President Reagan directed the dispatch of a second carrier battle group to the Mediterranean, and directed the Joint Chiefs of Staff to look into military operations against Libya.
- (18) On April 5, 1986, two days after a bomb killed four Americans along with others onboard a Trans World Airways (TWA) flight en route from Rome, Italy, to Athens, Greece, another bomb exploded in the La Belle Discoteque in West Berlin, Germany, killing two members of the United States Armed Forces and a Turkish civilian. Another 222 people were wounded in the bombing, 78 Americans among them. Operation Eldorado Canyon commenced early on the afternoon of April 14, 1986, and the carrier America, operating off the Libyan coast, launched six A-6 Intruder strike aircraft and six A-7E Corsair II aircraft in strike support.
- (19) Following Operation Desert Storm, the carrier America returned to the United States amid a heroes' welcome. The America participated in Operation Welcome Home and Fleet Week '91 in New York, New York, from June 6, 1991, through June 11, 1991, taking part in the largest victory parade since World War II. After an abbreviated in-port period and compressed work-ups, the America deployed to the North Atlantic for two months in support of North Star '91, then departed on December 2, 1991, for the Mediterranean and Arabian Gulf once again, her eighteenth major deployment. The America also became the first carrier to earn an unprecedented third campaign star on the Southwest Asia Service Medal.
- (20) The carrier America departed Norfolk, Virginia, on August 28, 1995, for a routine 6-month deployment to the Mediterranean and to the Indian Ocean. This was the 20th and final deployment in the 30-year history of the America as the carrier participated in Operations Deny Flight and Deliberate Force from September 9, 1995, to September 30, 1995.
- (21) America returned to the pier in Norfolk, Virginia, ending her Mediterranean Sea deployment on February 24, 1996. After more than three decades of proud and historic naval service, the America was decommissioned at Norfolk Naval Shipyard in Portsmouth, Virginia on August 9, 1996.
- (22) Stricken from the Navy List on the day of her decommissioning, the carrier America was originally planned to be scrapped. However, the carrier was sunk in the Atlantic Ocean, approximately 300 miles off the Virginia coast, on May 14, 2005, following a series of tests consisting of underwater and surface simulated attacks on the ship.
- (23) In a letter to a coalition of veterans and former crewmembers of the America who offered to make the carrier a museum, the Vice Chief of Naval Operations explained that "America will make one final and vital contribution to our national defense, this time as a live-fire test and evaluation platform. America's legacy will serve as a footprint in the design of future carriers ships that will protect the sons, daughters, grand-children and great-grandchildren of America veterans".

(b) Naming of Next Aircraft Carrier.—It is the sense of the Congress that the next nuclear-powered aircraft carrier of the Navy be named U.S.S. America.

SA 2953. Mr. SMITH (for himself and Mr. Wyden) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. SENSE OF SENATE ON AIR FORCE USE TOWBARLESS AIRCRAFT GROUND EQUIPMENT.

It is the sense of the Senate to encourage the Air Force to give full consideration to the potential operational utility, cost savings, and increased safety afforded by the utilization of towbarless aircraft ground equipment.

SA 2957. Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. INOUYE, Mr. SMITH, Mr. STE-VENS, and Mr. LOTT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

DIVISION -MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

SEC. -001. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the "Maritime Administration Authorities Act of 2007"
- (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:
- Sec. -001. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—GENERAL

- Sec. —101. Authorization of appropriations for fiscal year 2008.
- Sec. —102. Commercial vessel chartering authority.
- Sec. -103. Maritime Administration vessel chartering authority.
- Sec. -104. Chartering to state and local governmental instrumentalities.
- Sec. -105. Disposal of obsolete government vessels.
- Sec. -106. Vessel transfer authority.
- Sec. -107. Sea trials for ready reserve force.
- Sec. -108. Review of applications for loans and guarantees.

TITLE II—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS

- Sec. -201. Statutory construction.
- Sec. —202. Personal injury to or death of seamen.
- Sec. -203. Amendments to chapter 537 based on Public Law 109-163.
- Sec. -204. Additional amendments based on Public Law 109-163.
- Sec. -205. Amendments based on Public Law 109-171. Sec. —206. Amendments based on Public
- Law 109-241. Sec. —207. Amendments based on Public
- Law 109-364.
- Sec. -208. Miscellaneous amendments.
- Sec. —209. Application of sunset provision to codified provision.

Sec. —210. Additional Technical corrections.

TITLE I—GENERAL

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-SEC. -101. TIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2008, to be available without fiscal year limitation if so provided in appropriations Acts, for the use of the Department of Transportation for the Maritime Administration as follows:

- (1) For expenses necessary for operations and training activities, \$122,890,545.
- (2) For paying reimbursement under section 3517 of the Maritime Security Act of 2003 (46 U.S.C. 53101 note), \$19,500,000.
- (3) For assistance to small shipyards and maritime communities under section 54101 of title 46, United States Code, \$20,000,000
- (4) For expenses to dispose of obsolete vessels in the National Defense Reserve Fleet. including provision of assistance under section 7 of Public Law 92-402, \$18,000,000.
- (5) For the cost (as defined in section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5))) of loan guarantees under the program authorized by chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, \$20,000,000.
- (6) For administrative expenses related to the implementation of the loan guarantee program under chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, administrative expenses related to implementation of the reimbursement program under section 3517 of the Maritime Security Act of 2003 (46 U.S.C. 53101 note), and administrative expenses related to the implementation of the small shipyards and maritime communities assistance program under section 54101 of title 46, United States Code, \$3,408,000.

SEC. -102. COMMERCIAL VESSEL CHARTERING AUTHORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 575 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 57533. Vessel chartering authority

"The Secretary of Transportation may enter into contracts or other agreements on behalf of the United States to purchase, charter, operate, or otherwise acquire the use of any vessels documented under chapter 121 of this title and any other related real or personal property. The Secretary is authorized to use this authority as the Secretary deems appropriate."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The chapter analysis for chapter 575 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following: "57533. Vessel chartering authority."

SEC. -103. MARITIME ADMINISTRATION VESSEL CHARTERING AUTHORITY.

Section 50303 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by-

- (1) inserting "vessels," after "piers,"; and
- (2) by striking "control;" in subsection (a)(1) and inserting "control, except that the prior consent of the Secretary of Defense for such use shall be required with respect to any vessel in the Ready Reserve Force or in the National Defense Reserve Fleet which is maintained in a retention status for the Department of Defense;"

SEC. -104. CHARTERING TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL INSTRUMENTAL-ITIES.

Section 11(b) of the Merchant Ship Sales Act of 1946 (50 U.S.C. App. 1744(b)), is amend-

- (1) by striking "or" after the semicolon in paragraph (3);
- (2) by striking "Defense." in paragraph (4) and inserting "Defense; or"; and
- (3) by adding at the end thereof the following:
- "(5) on a reimbursable basis, for charter to the government of any State, locality, or Territory of the United States, except that

the prior consent of the Secretary of Defense for such use shall be required with respect to any vessel in the Ready Reserve Force or in the National Defense Reserve Fleet which is maintained in a retention status for the Department of Defense.".

SEC. —105. DISPOSAL OF OBSOLETE GOVERN-MENT VESSELS.

Section 6(c)(1) of the National Maritime Heritage Act of 1994 (16 U.S.C. 5405(c)(1)) is amended-

- (1) by inserting "(either by sale or purchase of disposal services)" after "shall dispose"; and
- (2) by striking subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
- "(A) in accordance with a priority system for disposing of vessels, as determined by the Secretary, which shall include provisions requiring the Maritime Administration to-
- "(i) dispose of all deteriorated high priority ships that are available for disposal, within 12 months of their designation as such; and
- "(ii) give priority to the disposition of those vessels that pose the most significant danger to the environment or cost the most to maintain;"

SEC. -106, VESSEL TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

Section 50304 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

'(d) VESSEL CHARTERS TO OTHER DEPART-MENTS.—On a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis, as determined by the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary may charter or otherwise make available a vessel under the jurisdiction of the Secretary to any other department, upon the request by the Secretary of the department that receives the vessel. The prior consent of the Secretary of Defense for such use shall be required with respect to any vessel in the Ready Reserve Force or in the National Defense Reserve Fleet which is maintained in a retention status for the Department of Defense."

SEC. -107. SEA TRIALS FOR READY RESERVE FORCE.

Section 11(c)(1)(B) of the Merchant Ship Sales Act of 1946 (50 U.S.C. App. 1744(c)(1)(B)) is amended to read as follows:

"(B) activate and conduct sea trials on each vessel at least once every 30 months;" SEC. -108. REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS FOR LOANS AND GUARANTEES.

- (a) PLAN.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Maritime Administration shall develop a comprehensive plan for the review of traditional applications and non-traditional applications.
- (b) INCLUSIONS.—The comprehensive plan shall include a description of the application review process that shall not exceed 90 days for review of traditional applications.
- (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Administrator shall submit a report describing the comprehensive plan to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Representatives Committee on Armed Forces.
 - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- NONTRADITIONAL APPLICATION.—The term "nontraditional application" means an application for a loan, guarantee, or a commitment to guarantee submitted pursuant to chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, that is not a traditional application, as determined by the Administrator.
- (2) TRADITIONAL APPLICATION.—The term "traditional application" means an application for a loan, guarantee, or a commitment to guarantee submitted pursuant to chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, that involves a market, technology, and financial structure of a type that has been approved in such an application multiple times before

the date of enactment of this Act without default or unreasonable risk to the United States, as determined by the Administrator.

TITLE II—TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS

SEC. —201. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.

The amendments made by this title make no substantive change in existing law and may not be construed as making a substantive change in existing law.

SEC. —202. PERSONAL INJURY TO OR DEATH OF SEAMEN.

- (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 30104 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking subsections (a) and (b) and inserting the following:
- "(a) Cause of action.—A seaman injured in the course of employment or, if the seaman dies from the injury, the personal representative of the seaman may bring an action against the employer. In such an action, the laws of the United States regulating recovery for personal injury to, or death of, a railway employee shall apply. Such an action may be maintained in admiralty or, at the plaintiff's election, as an action at law, with the right of trial by jury.
- "(b) VENUE.—When the plaintiff elects to maintain an action at law, venue shall be in the judicial district in which the employer resides or the employer's principal office is located."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective as if included in the enactment of Public Law 109–304.

SEC. —203. AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 537 BASED ON PUBLIC LAW 109–163.

- (a) AMENDMENTS.—Title 46, United States Code, is amended as follows:
 - (1) Section 53701 is amended by-
- (A) redesignating paragraphs (2) through (13) as paragraphs (3) through (14), respectively:
- (B) inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Maritime Administration."; and
- (C) striking paragraph (13) (as redesignated) and inserting the following:
- "(13) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Commerce with respect to fishing vessels and fishery facilities."
- (2) Section 53706(c) is amended to read as follows:
- "(c) PRIORITIES FOR CERTAIN VESSELS.—
- "(1) VESSELS.—In guaranteeing or making a commitment to guarantee an obligation under this chapter, the Administrator shall give priority to—
- "(A) a vessel that is otherwise eligible for a guarantee and is constructed with assistance under subtitle D of the Maritime Security Act of 2003 (46 U.S.C. 53101 note); and
- "(B) after applying subparagraph (A), a vessel that is otherwise eligible for a guarantee and that the Secretary of Defense determines—
- "(i) is suitable for service as a naval auxiliary in time of war or national emergency; and
- $\lq\lq$ (ii) meets a shortfall in sealift capacity or capability.
- "(2) TIME FOR DETERMINATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall determine whether a vessel satisfies paragraph (1)(B) not later than 30 days after receipt of a request from the Administrator for such a determination."
- (3) Section 53707 is amended—
- (A) by inserting "or Administrator" in subsections (a) and (d) after "Secretary" each place it appears;
- (B) by striking "Secretary of Transportation" in subsection (b) and inserting "Administrator";

- (C) by striking "of Commerce" in subsection (c); and
 - (D) in subsection (d)(2), by-
- (i) inserting "if the Secretary or Administrator considers necessary," before "the waiver"; and
- (ii) striking "the increased" and inserting "any significant increase in".
- (4) Section 53708 is amended-
- (A) by striking "SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION" in the heading of subsection (a) and inserting "ADMINISTRATOR";
- (B) by striking "Secretary" and "Secretary of Transportation" each place they appear in subsection (a) and inserting "Administrator";
- (C) by striking "OF COMMERCE" in the heading of subsection (b);
- (D) by striking "of Commerce" in subsections (b) and (c);
 - (E) in subsection (d), by-
- (i) inserting "or Administrator" after "Secretary" the first place it appears; and
- (ii) striking "financial structures, or other risk factors identified by the Secretary. Any independent analysis conducted under this subsection shall be performed by a party chosen by the Secretary." and inserting "or financial structures. A third party independent analysis conducted under this subsection shall be performed by a private sector expert in assessing such risk factors who is selected by the Secretary or Administrator."; and
- (F) in subsection (e), by—
- (i) inserting "or Administrator" after "Secretary" the first place it appears; and
- (ii) striking "financial structures, or other risk factors identified by the Secretary" and inserting "or financial structures".
- (5) Section 53710(b)(1) is amended by striking "Secretary's" and inserting "Administrator's".
- (6) Section 53712(b) is amended by striking the last sentence and inserting "If the Secretary or Administrator has waived a requirement under section 53707(d) of this title, the loan agreement shall include requirements for additional payments, collateral, or equity contributions to meet the waived requirement upon the occurrence of verifiable conditions indicating that the obligor's financial condition enables the obligor to meet the waived requirement."
- (7) Subsections (c) and (d) of section 53717 are each amended— $\,$
- (A) by striking "OF COMMERCE" in the subsection heading; and
- (B) by striking "of Commerce" each place it appears.
- (8) Section 53732(e)(2) is amended by inserting "of Defense" after "Secretary" the second place it appears.
- (9) The following provisions are amended by striking "Secretary" and "Secretary of Transportation" and inserting "Administrator":
- (A) Section 53710(b)(2)(A)(i).
- (B) Section 53717(b) each place it appears in a heading and in text.
- (C) Section 53718.
- (D) Section 53731 each place it appears, except where "Secretary" is followed by "of Energy".
- (E) Section 53732 (as amended by paragraph (8)) each place it appears, except where "Secretary" is followed by "of the Treasury", "of State", or "of Defense".
- (F) Section 53733 each place it appears.
- (10) The following provisions are amended by inserting "or Administrator" after "Secretary" each place it appears in headings and text, except where "Secretary" is followed by "of Transportation" or "of the Treasury":
- (A) The items relating to sections 53722 and 53723 in the chapter analysis for chapter 537.
- (B) Sections 53701(1), (4), and (9) (as redesignated by paragraph (1)(A)), 53702(a), 53703,

- 53704, 53706(a)(3)(B)(iii), 53709(a)(1), (b)(1) and (2)(A), and (d), 53710(a) and (c), 53711, 53712 (except in the last sentence of subsection (b) as amended by paragraph (6)), 53713 to 53716, 53721 to 53725, and 53734.
- (11) Sections 53715(d)(1), 53716(d)(3), 53721(c), 53722(a)(1) and (b)(1)(B), and 53724(b) are amended by inserting "or Administrator's" after "Secretary's".
- (b) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AMENDMENTS.—
 Section 3507 (except subsection (c)(4)) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163) is repealed.

 SEC. —204. ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS BASED ON PUBLIC LAW 109–163.
- (a) AMENDMENTS.—Title 46, United States Code, is amended as follows:
- (1) Chapters 513 and 515 are amended by striking "Naval Reserve" each place it appears in analyses, headings, and text and inserting "Navy Reserve".
- (2) Section 51504(f) is amended to read as follows:
 - "(f) Fuel Costs .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall pay to each State maritime academy the costs of fuel used by a vessel provided under this section while used for training.
- "(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNTS.—The amount of the payment to a State maritime academy under paragraph (1) may not exceed—
 - "(A) \$100,000 for fiscal year 2006;
 - "(B) \$200,000 for fiscal year 2007; and
- "(C) \$300,000 for fiscal year 2008 and each fiscal year thereafter.".
- (3) Section 51505(b)(2)(B) is amended by striking "\$200,000" and inserting "\$300,000 for fiscal year 2006, \$400,000 for fiscal year 2007, and \$500,000 for fiscal year 2008 and each fiscal year thereafter".
- (4) Section 51701(a) is amended by striking "of the United States." and inserting "of the United States and to perform functions to assist the United States merchant marine, as determined necessary by the Secretary.".
- (5)(A) Section 51907 is amended to read as follows:

"§ 51907. Provision of decorations, medals, and replacements

- "The Secretary of Transportation may provide—
- "(1) the decorations and medals authorized by this chapter and replacements for those decorations and medals; and
- "(2) replacements for decorations and medals issued under a prior law.".
- (B) The item relating to section 51907 in the chapter analysis for chapter 519 is amended to read as follows:
- "51907. Provision of decorations, medals, and replacements.".
- (6)(A) The following new chapter is inserted after chapter 539:

"CHAPTER 541-MISCELLANEOUS

"Sec.

- "54101. Assistance for small shipyards and maritime communities.".
- (B) Section 3506 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (46 U.S.C. 53101 note) is transferred to and redesignated as section 54101 of title 46, United States Code, to appear at the end of chapter 541 of title 46, as inserted by subparagraph (A).
- (C) The heading of such section, as transferred by subparagraph (B), is amended to read as follows:

"\$ 54101. Assistance for small shipyards and maritime communities".

- (D) Paragraph (1) of subsection (h) of such section, as transferred by subparagraph (B), is amended by striking "(15 U.S.C. 632);" and inserting "(15 U.S.C. 632));".
- (E) The table of chapters at the beginning of subtitle V is amended by inserting after

the item relating to chapter 539 the following new item:

"541. Miscellaneous 54101".

(b) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AMENDMENTS.— Sections 515(g)(2), 3502, 3509, and 3510 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163) are repealed.

SEC. —205. AMENDMENTS BASED ON PUBLIC LAW 109-171.

- (a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 60301 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by striking "2 cents per ton (but not more than a total of 10 cents per ton per year)" in subsection (a) and inserting "4.5 cents per ton, not to exceed a total of 22.5 cents per ton per year, for fiscal years 2006 through 2010, and 2 cents per ton, not to exceed a total of 10 cents per ton per year, for each fiscal year thereafter,"; and
- (2) by striking "6 cents per ton (but not more than a total of 30 cents per ton per year)" in subsection (b) and inserting "13.5 cents per ton, not to exceed a total of 67.5 cents per ton per year, for fiscal years 2006 through 2010, and 6 cents per ton, not to exceed a total of 30 cents per ton per year, for each fiscal year thereafter,".
- (b) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AMENDMENTS.— Section 4001 of the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–171) is repealed.

SEC. —206. AMENDMENTS BASED ON PUBLIC LAW

- 109-241.
 (a) AMENDMENTS.—Title 46, United States
- Code, is amended as follows:
 (1) Section 12111 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- ''(d) ACTIVITIES INVOLVING MOBILE OFF-SHORE DRILLING UNITS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Only a vessel for which a certificate of documentation with a registry endorsement is issued may engage in—
- "(A) the setting, relocation, or recovery of the anchors or other mooring equipment of a mobile offshore drilling unit that is located over the outer Continental Shelf (as defined in section 2(a) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331(a))); or
- "(B) the transportation of merchandise or personnel to or from a point in the United States from or to a mobile offshore drilling unit located over the outer Continental Shelf that is not attached to the seabed.
- "(2) COASTWISE TRADE NOT AUTHORIZED.— Nothing in paragraph (1) authorizes the employment in the coastwise trade of a vessel that does not meet the requirements of section 12112 of this title."
- (2) Section 12139(a) is amended by striking "and charterers" and inserting "charterers, and mortgagees".
- (3) Section 51307 is amended—
- (A) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (2);
- (B) by striking "organizations." in paragraph (3) and inserting "organizations; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(4) on any other vessel considered by the Secretary to be necessary or appropriate or in the national interest.".
- (4) Section 55105(b)(3) is amended by striking "Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating" and inserting "Secretary of Homeland Security".
- (5) Section 70306(a) is amended by striking "Not later than February 28 of each year, the Secretary shall submit a report" and inserting "The Secretary shall submit an annual report".
- (6) Section 70502(d)(2) is amended to read as follows:
- "(2) RESPONSE TO CLAIM OF REGISTRY.—The response of a foreign nation to a claim of registry under paragraph (1)(A) or (C) may be made by radio, telephone, or similar oral or electronic means, and is proved conclusively

by certification of the Secretary of State or the Secretary's designee.".

(b) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AMENDMENTS.— Sections 303, 307, 308, 310, 901(q), and 902(o) of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–241) are repealed.

SEC. —207. AMENDMENTS BASED ON PUBLIC LAW 109-364.

- (a) UPDATING OF CROSS REFERENCES.—Section 1017(b)(2) of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364, 10 U.S.C. 2631 note) is amended by striking "section 27 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920 (46 U.S.C. 883), section 12106 of title 46, United States Code, and section 2 of the Shipping Act, 1916 (46 U.S.C. App. 802)" and inserting "sections 12112, 50501, and 55102 of title 46, United States Code".
- (b) SECTION 51306(e).—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 51306 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
 - "(e) ALTERNATIVE SERVICE.—
- "(1) SERVICE AS COMMISSIONED OFFICER.—An individual who, for the 5-year period following graduation from the Academy, serves as a commissioned officer on active duty in an armed force of the United States or as a commissioned officer of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the Public Health Service shall be excused from the requirements of paragraphs (3) through (5) of subsection (a).
- "(2) MODIFICATION OR WAIVER.—The Secretary may modify or waive any of the terms and conditions set forth in subsection (a) through the imposition of alternative service requirements."
- (2) APPLICATION.—Section 51306(e) of title 46, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), applies only to an individual who enrolls as a cadet at the United States Merchant Marine Academy, and signs an agreement under section 51306(a) of title 46, after October 17, 2006.
 - (c) SECTION 51306(f).—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 51306 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(f) SERVICE OBLIGATION PERFORMANCE RE-PORTING REQUIREMENT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to any otherwise applicable restrictions on disclosure in section 552a of title 5, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, and the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service—
- "(A) shall report the status of obligated service of an individual graduate of the Academy upon request of the Secretary; and
- "(B) may, in their discretion, notify the Secretary of any failure of the graduate to perform the graduate's duties, either on active duty or in the Ready Reserve component of their respective service, or as a commissioned officer of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the Public Health Service, respectively.
- "(2) INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED.—A report or notice under paragraph (1) shall identify any graduate determined to have failed to comply with service obligation requirements and provide all required information as to why such graduate failed to comply.
- "(3) CONSIDERED AS IN DEFAULT.—Upon receipt of such a report or notice, such graduate may be considered to be in default of the graduate's service obligations by the Secretary, and subject to all remedies the Secretary may have with respect to such a default."
- (2) APPLICATION.—Section 51306(f) of title 46, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), does not apply with respect to an

agreement entered into under section 51306(a) of title 46, United States Code, before October 17, 2006.

- (d) SECTION 51509(c).—Section 51509(c) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by striking "MIDSHIPMAN AND" in the subsection heading and "midshipman and" in the text; and
- (2) inserting "or the Coast Guard Reserve" after "Reserve".
- (e) Section 51908(a).—Section 51908(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "under this chapter" and inserting "by this chapter or the Secretary of Transportation".
- (f) SECTION 53105(e)(2).—Section 53105(e)(2) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 2 of the Shipping Act, 1916 (46 U.S.C. App. 802)," and inserting "section 50501 of this title".
- (g) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AMENDMENTS.— Sections 3505, 3506, 3508, and 3510(a) and (b) of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109-364) are repealed.

SEC. -208. MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS.

- (a) DELETION OF OBSOLETE REFERENCE TO CANTON ISLAND.—Section 55101(b) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by inserting "or" after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (2);
 - (2) by striking paragraph (3); and
- (3) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3).
- (b) IMPROVEMENT OF HEADING.—Title 46, United States Code, is amended as follows:
- (1) The heading of section 55110 is amended by inserting "valueless material or" before "dredged material".
- (2) The item for section 55110 in the analysis for chapter 551 is amended by inserting "valueless material or" before "dredged material".
- (c) OCEANOGRAPHIC RESEARCH VESSELS AND SAILING SCHOOL VESSELS.—
- (1) Section 10101(3) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting "on an oceanographic research vessel" after "scientific personnel".
- (2) Section 50503 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "An oceanographic research vessel" and all that follows and inserting the following:
- "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'oceanographic research vessel' and 'scientific personnel' have the meaning given those terms in section 2101 of this title.
- "(b) Not Seamen.—Scientific personnel on an oceanographic research vessel are deemed not to be seamen under part G of subtitle II, section 30104, or chapter 303 of this title.
- "(c) NOT ENGAGED IN TRADE OR COM-MERCE.—An oceanographic research vessel is deemed not to be engaged in trade or commerce."
- (3) Section 50504(b)(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "parts B, F, and G of subtitle II" and inserting "part B, F, or G of subtitle II, section 30104, or chapter 303".

SEC. —209. APPLICATION OF SUNSET PROVISION TO CODIFIED PROVISION.

For purposes of section 303 of the Jobs and Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–27, 26 U.S.C. 1 note), the amendment made by section 301(a)(2)(E) of that Act shall be deemed to have been made to section 53511(f)(2) of title 46, United States Code.

SEC. -210. ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

- (a) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 46.—Title 46, United States Code, is amended as follows:
- (1) The analysis for chapter 21 is amended by striking the item relating to section 2108.
- (2) Section 12113(g) is amended by inserting "and" after "Conservation".

- (3) Section 12131 is amended by striking "command" and inserting "command".
- (b) Amendments to Public Law 109-304.—
- (1) AMENDMENTS.—Public Law 109-304 is amended as follows:
- (A) Section 15(10) is amended by striking "46 App. U.S.C." and inserting "46 U.S.C. App.".
- (B) Section 15(30) is amended by striking "Shipping Act, 1936" and inserting "Shipping Act, 1916".
- (C) The schedule of Statutes at Large repealed in section 19, as it relates to the Act of June 29, 1936, is amended by—
- (i) striking the second section "1111" (relating to 46 U.S.C. App. 1279f) and inserting section "1113"; and
- (ii) striking the second section "1112" (relating to 46 U.S.C. App. 1279g) and inserting section "1114".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall be effective as if included in the enactment of Public Law 109–304
- (c) REPEAL OF DUPLICATIVE OR UNEXECUTABLE AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Sections 9(a), 15(21) and (33)(A) through (D)(i), and 16(c)(2) of Public Law 109-304 are repealed.
- (2) INTENDED EFFECT.—The provisions repealed by paragraph (1) shall be treated as if never enacted.
- (d) Large Passenger Vessel Crew Requirements.—Section 8103(k)(3)(C)(iv) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting "and section 252 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1282)" after "of such section".
- SA 2958. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2919 submitted by Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. LUGAR, and Mr. HATCH) and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 18, after line 19, add the following: **SEC. 3313. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

This title shall not take effect until the date on which the President certifies that the integrated entry and exit data system required under section 110 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1365a), which was required to be implemented not later than December 21, 2005, has been fully implemented and is functioning at every land, sea, and air port of entry into the United States.

SA 2959. Ms. SNOWE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070, HUBZONES.

- (a) In General.—Section 3(p)(4)(D) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(p)(4)(D)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating clauses (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) as subclauses (I), (II), (III), and (IV), respectively, and adjusting the margin accordingly:
- (2) by striking "means lands" and inserting the following "means—

"(i) lands": and

(3) by striking the period at the end and inserting the following: "; and

"(ii) during the 5-year period beginning on the date that a military installation is closed under an authority described in clause (i), areas adjacent to or within a reasonable commuting distance of lands described in clause (i) that are directly economically affected by the closing of that military installation, as determined by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development."

(b) FEASIBILITY STUDY.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development shall conduct a study of the feasibility of, and submit to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives a report regarding, designating as a HUBZone (as that term is defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632), as amended by this Act) any area that does not qualify as a HUBZone solely because that area is located within a county located within a metropolitan statistical area (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget). The report submitted under this subsection shall include any legislative recommendations relating to the findings of the feasibility study conducted under this subsection.

SA 2960. Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. Nelson of Florida, Mr. Sessions, and Mr. Thune) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title II, add the following:

SEC. 236. POLICY ON PROGRAMS IN SPACE TO DE-FEND UNITED STATES ASSETS.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) United States space-based satellites provide automated reconnaissance and mapping, aid weather prediction, track fleet and troop movements, give accurate positions of United States and enemy forces, and guide missiles and pilotless planes to their targets during military operations.
- (2) United States access to space is dependent upon our ability to defend our space assets.
- (3) China has an aggressive mission to gain space power, and on January 17, 2007, China successfully conducted an anti-satellite (ASAT) weapons test that successfully destroyed an inactive Chinese weather satellite which the resulting space debris generated threatens the space assets of many nations.
- (4) Space-based weapons in the hands of hostile states constitute an asymmetric capability designed to undermine United States strengths.
- (5) Space-based assets have the potential to prevent interference with United States satellites.

(b) POLICY.—It is the policy of the Untied States to protect its military and civilian satellites and to research all potential means of doing so.

SA 2961. Mr. DOMENICI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1031. NATIONAL GUARD SUPPORT FOR BORDER CONTROL ACTIVITIES.

- (a) SUPPORT AUTHORIZED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 1 of title 32, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 112 the following new section:

"§ 112a. Border control activities

- "(a) FUNDING ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of Defense may provide funds to the Governor of a State who submits to the Secretary a State border control activities plan satisfying the requirements of subsection (c). Such funds shall be used for the following:
- "(1) The pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses, as authorized by State law, of personnel of the National Guard of that State used, while not in Federal service, for the purpose of border control activities.
- "(2) The operation and maintenance of the equipment and facilities of the National Guard of that State used for the purpose of border control activities.
- "(3) The procurement of services and equipment, and the leasing of equipment, for the National Guard of that State used for the purpose of border control activities. However, the use of such funds for the procurement of equipment may not exceed \$5,000 per item, unless approval for procurement of equipment in excess of that amount is granted in advance by the Secretary of Defense.
- "(b) USE OF PERSONNEL PERFORMING FULL-TIME NATIONAL GUARD DUTY.—(1) Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, personnel of the National Guard of a State may, in accordance with the State border control activities plan referred to in subsection (c), be ordered to perform full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title for the purpose of carrying out border control activities.
- "(2)(A) A member of the National Guard serving on full-time National Guard duty under orders authorized under paragraph (1) shall participate in the training required under section 502(a) of this title in addition to the duty performed for the purpose authorized under that paragraph. The pay, allowances, and other benefits of the member while participating in the training shall be the same as those to which the member is entitled while performing duty for the purpose of carrying out border control activities. The member is not entitled to additional pay, allowances, or other benefits for participation in training required under section 502(a)(1) of this title.
- "(B) Appropriations available for the Department of Defense for homeland defense may be used for paying costs associated with a member's participation in training described in subparagraph (A). The appropriation shall be reimbursed in full, out of appropriations available for paying those costs,

for the amounts paid. Appropriations available for paying those costs shall be available for making the reimbursements.

- "(C) To ensure that the use of units and personnel of the National Guard of a State pursuant to a State border control activities plan does not degrade the training and readiness of such units and personnel, the following requirements shall apply in determining the border control activities that units and personnel of the National Guard of a State may perform:
- "(i) The performance of the activities may not adversely affect the quality of that training or otherwise interfere with the ability of a member or unit of the National Guard to perform the military functions of the member or unit.
- "(ii) National Guard personnel will not degrade their military skills as a result of performing the activities.
- "(iii) The performance of the activities will not result in a significant increase in the cost of training.
- "(iv) In the case of border control activities performed by a unit organized to serve as a unit, the activities will support valid unit training requirements.
- "(c) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—A State border control activities plan shall—
- "(1) specify how personnel of the National Guard of that State are to be used in border control activities in support of the mission of the United States Customs and Border Protection of the Department of Homeland Security:
- "(2) certify that those operations are to be conducted at a time when the personnel involved are not in Federal service;
- "(3) certify that participation by National Guard personnel in those operations is service in addition to training required under section 502 of this title;
- "(4) certify that any engineer-type activities (as defined by the Secretary of Defense) under the plan will be performed only by units and members of the National Guard;
- "(5) include a certification by the Attorney General of the State (or, in the case of a State with no position of Attorney General, a civilian official of the State equivalent to a State attorney general) that the use of the National Guard of the State for the activities proposed under the plan is authorized by, and is consistent with. State law: and
- "(6) certify that the Governor of the State or a civilian law enforcement official of the State designated by the Governor has determined that any activities included in the plan that are carried out in conjunction with Federal law enforcement agencies serve a State law enforcement purpose.
- "(d) EXAMINATION OF PLAN.—Before funds are provided to the Governor of a State under this section and before members of the National Guard of that State are ordered to full-time National Guard duty as authorized in subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, examine the adequacy of the plan submitted by the Governor under subsection (c). The plan as approved by the Secretary of Defense may provide for the use of personnel and equipment of the National Guard of that State to assist the Immigration and Naturalization Service in the transportation of aliens who have violated a Federal immigration law.
- "(e) END STRENGTH LIMITATION.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), at the end of a fiscal year there may not be more than 6,000 members of the National Guard—
- $\lq\lq(A)$ on full-time National Guard duty under section 502(f) of this title to perform border control activities pursuant to an order to duty; or
- "(B) on duty under State authority to perform border control activities pursuant to an

order to duty with State pay and allowances being reimbursed with funds provided under subsection (a)(1).

"(2) The Secretary of Defense may increase the end strength authorized under paragraph (1) by not more than 20 percent for any fiscal year if the Secretary determines that such an increase is necessary in the national security interests of the United States.

"(f) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress an annual report regarding assistance provided and activities carried out under this section during the preceding fiscal year. The report shall include the following:

- "(1) The number of members of the National Guard excluded under subsection (e) from the computation of end strengths.
- "(2) A description of the border control activities conducted under State border control activities plans referred to in subsection (c) with funds provided under this section.
- "(3) An accounting of the amount of funds provided to each State.
- "(4) A description of the effect on military training and readiness of using units and personnel of the National Guard to perform activities under the State border control activities plans.
- "(g) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as a limitation on the authority of any unit of the National Guard of a State, when such unit is not in Federal service, to perform law enforcement functions authorized to be performed by the National Guard by the laws of the State concerned.
 - "(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'border control activities', with respect to the National Guard of a State, means the use of National Guard personnel in border control activities authorized by the law of the State and requested by the Governor of the State in support of the mission of the United States Customs and Border Protection of the Department of Homeland Security, including activities as follows:
- "(A) Construction of roads, fences, and vehicle barriers.
 - "(B) Search and rescue operations.
- "(C) Intelligence gathering, surveillance, and reconnaissance.
- "(D) Communications and information technology support.
- "(E) Installation and operation of cameras. "(F) Repair and maintenance of infrastructure
- "(G) Administrative support.
- "(H) Aviation support, including maintenance.
 - "(I) Logistics support.
- "(2) The term 'Governor of a State' means, in the case of the District of Columbia, the Commanding General of the National Guard of the District of Columbia.
- "(3) The term 'State' means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or possession of the United States.".
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 112 the following new item:
- "112a. Border control activities."
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 2007.

SA 2962. Mrs. BOXER (for herself, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Mr. OBAMA) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construc-

tion, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 175, between lines 10 and 11, insert the following:

SEC. 703. IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MENTAL HEALTH TASK FORCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable, but not later than May 31, 2008, the Secretary of Defense shall implement the recommendations of the Department of Defense Task Force on Mental Health developed pursuant to section 723 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3348) to ensure a full continuum of psychological health services and care for members of the Armed Forces and their families.
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION OF CERTAIN RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall implement the following recommendations of the Department of Defense Task Force on Mental Health:
- (1) The implementation of a comprehensive public education campaign to reduce the stigma associated with mental health problems.
- (2) The appointment of a psychological director of health for each military department, each military treatment facility, the National Guard, and the Reserve Component, and the establishment of a psychological health council.
- (3) The establishment of a center of excellence for the study of psychological health.
- (4) The enhancement of TRICARE benefits and care for mental health problems.
- (5) The implementation of an annual psychological health assessment addressing cognition, psychological functioning, and overall psychological readiness for each member of the Armed Forces, including members of the National Guard and Reserve Component.
- (6) The development of a model for allocating resources to military mental health facilities, and services embedded in line units, based on an assessment of the needs of and risks faced by the populations served by such facilities and services.
- (7) The issuance of a policy directive to ensure that each military department carefully assesses the history of occupational exposure to conditions potentially resulting in post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, or related diagnoses in members of the Armed Forces facing administrative or medical discharge.
- (8) The maintenance of adequate family support programs for families of deployed members of the Armed Forces.
- (c) RECOMMENDATIONS REQUIRING LEGISLATIVE ACTION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a description of any legislative action required to implement the recommendations of the Department of Defense Mental Health Task Force.
- (d) RECOMMENDATIONS TO BE NOT IMPLEMENTED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a description of any recommendations of the Department of Defense Mental Health Task Force the Secretary of Defense has determined not to implement.
 - (e) Progress Reports Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every six months thereafter until the

date described in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status of the implementation of the recommendations of the Department of Defense Mental Health Task Force.

(2) DATE DESCRIBED.—The date described in this paragraph is the date on which all recommendations of the Department of Defense Mental Health Task Force have been implemented other than the recommendations the Secretary has determined pursuant to subsection (d) not to implement.

SA 2963. Ms. LANDRIEU submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XXVI, add the following:

SEC. 2611. RELOCATION OF UNITS FROM ROB-ERTS UNITED STATES ARMY RE-SERVE CENTER AND NAVY-MARINE CORPS RESERVE CENTER, BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA.

For the purpose of siting an Army Reserve Center and Navy-Marine Corps Reserve Center for which funds are authorized to be appropriated in this Act in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, the Secretary of the Army may use land under the control of the State of Louisiana adjacent to, or in the vicinity of the Baton Rouge airport, Baton Rouge, Louisiana at a location determined by the Secretary to be in the best interest of national security and in the public interest.

SA 2964. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title I, add the following:

SEC. 143. C-40 AIRCRAFT.

- (a) ADDITIONAL AMOUNT FOR AIRCRAFT.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 103(1) for procurement of aircraft the Air Force is hereby increased by \$85.000.000.
- (b) AVAILABILITY.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 103(1) for procurement of aircraft for the Air Force, as increased by subsection (a), \$85,000,000 may be available for the procurement of one C-40 aircraft.
- (c) OFFSET.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 102(a)(1) for procurement of aircraft for the Navy is hereby reduced by \$85,000,000, with the amount of the reduction to be allocated as follows:
- (1) \$69,000,000 to amounts available for procurement of UH-1Y/AH-1Z helicopters.
- (2) \$16,000,000 to amounts available for procurement of E-2C aircraft.

SA 2965. Mr. DURBIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for

military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 1234. PLAN FOR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN AFGHANISTAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall jointly submit to Congress a comprehensive 5-year plan for United States support and assistance in the political and economic development of Afghanistan.
- (b) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the plan under subsection (a), the Secretary of State and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall consult with, among others, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Attorney General, the Secretary-General of the United Nations, the NATO Secretary General, and the heads of other international and nongovernmental organizations dedicated to international development.

SA 2966. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES ON A VOTE BY THE PARLIAMENT OF IRAQ ON THE UNITED STATES MILITARY MISSION IN IRAQ.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) Section 1314(d) of the U.S. Troop Readiness, Veterans' Care, Katrina Recovery, and Iraq Accountability Appropriations Act of 2007 (Public Law 110-28; 121 Stat. 125) states that "[t]he President of the United States, in respecting the sovereign rights of the nation of Iraq, shall direct the orderly redeployment of elements of U.S. forces from Iraq, if the components of the Iraqi government, acting in strict accordance with their respective powers given by the Iraqi Constitution, reach a consensus as recited in a resolution, directing a redeployment of U.S. forces".
- (2) President George W. Bush stated on April 24, 2007, that if the Government of Iraq "said get out now, we're tired of the coalition presence, U.S.'s presence is counterproductive, we would leave".
- (3) In May 2007, a majority of the members of the Parliament of Iraq reportedly signed draft legislation calling for a timetable for the withdrawal of United States forces from Iraq.
- (b) POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.—It shall be the policy of the United States to request that the Prime Minister of Iraq submit to the Parliament of Iraq a resolution stating that it is in the interests of the people of Iraq to transition the United States military mission in Iraq to (1) training, equipping, and providing logistic support to the Iraqi Security Forces, (2) engaging in targeted counterterrorism operations against al Qaeda, al Qaeda-affiliated groups, and other

international terrorist organizations, and (3) protecting United States and Coalition personnel and infrastructure, and redeploy United States forces not necessary to complete such missions by not later than nine months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 2967. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. CONDITIONING OF UNITED STATES SUPPORT FOR GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ ON MEETING KEY POLITICAL BENCHMARKS.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) On November 27, 2006, Prime Minister of Iraq Nuri al-Maliki stated that "[t]he crisis is political, and the ones who can stop the cycle of aggravation and bloodletting of innocents are the politicians".
- (2) On January 7, 2007, President George W. Bush stated in a speech to the Nation that the purpose of sending more troops to Iraq was to provide "breathing space" to the Iraqis to achieve national reconciliation, and that "America will hold the Iraqi government to the benchmarks it has announced".
- (3) On September 4, 2007, the Government Accountability Office reported that the Government of Iraq had met only one of the eight legislative benchmarks necessary for political reconciliation.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States strategy in Iraq should be conditioned on the Government of Iraq meeting key political benchmarks, as told to members of Congress by the President, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and reflected in the commitments of the Government of Iraq to the United States and to the international community, including—
- (1) forming a Constitutional Review Committee and then completing the constitutional review;
- (2) enacting and implementing legislation on de-Ba'aathification;
- (3) enacting and implementing legislation to ensure the equitable distribution of hydrocarbon resources of the people of Iraq without regard to the sect or ethnicity of recipients, and enacting and implementing legislation to ensure that the energy resources of Iraq benefit Sunni Arabs, Shia Arabs, Kurds, and other Iraqi citizens in an equitable manner; and
- (4) enacting and implementing legislation establishing an Independent High Electoral Commission, provincial elections law, provincial council authorities, and a date for provincial elections.
- (c) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress an independent report setting forth—
- (1) the status of the achievement by the Government of Iraq of each of the benchmarks described in subsection (a)(3); and
- (2) the Comptroller General's assessment of whether or not each benchmark has been met.

(d) WITHDRAWAL OF POLITICAL SUPPORT.—If in the report under subsection (c) the Comptroller General determines that the Government of Iraq has not met each of the benchmarks described in subsection (a)(3), the United States shall immediately withdraw political support for the Government of Iraq under Prime Minister Nuri al-Maliki and support efforts by the Iraqi Parliament to form a new government.

SA 2968. Mr. KERRY (for himself, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. HAGEL, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Ms. CANTWELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

DIVISION D—VETERAN SMALL BUSINESSES

SEC. 4001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Military Reservist and Veteran Small Business Reauthorization and Opportunity Act of 2007". SEC. 4002. DEFINITIONS.

In this division—

- (1) the term "activated" means receiving an order placing a Reservist on active duty;
- (2) the term "active duty" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 10, United States Code;
- (3) the terms "Administration" and "Administrator" mean the Small Business Administration and the Administrator thereof, respectively:
- (4) the term "Reservist" means a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces, as described in section 10101 of title 10, United States Code:
- (5) the term "Service Corps of Retired Executives" means the Service Corps of Retired Executives authorized by section 8(b)(1) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(b)(1)):
- (6) the terms "service-disabled veteran" and "small business concern" have the meaning as in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632);
- (7) the term "small business development center" means a small business development center described in section 21 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 648); and
- (8) the term "women's business center" means a women's business center described in section 29 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 656).

TITLE XLI—VETERANS BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 4101. INCREASED FUNDING FOR THE OFFICE OF VETERANS BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Office of Veterans Business Development of the Administration, to remain available until expended—
 - (1) \$2,100,000 for fiscal year 2008;
 - (2) \$2,300,000 for fiscal year 2009; and
 - (3) \$2,500,000 for fiscal year 2010.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that any amounts provided pursuant to this section that are in excess of amounts provided to the Administration for the Office of Veterans Business Development in fiscal year 2007, should be used to support Veterans Business Outreach Centers.

SEC. 4102. INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.

Section 32 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 657b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(d) INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.-
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the President shall establish an interagency task force to coordinate the efforts of Federal agencies necessary to increase capital and business development opportunities for, and increase the award of Federal contracting and subcontracting opportunities to, small business concerns owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans and small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans (in this section referred to as the 'task force').
- $\lq\lq(2)$ Membership.—The members of the task force shall include—
- "(A) the Administrator, who shall serve as chairperson of the task force;

"(B) a representative from-

- ``(i) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
- "(ii) the Department of Defense;
- $\lq\lq$ (iii) the Administration (in addition to the Administrator);

"(iv) the Department of Labor;

- "(v) the Department of the Treasury;
- "(vi) the General Services Administration; and
- "(vii) the Office of Management and Budget; and
- "(C) 4 representatives from a veterans service or military organization, selected by the President.
- "(3) DUTIES.—The task force shall coordinate administrative and regulatory activities and develop proposals relating to—
- "(A) increasing capital access and capacity of small business concerns owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans and small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans through loans, surety bonding, and franchising:
- "(B) increasing access to Federal contracting and subcontracting for small business concerns owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans and small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans through expanded mentor-protégé assistance and matching such small business concerns with contracting opportunities;
- "(C) increasing the integrity of certifications of status as a small business concern owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans or a small business concern owned and controlled by veterans;
- "(D) reducing paperwork and administrative burdens on veterans in accessing business development and entrepreneurship opportunities; and
- "(E) making other improvements relating to the support for veterans business development by the Federal Government.
- "(4) REPORTING.—The task force shall submit an annual report regarding its activities and proposals to—
- "(A) the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship and the Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the House of Representatives."

SEC. 4103. PERMANENT EXTENSION OF SBA ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON VETERANS BUSINESS AFFAIRS.

- (a) ASSUMPTION OF DUTIES.—Section 33 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 657c) is amended.—
- (1) by striking subsection (h); and
- (2) by redesignating subsections (i) through (k) as subsections (h) through (j), respectively.
- (b) PERMANENT EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.— Section 203 of the Veterans Entrepreneurship and Small Business Development Act of 1999 (15 U.S.C. 657b note) is amended by striking subsection (h).

TITLE XLII—NATIONAL RESERVIST EN-TERPRISE TRANSITION AND SUSTAIN-ABILITY

SEC. 4201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "National Reservist Enterprise Transition and Sustainability Act of 2007".

SEC. 4202. PURPOSE.

The purpose of this title is to establish a program to—

- (1) provide managerial, financial, planning, development, technical, and regulatory assistance to small business concerns owned and operated by Reservists;
- (2) provide managerial, financial, planning, development, technical, and regulatory assistance to the temporary heads of small business concerns owned and operated by Reservists:
- (3) create a partnership between the Small Business Administration, the Department of Defense, and the Department of Veterans Affairs to assist small business concerns owned and operated by Reservists:
- (4) utilize the service delivery network of small business development centers, women's business centers, Veterans Business Outreach Centers, and centers operated by the National Veterans Business Development Corporation to expand the access of small business concerns owned and operated by Reservists to programs providing business management, development, financial, procurement, technical, regulatory, and marketing assistance:
- (5) utilize the service delivery network of small business development centers, women's business centers, Veterans Business Outreach Centers, and centers operated by the National Veterans Business Development Corporation to quickly respond to an activation of Reservists that own and operate small business concerns; and
- (6) utilize the service delivery network of small business development centers, women's business centers, Veterans Business Outreach Centers, and centers operated by the National Veterans Business Development Corporation to assist Reservists that own and operate small business concerns in preparing for future military activations.

SEC. 4203. NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE BUSINESS ASSISTANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 21(a)(1) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 648(a)(1)) is amended by inserting "any small business development center, women's business center, Veterans Business Outreach Center, or center operated by the National Veterans Business Development Corporation providing enterprise transition and sustainability assistance to Reservists under section 37," after "any women's business center operating pursuant to section 29."
- (b) PROGRAM.—The Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 37 (15 U.S.C. 631 note) as section 38; and
- (2) by inserting after section 36 the following:

"SEC. 37. RESERVIST ENTERPRISE TRANSITION AND SUSTAINABILITY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish a program to provide business planning assistance to small business concerns owned and operated by Reservists.
 - "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
- "(1) the terms 'activated' and 'activation' mean having received an order placing a Reservists on active duty, as defined by section 101(1) of title 10, United States Code;
- "(2) the term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, acting through the Associate Administrator for Small Business Development Centers:
- "(3) the term 'Association' means the association established under section 21(a)(3)(A);

- "(4) the term 'eligible applicant' means-
- "(A) a small business development center that is accredited under section 21(k);
 - "(B) a women's business center;
- "(C) a Veterans Business Outreach Center that receives funds from the Office of Veterans Business Development; or
- "(D) an information and assistance center operated by the National Veterans Business Development Corporation under section 33;
- "(5) the term 'enterprise transition and sustainability assistance' means assistance provided by an eligible applicant to a small business concern owned and operated by a Reservist, who has been activated or is likely to be activated in the next 12 months, to develop and implement a business strategy for the period while the owner is on active duty and 6 months after the date of the return of the owner:
- ``(6) the term 'Reservist' means any person who is—
- "(A) a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces, as defined by section 10101 of title 10, United States Code; and
- "(B) on active status, as defined by section 101(d)(4) of title 10, United States Code;
- "(7) the term 'small business development center' means a small business development center as described in section 21 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 648);
- "(8) the term 'State' means each of the several States of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and Guam; and
- "(9) the term 'women's business center' means a women's business center described in section 29 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 656)
- "(c) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator may award grants, in accordance with the regulations developed under subsection (d), to eligible applicants to assist small business concerns owned and operated by Reservists by—
- "(1) providing management, development, financing, procurement, technical, regulatory, and marketing assistance;
- "(2) providing access to information and resources, including Federal and State business assistance programs;
- "(3) distributing contact information provided by the Department of Defense regarding activated Reservists to corresponding State directors;
- "(4) offering free, one-on-one, in-depth counseling regarding management, development, financing, procurement, regulations, and marketing;
- "(5) assisting in developing a long-term plan for possible future activation; and
- "(6) providing enterprise transition and sustainability assistance.
 - "(d) Rulemaking.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in consultation with the Association and after notice and an opportunity for comment, shall promulgate regulations to carry out this section.
- "(2) DEADLINE.—The Administrator shall promulgate final regulations not later than 180 days of the date of enactment of the Military Reservist and Veteran Small Business Reauthorization and Opportunity Act of 2007.
- "(3) CONTENTS.—The regulations developed by the Administrator under this subsection shall establish—
- "(A) procedures for identifying, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, States that have had a recent activation of Reservists:
- "(B) priorities for the types of assistance to be provided under the program authorized by this section;
- "(C) standards relating to educational, technical, and support services to be provided by a grantee;

- "(D) standards relating to any national service delivery and support function to be provided by a grantee:
- "(E) standards relating to any work plan that the Administrator may require a grantee to develop; and
- "(F) standards relating to the educational, technical, and professional competency of any expert or other assistance provider to whom a small business concern may be referred for assistance by a grantee.
 - "(e) APPLICATION .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each eligible applicant desiring a grant under this section shall submit an application to the Administrator at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Administrator may reasonably require.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each application submitted under paragraph (1) shall describe—
- "(A) the activities for which the applicant seeks assistance under this section; and
- $\lq\lq(B)$ how the applicant plans to allocate funds within its network.
 - "(f) AWARD OF GRANTS.—
- "(1) DEADLINE.—The Administrator shall award grants not later than 60 days after the promulgation of final rules and regulations under subsection (d).
- "(2) AMOUNT.—Each eligible applicant awarded a grant under this section shall receive a grant in an amount not greater than \$300.000 per fiscal year.
 - "(g) Report.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall—
- "(A) initiate an evaluation of the program not later than 30 months after the disbursement of the first grant under this section;
- "(B) submit a report not later than 6 months after the initiation of the evaluation under paragraph (1) to—
 - "(i) the Administrator;
- "(ii) the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate; and
- "(iii) the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives.
- $\mbox{``(2)}$ Contents.—The report under paragraph (1) shall—
- "(A) address the results of the evaluation conducted under paragraph (1); and
- "(B) recommend changes to law, if any, that it believes would be necessary or advisable to achieve the goals of this section.
 - "(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—
- "(A) \$5,000,000 for the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of the Military Reservist and Veteran Small Business Reauthorization and Opportunity Act of 2007; and
- "(B) \$5,000,000 for each of the 3 fiscal years following the fiscal year described in subparagraph (A).
- "(2) LIMITATION ON USE OF OTHER FUNDS.— The Administrator may carry out the program authorized by this section only with amounts appropriated in advance specifically to carry out this section."

TITLE XLIII—RESERVIST PROGRAMS SEC. 4301. RESERVIST PROGRAMS.

- (a) APPLICATION PERIOD.—Section 7(b)(3)(C) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3)(C)) is amended by striking "90 days" and inserting "1 year".
- (b) Pre-Consideration Process.-
- (1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term "eligible Reservist" means a Reservist who—
 - (A) has not been ordered to active duty;
- (B) expects to be ordered to active duty during a period of military conflict; and
- (C) can reasonably demonstrate that the small business concern for which that Reservist is a key employee will suffer eco-

- nomic injury in the absence of that Reservist.
- (2) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish a preconsideration process, under which the Administrator—
- (A) may collect all relevant materials necessary for processing a loan to a small business concern under section 7(b)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3)) before an eligible Reservist employed by that small business concern is activated; and
- (B) shall distribute funds for any loan approved under subparagraph (A) if that eligible Reservist is activated.
- (c) OUTREACH AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Defense, shall develop a comprehensive outreach and technical assistance program (in this subsection referred to as the "program") to—
- (A) market the loans available under section 7(b)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3)) to Reservists, and family members of Reservists, that are on active duty and that are not on active duty; and
- (B) provide technical assistance to a small business concern applying for a loan under that section.
 - (2) COMPONENTS.—The program shall—
- (A) incorporate appropriate websites maintained by the Administration, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and the Department of Defense; and
- (B) require that information on the program is made available to small business concerns directly through—
- (i) the district offices and resource partners of the Administration, including small business development centers, women's business centers, and the Service Corps of Retired Executives; and
- (ii) other Federal agencies, including the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Department of Defense.
 - (3) Report.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 6 months thereafter until the date that is 30 months after such date of enactment, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the status of the program.
- (B) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under subparagraph (A) shall include—
- (i) for the 6-month period ending on the date of that report—
- (I) the number of loans approved under section 7(b)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3));
- (II) the number of loans disbursed under that section; and
- (III) the total amount disbursed under that section; and
- (ii) recommendations, if any, to make the program more effective in serving small business concerns that employ Reservists.

SEC. 4302. RESERVIST LOANS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 7(b)(3)(E) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3)(E)) is amended by striking "\$1,500,000" each place such term appears and inserting "\$2,000,000".
 - (b) LOAN INFORMATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Defense shall develop a joint website and printed materials providing information regarding any program for small business concerns that is available to veterans or Reservists.
- (2) MARKETING.—The Administrator is authorized—
- (A) to advertise and promote the program under section 7(b)(3) of the Small Business

Act jointly with the Secretary of Defense and veterans' service organizations; and

(B) to advertise and promote participation by lenders in such program jointly with trade associations for banks or other lending institutions.

SEC. 4303. NONCOLLATERALIZED LOANS.

Section 7(b)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

(G)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator may make a loan under this paragraph of not more than \$50,000 without collateral.

'(ii) The Administrator may defer payment of principal and interest on a loan described in clause (i) during the longer of-

'(I) the 1-year period beginning on the date of the initial disbursement of the loan; and

'(II) the period during which the relevant essential employee is on active duty.".

SEC, 4304, LOAN PRIORITY.

Section 7(b)(3) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(b)(3)), as amended by this Act. is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(H) The Administrator shall give priority to any application for a loan under this paragraph and shall process and make a determination regarding such applications prior to processing or making a determination on other loan applications under this subsection, on a rolling basis."

SEC. 4305. RELIEF FROM TIME LIMITATIONS FOR VETERAN-OWNED SMALL BUSI-

Section 3(q) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(q)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(5) Relief from time limitations.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any time limitation on any qualification, certification, or period of participation imposed under this Act on any program available to small business concerns shall be extended for a small business concern that—

'(i) is owned and controlled by-

"(I) a veteran who was called or ordered to active duty under a provision of law specified in section 101(a)(13)(B) of title 10. United States Code, on or after September 11, 2001:

"(II) a service-disabled veteran who became such a veteran due to an injury or illness incurred or aggravated in the active military, naval, or air service during a period of active duty pursuant to a call or order to active duty under a provision of law referred to in subclause (I) on or after September 11, 2001; and

"(ii) was subject to the time limitation during such period of active duty.

"(B) DURATION.—Upon submission of proper documentation to the Administrator, the extension of a time limitation under subparagraph (A) shall be equal to the period of time that such veteran who owned or controlled such a concern was on active duty as described in that subparagraph.".

SEC. 4306. SERVICE-DISABLED VETERANS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives a report describing-

(1) the types of assistance needed by service-disabled veterans who wish to become entrepreneurs; and

(2) any resources that would assist such service-disabled veterans.

SEC. 4307. STUDY ON OPTIONS FOR PROMOTING POSITIVE WORKING RELATIONS BE TWEEN EMPLOYERS AND THEIR RE-SERVE COMPONENT EMPLOYEES.

(a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a

study on options for promoting positive working relations between employers and Reserve component employees of such employers, including assessing options for improving the time in which employers of Reservists are notified of the call or order of such members to active duty other than for training.

(b) REPORT.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the study conducted under subsection (a).

(2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall-

(A) provide a quantitative and qualitative assessment of-

(i) what measures, if any, are being taken to inform Reservists of the obligations and responsibilities of such members to their emplovers:

(ii) how effective such measures have been: and

(iii) whether there are additional measures that could be taken to promote positive working relations between Reservists and their employers, including any steps that could be taken to ensure that employers are timely notified of a call to active duty; and

(B) assess whether there has been a reduction in the hiring of Reservists by business concerns because of-

(i) any increase in the use of Reservists after September 11, 2001; or

(ii) any change in any policy of the Department of Defense relating to Reservists after September 11, 2001.

(c) Appropriate Committees of Congress DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means-

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives.

TITLE XLIV—OFFSET OF AUTHORIZATION SEC. 4401. OFFSET.

Section 20 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 note) is amended by inserting after subsection (e) the following:

'(f) MICROLOANS.—For each of fiscal years 2008 through 2011, for the programs authorized by section 7(m), the Administrator is authorized to make \$42,000,000 in loans."

SA 2969. Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr DOMENICI, Mr. HAGEL, Mr. OBAMA, and Mr. Tester) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VII, add the following: SEC. 703. CENTER OF EXCELLENCE IN PREVEN-TION, DIAGNOSIS, TREATMENT, AND REHABILITATION OF MILITARY EYE INJURIES.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT -

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1105 the following new section:

"§ 1105a. Center of Excellence in Prevention, Diagnosis, Mitigation, Treatment, and Rehabilitation of Military Eye Injuries

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish within the Department of Defense a center of excellence in the prevention, diagnosis, mitigation, treatment, and rehabilitation of military eye injuries to carry out the responsibilities specified in subsection (c). The center shall be known as a 'Center of Excellence in Prevention, Diagnosis, Mitigation, Treatment, and Rehabilitation of Military Eye Injuries'.

'(b) PARTNERSHIPS.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Center collaborates to the maximum extent practicable with the Department of Veterans Affairs, institutions of higher education, and other appropriate public and private entities (including international entities) to carry out the responsibilities specified in subsection (c).

"(c) Responsibilities.—(1) The Center shall-

"(A) develop, implement, and oversee a registry of information for the tracking of the diagnosis, surgical intervention or other operative procedure, other treatment, and follow up for each case of eye injury incurred by a member of the armed forces in combat that requires surgery or other operative intervention; and

"(B) ensure the electronic exchange with Secretary of Veterans Affairs of information obtained through tracking under subparagraph (A).

"(2) The registry under this subsection shall be known as the 'Military Eye Injury

Registry

"(3) The Center shall develop the Registry in consultation with the ophthalmological specialist personnel and optometric specialist personnel of the Department of Defense. The mechanisms and procedures of the Registry shall reflect applicable expert research on military and other eye injuries.

"(4) The mechanisms of the Registry for tracking under paragraph (1)(A) shall ensure that each military medical treatment facility or other medical facility shall submit to the Center for inclusion in the Registry information on the diagnosis, surgical intervention or other operative procedure, other treatment, and follow up for each case of eye injury described in that paragraph as follows (to the extent applicable):

"(A) Not later than 72 hours after surgery or other operative intervention.

"(B) Any clinical or other operative intervention done within 30 days, 60 days, or 120 days after surgery or other operative intervention as a result of a follow-up examination.

"(C) Not later than 180 days after surgery or other operative intervention.

"(5)(A) The Center shall provide notice to the Blind Service or Low Vision Optometry Service, as applicable, of the Department of Veterans Affairs on each member of the armed forces described in subparagraph (B) for purposes of ensuring the coordination of the provision of visual rehabilitation benefits and services by the Department of Veterans Affairs after the separation or release of such member from the armed forces.

"(B) A member of the armed forces described in this subparagraph is a member of the armed forces as follows:

"(i) A member with an eye injury incurred in combat who has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in either eye.

"(ii) A member with an eye injury incurred in combat who has a loss of peripheral vision of twenty degrees or less.

"(d) UTILIZATION OF REGISTRY INFORMA-TION.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall jointly ensure that information in the Military Eye Injury Registry is available to appropriate ophthalmological and optometric personnel of the Department of Veterans Affairs for purposes of encouraging and facilitating the conduct of research, and the development of best practices and clinical education, on eye

injuries incurred by members of the armed forces in combat.".

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 55 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1105 the following new item:

"1105a. Center of Excellence in Prevention,
Diagnosis, Mitigation, Treatment, and Rehabilitation of
Military Eye Injuries.".

- (b) INCLUSION OF RECORDS OF OIF/OEF VETERANS.—The Secretary of Defense shall take appropriate actions to include in the Military Eye Injury Registry established under section 1105a of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), such records of members of the Armed Forces who incurred an eye injury in combat in Operation Iraqi Freedom or Operation Enduring Freedom before the establishment of the Registry as the Secretary considers appropriate for purposes of the Registry.
- (c) REPORT ON ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the status of the Center of Excellence in Prevention, Diagnosis, Mitigation, Treatment, and Rehabilitation of Military Eye Injuries under section 1105a of title 10, United States Code (as so added), including the progress made in established the Military Eye Injury Registry required under that section.
- (d) TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY POST TRAU-MATIC VISUAL SYNDROME.—In carrying out the program at Walter Reed Army Medical Center, District of Columbia, on Traumatic Brain Injury Post Traumatic Visual Syndrome, the Secretary of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs shall jointly provide for the conduct of a cooperative study on neuro-optometric screening and diagnosis of members of the Armed Forces with Traumatic Brain Injury by military medical treatment facilities of the Department of Defense and medical centers of the Department of Veterans Affairs selected for purposes of this subsection for purposes of vision screening, diagnosis, rehabilitative management, and vision research on visual dysfunction related to Traumatic Brain Injurv.
- (e) Funding.—Of the amounts available for Defense Health Program, \$5,000,000 may be available for the Center of Excellence in Prevention, Diagnosis, Mitigation, Treatment, and Rehabilitation of Military Eye Injuries under section 1105a of title 10, United States Code (as so added).

SA 2970. Mr. KERRY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. ____. CONDITIONING OF UNITED STATES STRATEGY IN IRAQ TO IRAQ GOVERNMENT'S MEETING OF POLITICAL BENCHMARKS.

(a) POLITICAL BENCHMARKS.—The United States strategy in Iraq shall be conditioned on the government of Iraq meeting four political benchmarks, as told to members of Congress by the President, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and reflected in the government of Iraq's commitments to the United States, and to the international community, including:

- (1) Forming a Constitutional Review Committee and then completing the constitutional review.
- (2) Enacting and implementing legislation on de-Ba'aathification.
- (3) Enacting and implementing legislation to ensure the equitable distribution of hydrocarbon resources of the people of Iraq without regard to the sect or ethnicity of recipients, and enacting and implementing legislation to ensure that the energy resources of Iraq benefit Sunni Arabs, Shia Arabs, Kurds, and other Iraqi citizens in an equitable manner.
- (4) Enacting and implementing legislation establishing an Independent High Electoral Commission, provincial elections law, provincial council authorities, and a date for provincial elections
- provincial elections.
 (b) INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress an independent report setting forth:
- (1) the status of the achievement of the benchmarks described in subsection (a).
- (2) the Comptroller General's assessment of whether or not each benchmark has been met.
- (c) LIMITED PRESENCE AFTER REDUCTION AND TRANSITION.—If the Comptroller General's report finds that the government of Iraq has not met each of the benchmarks described in subsection (a), the mission of the United States military forces shall immediately be transitioned to (1) protecting United States and Coalition personnel and infrastructure, (2) training, equipping, and providing logistic support to the Iraqi Security Forces, (3) securing Iraq's borders in order to deter intervention and infiltration by Iranian and other foreign forces, and (4) engaging in targeted counterterrorism operations against al Qaeda, al Qaeda affiliated groups, and other international terrorist organizations, and all U.S. forces not necessary to complete such missions shall be redeployed from Iraq not later than twelve months after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 2971. Mr. SMITH (for himself and Mr. Wyden) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. SENSE OF SENATE ON AIR FORCE USE OF TOWBARLESS AIRCRAFT GROUND EQUIPMENT.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:
- (1) The Air Force is currently evaluating the use of towbarless aircraft ground support equipment, including revision of regulations to allow for the use of towbarless vehicles on jet and cargo aircraft.
- (2) The use of aircraft ground support equipment has the potential to allow for safer and labor reducing towing of jet and cargo aircraft.
- (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of the Air Force should modify regulations as appropriate to allow for the use of towbarless aircraft ground support equipment, which promotes safety and reduces labor.

SA 2972. Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself, Mr. Lautenberg, Mr. Harkin, and

Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title XXVIII, add the following:

SEC. 2842. LIMITATION ON COST GROWTH ASSO-CIATED WITH 2005 ROUND OF DE-FENSE BASE CLOSURE AND RE-ALIGNMENT.

The Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"SEC. 2915. LIMITATION ON COST GROWTH APPLI-CABLE TO CLOSURES AND REALIGN-MENTS UNDER 2005 ROUND.

- ``(a) SEMIANNUAL REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION COSTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than October 7, 2007, and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the costs of implementing the recommendations of the Commission contained in the report transmitted to Congress on September 15, 2005, under section 2903(e) that relate to closures and realignments that have not been fully implemented.
- "(2) ESTIMATES REQUIRED.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include, for each individual recommended base closure or realignment—
- "(A) the baseline estimate of one-time implementation costs; and
- "(B) the current estimate of one-time implementation costs, including any increase attributable to actual or anticipated costs due to inflation.
- ''(b) Special Procedures Required To Address Certain Cost Increases.—
- "(1) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—In the event that the Secretary of Defense determines, based on a report prepared under subsection (a), that the current estimate of onetime implementation costs for an individual base closure or realignment is at least 25 percent greater than the baseline estimate of one-time implementation costs for such closure or realignment (in this section referred to as a 'substantially over budget base closure or realignment'), the Secretary shall promptly provide notification of such determination, including the amount of the expected increase and the date the determination was made, to the chairman and ranking member of each of the congressional defense committees.
- "(2) BUSINESS PLAN TO CONTROL COSTS.— The Secretary of Defense shall develop a business plan to reduce the costs of any individual substantially over budget base closure or realignment to a level less than 25 percent greater than the baseline estimate for such closure or realignment.
- "(c) IMPLEMENTATION OF SUBSTANTIALLY OVER BUDGET BASE CLOSURES AND REALIGNMENTS.—
- "(1) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not later than 45 days after an individual base closure or realignment is identified in a report required under subsection (a) as a substantially over budget base closure or realignment, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the President a recommendation regarding whether to continue implementation of such closure or realignment.

- "(2) JUSTIFICATION REQUIRED.—In the event the Secretary recommends that an individual substantially over budget base closure or realignment should continue to be implemented despite the excessive cost overruns, the Secretary shall include the justification for continuing such closure or realignment.
- "(3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after receiving a recommendation regarding whether to continue implementation of an individual substantially over budget base closure or realignment under paragraph (1), the President shall submit to Congress a report including the recommendation of the President regarding the implementation of such closure or realignment.
 - "(4) Congressional disapproval.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may not continue or discontinue the implementation of an individual substantially over budget base closure or realignment recommended by the President under paragraph (3) if a joint resolution is enacted, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d), disapproving such recommendation of the President before the earlier of—
- "(i) the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date on which the President submits to Congress a report under paragraph (3) that includes a recommendation regarding the mplementation of an individual substantially over budget base closure or realignment; or
- "(ii) the adjournment of Congress sine die for the session during which such report is submitted.
- "(B) COMPUTATION OF PERIOD.—For purposes of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph and paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (d), the days on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain shall be excluded in the computation of a period.
- "(d) CONGRESSIONAL CONSIDERATION OF RECOMMENDATION REGARDING IMPLEMENTA-TION OF SUBSTANTIALLY OVER BUDGET BASE CLOSURES OR REALIGNMENT.—
- "(1) TERMS OF THE RESOLUTION.—For purposes of subsection (c)(4), the term 'joint resolution' means only a joint resolution which is introduced within the 10-day period beginning on the date on which the President submits to Congress a report under subsection (c)(3) that includes a recommendation regarding the implementation of a substantially over budget base closure or realignment, and—
 - "(A) which does not have a preamble:
- "(B) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: 'That Congress disapproves the recommendation of the President on with respect to
- ', the blank spaces being filled in with the appropriate date and the name of a military installation or other information that identifies the individual closure or realignment, respectively; and
- "(C) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution disapproving the recommendation of the President regarding implementation of a substantially over budget base closure or realignment.'.
- "(2) REFERRAL.—A resolution described in paragraph (1) that is introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives. A resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.
- "(3) DISCHARGE.—If the committee to which a resolution described in paragraph (1) is referred has not reported such resolution (or an identical resolution) by the end of the 20-day period beginning on the date on which the President submits to Congress a report under subsection (c)(3) that includes a rec-

ommendation regarding the implementation of a substantially over budget base closure or realignment, such committee shall be, at the end of such period, discharged from further consideration of such resolution, and such resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.

"(4) Consideration.-

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—On or after the third day after the date on which the committee to which such a resolution is referred has reported, or has been discharged (under paragraph (3)) from further consideration of, such a resolution, it is in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for any Member of the respective House to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. A Member may make the motion only on the day after the calendar day on which the Member announces to the House concerned the Member's intention to make the motion, except that, in the case of the House of Representatives, the motion may be made without such prior announcement if the motion is made by direction of the committee to which the resolution was referred. All points of order against the resolution (and against consideration of the resolution) are waived. The motion is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution is agreed to the respective House shall immediately proceed to consideration of the joint resolution without intervening motion, order, or other business, and the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the respective House until disposed of
- "(B) DEBATE.—Debate on the resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 2 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the resolution. An amendment to the resolution is not in order. A motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable. A motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit the resolution is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is agreed to or disagreed to is not in order.
- "(C) VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on a resolution described in paragraph (1) and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the appropriate House, the vote on final passage of the resolution shall occur.
- "(D) APPEALS.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution described in paragraph (1) shall be decided without debate.
- "(5) CONSIDERATION BY OTHER HOUSE.—
- "(A) PROCEDURES.—If, before the passage by one House of a resolution of that House described in paragraph (1), that House receives from the other House a resolution described in paragraph (1), then the following procedures shall apply:
- "(i) The resolution of the other House shall not be referred to a committee and may not be considered in the House receiving it except in the case of final passage as provided in clause (ii)(II).
- "(ii) With respect to a resolution described in paragraph (1) of the House receiving the resolution—

- "(I) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no resolution had been received from the other House; but
- "(II) the vote on final passage shall be on the resolution of the other House.
- "(B) DISPOSITION.—Upon disposition of the resolution received from the other House, it shall no longer be in order to consider the resolution that originated in the receiving House.
- "(6) RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE.— This section is enacted by Congress—
- "(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, and as such it is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of a resolution described in paragraph (1), and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and
- "(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.
- "(e) BASELINE ESTIMATE OF ONE-TIME IMPLEMENTATION COSTS DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'baseline estimate of one-time implementation costs' means the applicable cost set forth in the Cost of Base Realignment Actions (COBRA) report used and released by the Secretary of Defense at the time the Secretary published in the Federal Register and transmitted to the congressional defense committees and the Commission the initial list of recommendations for closure or realignment of military installations under section 2914(a).
- "(f) APPLICABILITY.—The reporting, notification, and other requirements of this section do not apply to base closures and realignments involving the establishment or consolidation of a joint base."
- SA 2973. Mr. MENENDEZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON EQUIPMENT FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD TO DE-FEND THE HOMELAND.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The Army National Guard and Air National Guard have played an increasing role in homeland security and a critical role in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.
- (2) As a result of persistent underfunding of procurement, lower prioritization, and more recently the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq, the Army National Guard and Air National Guard face significant equipment shortfalls.
- (3) The National Guard Bureau, in its February 26, 2007, report entitled "National Guard Equipment Requirements", outlines the "Essential 10" equipment needs to support the Army National Guard and Air National Guard in the performance of their domestic missions.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Army National Guard and

Air National Guard should have sufficient equipment available to accomplish their missions inside the United States and to protect the homeland.

SA 2974. Mr. McCAIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title I, add the following:

SEC. 143. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE AIR FORCE STRATEGY FOR THE RE-PLACEMENT OF THE AERIAL RE-FUELING TANKER AIRCRAFT FLEET.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the timely modernization of the Air Force aerial refueling tanker fleet is a vital national security priority; and
- (2) in furtherance of meeting this priority, the Secretary of the Air Force has initiated, and Congress approves of, a comprehensive strategy for replacing the aerial refueling tanker aircraft fleet, which includes the following elements:
- (A) Replacement of the aging tanker aircraft fleet with newer and improved capabilities under the KC-X program of record which supports the tanker replacement strategy, through the purchase of new commercial derivative aircraft.
- (B) Sustainment and extension of the legacy tanker aircraft fleet until replacement through depot-type modifications and upgrades of KC-135 aircraft and KC-10 aircraft.
- (C) Augmentation of the aerial refueling capability through aerial refueling Fee-for-Service.

SA 2975. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself and Mr. Kerry) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place insert:

The Secretary of Defense shall report with in 60 days of enactment of this Act to House Armed Services Committee and the Senate Armed Services Committee on the status of implementing section 552 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (P.L. 109–364) related to the application of the Uniform Code of Military Justice to military contractors during a time of war or a contingency operation.

SA 2976. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place insert:

SEC. (____). COMPETITION FOR THE PROCURE-MENT OF INDIVIDUAL WEAPONS.

- (a) SERVICE CERTIFICATION.—Not later than March 1, 2008 each military service shall certify new requirements for individual weapons that take into account lessons learned from combat operations
- (b) JOINT REQUIREMENTS OVERSIGHT COUNCIL (JROC) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than June I, 2008 the JROC shall certify individual weapon calibers that best satisfy the requirements described in (a).
- (b) COMPETITION REQUIRED.—Each military service shall rapidly conduct full and open competitions for procurements to fulfill the requirements described in (a) and (b).
- (c) PROCUREMENTS COVERED.—This section applies to the procurement of individual weapons less than .50 caliber (to include shotguns).

SA 2977. Mr. CHAMBLISS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title IX, add the following:

SEC. 937. PHYSICIANS AND HEALTH CARE PRO-FESSIONALS COMPARABILITY AL-LOWANCES.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ALLOWANCES. (1) AUTHORITY.—In order to recruit and retain highly qualified Department of Defense physicians and Department of Defense health care professionals, the Secretary of Defense may, subject to the provisions of this section, enter into a service agreement with a current or new Department of Defense physician or a Department of Defense health care professional which provides for such physician or health care professional to complete a specified period of service in the Department of Defense in return for an allowance for the duration of such agreement in an amount to be determined by the Secretary and specified in the agreement, but not to exceed-
- (A) in the case of a Department of Defense physician—
- (i) \$25,000 per annum if, at the time the agreement is entered into, the Department of Defense physician has served as a Department of Defense physician for 24 months or less; or
- (ii) \$40,000 per annum if the Department of Defense physician has served as a Department of Defense physician for more than 24 months; and
- (B) in the case of a Department of Defense health care professional—
- (i) an amount up to \$5,000 per annum if, at the time the agreement is entered into, the Department of Defense health care professional has served as a Department of Defense health care professional for less than 10 years:
- (ii) an amount up to \$10,000 per annum if, at the time the agreement is entered into, the Department of Defense health care professional has served as a Department of Defense health care professional for at least 10 years but less than 18 years; or
- (iii) an amount up to \$15,000 per annum if, at the time the agreement is entered into, the Department of Defense health care professional has served as a Department of Defense health care professional for 18 years or more.

- (2) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN SERVICE.—(A) For the purpose of determining length of service as a Department of Defense physician, service as a physician under section 4104 or 4114 of title 38, United States Code, or active service as a medical officer in the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service under title II of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 202 et seq.) shall be deemed service as a Department of Defense physician.
- (B) For the purpose of determining length of service as a Department of Defense health care professional, service as a nonphysician health care provider, psychologist, or social worker while serving as an officer described under section 302c(d)(1) of title 37, United States Code, shall be deemed service as a Department of Defense health care professional.
- (b) CERTAIN PHYSICIANS AND PROFESSIONALS INELIGIBLE.—An allowance may not be paid under this section to any physician or health care professional who—
- (1) is employed on less than a half-time or intermittent basis;
- (2) occupies an internship or residency training position; or
 - (3) is fulfilling a scholarship obligation.
- (c) COVERED CATEGORIES OF POSITIONS. The Secretary of Defense shall determine categories of positions applicable to physicians and health care professionals within the Department of Defense with respect to which there is a significant recruitment and retention problem for purposes of this section. Only physicians and health care professionals serving in such positions shall be eligible for an allowance under this section. The amounts of each such allowance shall be determined by the Secretary, and shall be the minimum amount necessary to deal with the recruitment and retention problem for each such category of physicians and health care professionals.
- (d) Period of Service.—Any agreement entered into by a physician or health care professional under this section shall be for a period of service in the Department of Defense specified in such agreement, which period may not be less than one year of service or exceed four years of service.
- (e) REPAYMENT.—Unless otherwise provided for in the agreement under subsection (f), an agreement under this section shall provide that the physician or health care professional, in the event that such physician or health care professional voluntarily, or because of misconduct, fails to complete at least one year of service under such agreement, shall be required to refund the total amount received under this section unless the Secretary of Defense determines that such failure is necessitated by circumstances beyond the control of the physician or health care professional.
- (f) TERMINATION OF AGREEMENT.—Any agreement under this section shall specify the terms under which the Secretary of Defense and the physician or health care professional may elect to terminate such agreement, and the amounts, if any, required to be refunded by the physician or health care professional for each reason for termination.

 (g) CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER AUTHORITIES—
- (1) ALLOWANCE NOT TREATABLE AS BASIC PAY.—An allowance paid under this section shall not be considered as basic pay for the purposes of subchapter VI and section 5595 of chapter 55 of title 5, United States Code, chapter 81 or 87 of such title, or other benefits related to basic pay.
- (2) PAYMENT.—Any allowance under this section for a Department of Defense physician or Department of Defense health care professional shall be paid in the same manner and at the same time as the basic pay of

- the physician or health care professional is paid.
- (3) CONSTRUCTION WITH CERTAIN AUTHOR-ITY.—The authority to pay allowances under this section may not be exercised together with the authority in section 5948 of title 5, United States Code.
 - (h) Annual Report.—
- (1) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than June 30 each year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written report on the operation of this section during the preceding year. Each report shall include—
- (A) with respect to the year covered by such report, information as to—
- (i) the nature and extent of the recruitment or retention problems justifying the use by the Department of Defense of the authority under this section;
- (ii) the number of physicians and health care professionals with whom agreements were entered into by the Department of Defense.
- (iii) the size of the allowances and the duration of the agreements entered into; and
- (iv) the degree to which the recruitment or retention problems referred to in clause (i) were alleviated under this section; and
- (B) such recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate for actions (including legislative actions) to improve or enhance the authorities in this section to achieve the purpose specified in subsection (a)(1).
- (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committees on Armed Services and Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committees on Armed Services and Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
 - (i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "Department of Defense health care professional" means any individual employed by the Department of Defense who is a qualified health care professional employed as a health care professional and paid under any provision of law specified in subparagraphs (A) through (G) of paragraph (2).
- (2) The term "Department of Defense physician" means any individual employed by the Department of Defense as a physician or dentist who is paid under a provision or provisions of law as follows:
- (A) Section 5332 of title 5, United States Code, relating to the General Schedule.
- (B) Subchapter VIII of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to the Senior Executive Service.
- (C) Section 5371 of title 5, United States Code, relating to certain health care positions.
- (D) Section 5376 of title 5, United States Code, relating to certain senior-level positions.
- (E) Section 5377 of title 5, United States Code, relating to critical positions.
- (F) Subchapter IX of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to special occupational pay systems.
- (G) Section 9902 of title 5, United States Code, relating to the National Security Personnel System.
- (3) The term "qualified health care professional" means any individual who is—
- (A) a psychologist who meets the Office of Personnel Management Qualification Standards for the Occupational Series of Psychologist as required by the position to be filled;
- (B) a nurse who meets the applicable Office of Personnel Management Qualification Standards for the Occupational Series of Nurse as required by the position to be filled;

- (C) a nurse anesthetist who meets the applicable Office of Personnel Management Qualification Standards for the Occupational Series of Nurse as required by the position to be filled:
- (D) a physician assistant who meets the applicable Office of Personnel Management Qualification Standards for the Occupational Series of Physician Assistant as required by the position to be filled;
- (E) a social worker who meets the applicable Office of Personnel Management Qualification Standards for the Occupational Series of Social Worker as required by the position to be filled; or
- (F) any other health care professional designated by the Secretary of Defense for purposes of this section.
- (j) TERMINATION.—No agreement may be entered into under this section after September 30, 2012.
- SA 2978. Mr. CHAMBLISS (for himself, Mr. PRYOR, and Mr. ISAKSON) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of title XXVIII, add the following:

10Wing: SEC. 2864. REPORT ON HOUSING PRIVATIZATION INITIATIVES.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on housing privatization transactions carried out by the Department of Defense that are behind schedule or in default.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A list of current housing privatization transactions carried out by the Department of Defense that are behind schedule or in default.
- (2) In each case in which a transaction is behind schedule or in default, a description of -
- (A) the reasons for schedule delays, cost overruns, or default:
- (B) how solicitations and competitions were conducted for the project;
- (C) how financing, partnerships, legal arrangements, leases, or contracts in relation to the project were structured;
- (D) which entities, including Federal entities, are bearing financial risk for the project, and to what extent;
- (E) the remedies available to the Federal Government to restore the transaction to schedule or ensure completion of the terms of the transaction in question at the earliest possible time;
- (F) the extent to which the Federal Government has the ability to affect the performance of various parties involved in the project;
- (G) remedies available to subcontractors to recoup liens in the case of default, non-payment by the developer or other party to the transaction or lease agreement, or re-structuring:
- (H) remedies available to the Federal Government to affect receivership actions or transfer of ownership of the project; and
- (I) names of the developers for the project and any history of previous defaults or bank-

- ruptcies by these developers or their affiliates.
- (3) In each case in which a project is behind schedule or in default, recommendations regarding the opportunities for the Federal Government to ensure that all terms of the transaction are completed according to the original schedule and budget.
- SA 2979. Mr. HAGEL (for himself, Mr. BYRD) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle E of title III, add the following:

SEC. 358. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON FUTURE USE OF SYNTHETIC FUELS IN MILITARY SYSTEMS.

It is the sense of Congress to encourage the Department of Defense to continue and accelerate, as appropriate, the testing and certification of synthetic fuels for use in all military air, ground, and sea systems.

SA 2980. Mr. HAGEL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VII, add the following: SEC. 703. REPORT ON ESTABLISHMENT OF A SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM FOR CIVILIAN MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs and each of the Surgeons General of the Armed Forces, shall submit to Congress a report on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a scholarship program for civilian mental health professionals.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of a potential scholarship program that provides certain educational funding to students seeking a career in mental health services in exchange for service in the Department of Defense.
- (2) An assessment of current scholarship programs which may be expanded to include mental health professionals.
- (3) Recommendations regarding the establishment or expansion of scholarship programs for mental health professionals.
- (4) A plan to implement, or reasons for not implementing, recommendations that will increase mental health staffing across the Department of Defense.

SA 2981. Mr. DOMENICI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to

the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 530, between lines 10 and 11, insert the following:

SEC. 3126. EVALUATION OF NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION STRATEGIC PLAN FOR ADVANCED COMPUTING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall—
- (1) enter into an agreement with an independent entity to conduct an evaluation of the strategic plan for advanced computing of the National Nuclear Security Administration; and
- (2) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of evaluation described in paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The evaluation described in subsection (a)(1) shall include the following:
 - (1) An assessment of-
- (A) the role of research into, and development of, high-performance computing supported by the National Nuclear Security Administration in maintaining the leadership of the United States in high-performance computing; and
- (B) any impact of reduced investment by the National Nuclear Security Administration in such research and development.
- (2) An assessment of the ability of the National Nuclear Security Administration to utilize the high-performance computing capability of the Department of Energy and National Nuclear Security Administration national laboratories to support the Stockpile Stewardship Program and nonweapons modeling and calculations.
- (3) An assessment of the effectiveness of the Department of Energy and the National Nuclear Security Administration in sharing high-performance computing developments with private industry and capitalizing on innovations in private industry in high-performance computing.
- (4) A description of the strategy of the Department of Energy for developing an extaflor computing capability.
- (5) An assessment of the efforts of the Department of Energy to—
- (A) coordinate high-performance computing work within the Department, in particular among the Office of Science, the National Nuclear Security Administration, and the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy; and
- (B) develop joint strategies with other Federal Government agencies and private industry groups for the development of high-performance computing.

SA 2982. Mr. COLEMAN (for himself, Mr. INOUYE, and Mr. DOMENICI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VII, add the following: SEC. 703. AUTHORITY FOR SPECIAL REIMBURSE-MENT ARTES FOR MENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES UNDER THE TRICARE PROGRAM.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—Section 1079(h)(5) of title 10, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence by inserting ", including mental health care services," after "health care services".
- (b) REPORT ON ACCESS TO MENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the adequacy of access to mental health services under the TRICARE program, including in the geographic areas where surveys on the continued viability of TRICARE Standard and TRICARE Extra are conducted under section 702 of this Act.
- SA 2983. Mr. COLEMAN (for himself, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES RE-LATED TO THE OFFICE OF THE SPE-CIAL INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION.

- (a) TERMINATION DATE.—Subsection (o)(1) of section 3001 of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense and for the Reconstruction of Iraq and Afghanistan, 2004 (Public Law 108-106; 117 Stat. 1238; 5 U.S.C. App., note to section 8G of Public Law 95-452), as amended by section 1054(b) of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109-364: 120 Stat. 2397), section 2 of the Iraq Reconstruction Accountability Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-440), and section 3801 of the Troop Readiness, U.S. Veterans' Care, Katrina Recovery, and Iraq Accountability Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 110-28: 121 Stat. 147) is amended to read as follows:
- "(1) The Office of the Inspector General shall terminate 90 days after the balance of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for the reconstruction of Iraq is less than \$250,000,000."
- (b) JURISDICTION OVER RECONSTRUCTION FUNDS.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(p) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of carrying out the duties of the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction, any United States funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal years 2006 through 2008 for the reconstruction of Iraq, irrespective of the designation of such funds, shall be deemed to be amounts appropriated or otherwise made available to the Iraq Relief and Reconstruction Fund.".
- (c) HIRING AUTHORITY.—Subsection (h)(1) of such section is amended by inserting after "pay rates" the following: ", and may exercise the authorities of subsections (b) through (i) of section 3161 of title 5, United States Code (without regard to subsection (a) of such section)".

SA 2984. Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed

by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ___. NATIONAL CENTER FOR HUMAN PER-FORMANCE.

The scientific institute to perform research and education in medicine and related sciences to enhance human performance that is located at the Texas Medical Center shall hereafter be known as the "National Center for Human Performance".

SA 2985. Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself and Mr. BOND) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

DIVISION D—INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 4001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008".

TITLE XLI—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES SEC. 4101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2008 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the following elements of the United States Government:

- (1) The Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
 - (2) The Central Intelligence Agency.
 - (3) The Department of Defense
 - (4) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
 - (5) The National Security Agency.
- (6) The Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force.
 - (7) The Department of State.
 - (8) The Department of the Treasury.
 - (9) The Department of Energy.
 - (10) The Department of Justice.
 - (11) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
 - (12) The National Reconnaissance Office.
- (13) The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.
 - (14) The Coast Guard.
- (15) The Department of Homeland Security.
- (16) The Drug Enforcement Administration.

SEC. 4102. CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.

(a) SPECIFICATIONS OF AMOUNTS AND PERSONNEL LEVELS.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 4101, and the authorized personnel levels (expressed as full-time equivalent positions) as of September 30, 2008, for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the elements listed in such section, are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared to accompany the conference report on the bill _____ of the One Hundred Tenth Congress.

(b) AVAILABILITY OF CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.—The Schedule of Authorizations shall be made available to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives and to the President. The President shall provide for suitable distribution of the Schedule, or of appropriate portions of the Schedule, within the executive branch.

SEC. 4103. PERSONNEL LEVEL ADJUSTMENTS.

- (a) AUTHORITY FOR ADJUSTMENTS.—With the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Director of National Intelligence may authorize employment of civilian personnel in excess of the number of authorized full-time equivalent positions for fiscal year 2008 under section 4102 when the Director of National Intelligence determines that such action is necessary to the performance of important intelligence functions, except that the number of personnel employed in excess of the number authorized under such section may not, for any element of the intelligence community, exceed 5 percent of the number of civilian personnel authorized under such section for such element.
- (b) AUTHORITY FOR CONVERSION OF ACTIVI-TIES PERFORMED BY CONTRACTORS.-In addition to the authority in subsection (a), upon a determination by the head of an element in the intelligence community that activities currently being performed by contractor employees should be performed by government employees, the concurrence of the Director of National Intelligence in such determination, and the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Director of National Intelligence may authorize employment of additional full-time equivalent personnel in such element of the intelligence community equal to the number of full-time equivalent contractor employees performing such activities.
- (c) NOTICE TO INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—
 The Director of National Intelligence shall notify the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives in writing at least 15 days before each exercise of the authority in subsection (a) or (b).

SEC. 4104. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account of the Director of National Intelligence for fiscal year 2008 the sum of \$715,076,000. Within such amount, funds identified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 4102(a) for advanced research and development shall remain available until September 30, 2009.
- (b) AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL LEVELS.—The elements within the Intelligence Community Management Account of the Director of National Intelligence are authorized 1768 fultime equivalent personnel as of September 30, 2008. Personnel serving in such elements may be permanent employees of the Intelligence Community Management Account or personnel detailed from other elements of the United States Government.
- (c) CONSTRUCTION OF AUTHORITIES.—The authorities available to the Director of National Intelligence under section 4103 are also available to the Director for the adjustment of personnel levels in elements within the Intelligence Community Management Account.
 - (d) Classified Authorizations.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account by subsection (a), there are also authorized to be appropriated for the In-

- telligence Community Management Account for fiscal year 2008 such additional amounts as are specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 4102(a). Such additional amounts for research and development shall remain available until September 30, 2009.
- (2) AUTHORIZATION OF PERSONNEL.—In addition to the personnel authorized by subsection (b) for elements of the Intelligence Community Management Account as of September 30, 2008, there are also authorized such additional personnel for such elements as of that date as are specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations.

SEC. 4105. INCORPORATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Each requirement to submit a report to the congressional intelligence committees that is included in the joint explanatory statement to accompany the conference report on the bill of the One Hundred Tenth Congress, or in the classified annex to this Act, is hereby incorporated into this Act, and is hereby made a requirement in law.
- (b) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intelligence committees" means—
- (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate: and
- (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 4106. DEVELOPMENT AND ACQUISITION PROGRAM.

- (a) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—Of the funds appropriated for the National Intelligence Program for fiscal year 2008, and of funds currently available for obligation for any prior fiscal year, the Director of National Intelligence shall transfer not less than the amount specified in the classified annex to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to fund the development and acquisition of the program specified in the classified annex.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—The funds transferred under subsection (a) shall be available as follows:
- (1) In the case of funds transferred from funds currently available for obligation for any fiscal year before fiscal year 2008, for the time of availability as originally appropriated.
- (2) In the case of funds transferred from funds appropriated for fiscal year 2008, without fiscal year limitation.

TITLE XLII—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

SEC. 4201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund for fiscal year 2008 the sum of \$262,500,000.

SEC. 4202. TECHNICAL MODIFICATION TO MAN-DATORY RETIREMENT PROVISION OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGEN-CY RETIREMENT ACT.

Section 235(b)(1)(A) of the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement Act (50 U.S.C. 2055(b)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "receiving compensation under the Senior Intelligence Service pay schedule at the rate" and inserting "who is at the Senior Intelligence Service rank".

TITLE XLIII—INTELLIGENCE AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

SEC. 4301. INCREASE IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSA-TION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED

Appropriations authorized by this Act for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as

may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

SEC. 4302. RESTRICTION ON CONDUCT OF INTEL-LIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

The authorization of appropriations by this Act shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the conduct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise authorized by the Constitution or the laws of the United States.

SEC. 4303. CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY UNDER THE NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.

Subparagraph (L) of section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)) is amended by striking "other" the second place it appears.

SEC. 4304. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY FOR TRAVEL ON COMMON CARRIERS FOR INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION PERSONNEL.

- (a) DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 116(b) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404k(b)) is amended—
- (1) by inserting "(1)" before "The Director";
- (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "may only delegate" and all that follows and inserting "may delegate the authority in subsection (a) to the head of any other element of the intelligence community."; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) The head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the authority in subsection (a) is delegated pursuant to paragraph (1) may further delegate such authority to such senior officials of such element as are specified in guidelines prescribed by the Director of National Intelligence for purposes of this paragraph."
- (b) SUBMITTAL OF GUIDELINES TO CONGRESS.—Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall prescribe and submit to the congressional intelligence committees the guidelines referred to in paragraph (2) of section 116(b) of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by subsection (a).
- (c) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "congressional intelligence committees" means—
- (1) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate: and
- (2) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 4305. MODIFICATION OF AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR DIFFERENT INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

Subparagraph (B) of section 504(a)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 414(a)(3)) is amended to read as follows:

"(B) the use of such funds for such activity supports an emergent need, improves program effectiveness, or increases efficiency; and"

SEC. 4306. INCREASE IN PENALTIES FOR DISCLOSURE OF UNDERCOVER INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS AND AGENTS.

- (a) DISCLOSURE OF AGENT AFTER ACCESS TO INFORMATION IDENTIFYING AGENT.—Subsection (a) of section 601 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 421) is amended by striking "ten years" and inserting "15 years".
- (b) DISCLOSURE OF AGENT AFTER ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended by striking "five years" and inserting "ten years".

SEC. 4307. EXTENSION TO INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY OF AUTHORITY TO DELETE INFORMATION ABOUT RECEIPT AND DISPOSITION OF FOREIGN GIFTS AND DECORATIONS.

Paragraph (4) of section 7342(f) of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "(4)(A) In transmitting such listings for an element of the intelligence community, the head of such element may delete the information described in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of paragraphs (2) and (3) if the head of such element certifies in writing to the Secretary of State that the publication of such information could adversely affect United States intelligence sources or methods.

"(B) Any information not provided to the Secretary of State pursuant to the authority in subparagraph (A) shall be transmitted to the Director of National Intelligence.

"(C) In this paragraph, the term 'element of the intelligence community' means an element of the intelligence community listed in or designated under section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4))."

SEC. 4308. ENHANCED FLEXIBILITY IN NON-REIM-BURSABLE DETAILS TO ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 113 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404h) and section 904(g)(2) of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 (title IX of Public Law 107-306; 50 U.S.C. 402c(g)(2)) and notwithstanding any other provision of law, in any fiscal year after fiscal year 2007 an officer or employee of the United States or member of the Armed Forces may be detailed to the staff of an element of the intelligence community funded through the Community Management Account from another element of the United States Government on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis, as jointly agreed to by the Director of National Intelligence and the head of the detailing element (or the designees of such officials), for a period not to exceed three years.

(b) ELEMENT OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term "element of the intelligence community" means an element of the intelligence community listed in or designated under section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).

SEC. 4309. DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE DETAINEE TREATMENT ACT OF 2005 AND RELATED PROVISIONS OF THE MILITARY COMMISSIONS ACT OF 2006.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than December 1, 2007, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a comprehensive report on all measures taken by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and by each element, if any, of the intelligence community with relevant responsibilities to comply with the provisions of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (title X of division A of Public Law 109–148) and related provisions of the Military Commissions Act of 2006 (Public Law 109–366).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A description of the detention or interrogation methods, if any, that have been determined to comply with section 1003 of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (119 Stat. 2739; 42 U.S.C. 2000dd) and section 6 of the Military Commissions Act of 2006 (120 Stat. 2632; 18 U.S.C. 2441 note) (including the amendments made by such section 6), and, with respect to each such method—
- (A) an identification of the official making such determination; and
- (B) a statement of the basis for such determination.
- (2) A description of the detention or interrogation methods, if any, whose use has been discontinued pursuant to the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 or the Military Commission Act of 2006, and, with respect to each such method—

- (A) an identification of the official making the determination to discontinue such method; and
- (B) a statement of the basis for such determination.
- (3) A description of any actions that have been taken to implement section 1004 of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 (119 Stat. 2740; 42 U.S.C. 2000dd-1), and, with respect to each such action—
- (A) an identification of the official taking such action; and
- (B) a statement of the basis for such action.
- (4) Any other matters that the Director considers necessary to fully and currently inform the congressional intelligence committees about the implementation of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 and related provisions of the Military Commissions Act of 2006
 - (5) An appendix containing—

(A) all guidelines for the application of the Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 and related provisions of the Military Commissions Act of 2006 to the detention or interrogation activities, if any, of any element of the intelligence community; and

(B) all legal justifications of any office or official of the Department of Justice about the meaning or application of Detainee Treatment Act of 2005 or related provisions of the Military Commissions Act of 2006 with respect to the detention or interrogation activities, if any, of any element of the intelligence community.

(c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in classified form.

(d) SUBMISSION TO THE CONGRESSIONAL ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEES.—To the extent that the report required by subsection (a) addresses an element of the intelligence community within the Department of Defense, that portion of the report, and any associated material that is necessary to make that portion understandable, shall also be submitted by the Director of National Intelligence to the congressional armed services committees.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) The term "congressional armed services committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) The term "congressional intelligence committees" means—
- (A) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and
- (B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (3) The term "element of the intelligence community" means the elements of the intelligence community specified in or designated under section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)).

SEC. 4310. TERMS OF SERVICE OF PROGRAM MANAGER FOR THE INFORMATION SHARING ENVIRONMENT AND THE INFORMATION SHARING COUNCIL.

Section 1016 of the National Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004 (title I of Public Law 108-458; 6 U.S.C. 485) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (f)(1), by striking "during the two-year period beginning on the date of designation under this paragraph unless sooner" and inserting "until"; and
- (2) in subsection (g)(1), by striking "during the two-year period beginning on the date of the initial designation of the program manager by the President under subsection (f)(1), unless sooner" and inserting "until".

SEC. 4311. VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS OF MAJOR SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.) is

amended by inserting after section 506A the following new section:

"VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS OF MAJOR SYSTEMS

"Sec. 506B. (a) INITIAL VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENTS.—The Director of National Intelligence shall conduct an initial vulnerability assessment for any major system and its items of supply, that is proposed for inclusion in the National Intelligence Program. The initial vulnerability assessment of a major system and its items of supply shall, at a minimum, use an analysis-based approach to—

- "(1) identify applicable vulnerabilities;
- "(2) define exploitation potential;
- "(3) examine the system's potential effectiveness;
- "(4) determine overall vulnerability; and
- ``(5) make recommendations for risk reduction.
- "(b) SUBSEQUENT VULNERABILITY ASSESS-MENTS.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence shall conduct subsequent vulnerability assessments of each major system and its items of supply within the National Intelligence Program—
- "(A) periodically throughout the life-span of the major system;
- "(B) whenever the Director determines that a change in circumstances warrants the issuance of a subsequent vulnerability assessment; or
- "(C) upon the request of a congressional intelligence committee.
- "(2) Any subsequent vulnerability assessment of a major system and its items of supply shall, at a minimum, use an analysis-based approach and, if applicable, a testing-based approach, to monitor the exploitation potential of such system and reexamine the factors described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (a).
- "(c) Major System Management.—The Director of National Intelligence shall give due consideration to the vulnerability assessments prepared for a given major system when developing and determining the annual consolidated National Intelligence Program budget.
- "(d) Congressional Oversight.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees a copy of each vulnerability assessment conducted under subsection (a) or (b) not later than 10 days after the date of the completion of such assessment.
- "(2) The Director of National Intelligence shall provide the congressional intelligence committees with a proposed schedule for subsequent vulnerability assessments of a major system under subsection (b) when providing such committees with the initial vulnerability assessment under subsection (a) of such system as required by subsection (d).
 - "(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 - "(1) The term 'items of supply'-
- "(A) means any individual part, component, subassembly, assembly, or subsystem integral to a major system, and other property which may be replaced during the service life of the major system, including spare parts and replenishment parts; and
- $\lq\lq(B)$ does not include packaging or labeling associated with shipment or identification of items.
- "(2) The term 'major system' has the meaning given that term in section 506A(e).
- "(3) The term 'vulnerability assessment' means the process of identifying and quantifying vulnerabilities in a major system and its items of supply.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 506A the following:

"Sec. 506B. Vulnerability assessments major systems.".

SEC. 4312. ANNUAL PERSONNEL LEVEL ASSESS-MENTS FOR THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.), as amended by section 4311, is further amended by inserting after section 506B, as added by section 4311(a), the following new section:

"ANNUAL PERSONNEL LEVEL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY

"SEC. 506C. (a) REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE. The Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with the head of the element of the intelligence community concerned, prepare an annual personnel level assessment for such element of the intelligence community that assesses the personnel levels for each such element for the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the assessment is submitted.

"(b) SCHEDULE.—Each assessment required by subsection (a) shall be submitted to the congressional intelligence committees not later than January 31, of each year.

"(c) CONTENTS.—Each assessment required by subsection (a) submitted during a fiscal year shall contain, at a minimum, the following information for the element of the intelligence community concerned:

"(1) The budget submission for personnel costs for the upcoming fiscal year.

"(2) The dollar and percentage increase or decrease of such costs as compared to the personnel costs of the current fiscal year.

"(3) The dollar and percentage increase or decrease of such costs as compared to the personnel costs during the prior 5 fiscal

"(4) The number of personnel positions requested for the upcoming fiscal year.

(5) The numerical and percentage increase or decrease of such number as compared to the number of personnel positions of the current fiscal year.

(6) The numerical and percentage increase or decrease of such number as compared to the number of personnel positions during the prior 5 fiscal years.

"(7) The best estimate of the number and costs of contractors to be funded by the element for the uncoming fiscal year.

(8) The numerical and percentage increase or decrease of such costs of contractors as compared to the best estimate of the costs of contractors of the current fiscal year.

"(9) The numerical and percentage increase or decrease of such costs of contractors as compared to the cost of contractors. and the number of contractors, during the prior 5 fiscal years.

"(10) A written justification for the requested personnel and contractor levels.

"(11) A statement by the Director of National Intelligence that, based on current and projected funding, the element concerned will have sufficient-

"(A) internal infrastructure to support the requested personnel and contractor levels;

"(B) training resources to support the requested personnel levels; and

"(C) funding to support the administrative and operational activities of the requested personnel levels."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of that Act, as amended by section 4311(b), is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 506B, as added by section 4311(b), the following new item:

"Sec. 506C. Annual personnel levels assessment for the intelligence community.".

of SEC. 4313. BUSINESS ENTERPRISE ARCHITEC-TURE AND BUSINESS SYSTEM MOD-ERNIZATION FOR THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) Business Enterprise Architecture AND BUSINESS SYSTEM MODERNIZATION.

(1) In general.—Title V of the National $\,$ Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.), as amended by sections 4311 and 4312, is further amended by inserting after section 506C, as added by section 4312(a), the following new section:

"INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY BUSINESS SYSTEMS. ARCHITECTURE, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND MOD-ERNIZATION

"SEC. 506D. (a) LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS FOR INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY BUSINESS SYSTEM MODERNIZATION.—(1) After April 1, 2008, no funds appropriated to any element of the intelligence community may be obligated for an intelligence community business system modernization described in paragraph (2) unless-

"(A) the approval authority designated by the Director of National Intelligence under subsection (c)(2) makes the certification described in paragraph (3) with respect to the intelligence community business system modernization; and

"(B) the certification is approved by the Intelligence Community Business Systems Management Committee established under subsection (f).

(2) An intelligence community business system modernization described in this paragraph is an intelligence community business system modernization that-

"(A) will have a total cost in excess of \$1,000,000; and

"(B) will receive more than 50 percent of the funds for such cost from amounts appropriated for the National Intelligence Program.

"(3) The certification described in this paragraph for an intelligence community business system modernization is a certification, made by the approval authority designated by the Director under subsection (c)(2) to the Intelligence Community Business Systems Management Committee, that the intelligence community business system modernization-

"(A) complies with the enterprise architecture under subsection (b); or

"(B) is necessary-

"(i) to achieve a critical national security capability or address a critical requirement in an area such as safety or security; or

'(ii) to prevent a significant adverse effect on a project that is needed to achieve an essential capability, taking into consideration the alternative solutions for preventing such adverse effect.

(4) The obligation of funds for an intelligence community business system modernization that does not comply with the requirements of this subsection shall be treated as a violation of section 1341(a)(1)(A) of title 31, United States Code.

(b) Enterprise Architecture for Intel-LIGENCE COMMUNITY BUSINESS SYSTEMS.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence shall. acting through the Intelligence Community Business Systems Management Committee established under subsection (f), develop and implement an enterprise architecture to cover all intelligence community business systems, and the functions and activities supported by such business systems. The enterprise architecture shall be sufficiently defined to effectively guide, constrain, and permit implementation of interoperable intelligence community business system solutions, consistent with applicable policies and procedures established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

'(2) The enterprise architecture under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

"(A) An information infrastructure that, at a minimum, will enable the intelligence community to-

"(i) comply with all Federal accounting, financial management, and reporting require-

"(ii) routinely produce timely, accurate, and reliable financial information for management purposes;

"(iii) integrate budget, accounting, and program information and systems; and

(iv) provide for the systematic measurement of performance, including the ability to produce timely, relevant, and reliable cost information.

"(B) Policies, procedures, data standards, and system interface requirements that apply uniformly throughout the intelligence community.

(c) Responsibilities for Intelligence COMMUNITY BUSINESS SYSTEM MODERNIZA-TION .- (1) The Director of National Intelligence shall be responsible for review, approval, and oversight of the planning, design, acquisition. deployment, operation, and maintenance of an intelligence community business system modernization if more than 50 percent of the cost of the intelligence community business system modernization is funded by amounts appropriated for the National Intelligence Program.

"(2) The Director shall designate one or more appropriate officials of the intelligence community to be responsible for making certifications with respect to intelligence community business system modernizations

under subsection (a)(3).

"(d) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY BUSINESS
SYSTEM INVESTMENT REVIEW.—(1) The approval authority designated under subsection (c)(2) shall establish and implement, not later than March 31, 2008, an investment review process for the review of the planning, design, acquisition, development, deployment, operation, maintenance, modernization, and project cost, benefits, and risks of the intelligence community business systems for which the approval authority is responsible.

"(2) The investment review process under paragraph (1) shall-

"(A) meet the requirements of section 11312 of title 40, United States Code; and

"(B) specifically set forth the responsibilities of the approval authority under such review process.

"(3) The investment review process under paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

"(A) Review and approval by an investment review board (consisting of appropriate representatives of the intelligence community) of each intelligence community business system as an investment before the obligation of funds for such system.

"(B) Periodic review, but not less often than annually, of every intelligence community business system investment.

"(C) Thresholds for levels of review to ensure appropriate review of intelligence community business system investments depending on the scope, complexity, and cost of the system involved.

"(D) Procedures for making certifications in accordance with the requirements of subsection (a)(3).

"(E) Mechanisms to ensure the consistency of the investment review process with applicable guidance issued by the Director of National Intelligence and the Intelligence Community Business Systems Management Committee established under subsection (f).

"(F) Common decision criteria, including standards, requirements, and priorities, for purposes of ensuring the integration of intelligence community business systems.

(e) BUDGET INFORMATION.—For each fiscal year after fiscal year 2009, the Director of National Intelligence shall include in the materials the Director submits to Congress in support of the budget for such fiscal year that is submitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the following information:

- "(1) An identification of each intelligence community business system for which funding is proposed in such budget.
- "(2) An identification of all funds, by appropriation, proposed in such budget for each such system, including—
- "(A) funds for current services to operate and maintain such system; and
- "(B) funds for business systems modernization identified for each specific appropriation.
- "(3) For each such system, identification of approval authority designated for such system under subsection (c)(2).
- "(4) The certification, if any, made under subsection (a)(3) with respect to each such system.
- "(f) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY BUSINESS SYSTEMS MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence shall establish an Intelligence Community Business Systems Management Committee (in this subsection referred to as the 'Committee').
 - "(2) The Committee shall—
- "(A) recommend to the Director policies and procedures necessary to effectively integrate all business activities and any transformation, reform, reorganization, or process improvement initiatives undertaken within the intelligence community;
- "(B) review and approve any major update of—
- "(i) the enterprise architecture developed under subsection (b); and
- "(ii) any plans for an intelligence community business systems modernization;
- "(C) manage cross-domain integration consistent with such enterprise architecture;
- "(D) be responsible for coordinating initiatives for intelligence community business system modernization to maximize benefits and minimize costs for the intelligence community, and periodically report to the Director on the status of efforts to carry out an intelligence community business system modernization:
- "(E) ensure that funds are obligated for intelligence community business system modernization in a manner consistent with subsection (a); and
- "(F) carry out such other duties as the Director shall specify.
- "(g) RELATION TO ANNUAL REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the requirements of section 8083 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2005 (Public Law 108–287; 118 Stat. 989), with regard to information technology systems (as defined in subsection (d) of such section).
- "(h) RELATION TO DEFENSE BUSINESS SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE, ACCOUNTABILITY, AND MODERNIZATION REQUIREMENTS.—An intelligence community business system that receives more than 50 percent of its funds from amounts available for the National Intelligence Program shall be exempt from the requirements of section 2222 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(i) RELATION TO CLINGER-COHEN ACT.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence and the Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall fulfill the executive agency responsibilities in chapter 113 of title 40, United States Code, for any intelligence community business system that receives more than 50 percent of its funding from amounts appropriated for National Intelligence Program.
- "(2) Any intelligence community business system covered by paragraph (1) shall be exempt from the requirements of such chapter

- 113 that would otherwise apply to the executive agency that contains the element of the intelligence community involved.
- "(j) REPORTS.—Not later than March 15 of each of 2009 through 2014, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the compliance of the intelligence community with the requirements of this section. Each such report shall—
- "(1) describe actions taken and proposed for meeting the requirements of subsection (a), including—
- "(A) specific milestones and actual performance against specified performance measures, and any revision of such milestones and performance measures; and
- "(B) specific actions on the intelligence community business system modernizations submitted for certification under such subsection:
- "(2) identify the number of intelligence community business system modernizations that received a certification described in subsection (a)(3)(B); and
- "(3) describe specific improvements in business operations and cost savings resulting from successful intelligence community business systems modernization efforts.
 - "(k) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'enterprise architecture' has the meaning given that term in section 3601(4) of title 44, United States Code.
- "(2) The terms 'information system' and 'information technology' have the meanings given those terms in section 11101 of title 40, United States Code.
- "(3) The term 'intelligence community business system' means an information system, other than a national security system, that is operated by, for, or on behalf of the intelligence community, including financial systems, mixed systems, financial data feeder systems, the business infrastructure capabilities shared by the systems of the business enterprise architecture that build upon the core infrastructure, used to support business activities, such as acquisition, financial management, logistics, strategic planning and budgeting, installations and environment, and human resource management
- "(4) The term 'intelligence community business system modernization' means—
- "(A) the acquisition or development of a new intelligence community business system; or
- "(B) any significant modification or enhancement of an existing intelligence community business system (other than necessary to maintain current services).
- "(5) The term 'national security system' has the meaning given that term in section 3542 of title 44, United States Code.".
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of that Act, as amended by section 4311 and 4312, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 506C, as added by section 4312(b) the following new item:
- "Sec. 506D. Intelligence community business systems, architecture, accountability, and modernization.".
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—
- (1) CERTAIN DUTIES.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (A) complete the delegation of responsibility for the review, approval, and oversight of the planning, design, acquisition, deployment, operation, maintenance, and modernization of intelligence community business systems required by subsection (c) of section 506D of the National Security Act of 1947 (as added by subsection (a)); and
- (B) designate a vice chairman and personnel to serve on the Intelligence Commu-

- nity Business System Management Committee established under subsection (f) of such section 506D (as so added).
- (2) ENTERPRISE ARCHITECTURE.—The Director shall develop the enterprise architecture required by subsection (b) of such section 506D (as so added) by not later than March 1, 2008. In so developing the enterprise architecture, the Director shall develop an implementation plan for the architecture, including the following:
- (A) The acquisition strategy for new systems that are expected to be needed to complete the enterprise architecture, including specific time-phased milestones, performance metrics, and a statement of the financial and nonfinancial resource needs.
- (B) An identification of the intelligence community business systems in operation or planned as of December 31, 2006, that will not be a part of the enterprise architecture, together with the schedule for the phased termination of the utilization of any such systems
- (C) An identification of the intelligence community business systems in operation or planned as of December 31, 2006, that will be a part of the enterprise architecture, together with a strategy for modifying such systems to ensure that such systems comply with such enterprise architecture.

SEC. 4314. REPORTS ON THE ACQUISITION OF MAJOR SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.), as amended by sections 4311 through 4313, is further amended by inserting after section 506D, as added by section 4313(a)(1), the following new section:

"REPORTS ON THE ACQUISITION OF MAJOR SYSTEMS

- "SEC. 506E. (a) ANNUAL REPORTS REQUIRED.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees each year, at the same time the budget of the President for the fiscal year beginning in such year is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, a separate report on each acquisition of a major system by an element of the intelligence community.
- "(2) Each report under this section shall be known as a 'Report on the Acquisition of Major Systems'.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report under this section shall include, for the acquisition of a major system, information on the following:
- "(1) The current total anticipated acquisition cost for such system, and the history of such cost from the date the system was first included in a report under this section to the end of the calendar quarter immediately proceeding the submittal of the report under this section.
- "(2) The current anticipated development schedule for the system, including an estimate of annual development costs until development is completed.
- "(3) The current anticipated procurement schedule for the system, including the best estimate of the Director of National Intelligence of the annual costs and units to be procured until procurement is completed.
- ``(4) A full life-cycle cost analysis for such system.
- "(5) The result of any significant test and evaluation of such major system as of the date of the submittal of such report, or, if a significant test and evaluation has not been conducted, a statement of the reasons therefor and the results of any other test and evaluation that has been conducted of such system.
- "(6) The reasons for any change in acquisition cost, or schedule, for such system from the previous report under this section (if applicable).

- "(7) The significant contracts or subcontracts related to the major system.
- "(8) If there is any cost or schedule variance under a contract referred to in paragraph (7) since the previous report under this section, the reasons for such cost or schedule variance.
- "(c) DETERMINATION OF INCREASE IN COSTS.—Any determination of a percentage increase in the acquisition costs of a major system for which a report is filed under this section shall be stated in terms of constant dollars from the first fiscal year in which funds are appropriated for such contract.

"(d) Definitions.—In this section:

- "(1) The term 'acquisition cost', with respect to a major system, means the amount equal to the total cost for development and procurement of, and system-specific construction for, such system.
- "(2) The term 'full life-cycle cost', with respect to the acquisition of a major system, means all costs of development, procurement, construction, deployment, and operation and support for such program, without regard to funding source or management control, including costs of development and procurement required to support or utilize such system.
- "(3) The term 'major system', has the meaning given that term in section 506A(e).".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of that Act, as amended by sections 4311 through 4313, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 506D, as added by section 4313(a)(2), the following new item:

"Sec. 506E. Reports on the acquisition of major systems.".

SEC. 4315. EXCESSIVE COST GROWTH OF MAJOR SYSTEMS.

(a) NOTIFICATION.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended by sections 4311 through 4314, is further amended by inserting after section 506E, as added by section 4314(a), the following new section:

"EXCESSIVE COST GROWTH OF MAJOR SYSTEMS

"Sec. 506F. (a) Cost Increases of AT Least 20 Percent.—(1) On a continuing basis, and separate from the submission of any report on a major system required by section 506E of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall determine if the acquisition cost of such major system has increased by at least 20 percent as compared to the baseline cost of such major system.

"(2)(A) If the Director determines under paragraph (1) that the acquisition cost of a major system has increased by at least 20 percent, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a written notification of such determination as described in subparagraph (B), a description of the amount of the increase in the acquisition cost of such major system, and a certification as described in subparagraph (C).

- "(B) The notification required by subparagraph (A) shall include—
- "(i) an independent cost estimate;
- "(ii) the date on which the determination covered by such notification was made;
- "(iii) contract performance assessment information with respect to each significant contract or sub-contract related to such major system, including the name of the contractor, the phase of the contract at the time of the report, the percentage of work under the contract that has been completed, any change in contract cost, the percentage by which the contract is currently ahead or behind schedule, and a summary explanation of significant occurrences, such as cost and schedule variances, and the effect of such occurrences on future costs and schedules;
- "(iv) the prior estimate of the full lifecycle cost for such major system, expressed

in constant dollars and in current year dollars:

"(v) the current estimated full life-cycle cost of such major system, expressed in constant dollars and current year dollars;

"(vi) a statement of the reasons for any increases in the full life-cycle cost of such major system;

"(vii) the current change and the total change, in dollars and expressed as a percentage, in the full life-cycle cost applicable to such major system, stated both in constant dollars and current year dollars;

"(viii) the completion status of such major system expressed as the percentage—

"(I) of the total number of years for which funds have been appropriated for such major system compared to the number of years for which it is planned that such funds will be appropriated; and

"(II) of the amount of funds that have been appropriated for such major system compared to the total amount of such funds which it is planned will be appropriated;

"(ix) the action taken and proposed to be taken to control future cost growth of such major system; and

"(x) any changes made in the performance or schedule of such major system and the extent to which such changes have contributed to the increase in full life-cycle costs of such major system.

"(C) The certification described in this subparagraph is a written certification made by the Director and submitted to the congressional intelligence committees that—

"(i) the acquisition of such major system is essential to the national security:

"(ii) there are no alternatives to such major system that will provide equal or greater intelligence capability at equal or lesser cost to completion;

"(iii) the new estimates of the full lifecycle cost for such major system are reasonable; and

"(iv) the management structure for the acquisition of such major system is adequate to manage and control full life-cycle cost of such major system.

"(b) Cost Increases of at Least 40 Percent.—(1) If the Director of National Intelligence determines that the acquisition cost of a major system has increased by at least 40 percent as compared to the baseline cost of such major system, the President shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a written certification stating that.—

"(A) the acquisition of such major system is essential to the national security;

"(B) there are no alternatives to such major system that will provide equal or greater intelligence capability at equal or lesser cost to completion:

"(C) the new estimates of the full life-cycle cost for such major system are reasonable;

"(D) the management structure for the acquisition of such major system is adequate to manage and control the full life-cycle cost of such major system.

"(2) In addition to the certification required by paragraph (1), the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees an updated notification, with current accompanying information, as required by subsection (a)(2).

"(c) Prohibition on Obligation of Funds.—(1) If a written certification required under subsection (a)(2)(A) is not submitted to the congressional intelligence committees within 30 days of the determination made under subsection (a)(1), funds appropriated for the acquisition of a major system may not be obligated for a major corract under the program. Such prohibition on the obligation of funds shall cease to

apply at the end of the 30-day period of a continuous session of Congress that begins on the date on which Congress receives the notification required under subsection (a)(2)(A).

"(2) If a written certification required under subsection (b)(1) is not submitted to the congressional intelligence committees within 30 days of the determination made under subsection (b)(1), funds appropriated for the acquisition of a major system may not be obligated for a major contract under the program. Such prohibition on the obligation of funds for the acquisition of a major system shall cease to apply at the end of the 30-day period of a continuous session of Congress that begins on the date on which Congress receives the notification required under subsection (b)(2).

"(d) Definitions.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'acquisition cost' has the meaning given that term in section $506\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{d}).$

"(2) The term 'baseline cost', with respect to a major system, means the projected acquisition cost of such system on the date the contract for the development, procurement, and construction of the system is awarded.

"(3) The term 'full life-cycle cost' has the meaning given that term in section 506E(d).

- "(4) The term 'independent cost estimate' has the meaning given that term in section 506A(e).
- (5) The term 'major system' has the meaning given that term in section 506A(e)."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of that Act, as amended by sections 4311 through 4314 of this Act, is further amended by inserting after the items relating to section 506E, as added by section 4314(b), the following new item:

"Sec. 506F. Excessive cost growth of major systems.".

SEC. 4316. SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS OF CERTAIN COURT ORDERS UNDER THE FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT OF 1978.

(a) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN ORDERS IN SEMI-ANNUAL REPORTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL.—Subsection (a)(5) of section 601 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871) is amended by striking "(not including orders)" and inserting ", orders,".

(b) REPORTS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL ON CERTAIN OTHER ORDERS.—That section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(c) The Attorney General shall submit to the committees of Congress referred to in subsection (a)—

"(1) a copy of any decision, order, or opinion issued by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court or the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review that includes significant construction or interpretation of any provision of this Act, and any pleadings associated with such decision, order, or opinion, not later than 45 days after such decision, order, or opinion is issued; and

"(2) a copy of any such decision, order, or opinion, and the pleadings associated with such decision, order, or opinion, that was issued during the 5-year period ending on the date of the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 and not previously submitted in a report under subsection (a)."

SEC. 4317. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATE ON GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE.

- (a) REQUIREMENT FOR NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to Congress a National Intelligence Estimate (NIE) on the anticipated geopolitical

effects of global climate change and the implications of such effects on the national security of the United States.

- (2) NOTICE REGARDING SUBMITTAL.—If the Director of National Intelligence determines that the National Intelligence Estimate required by paragraph (1) cannot be submitted by the date specified in that paragraph, the Director shall notify Congress and provide—
- (A) the reasons that the National Intelligence Estimate cannot be submitted by such date; and
- (B) an anticipated date for the submittal of the National Intelligence Estimate.
- (b) CONTENT.—The Director of National Intelligence shall prepare the National Intelligence Estimate required by this section using the mid-range projections of the fourth assessment report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change—
- (1) to assess the political, social, agricultural, and economic risks during the 30-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act posed by global climate change for countries or regions that are—
- (A) of strategic economic or military importance to the United States and at risk of significant impact due to global climate change; or
- (B) at significant risk of large-scale humanitarian suffering with cross-border implications as predicted on the basis of the assessments:
- (2) to assess other risks posed by global climate change, including increased conflict over resources or between ethnic groups, within countries or transnationally, increased displacement or forced migrations of vulnerable populations due to inundation or other causes, increased food insecurity, and increased risks to human health from infections disease:
- (3) to assess the capabilities of the countries or regions described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) to respond to adverse impacts caused by global climate change; and
- (4) to make recommendations for further assessments of security consequences of global climate change that would improve national security planning.
- (c) COORDINATION.—In preparing the National Intelligence Estimate under this section, the Director of National Intelligence shall consult with representatives of the scientific community, including atmospheric and climate studies, security studies, conflict studies, economic assessments, and environmental security studies, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Secretary of Energy, and the Secretary of Agriculture, and, if appropriate, multilateral institutions and allies of the United States that have conducted significant research on global climate change.
 - (d) Assistance.—
- (1) AGENCIES OF THE UNITED STATES.—In order to produce the National Intelligence Estimate required by subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence may request any appropriate assistance from any agency, department, or other entity of the United State Government and such agency, department, or other entity shall provide the assistance requested.
- (2) OTHER ENTITIES.—In order to produce the National Intelligence Estimate required by subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence may request any appropriate assistance from any other person or entity.
- (3) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Director of National Intelligence is authorized to provide appropriate reimbursement to the head of an

- agency, department, or entity of the United States Government that provides support requested under paragraph (1) or any other person or entity that provides assistance requested under paragraph (2).
- (4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director of National Intelligence such sums as may be necessary to carry out this subsection.
- (e) FORM.—The National Intelligence Estimate required by this section shall be submitted in unclassified form, to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods, and include unclassified key judgments of the National Intelligence Estimate. The National Intelligence Estimate may include a classified annex.
- (f) DUPLICATION.—If the Director of National Intelligence determines that a National Intelligence Estimate, or other formal, coordinated intelligence product that meets the procedural requirements of a National Intelligence Estimate, has been prepared that includes the content required by subsection (b) prior to the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall not be required to produce the National Intelligence Estimate required by subsection (a).

SEC. 4318. REPEAL OF CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) ANNUAL REPORT ON INTELLIGENCE.-
- (1) REPEAL.—Section 109 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404d) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by striking the item relating to section 109.
- (b) ANNUAL AND SPECIAL REPORTS ON INTELLIGENCE SHARING WITH THE UNITED NATIONS.—Section 112 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404g) is amended—
- Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404g) is amended-(1) by striking subsection (b): and
- (2) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), and (e) as subsections (b), (c), and (d), respectively
- (c) ANNUAL REPORT ON SAFETY AND SECURITY OF RUSSIAN NUCLEAR FACILITIES AND FORCES.—Section 114 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404i) is amended—
- (1) by striking subsection (a): and
- (2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), and (d) as subsections (a), (b), and (c), respectively.
- (d) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION ON COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE INITIATIVES.—Section 1102(b) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 442a(b)) is amended—
- (1) by striking "(1)"; and
- (2) by striking paragraph (2).
- (e) REPORT AND CERTIFICATION UNDER TERRORIST IDENTIFICATION CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM.—Section 343 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (50 U.S.C. 404n-2) is amended—
- (1) by striking subsection (d); and
- (2) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), (g), and (h) as subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g), respectively.
- (f) ANNUAL REPORT ON COUNTERDRUG INTELLIGENCE MATTERS.—Section 826 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–306; 116 Stat. 2429; 21 U.S.C. 873 note) is repealed.
- (g) SEMIANNUAL REPORT ON CONTRIBUTIONS TO PROLIFERATION EFFORTS OF COUNTRIES OF PROLIFERATION CONCERN.—Section 722 of the Combatting Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction Act of 1996 (50 U.S.C. 2369) is repealed.
- (h) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 507(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 415b(a)) is amended—
 - (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B); and

- (B) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) through (N) as subparagraphs (A) through (L), respectively; and
 - (2) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (D); (B) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively; and
- (C) in subparagraph (A), as redesignated by subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, by striking "114(c)" and inserting "114(b)".

TITLE XLIV—MATTERS RELATING TO ELE-MENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMU-NITY

Subtitle A—Office of the Director of National Intelligence

SEC. 4401. REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCOUNT-ABILITY REVIEWS BY THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Subsection (b) of section 102 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (3)-
- (A) by striking "2004," and inserting "2004 (50 U.S.C. 403 note),"; and
- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon and "and"; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (3), the following new paragraph:
- "(4) conduct accountability reviews of elements of the intelligence community and the personnel of such elements, if appropriate.".
- (b) Tasking and Other Authorities.—Subsection (f) of section 102A of such Act (50 U.S.C. 403-1) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (7) and (8), as paragraphs (8) and (9), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (6), the following new paragraph:
- "(7)(A) The Director of National Intelligence shall, if the Director determines it is necessary, or may, if requested by a congressional intelligence committee, conduct accountability reviews of elements of the intelligence community or the personnel of such elements in relation to significant failures or deficiencies within the intelligence community
- "(B) The Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Attorney General, shall establish guidelines and procedures for conducting accountability reviews under subparagraph (A).
- "(C) The requirements of this paragraph shall not limit any authority of the Director of National Intelligence under subsection (m) or with respect to supervision of the Central Intelligence Agency."

SEC. 4402. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES OF THE DI-RECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE ON INTELLIGENCE INFOR-MATION SHARING.

- (a) AUTHORITIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 102A(g)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-1(g)(1)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (E), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in subparagraph (F), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
- "(G) in carrying out this subsection, without regard to any other provision of law (other than this Act and the National Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004 (title I of Public Law 108-458)), expend funds and make funds available to other department or agencies of the United States for, and direct the development and fielding of, systems of common concern related to the collection, processing, analysis, exploitation, and dissemination of intelligence information; and
- "(H) for purposes of addressing critical gaps in intelligence information sharing or

access capabilities, have the authority to transfer funds appropriated for a program within the National Intelligence Program to a program funded by appropriations not within the National Intelligence Program, consistent with paragraphs (3) through (7) of subsection (d)."

(b) AUTHORITIES OF HEADS OF OTHER DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the head of any department or agency of the United States is authorized to receive and utilize funds made available to the department or agency by the Director of National Intelligence pursuant to section 102A(g)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–1(g)(1)), as amended by subsection (a), and receive and utilize any system referred to in such section that is made available to the department or agency.

SEC. 4403. MODIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON DELEGATION BY THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE OF THE PROTECTION OF INTELLIGENCE SOURCES AND METHODS.

Section 102A(i)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-1(i)(3)) is amended by inserting before the period the following: ", any Deputy Director of National Intelligence, or the Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community".

SEC. 4404. ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-1) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(s) ADDITIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITIES.—(1) Notwithstanding section 1346 of title 31, United States Code, or any other provision of law prohibiting the interagency financing of activities described in subparagraph (A) or (B), upon the request of the Director of National Intelligence, any element of the intelligence community may use appropriated funds to support or participate in the interagency activities of the following:

- "(A) National intelligence centers established by the Director under section 119B.
- "(B) Boards, commissions, councils, committees, and similar groups that are established—
- $\lq\lq$ (i) for a term of not more than two years; and
 - "(ii) by the Director.

"(2) No provision of law enacted after the date of the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 shall be construed to limit or supersede the authority in paragraph (1) unless such provision makes specific reference to the authority in that paragraph.".

SEC. 4405. ENHANCEMENT OF AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE FOR FLEXIBLE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AMONG THE ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

Section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-1), as amended by section 4404 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(t) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH POSITIONS IN EXCEPTED SERVICE.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence may, with the concurrence of the head of the department or agency concerned and in coordination with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management—

"(A) convert such competitive service positions, and their incumbents, within an element of the intelligence community to excepted service positions as the Director of National Intelligence determines necessary to carry out the intelligence functions of such element; and

"(B) establish the classification and ranges of rates of basic pay for positions so con-

verted, notwithstanding otherwise applicable laws governing the classification and rates of basic pay for such positions.

"(2)(A) At the request of the Director of National Intelligence, the head of a department or agency may establish new positions in the excepted service within an element of such department or agency that is part of the intelligence community if the Director determines that such positions are necessary to carry out the intelligence functions of such element.

"(B) The Director of National Intelligence may establish the classification and ranges of rates of basic pay for any position established under subparagraph (A), notwithstanding otherwise applicable laws governing the classification and rates of basic pay for such positions

"(3) The head of the department or agency concerned is authorized to appoint individuals for service in positions converted under paragraph (1) or established under paragraph (2) without regard to the provisions of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and to fix the compensation of such individuals within the applicable ranges of rates of basic pay established by the Director of National Intelligence.

"(4) The maximum rate of basic pay established under this subsection is the rate for level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.

"(u) PAY AUTHORITY FOR CRITICAL POSI-TIONS.—(1) Notwithstanding any pay limitation established under any other provision of law applicable to employees in elements of the intelligence community, the Director of National Intelligence may, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, grant authority to fix the rate of basic pay for one or more positions within the intelligence community at a rate in excess of any applicable limitation, subject to the provisions of this subsection. The exercise of authority so granted is at the discretion of the head of the department or agency employing the individual in a position covered by such authority, subject to the provisions of this subsection and any conditions established by the Director of National Intelligence when granting such authority.

"(2) Authority under this subsection may be granted or exercised—

"(A) only with respect to a position which requires an extremely high level of expertise and is critical to successful accomplishment of an important mission; and

"(B) only to the extent necessary to recruit or retain an individual exceptionally well qualified for the position.

"(3) A rate of basic pay may not be fixed under this subsection at a rate greater than the rate payable for level II of the Executive Schedule under section 5312 of title 5, United States Code, except upon written approval of the Director of National Intelligence or as otherwise authorized by law.

"(4) A rate of basic pay may not be fixed under this subsection at a rate greater than the rate payable for level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5311 of title 5, United States Code, except upon written approval of the President in response to a request by the Director of National Intelligence or as otherwise authorized by law.

"(5) Any grant of authority under this subsection for a position shall terminate at the discretion of the Director of National Intelligence.

"(v) EXTENSION OF FLEXIBLE PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AUTHORITIES.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in order to ensure the equitable treatment of employees across the intelligence community, the

Director of National Intelligence may, with the concurrence of the head of the department or agency concerned, or for those matters that fall under the responsibilities of the Office of Personnel Management under statute or Executive Order, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, authorize one or more elements of the intelligence community to adopt compensation authority, performance management authority, and scholarship authority that have been authorized for another element of the intelligence community if the Director of National Intelligence—

"(A) determines that the adoption of such authority would improve the management and performance of the intelligence community, and

"(B) submits to the congressional intelligence committees, not later than 60 days before such authority is to take effect, notice of the adoption of such authority by such element or elements, including the authority to be so adopted, and an estimate of the costs associated with the adoption of such authority.

"(2) To the extent that an existing compensation authority within the intelligence community is limited to a particular category of employees or a particular situation, the authority may be adopted in another element of the intelligence community under this subsection only for employees in an equivalent category or in an equivalent situation.

"(3) In this subsection, the term 'compensation authority' means authority involving basic pay (including position classification), premium pay, awards, bonuses, incentives, allowances, differentials, student loan repayments, and special payments, but does not include authorities as follows:

"(A) Authorities related to benefits such as leave, severance pay, retirement, and insurance

"(B) Authority to grant Presidential Rank Awards under sections 4507 and 4507a of title 5, United States Code, section 3151(c) of title 31, United States Code, and any other provision of law.

"(C) Compensation authorities and performance management authorities provided under provisions of law relating to the Senior Executive Service.".

SEC. 4406. CLARIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON CO-LOCATION OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Section 103(e) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403–3(e)) is amended—

- (1) by striking "WITH" and inserting "OF HEADQUARTERS WITH HEADQUARTERS OF";
- (2) by inserting "the headquarters of" before "the Office"; and
- (3) by striking "any other element" and inserting "the headquarters of any other element".

SEC. 4407. ADDITIONAL DUTIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

(a) COORDINATION AND PRIORITIZATION OF RESEARCH CONDUCTED BY ELEMENTS OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Subsection (d) of section 103E of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-8e) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3)(A), by inserting "and prioritize" after "coordinate"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(4) In carrying out paragraph (3)(A), the Committee shall identify basic, advanced, and applied research programs to be carried out by elements of the intelligence community.".

(b) DEVELOPMENT OF TECHNOLOGY GOALS.— That section is further amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

- the end;
- (B) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (9); and
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraphs:
- "(5) assist the Director in establishing goals for the elements of the intelligence community to meet the technology needs of the intelligence community;
- "(6) under the direction of the Director, establish engineering standards and specifications applicable to each acquisition of a major system (as that term is defined in section 506A(e)(3)) by the intelligence community;
- "(7) develop 15-year projections and assessments of the needs of the intelligence community to ensure a robust Federal scientific and engineering workforce and the means to recruit such a workforce through integrated scholarships across the intelligence community, including research grants and cooperative work-study programs;
- "(8) ensure that each acquisition program of the intelligence community for a major system (as so defined) complies with the standards and specifications established under paragraph (6); and"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(e) Goals for Technology Needs of In-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.-In carrying out subsection (c)(5), the Director of Science and Technology shall—
- '(1) systematically identify and assess the most significant intelligence challenges that require technical solutions;
- (2) examine options to enhance the responsiveness of research and design programs of the elements of the intelligence community to meet the requirements of the intelligence community for timely support; and
- "(3) assist the Director of National Intelligence in establishing research and development priorities and projects for the intelligence community that-
- '(A) are consistent with current or future national intelligence requirements:
- '(B) address deficiencies or gaps in the collection, processing, analysis, or dissemination of national intelligence;
- '(C) take into account funding constraints in program development and acquisition; and (D) address system requirements from
- collection to final dissemination (also known as 'end-to-end architecture').".
- (c) Report.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 30, 2008, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to Congress a report containing a strategy for the development and use of technology in the intelligence community through 2021.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of the highest priority intelligence gaps across the intelligence community that may be resolved by the use of technology;
- (B) goals for advanced research and development and a strategy to achieve such goals;
- (C) an explanation of how each advanced research and development project funded under the National Intelligence Program addresses an identified intelligence gap;
- (D) a list of all current and projected research and development projects by research type (basic, advanced, or applied) with estimated funding levels, estimated initiation dates, and estimated completion dates; and
- (E) a plan to incorporate technology from research and development projects into National Intelligence Program acquisition programs.
- (3) FORM.—The report under paragraph (1) may be submitted in classified form.

(A) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at SEC. 4408. TITLE OF CHIEF INFORMATION OFFI-CER OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMU-NITY.

Section 103G of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-3g) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a), by inserting "of the Intelligence Community" after "Chief Information Officer";
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting "of the Intelligence Community" after "Chief Information Officer":
- (3) in subsection (c), by inserting "of the Intelligence Community" after "Chief Information Officer"; and
- (4) in subsection (d), by inserting "of the Intelligence Community" after "Chief Information Officer" the first place it appears.

SEC. 4409. RESERVE FOR CONTINGENCIES OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 103G the following new section:

"RESERVE FOR CONTINGENCIES OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

- "SEC. 103H. (a) IN GENERAL.—There is established a fund to be known as the 'Reserve for Contingencies of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence' (in this section referred to as the 'Reserve').
- '(b) ELEMENTS —(1) The Reserve shall consist of the following elements:
- "(A) Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Reserve.
- "(B) Amounts authorized to be transferred to or deposited in the Reserve by law.
- "(2) No amount may be transferred to the Reserve under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) during a fiscal year after the date on which a total of \$50,000,000 has been transferred to or deposited in the Reserve under subparagraph (A) or (B) of such paragraph.
- "(c) Amounts Available for Deposit. Amounts deposited into the Reserve shall be amounts appropriated to the National Intelligence Program.
- "(d) Availability of Funds.—(1) Amounts in the Reserve shall be available for such purposes as are provided by law for the Office of the Director of National Intelligence or the separate elements of the intelligence community for support of emerging needs, improvements to program effectiveness, or increased efficiency.
- (2)(A) Subject to subparagraph amounts in the Reserve may be available for a program or activity if-
- '(i) the Director of National Intelligence. consistent with the provisions of sections 502 and 503, notifies the congressional intelligence committees of the intention to utilize such amounts for such program or activity; and
- '(ii) 15 calendar days elapses after the date of such notification.
- "(B) In addition to the requirements in subparagraph (A), amounts in the Reserve may be available for a program or activity not previously authorized by Congress only with the approval of the Director the Office of Management and Budget.
- "(3) Use of any amounts in the Reserve shall be subject to the direction and approval of the Director of National Intelligence, or the designee of the Director, and shall be subject to such procedures as the Director may prescribe.
- "(4) Amounts transferred to or deposited in the Reserve in a fiscal year under subsection (b) shall be available under this subsection in such fiscal year and the fiscal year following such fiscal year.'
- (b) APPLICABILITY.—No funds appropriated prior to the date of the enactment of this Act may be transferred to or deposited in the Reserve for Contingencies of the Office of the

- Director of National Intelligence established in section 103H of the National Security Act of 1947, as added by subsection (a).
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 103G the following new item:

"Sec. 103H. Reserve for Contingencies of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

SEC. 4410. INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) Establishment.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 402 et seq.), as amended by section 4409 of this Act, is further amended by inserting after section 103H the following new section:
- "INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY
- "SEC. 103I. (a) OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GEN-ERAL OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—There is within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence an Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community.
- "(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community is to-
- "(1) create an objective and effective office, appropriately accountable to Congress, to initiate and conduct independently investigations, inspections, and audits on matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence;
 - "(2) recommend policies designed-
- "(A) to promote economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the administration and implementation of matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence; and
- "(B) to prevent and detect fraud and abuse in such matters:
- "(3) provide a means for keeping the Director of National Intelligence fully and currently informed about-
- "(A) problems and deficiencies relating to matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence: and
- "(B) the necessity for, and the progress of, corrective actions; and
- "(4) in the manner prescribed by this section, ensure that the congressional intelligence committees are kept similarly informed of-
- "(A) significant problems and deficiencies relating to matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence; and
- "(B) the necessity for, and the progress of, corrective actions.
- "(c) Inspector General of Intelligence COMMUNITY .- (1) There is an Inspector General of the Intelligence Community, who shall be the head of the Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-
- "(2) The nomination of an individual for appointment as Inspector General shall be
- "(A) without regard to political affiliation; "(B) solely on the basis of integrity, compliance with the security standards of the intelligence community, and prior experience in the field of intelligence or national security: and
- '(C) on the basis of demonstrated ability in accounting, financial analysis, law, management analysis, public administration, or auditing.
- "(3) The Inspector General shall report directly to and be under the general supervision of the Director of National Intelligence.

- "(4) The Inspector General may be removed from office only by the President. The President shall immediately communicate in writing to the congressional intelligence committees the reasons for the removal of any individual from the position of Inspector General
- "(d) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Subject to subsections (g) and (h), it shall be the duty and responsibility of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community—
- "(1) to provide policy direction for, and to plan, conduct, supervise, and coordinate independently, the investigations, inspections, and audits relating to matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence to ensure they are conducted efficiently and in accordance with applicable law and regulations;
- "(2) to keep the Director of National Intelligence fully and currently informed concerning violations of law and regulations, violations of civil liberties and privacy, and fraud and other serious problems, abuses, and deficiencies that may occur in matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director, and to report the progress made in implementing corrective action;
- "(3) to take due regard for the protection of intelligence sources and methods in the preparation of all reports issued by the Inspector General, and, to the extent consistent with the purpose and objective of such reports, take such measures as may be appropriate to minimize the disclosure of intelligence sources and methods described in such reports; and
- "(4) in the execution of the duties and responsibilities under this section, to comply with generally accepted government auditing standards.
- i(e) Limitations on Activities.—(1) The Director of National Intelligence may prohibit the Inspector General of the Inteligence Community from initiating, carrying out, or completing any investigation, inspection, or audit if the Director determines that such prohibition is necessary to protect vital national security interests of the United States.
- "(2) If the Director exercises the authority under paragraph (1), the Director shall submit an appropriately classified statement of the reasons for the exercise of such authority within 7 days to the congressional intelligence committees.
- "(3) The Director shall advise the Inspector General at the time a report under paragraph (2) is submitted, and, to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods, provide the Inspector General with a copy of such report.
- "(4) The Inspector General may submit to the congressional intelligence committees any comments on a report of which the Inspector General has notice under paragraph (3) that the Inspector General considers appropriate.
- "(f) AUTHORITIES.—(1) The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall have direct and prompt access to the Director of National Intelligence when necessary for any purpose pertaining to the performance of the duties of the Inspector General.
- "(2)(A) The Inspector General shall have access to any employee, or any employee of a contractor, of any element of the intelligence community whose testimony is needed for the performance of the duties of the Inspector General.
- "(B) The Inspector General shall have direct access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, or other material which relate to the programs and operations with respect to which the Inspector General has responsibilities under this section.
- "(C) The level of classification or compartmentation of information shall not,

in and of itself, provide a sufficient rationale for denying the Inspector General access to any materials under subparagraph (B).

"(D) Failure on the part of any employee, or any employee of a contractor, of any element of the intelligence community to cooperate with the Inspector General shall be grounds for appropriate administrative actions by the Director or, on the recommendation of the Director, other appropriate officials of the intelligence community, including loss of employment or the termination of an existing contractual relationship

"(3) The Inspector General is authorized to receive and investigate complaints or information from any person concerning the existence of an activity constituting a violation of laws, rules, or regulations, or mismanagement, gross waste of funds, abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to the public health and safety. Once such complaint or information has been received from an employee of the Federal Government—

"(A) the Inspector General shall not disclose the identity of the employee without the consent of the employee, unless the Inspector General determines that such disclosure is unavoidable during the course of the investigation or the disclosure is made to an official of the Department of Justice responsible for determining whether a prosecution should be undertaken; and

"(B) no action constituting a reprisal, or threat of reprisal, for making such complaint may be taken by any employee in a position to take such actions, unless the complaint was made or the information was disclosed with the knowledge that it was false or with willful disregard for its truth or falsity.

"(4) The Inspector General shall have authority to administer to or take from any person an oath, affirmation, or affidavit, whenever necessary in the performance of the duties of the Inspector General, which oath, affirmation, or affidavit when administered or taken by or before an employee of the Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community designated by the Inspector General shall have the same force and effect as if administered or taken by or before an officer having a seal.

"(5)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the Inspector General is authorized to require by subpoena the production of all information, documents, reports, answers, records, accounts, papers, and other data and documentary evidence necessary in the performance of the duties and responsibilities of the Inspector General.

"(B) In the case of departments, agencies, and other elements of the United States Government, the Inspector General shall obtain information, documents, reports, answers, records, accounts, papers, and other data and evidence for the purpose specified in subparagraph (A) using procedures other than by subpoenas.

"(C) The Inspector General may not issue a subpoena for or on behalf of any other element of the intelligence community, including the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

"(D) In the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued under this paragraph, the subpoena shall be enforceable by order of any appropriate district court of the United States.

"(g) COORDINATION AMONG INSPECTORS GENERAL OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—(1)(A) In the event of a matter within the jurisdiction of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community that may be subject to an investigation, inspection, or audit by both the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community and an Inspector General, whether stat-

utory or administrative, with oversight responsibility for an element or elements of the intelligence community, the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community and such other Inspector or Inspectors General shall expeditiously resolve the question of which Inspector General shall conduct such investigation, inspection, or audit.

"(B) In attempting to resolve a question under subparagraph (A), the Inspectors General concerned may request the assistance of the Intelligence Community Inspectors General Forum established under subparagraph (C). In the event of a dispute between an Inspector General within a department of the United States Government and the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community that has not been resolved with the assistance of the Forum, the Inspectors General shall submit the question to the Director of National Intelligence and the head of the department for resolution.

C) There is established the Intelligence Community Inspectors General Forum which shall consist of all statutory or administrative Inspectors General with oversight responsibility for an element or elements of the intelligence community. The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall serve as the chair of the Forum. The Forum shall have no administrative authority over any Inspector General, but shall serve as a mechanism for informing its members of the work of individual members of the Forum that may be of common interest and discussing questions about jurisdiction or access to employees, employees of a contractor, records, audits, reviews, documents, recommendations, or other materials that may involve or be of assistance to more than one of its members.

"(2) The Inspector General conducting an investigation, inspection, or audit covered by paragraph (1) shall submit the results of such investigation, inspection, or audit to any other Inspector General, including the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community, with jurisdiction to conduct such investigation, inspection, or audit who did not conduct such investigation, inspection, or audit.

"(h) STAFF AND OTHER SUPPORT.—(1) The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall be provided with appropriate and adequate office space at central and field office locations, together with such equipment, office supplies, maintenance services, and communications facilities and services as may be necessary for the operation of such offices.

"(2)(A) Subject to applicable law and the policies of the Director of National Intelligence, the Inspector General shall select, appoint, and employ such officers and employees as may be necessary to carry out the functions of the Inspector General. The Inspector General shall ensure that any officer or employee so selected, appointed, or employed has security clearances appropriate for the assigned duties of such officer or employee.

"(B) In making selections under subparagraph (A), the Inspector General shall ensure that such officers and employees have the requisite training and experience to enable the Inspector General to carry out the duties of the Inspector General effectively.

"(C) In meeting the requirements of this paragraph, the Inspector General shall create within the Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community a career cadre of sufficient size to provide appropriate continuity and objectivity needed for the effective performance of the duties of the Inspector General.

"(3)(A) Subject to the concurrence of the Director, the Inspector General may request such information or assistance as may be necessary for carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Inspector General from any department, agency, or other element of the United States Government.

"(B) Upon request of the Inspector General for information or assistance under subparagraph (A), the head of the department, agency, or element concerned shall, insofar as is practicable and not in contravention of any existing statutory restriction or regulation of the department, agency, or element, furnish to the Inspector General, or to an authorized designee, such information or assistance.

"(C) The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community may, upon reasonable notice to the head of any element of the intelligence community, conduct, as authorized by this section, an investigation, inspection, or audit of such element and may enter into any place occupied by such element for purposes of the performance of the duties of the Inspector General.

(i) REPORTS.—(1)(A) The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall, not later than January 31 and July 31 of each year, prepare and submit to the Director of National Intelligence a classified, and, as appropriate, unclassified semiannual report summarizing the activities of the Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community during the immediately preceding 6-month periods ending December 31 (of the preceding year) and June 30, respectively. The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall provide any portion of the report involving a component of a department of the United States Government to the head of that department simultaneously with submission of the report to the Director of National Intelligence.

"(B) Each report under this paragraph shall include, at a minimum, the following:

"(i) A list of the title or subject of each investigation, inspection, or audit conducted during the period covered by such report, including a summary of the progress of each particular investigation, inspection, or audit since the preceding report of the Inspector General under this paragraph.

"(ii) A description of significant problems, abuses, and deficiencies relating to the administration and implementation of programs and operations of the intelligence community, and in the relationships between elements of the intelligence community, identified by the Inspector General during the period covered by such report.

"(iii) A description of the recommendations for corrective or disciplinary action made by the Inspector General during the period covered by such report with respect to significant problems, abuses, or deficiencies identified in clause (ii).

"(iv) A statement whether or not corrective or disciplinary action has been completed on each significant recommendation described in previous semiannual reports, and, in a case where corrective action has been completed, a description of such corrective action.

"(v) A certification whether or not the Inspector General has had full and direct access to all information relevant to the performance of the functions of the Inspector General.

"(vi) A description of the exercise of the subpoena authority under subsection (f)(5) by the Inspector General during the period covered by such report.

"(vii) Such recommendations as the Inspector General considers appropriate for legislation to promote economy, efficiency, and effectiveness in the administration and implementation of matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence, and to detect and eliminate fraud and abuse in such matters.

"(C) Not later than the 30 days after the date of receipt of a report under subparagraph (A), the Director shall transmit the report to the congressional intelligence committees together with any comments the Director considers appropriate. The Director shall transmit to the committees of the Senate and of the House of Representatives with jurisdiction over a department of the United States Government any portion of the report involving a component of such department simultaneously with submission of the report to the congressional intelligence committees.

"(2)(A) The Inspector General shall report immediately to the Director whenever the Inspector General becomes aware of particularly serious or flagrant problems, abuses, or deficiencies relating to matters within the responsibility and authority of the Director of National Intelligence.

"(B) The Director shall transmit to the congressional intelligence committees each report under subparagraph (A) within seven calendar days of receipt of such report, together with such comments as the Director considers appropriate. The Director shall transmit to the committees of the Senate and of the House of Representatives with jurisdiction over a department of the United States Government any portion of each report under subparagraph (A) that involves a problem, abuse, or deficiency related to a component of such department simultaneously with transmission of the report to the congressional intelligence committees

"(3) In the event that—

"(A) the Inspector General is unable to resolve any differences with the Director affecting the execution of the duties or responsibilities of the Inspector General;

"(B) an investigation, inspection, or audit carried out by the Inspector General focuses on any current or former intelligence community official who—

"(i) holds or held a position in an element of the intelligence community that is subject to appointment by the President, whether or not by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, including such a position held on an acting basis:

"(ii) holds or held a position in an element of the intelligence community, including a position held on an acting basis, that is appointed by the Director of National Intelligence; or

"(iii) holds or held a position as head of an element of the intelligence community or a position covered by subsection (b) or (c) of section 106:

"(C) a matter requires a report by the Inspector General to the Department of Justice on possible criminal conduct by a current or former official described in subparagraph (B);

"(D) the Inspector General receives notice from the Department of Justice declining or approving prosecution of possible criminal conduct of any current or former official described in subparagraph (B); or

"(E) the Inspector General, after exhausting all possible alternatives, is unable to obtain significant documentary information in the course of an investigation, inspection, or and it

the Inspector General shall immediately notify and submit a report on such matter to the congressional intelligence committees

"(4) Pursuant to title V, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees any report or findings and recommendations of an investigation, inspection, or audit conducted by the office which has been requested by the Chairman or Vice Chairman or Ranking Minority Member of either committee.

"(5)(A) An employee of an element of the intelligence community, an employee as-

signed or detailed to an element of the intelligence community, or an employee of a contractor to the intelligence community who intends to report to Congress a complaint or information with respect to an urgent concern may report such complaint or information to the Inspector General.

"(B) Not later than the end of the 14-calendar day period beginning on the date of receipt from an employee of a complaint or information under subparagraph (A), the Inspector General shall determine whether the complaint or information appears credible. Upon making such a determination, the Inspector General shall transmit to the Director a notice of that determination, together with the complaint or information.

"(C) Upon receipt of a transmittal from the Inspector General under subparagraph (B), the Director shall, within seven calendar days of such receipt, forward such transmittal to the congressional intelligence committees, together with any comments the Di-

rector considers appropriate.

"(D)(i) If the Inspector General does not find credible under subparagraph (B) a complaint or information submitted under subparagraph (A), or does not transmit the complaint or information to the Director in accurate form under subparagraph (B), the employee (subject to clause (ii)) may submit the complaint or information to Congress by contacting either or both of the congressional intelligence committees directly.

"(ii) An employee may contact the intelligence committees directly as described in

clause (i) only if the employee-

"(I) before making such a contact, furnishes to the Director, through the Inspector General, a statement of the employee's complaint or information and notice of the employee's intent to contact the congressional intelligence committees directly; and

"(II) obtains and follows from the Director, through the Inspector General, direction on how to contact the intelligence committees in accordance with appropriate security practices.

"(iii) A member or employee of one of the congressional intelligence committees who receives a complaint or information under clause (i) does so in that member or employee's official capacity as a member or employee of such committee.

"(E) The Inspector General shall notify an employee who reports a complaint or information to the Inspector General under this paragraph of each action taken under this paragraph with respect to the complaint or information. Such notice shall be provided not later than 3 days after any such action is taken.

"(F) An action taken by the Director or the Inspector General under this paragraph shall not be subject to judicial review.

"(G) In this paragraph, the term 'urgent concern' means any of the following:

"(i) A serious or flagrant problem, abuse, violation of law or Executive order, or deficiency relating to the funding, administration, or operation of an intelligence activity involving classified information, but does not include differences of opinions concerning public policy matters.

"(ii) A false statement to Congress, or a willful withholding from Congress, on an issue of material fact relating to the funding, administration, or operation of an intelligence activity.

"(iii) An action, including a personnel action described in section 2302(a)(2)(A) of title 5, United States Code, constituting reprisal or threat of reprisal prohibited under subsection (f)(3)(B) of this section in response to an employee's reporting an urgent concern in accordance with this paragraph.

"(H) In support of this paragraph, Congress makes the findings set forth in paragraphs (1) through (6) of section 701(b) of the Intelligence Community Whistleblower Protection Act of 1998 (title VII of Public Law 105–272; 5 U.S.C. App. 8H note).

"(6) In accordance with section 535 of title 28, United States Code, the Inspector General shall report to the Attorney General any information, allegation, or complaint received by the Inspector General relating to violations of Federal criminal law that involves a program or operation of an element of the intelligence community, or in the relationships between the elements of the intelligence community, consistent with such guidelines as may be issued by the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (b)(2) of such section. A copy of each such report shall be furnished to the Director.

"(j) SEPARATE BUDGET ACCOUNT.—The Di-

"(j) SEPARATE BUDGET ACCOUNT.—The Director of National Intelligence shall, in accordance with procedures to be issued by the Director in consultation with the congressional intelligence committees, include in the National Intelligence Program budget a separate account for the Office of Inspector General of the Intelligence Community.

"(k) CONSTRUCTION OF DUTIES REGARDING ELEMENTS OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Except as resolved pursuant to subsection (g), the performance by the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community of any duty, responsibility, or function regarding an element of the intelligence community shall not be construed to modify or effect the duties and responsibilities of any other Inspector General, whether statutory or administrative, having duties and responsibilities relating to such element."

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the National Security Act of 1947, as amended by section 4409 of this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 103H the following new item:

"Sec. 103I. Inspector General of the Intelligence Community.".

(b) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH POSITION.—Section 8K of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is repealed.

(c) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE LEVEL IV.—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"Inspector General of the Intelligence Community.".

SEC. 4411. LEADERSHIP AND LOCATION OF CERTAIN OFFICES AND OFFICIALS.

- (a) NATIONAL COUNTER PROLIFERATION CENTER.—Section 119A(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 4040–1(a)) is amended—
- (1) by striking "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of the National Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004, the" and inserting the following:
 - "(a) IN GENERAL.-
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

"(2) DIRECTOR.—The head of the National Counter Proliferation Center shall be the Director of the National Counter Proliferation Center, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence.

- "(3) LOCATION.—The National Counter Proliferation Center shall be located within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.".
- (b) Officers.—Section 103(c) of that Act (50 U.S.C. 403–3(c)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraph (9) as paragraph (13): and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (8) the following new paragraphs:

"(9) The Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community.

- "(10) The Inspector General of the Intelligence Community.
- "(11) The Director of the National Counterterrorism Center.
- ``(12) The Director of the National Counter Proliferation Center.".

SEC. 4412. NATIONAL SPACE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

- (a) Establishment.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
 - "NATIONAL SPACE INTELLIGENCE OFFICE

"SEC. 119C. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence a National Space Intelligence Office.

"(b) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL SPACE INTEL-LIGENCE OFFICE.—The National Intelligence Officer for Science and Technology, or a successor position designated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall act as the Director of the National Space Intelligence Office.

"(c) MISSIONS.—The National Space Intelligence Office shall have the following missions:

"(1) To coordinate and provide policy direction for the management of space-related intelligence assets.

"(2) To prioritize collection activities consistent with the National Intelligence Collection Priorities framework, or a successor framework or other document designated by the Director of National Intelligence.

"(3) To provide policy direction for programs designed to ensure a sufficient cadre of government and nongovernment personnel in fields relating to space intelligence, including programs to support education, recruitment, hiring, training, and retention of qualified personnel.

"(4) To evaluate independent analytic assessments of threats to classified United States space intelligence systems throughout all phases of the development, acquisition, and operation of such systems.

"(d) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the National Space Intelligence Office has access to all national intelligence information (as appropriate), and such other information (as appropriate and practical), necessary for the Office to carry out the missions of the Office under subsection (c).

"(e) SEPARATE BUDGET ACCOUNT.—The Director of National Intelligence shall include in the National Intelligence Program budget a separate line item for the National Space Intelligence Office."

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 119B the following new item:

"Sec. 119C. National Space Intelligence Office.".

- (b) REPORT ON ORGANIZATION OF OFFICE.—
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Space Intelligence Office shall submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report on the organizational structure of the National Space Intelligence Office established by section 119C of the National Security Act of 1947 (as added by subsection (a)).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) The proposed organizational structure of the National Space Intelligence Office.
- (B) An identification of key participants in the Office.
- (C) A strategic plan for the Office during the five-year period beginning on the date of the report.

SEC. 4413. OPERATIONAL FILES IN THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VII of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 431 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"PROTECTION OF CERTAIN FILES OF THE OFFICE
OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

"SEC. 706. (a) RECORDS FROM EXEMPTED OPERATIONAL FILES.—(1) Any record disseminated or otherwise provided to an element of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence from the exempted operational files of elements of the intelligence community designated in accordance with this title, and any operational files created by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence that incorporate such record in accordance with subparagraph (A)(ii), shall be exempted from the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code that require search, review, publication or disclosure in connection therewith, in any instance in which—

"(A)(i) such record is shared within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and not disseminated by that Office beyond that Office: or

"(ii) such record is incorporated into new records created by personnel of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and maintained in operational files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and such record is not disseminated by that Office beyond that Office; and

"(B) the operational files from which such record has been obtained continue to remain designated as operational files exempted from section 552 of title 5, United States Code

"(2) The operational files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence referred to in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) shall be similar in nature to the originating operational files from which the record was disseminated or provided, as such files are defined in this title.

"(3) Records disseminated or otherwise provided to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence from other elements of the intelligence community that are not protected by paragraph (1), and that are authorized to be disseminated beyond the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, shall remain subject to search and review under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, but may continue to be exempted from the publication and disclosure provisions of that section by the originating agency to the extent that such section permits.

"(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, records in the exempted operational files of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, the National Security Agency, or the Defense Intelligence Agency shall not be subject to the search and review provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code, solely because they have been disseminated to an element or elements of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, or referenced in operational files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and that are not disseminated beyond the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

"(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, the incorporation of records from the operational files of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, the National Security Agency, or the Defense Intelligence Agency, into operational files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence shall not subject that record or the operational files of the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, the

National Reconnaissance Office, the National Security Agency or the Defense Intelligence Agency to the search and review provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

"(b) OTHER RECORDS.—(1) Files in the Office of the Director of National Intelligence that are not exempted under subsection (a) of this section which contain information derived or disseminated from exempted operational files shall be subject to search and review under section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

"(2) The inclusion of information from exempted operational files in files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence that are not exempted under subsection (a) shall not affect the exemption of the originating operational files from search, review, publication, or disclosure.

"(3) Records from exempted operational files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence which have been disseminated to and referenced in files that are not exempted under subsection (a), and which have been returned to exempted operational files of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence for sole retention, shall be subject to search and review.

"(c) SEARCH AND REVIEW FOR CERTAIN PUR-POSES.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), exempted operational files shall continue to be subject to search and review for information concerning any of the following:

"(1) United States citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence who have requested information on themselves pursuant to the provisions of section 552 or 552a of title 5. United States Code.

"(2) Any special activity the existence of which is not exempt from disclosure under the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

"(3) The specific subject matter of an investigation by any of the following for any impropriety, or violation of law, Executive order, or Presidential directive, in the conduct of an intelligence activity:

"(A) The Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.

"(B) The Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

 $\lq\lq(C)$ The Intelligence Oversight Board.

"(D) The Department of Justice.

"(E) The Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

"(F) The Office of the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community.

"(d) DECENNIAL REVIEW OF EXEMPTED OPERATIONAL FILES.—(1) Not less than once every 10 years, the Director of National Intelligence shall review the operational files exempted under subsection (a) to determine whether such files, or any portion of such files, may be removed from the category of exempted files.

"(2) The review required by paragraph (1) shall include consideration of the historical value or other public interest in the subject matter of the particular category of files or portions thereof and the potential for declassifying a significant part of the information contained therein.

"(3) A complainant that alleges that Director of National Intelligence has improperly withheld records because of failure to comply with this subsection may seek judicial review in the district court of the United States of the district in which any of the parties reside, or in the District of Columbia. In such a proceeding, the court's review shall be limited to determining the following:

"(A) Whether the Director has conducted the review required by paragraph (1) before the expiration of the 10-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 or before the expiration of the 10-year period beginning on the date of the most recent review.

"(B) Whether the Director of National Intelligence, in fact, considered the criteria set forth in paragraph (2) in conducting the required review

"(e) SUPERSEDURE OF OTHER LAWS.—The provisions of this section may not be superseded except by a provision of law that is enacted after the date of the enactment of this section and that specifically cites and repeals or modifies such provisions.

"(f) APPLICABILITY.—The Director of Na-

"(f) APPLICABILITY.—The Director of National Intelligence will publish a regulation listing the specific elements within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence whose records can be exempted from search and review under this section.

"(g) ALLEGATION; IMPROPER WITHHOLDING OF RECORDS; JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), whenever any person who has requested agency records under section 552 of title 5, United States Code, alleges that the Office of the Director of National Intelligence has withheld records improperly because of failure to comply with any provision of this section, judicial review shall be available under the terms set forth in section 552(a)(4)(B) of title 5, United States Code.

"(2) Judicial review shall not be available in the manner provided for under paragraph (1) as follows:

"(A) In any case in which information specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interests of national defense or foreign relations is filed with, or produced for, the court by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, such information shall be examined ex parte, in camera by the court.

"(B) The court shall determine, to the fullest extent practicable, the issues of fact based on sworn written submissions of the parties.

"(C) When a complainant alleges that requested records are improperly withheld because of improper placement solely in exempted operational files, the complainant shall support such allegation with a sworn written submission based upon personal knowledge or otherwise admissible evidence.

"(D)(i) When a complainant alleges that requested records were improperly withheld because of improper exemption of operational files, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence shall meet its burden under section 552(a)(4)(B) of title 5, United States Code, by demonstrating to the court by sworn written submission that exempted operational files likely to contain responsive records currently meet the criteria set forth in subsection.

"(ii) The court may not order the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to review the content of any exempted operational file or files in order to make the demonstration required under clause (i), unless the complainant disputes the Office's showing with a sworn written submission based on personal knowledge or otherwise admissible evidence.

"(E) In proceedings under subparagraphs (C) and (D), the parties may not obtain discovery pursuant to rules 26 through 36 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, except that requests for admissions may be made pursuant to rules 26 and 36.

"(F) If the court finds under this subsection that the Office of the Director of National Intelligence has improperly withheld requested records because of failure to comply with any provision of this section, the court shall order the Office to search and review the appropriate exempted operational file or files for the requested records and make such records, or portions thereof,

available in accordance with the provisions of section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and such order shall be the exclusive remedy for failure to comply with this section.

"(G) If at any time following the filing of a complaint pursuant to this paragraph the Office of the Director of National Intelligence agrees to search the appropriate exempted operational file or files for the requested records, the court shall dismiss the claim based upon such complaint."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in the first section of the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 705 the following new item:

"Sec. 706. Operational files in the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.".

SEC. 4414. REPEAL OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES RELATING TO THE OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE EXECUTIVE.

(a) REPEAL OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES.—Section 904 of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 (title IX of Public Law 107–306; 50 U.S.C. 402c) is amended—

(1) by striking subsections (d), (h), (i), and (i); and

(2) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), (g), (k), (l), and (m) as subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i), respectively; and

(3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by striking paragraphs (3) and (4).

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—That section is further amended—

(1) in subsection (d), as redesignated by subsection (a)(2) of this section, by striking "subsection (f)" each place it appears in paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting "subsection (e)": and

(2) in subsection (e), as so redesignated—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (e)(1)" and inserting "subsection (d)(1)": and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "subsection (e)(2)" and inserting "subsection (d)(2)".

SEC. 4415. INAPPLICABILITY OF FEDERAL ADVI-SORY COMMITTEE ACT TO ADVISORY COMMITTEES OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE

Section 4(b) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or";

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

 $\lq\lq(3)$ the Office of the Director of National Intelligence. $\lq\lq$

SEC. 4416. MEMBERSHIP OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ON THE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY OVER-SIGHT BOARD.

Subparagraph (F) of section 115(b)(1) of title 49, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(F) The Director of National Intelligence, or the Director's designee.".

SEC. 4417. APPLICABILITY OF THE PRIVACY ACT TO THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Subsection (j) of section 552a of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or" at the end:

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

"(2) maintained by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence; or".

Subtitle B—Central Intelligence Agency SEC. 4421. DIRECTOR AND DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGEN-CY

- (a) Establishment of Position of Deputy DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGEN-CY.—Subsection (a) of section 104A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-4a) is amended-
- (1) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-

lowing new subsections (b) and (c):

(b) Deputy Director of Central Intel-LIGENCE AGENCY.—(1) There is a Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Sen-

"(2) The Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall assist the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of the Di-

"(3) The Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency during the absence or disability of the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency or during a vacancy in the position of Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
"(c) MILITARY STATUS OF DIRECTOR OF THE

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY AND DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENcy —(1) Not more than one of the individuals serving in the positions specified in subsection (a) and (b) may be a commissioned officer of the Armed Forces in active status.

- '(2) A commissioned officer of the Armed Forces who is serving as the Director or Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency or is engaged in administrative performance of the duties of Director or Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall not, while continuing in such service, or in the administrative performance of such
- "(A) be subject to supervision or control by the Secretary of Defense or by any officer or employee of the Department of Defense; or
- '(B) exercise, by reason of the officer's status as a commissioned officer, any supervision or control with respect to any of the military or civilian personnel of the Department of Defense except as otherwise authorized by law.
- (3) Except as provided in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2), the service, or the administrative performance of duties, described in that paragraph by an officer described in that paragraph shall not affect the status, position, rank, or grade of such officer in the Armed Forces, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of such status, position, rank, or grade.
- "(4) A commissioned officer described in paragraph (2), while serving, or continuing in the administrative performance of duties, as described in that paragraph and while remaining on active duty, shall continue to receive military pay and allowances. Funds from which such pay and allowances are paid shall be reimbursed from funds available to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.".
 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Paragraph
- (2) of subsection (e) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (a)(1) of this section, is further amended by striking "subsection (d)" and inserting "subsection (f)"
- (c) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE LEVEL III.—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
- "Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.".

- (d) Role of DNI in Appointment.—Section 106(b)(2) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-6(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(J) The Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.".
 (e) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY.-
- The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply upon the earlier of—
- (1) the date of the nomination by the President of an individual to serve as Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. except that the individual administratively performing the duties of the Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency as of the date of the enactment of this Act may continue to perform such duties after such date of nomination and until the individual appointed to the position of Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, assumes the duties of such position; or
- (2) the date of the cessation of the performance of the duties of Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency by the individual administratively performing such duties as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4422. INAPPLICABILITY TO DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGEN-CY OF REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT PROGRESS ON AUDITABLE FINANCIAL MENTS.

Section 114A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404i-1) is amended by striking "the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.

SEC. 4423. ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS AND AU-THORITIES FOR PROTECTIVE PER-SONNEL OF THE CENTRAL INTEL-LIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 5(a)(4) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403f(a)(4)) is amended-

- (1) by inserting "(A)" after "(4)";
- (2) in subparagraph (A), as so designated-(A) by striking "and the protection" and inserting "the protection"; and
- (B) by striking the semicolon and inserting and the protection of the Director of National Intelligence and such personnel of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence as the Director of National Intelligence may designate; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(B) Authorize personnel engaged in the performance of protective functions authorized pursuant to subparagraph (A), when engaged in the performance of such functions, to make arrests without warrant for any offense against the United States committed in the presence of such personnel, or for any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States, if such personnel have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony, except that any authority pursuant to this subparagraph may be exercised only in accordance with guidelines approved by the Director and the Attorney General and such personnel may not exercise any authority for the service of civil process or for the investigation of criminal offenses:

SEC. 4424. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO TITLES OF CERTAIN CENTRAL IN-TELLIGENCE AGENCY POSITIONS.

Section 17(d)(3)(B)(ii) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403q(d)(3)(B)(ii)) is amended-

- (1) in subclause (I), by striking "Executive Director" and inserting "Associate Deputy Director";
- (2) in subclause (II), by striking "Deputy Director for Operations" and inserting "Director of the National Clandestine Service"; and

(3) in subclause (IV), by striking "Deputy Director for Administration" and inserting "Director for Support"

SEC. 4425. DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE REPORT ON RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR FORMER EMPLOYEES OF AIR AMERICA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to Congress a report on the advisability of providing Federal retirement benefits to United States citizens for the service of such individuals before 1977 as employees of Air America or an associated company while such company was owned or controlled by the United States Government and operated or managed by the Central Intelligence Agency.
- (b) REPORT ELEMENTS.—(1) The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (A) The history of Air America and associated companies before 1977, including a description of-
- (i) the relationship between such companies and the Central Intelligence Agency and other elements of the United States Government:
 - (ii) the workforce of such companies;
- (iii) the missions performed by such companies and their employees for the United States: and
- (iv) the casualties suffered by employees of such companies in the course of their employment with such companies.
- (B) A description of the retirement benefits contracted for or promised to the employees of such companies before 1977, the contributions made by such employees for such benefits, the retirement benefits actually paid such employees, the entitlement of such employees to the payment of future retirement benefits, and the likelihood that former employees of such companies will receive any future retirement benefits.
- (C) An assessment of the difference between-
- (i) the retirement benefits that former employees of such companies have received or will receive by virtue of their employment with such companies; and
- (ii) the retirement benefits that such employees would have received and in the future receive if such employees had been, or would now be, treated as employees of the United States whose services while in the employ of such companies had been or would now be credited as Federal service for the purpose of Federal retirement benefits.
- (D) Any recommendations regarding the advisability of legislative action to treat employment at such companies as Federal service for the purpose of Federal retirement benefits in light of the relationship between such companies and the United States Government and the services and sacrifices of such employees to and for the United States. and if legislative action is considered advisable, a proposal for such action and an assessment of its costs.
- (2) The Director of National Intelligence shall include in the report any views of the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency on the matters covered by the report that the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency considers appropriate.
- (c) Assistance of Comptroller ERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall, upon the request of the Director of National Intelligence and in a manner consistent with the protection of classified information, assist the Director in the preparation of the report required by subsection (a).
- (d) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

- (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) The term "Air America" means Air America, Incorporated.
- (2) The term "associated company" means any company associated with or subsidiary to Air America, including Air Asia Company Limited and the Pacific Division of Southern Air Transport, Incorporated.

Subtitle C—Defense Intelligence Components SEC. 4431. ENHANCEMENTS OF NATIONAL SECU-RITY AGENCY TRAINING PROGRAM.

- (a) TERMINATION OF EMPLOYEES -Subsection (d)(1)(C) of section 16 of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) is amended by striking "terminated either by" and all that follows and inserting "terminated-
- "(i) by the Agency due to misconduct by the employee;
 - "(ii) by the employee voluntarily; or
- "(iii) by the Agency for the failure of the employee to maintain such level of academic standing in the educational course of training as the Director of the National Security Agency shall have specified in the agreement of the employee under this subsection; and"
- (b) AUTHORITY TO WITHHOLD DISCLOSURE OF Affiliation With NSA.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking "(1) When an employee" and all that follows through "(2) Agency efforts" and inserting "Agency efforts"

SEC. 4432. CODIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES OF NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY PRO-TECTIVE PERSONNEL.

The National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

SEC. 21. (a) The Director is authorized to designate personnel of the Agency to perform protective functions for the Director and for any personnel of the Agency designated by the Director.

(b)(1) In the performance of protective functions under this section, personnel of the Agency designated to perform protective functions pursuant to subsection (a) are authorized, when engaged in the performance of such functions, to make arrests without a warrant for

"(A) any offense against the United States committed in the presence of such personnel; or

"(B) any felony cognizable under the laws of the United States if such personnel have reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed or is committing such felony.

'(2) The authority in paragraph (1) may be exercised only in accordance with guidelines approved by the Director and the Attorney General.

"(3) Personnel of the Agency designated to perform protective functions pursuant to subsection (a) shall not exercise any authority for the service of civil process or the investigation of criminal offenses.

'(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect any authority under any other provision of law relating to the performance of protective func-

SEC. 4433. INSPECTOR GENERAL MATTERS

- (a) COVERAGE UNDER INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT OF 1978.—Subsection (a)(2) of section 8G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App. 8G) is amended—
- (1) by inserting "the Defense Intelligence Agency," after "the Corporation for Public Broadcasting,";
- (2) by inserting "the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency," after "the National Endowment for the Arts,"; and
- (3) by inserting "the National Reconnaissance Office, the National Security Agency, after "the National Labor Relations Board.
- (b) CERTAIN DESIGNATIONS UNDER INSPEC-TOR GENERAL ACT OF 1978.—Subsection (a) of

section 8H of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App. 8H) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

'(3) The Inspectors General of the Defense Intelligence Agency, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, and the National Security Agency shall be designees of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense for purposes of this section."

(c) POWER OF HEADS OF ELEMENTS OVER IN-VESTIGATIONS.—Subsection (d) of section 8G of that Act-

(1) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)";

- (2) in the second sentence of paragraph (1), as designated by paragraph (1) of this subsection, by striking "The head" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph (2), the head": and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

'(2)(A) The Director of National Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense may prohibit the Inspector General of an element of the intelligence community specified in subparagraph (D) from initiating, carrying out, or completing any audit or investigation if the Director or the Secretary, as the case may be, determines that the prohibition is necessary to protect vital national security interests of the United States.

"(B) If the Director or the Secretary exercises the authority under subparagraph (A), the Director or the Secretary, as the case may be, shall submit to the committees of Congress specified in subparagraph (E) an appropriately classified statement of the reasons for the exercise of the authority not later than seven days after the exercise of the authority.

"(C) At the same time the Director or the Secretary submits under subparagraph (B) a statement on the exercise of the authority in subparagraph (A) to the committees of Congress specified in subparagraph (E). the Director or the Secretary, as the case may be. shall notify the Inspector General of such element of the submittal of such statement and, to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods. provide the Inspector General with a copy of such statement. The Inspector General may submit to such committees of Congress any comments on a notice or statement received by the Inspector General under this subparagraph that the Inspector General considers appropriate.

(D) The elements of the intelligence community specified in this subparagraph are as

'(i) The Defense Intelligence Agency.

"(ii) The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency

"(iii) The National Reconnaissance Office.

(iv) The National Security Agency.

"(E) The committees of Congress specified in this subparagraph are-

(i) the Committee on Armed Services and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate: and

"(ii) the Committee on Armed Services and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 4434. CONFIRMATION OF APPOINTMENT OF HEADS OF CERTAIN COMPONENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL SECURITY AGEN-CY.—The National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 402 note) is amended by inserting after the first section the following new section:
- 'SEC. 2. (a) There is a Director of the National Security Agency
- '(b) The Director of the National Security Agency shall be appointed by the President. by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (c) The Director of the National Security Agency shall be the head of the National Se-

curity Agency and shall discharge such functions and duties as are provided by this Act or otherwise by law.

- (b) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-IN-TELLIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 441(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- The Director of the National "(2) Geospatial Intelligence Agency shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."
- (c) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL RECONNAISSANCE Office.—The Director of the National Reconnaissance Office shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- (d) Positions of Importance and Respon-SIBILITY.
- (1) DESIGNATION OF POSITIONS.—The President may designate any of the positions referred to in paragraph (2) as positions of importance and responsibility under section 601 of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) COVERED POSITIONS.—The positions referred to in this paragraph are as follows:
- (A) The Director of the National Security Agency.
- The (B) Director of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.
- (C) The Director of the National Reconnaissance Office.
 - (e) EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICABILITY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b), and subsection (c), shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply upon the earlier of—
- (A) the date of the nomination by the President of an individual to serve in the position concerned, except that the individual serving in such position as of the date of the enactment of this Act may continue to perform such duties after such date of nomination and until the individual appointed to such position, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, assumes the duties of such position; or
- (B) the date of the cessation of the performance of the duties of such position by the individual performing such duties as of the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) Positions of importance and responsi-BILITY.—Subsection (d) shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4435. CLARIFICATION OF NATIONAL SECU-RITY MISSIONS OF NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTELLIGENCE AGEN-CY FOR ANALYSIS AND DISSEMINA-TION OF CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION.

Section 442(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended-

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- "(2)(A) As directed by the Director of National Intelligence, the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency shall also develop a system to facilitate the analysis, dissemination, and incorporation of likenesses, videos, and presentations produced by ground-based platforms, including handheld or clandestine photography taken by or on behalf of human intelligence collection organizations or available as open-source information, into the National System for Geospatial Intelligence.
- "(B) The authority provided by this paragraph does not include the authority to manage or direct the tasking of, set requirements and priorities for, set technical requirements related to, or modify any classification or dissemination limitations related to the collection of, handheld or clandestine

photography taken by or on behalf of human intelligence collection organizations."; and

(3) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by striking "paragraph (1)" "paragraphs (1) and (2)". and inserting

SEC. 4436. SECURITY CLEARANCES IN THE NA TIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

The Secretary of Defense shall, during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2008, delegate to the Director of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency personnel security authority with respect to the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (including authority relating to the use of contractor personnel in investigations and adjudications for security clearances) that is identical to the personnel security authority of the Director of the National Security Agency with respect to the National Security Agency.

Subtitle D—Other Elements

SEC. 4441. CLARIFICATION OF INCLUSION OF COAST GUARD AND DRUG ENFORCE-MENT ADMINISTRATION MENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY.

Section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 401a(4)) is amended-

- (1) in subparagraph (H)-
- (A) by inserting "the Coast Guard," after "the Marine Corps,"; and
 (B) by inserting "the Drug Enforcement
- Administration," after "the Federal Bureau of Investigation,"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (K), by striking ", including the Office of Intelligence of the Coast Guard'

SEC. 4442. CLARIFYING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO SECTION 105 OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2004.

Section 105(b) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108-177; 117 Stat. 2603; 31 U.S.C. 311 note) is

- (1) by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence"; and
- (2) by inserting "or in section 313 of such title," after "subsection (a)),"

TITLE XLV—OTHER MATTERS SEC. 4501. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO THE NA-

TIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947. The National Security Act of 1947 (50

- U.S.C. 401 et seq.) is amended as follows: (1) In section 102A (50 U.S.C. 403-1)-
- (A) in subsection (c)(7)(A), by striking "section" and inserting "subsection";
- (B) in subsection (d)-
- (i) in paragraph (3), by striking "subparagraph (A)" in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting "paragraph (1)(A)";
- (ii) in paragraph (5)(A), by striking "or personnel" in the matter preceding clause (i);
- (iii) in paragraph (5)(B), by striking "or agency involved" in the second sentence and inserting "involved or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency (in the case of the Central Intelligence Agency)"
- (C) in subsection (1)(2)(B), by striking "section" and inserting "paragraph"; and
- (D) in subsection (n), by inserting "AND OTHER" after "ACQUISITION"
- (2) In section 119(c)(2)(B) (50 U.S.C. 404o(c)(2)(B)), by striking "subsection (h)" and inserting "subsection (i)"
- (3) In section 705(e)(2)(D)(i) (50 U.S.C. 432c(e)(2)(D)(i)), by striking "responsible" and inserting "responsive"

SEC. 4502. TECHNICAL CLARIFICATION OF CER-TAIN REFERENCES TO JOINT MILI-TARY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM AND TACTICAL INTELLIGENCE AND RE-LATED ACTIVITIES.

Section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-1) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (c)(3)(A), by striking "annual budgets for the Joint Military Intelligence Program and for Tactical Intelligence and Related Activities" and inserting "annual budget for the Military Intelligence Program or any successor program or programs"; and
- (2) in subsection (d)(1)(B), by striking "Joint Military Intelligence Program" and inserting "Military Intelligence Program or any successor program or programs

SEC. 4503. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO THE IN-TELLIGENCE REFORM AND TELLIGENCE REFORM AND TELLIGENC REFORM AND TELLIGENCE REFORM AND TELLIGENC REFORM AND TELLIGENC REFORM AND TELLIGENC REFORM AND TELLIGENC REFORM AND TELLI

- (a) AMENDMENTS TO NATIONAL SECURITY IN-TELLIGENCE REFORM ACT OF 2004.—The National Security Intelligence Reform Act of 2004 (title I of Public Law 108-458) is further amended as follows:
- $(1) \quad In \quad section \quad 1016(e)(10)(B) \quad (6 \quad U.S.C.$ 458(e)(10)(B)), by striking "Attorney General" the second place it appears and inserting "Department of Justice"
- (2) In section 1061 (5 U.S.C. 601 note)
- (A) in subsection (d)(4)(A), by striking "National Intelligence Director" and inserting 'Director of National Intelligence''; and (B) in subsection (h), by striking "National
- Intelligence Director" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence'
- (3) In section 1071(e), by striking "(1)".
- (4) In section 1072(b), by inserting "AGENafter "INTELLIGENCE".
- (b) OTHER AMENDMENTS TO INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—The Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-458) is amended as follows:
- (1) In section 2001 (28 U.S.C. 532 note)-(A) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting "of"
- before "an institutional culture":
- (B) in subsection (e)(2), by striking "the National Intelligence Director in a manner consistent with section 112(e)" and inserting the Director of National Intelligence in a manner consistent with applicable law"; and
- (C) in subsection (f), by striking "shall," in the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting "shall"
- (2) In section 2006 (28 U.S.C. 509 note)-
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "the Federal" and inserting "Federal"; and
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "the specific" and inserting "specific"

SEC. 4504. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10. UNITED STATES CODE, ARISING FROM ENACTMENT OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.

- (a) References to Head of Intelligence COMMUNITY.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" each place it appears in a provision as follows and inserting "Director of National Intelligence"
 - (1) Section 193(d)(2).
 - (2) Section 193(e).
 - (3) Section 201(a).
 - (4) Section 201(b)(1).
 - (5) Section 201(c)(1).
 - (6) Section 425(a). (7) Section 431(b)(1).
 - (8) Section 441(c).
 - (9) Section 441(d).
 - (10) Section 443(d).
 - (11) Section 2273(b)(1).
- (12) Section 2723(a).
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—Such title is further amended by striking "DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE" each place it appears in a provision as follows and inserting 'DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE'':
 - (1) Section 441(c).
 - (2) Section 443(d).
- (c) Reference to Head of Central Intel-LIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 444 of such title is amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" each place it appears and insert-

ing "Director of the Central Intelligence Agency'

SEC. 4505. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO THE CEN-TRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY ACT OF 1949.

Section 5(a)(1) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 403f(a)(1)) is amended by striking "authorized under paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 102(a), subsections (c)(7) and (d) of section 103, subsections (a) and (g) of section 104, and section 303 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 $U.S.C.\ 403(a)(2),\ (3),\ 403-3(c)(7),\ (d),\ 403-4(a),$ (g), and 405)" and inserting "authorized under section 104A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-4a).".

SEC. 4506. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO THE MULTIYEAR NATIONAL IN-TELLIGENCE PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 1403 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (50 U.S.C. 404b) is amended-
- (1) in the subsection caption, by striking "FOREIGN"; and
- (2) by striking "foreign" each place it appears
- (b) RESPONSIBILITY OF DNI.—That section is further amended-
- (1) in subsections (a) and (c), by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence": and
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting "of National Intelligence" after "Director".
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading of that section is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 1403. MULTIYEAR NATIONAL INTEL-

LIGENCE PROGRAM.". SEC. 4507. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO THE EX-ECUTIVE SCHEDULE.

- (a) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE LEVEL II.—Section 5313 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the Director of Central Intelligence and inserting the following new item:
- "Director of the Central Intelligence Agen-
- (b) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE LEVEL III.—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the Deputy Directors of Central Intelligence.
- (c) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE LEVEL IV.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the General Counsel of the Office of the National Intelligence Director and inserting the following new item:

'General Counsel of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.'

SEC. 4508. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REDESIGNATION OF THE NA-TIONAL IMAGERY AND MAPPING AGENCY AS THE NATIONAL GEOSPATIAL-INTELLIGENCE AGEN-

- (a) TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.—(1) Title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency", each place it appears in a provision as follows and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency"
 - (A) Section 2302(a)(2)(C)(ii).
 - (B) Section 3132(a)(1)(B).
 - (C) Section 4301(1) (in clause (ii)).
 - (D) Section 4701(a)(1)(B).
 - (E) Section 5102(a)(1) (in clause (x)).
 - (F) Section 5342(a)(1) (in clause (K)).
 - (G) Section 6339(a)(1)(E).
 - (H) Section 7323(b)(2)(B)(i)((XIII).
- (2) Section 6339(a)(2)(E) of such title is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency, the Director of the National Imagery and Mapping Agency" and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence the Director of the National Agency. Geospatial-Intelligence Agency
- (b) TITLE 44, UNITED STATES CODE.—(1)(A) Section 1336 of title 44, United States Code,

is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency" both places it appears and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency".

(B) The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

"§ 1336. National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency: special publications".

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 13 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 1336 and inserting the following new item:

National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency: special publications.'

- (c) HOMELAND SECURITY ACT OF 2002.—Section 201(f)(2)(E) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 121(f)(2)(E)) is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency" and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency".
- (d) INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT OF 1978.—Section 8H of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency" each place it appears and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency"
- (e) ETHICS IN GOVERNMENT ACT OF 1978.— Section 105(a)(1) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency" and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency".
 - (f) OTHER ACTS.-
- (1) Section 7(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Employee Polygraph Protection Act of 1988 (29 U.S.C. 2006(b)(2)(A)(i)) is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency" and inserting Agency". "National Geospatial-Intelligence
- (2) Section 207(a)(2)(B) of the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 1993 (44 U.S.C. 501 note) is amended by striking "National Imagery and Mapping Agency" and inserting "National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency".

SEC. 4509. OTHER TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS RE-LATING TO RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE AS HEAD OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL -
- (1) The Public Interest Declassification Act of 2000 (50 U.S.C. 435 note) is amended by striking "Director of Central Intelligence" each place it appears in a provision as follows and inserting "Director of National Intelligence":
 - (A) Section 704(c)(2)(B).
 - (B) Section 706(b)(2).
 - (C) Section 706(e)(2)(B).
- (2) Section 705(c) of such Act is amended by striking "the Director of Central Intelligence, as head of the intelligence community," and inserting "the Director of National Intelligence"
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading of section 705(c) of such Act is amended by striking "DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTEL-LIGENCE" and inserting "DIRECTOR OF NA-TIONAL INTELLIGENCE".

SA 2986. Mr. BROWNBACK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. SECRET SERVICE PROTECTION FOR FOREIGN OFFICIALS FROM COUN-TRIES DESIGNATED AS STATE SPON-SORS OF TERRORISM.

Section 3056 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(h) Nothing in this section or section 3056A may be construed to authorize the United States Secret Service to provide protection for a visiting head of a foreign state or foreign government or for a foreign government official from a country the Department of State has designated as a state sponsor of terrorism during a visit to the site of terrorist attack within the United States.".

SA 2987. Mr. BROWNBACK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. SECRET SERVICE PROTECTION FOR FOREIGN OFFICIALS FROM COUNTRIES DESIGNATED AS STATE SPON-SORS OF TERRORISM.

It is the sense of Congress that the authorization under sections 3056 and 3056A of title 18, United States Code, for the United States Secret Service to provide protection for a visiting head of a foreign state or foreign government or for a foreign government official does not include providing protection for a visit to the site of a terrorist attack within the United States by a visiting head of a foreign state or foreign government or a foreign government official from a country the Department of State has designated as a state sponsor of terrorism.

SA 2988. Mr. LEVIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 1204. ASSISTANCE FOR GLOBAL PEACE OP-ERATIONS PARTNER INITIATIVE COUNTRIES DEPLOYING FOR PEACE OPERATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—During fiscal years 2008 and 2009, the Secretary of Defense may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State. provide assistance to foreign countries that have committed to deploying units trained by the United States or its partners under the Global Peace Operations Initiative (GPOI) to peace operations.
- (b) SELECTION OF COUNTRIES.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State shall jointly select the countries described in subsection (a) for which assistance may be provided under that subsection.
- (c) Types of Assistance.—The assistance provided under subsection (a) may include only the following:

- (1) Inspection of—
- (A) units described in subsection (a) in order to determine their readiness and ability to carry out peace operations; and
- (B) the equipment depots to be used by such units in deployments for peace oper-
- (2) Identification of the training and equipping shortfalls, if any, of the units described in subsection (a).
- (3) Provision of additional training to the units described in subsection (a), if required, in order to ensure that such units can carry out peace operations.
- (4) Provision of equipment for units described in subsection (a), if required, pending deployment for a peace operation.
- (5) Assistance in addressing deficiencies in personnel with specialized skills of units described in subsection (a) or in headquarters staffs of such units.
- (6) Facilitation of the deployment of units described in subsection (a), if required, for missions under a peace operation.
- (d) FORMULATION OF ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State shall jointly formulate the provision of assistance under subsection (a).
 - (e) NOTICE ON USE OF AUTHORITY .-
- (1) REQUIREMENT FOR NOTICE.—Whenever the Secretary of Defense exercises the authority under subsection (a) by taking the action described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall notify the committees of Congress specified in paragraph (3) not later than 15 days before the exercise of the authority. Any such notification shall be prepared in coordination with the Secretary of State.
- (2) Elements of notice.—Any notification under paragraph (1) on the exercise of authority shall include-
- (A) a description of the country and unit or units to be provided assistance:
- (B) a description of the type of assistance to be provided: and
- (C) a statement of the amount of funding to be provided for each country and for each type of assistance.
- (3) Committees of congress.—The committees of Congress specified in this subsection are the following:
- (A) The Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate
- (B) The Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (f) RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS.—Assistance may not be provided under subsection (a) to a unit of forces unless the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State jointly determine that the unit and its personnel maintain a record on human rights that meets requirements of the following:
- (1) Section 8060 of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act. 2007 (Public Law 109-289: 120 Stat. 1287).
- (2) Section 551 of the Foreign Operations. Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2006 (Public Law 109-102; 119 Stat. 2218).
- (g) APPLICABLE LAW.—Any services, defense articles, or funds provided under this section shall be subject to the authorities and limitations in the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, the Arms Export Control Act, and any Acts making appropriations to carry out such Acts.
 - (h) ACCOUNTING FOR ASSISTANCE.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State shall jointly develop and maintain a system for maintaining a full accounting of the assistance provided under subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The accounting required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

- (A) For any assistance so provided—
- (i) the foreign country provided such assistance:
- (ii) the period during which such assistance is provided;
- (iii) the type of assistance provided; and
- (iv) when applicable, the specific units provided such assistance.
- (B) For each foreign country provided such assistance, a description (updated on an ongoing basis) of the peace operations being conducted by the country, including a separate description (so updated) of peace operations being conducted by each unit of the country conducting such operations.
- (i) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301 for operation and maintenance for the Department of Defense, \$100,000,000 may be available in fiscal year 2008 for the provision of assistance under subsection (a).

SA 2989. Mr. DORGAN (for himself and Mr. DODD) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XV, add the following: SEC. 1535. TRACKING AND MONITORING OF DE-FENSE ARTICLES PROVIDED TO THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAQ AND OTHER INDIVIDUALS AND GROUPS IN IRAQ.

- (a) EXPORT AND TRANSFER CONTROL POLICY.—The President, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall implement a policy to control the export and transfer of defense articles into Iraq, including implementation of the registration and monitoring system under subsection (c).
- (b) REQUIREMENT TO IMPLEMENT CONTROL SYSTEM.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no defense articles may be provided to the Government of Iraq or any other group, organization, citizen, or resident of Iraq until the Secretary of State certifies that a registration and monitoring system meeting the requirements set forth in subsection (c) has been established.
- (c) REGISTRATION AND MONITORING SYSTEM.—The registration and monitoring system required under this section shall include—
- (1) the registration of the serial numbers of all small arms provided to the Government of Iraq or to other groups, organizations, citizens, or residents of Iraq;
- (2) a program of enhanced end-use monitoring of all lethal defense articles provided to such entities or individuals; and
- (3) a detailed record of the origin, shipping, and distribution of all defense articles transferred under the Iraq Security Forces Fund or any other security assistance program to such entities or individuals in Iraq.
- (d) REVIEW.—The President shall periodically review the items subject to the registration and monitoring requirements under subsection (c) to determine what items, if any, no longer warrant export controls under such subsection. The results of such reviews shall be reported to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate. The President may not exempt any item from such requirements until 30 days after the date on which the President has provided

notice of the proposed removal to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate in accordance with the procedures applicable to reprogramming notifications under section 634A(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394–1). Such notice shall describe the nature of any controls to be imposed on that item under any other provision of law.

- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) DEFENSE ARTICLE.—The term "defense article" has the meaning given the term in section 644(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2403)(d)).
- (2) SMALL ARMS.—The term "small arms" means—
- (A) handguns;
- (B) shoulder-fired weapons;
- (C) light automatic weapons up to and including .50 caliber machine guns:
- (D) recoilless rifles up to and including 106mm;
 - (E) mortars up to and including 81mm;
 - (F) rocket launchers, man-portable;
- (G) grenade launchers, rifle and shoulder fired; and

(H) individually operated weapons which are portable or can be fired without special mounts or firing devices and which have potential use in civil disturbances and are vulnerable to theft.

(f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, unless the President certifies in writing to Congress that it is in the vital interest of the United States to delay the effective date of this section by an additional period of up to 90 days, including an explanation of such vital interest, in which case the section shall take effect on such later effective date.

SA 2990. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title II, add the following:

SEC. 214. GULF WAR ILLNESSES RESEARCH.

- (a) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(1) for research, development, test, and evaluation for Army and available for Medical Advanced Technology, \$15,000,000 shall be available for the Army Medical Research and Materiel Command to carry out, as part of its Medical Research Program required by Congress, a program for Gulf War Illnesses Research.
- (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the program shall be to develop diagnostic markers and treatments for the complex of symptoms commonly known as "Gulf War Illnesses (GWI)", including widespread pain, cognitive impairment, and persistent fatigue in conjunction with diverse other symptoms and abnormalities, that are associated with service in the Southwest Asia theater of operations in the early 1990s during the Persian Gulf War.
 - (c) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—
- (1) Highest priority under the program shall be afforded to pilot and observational studies of treatments for the complex of symptoms described in subsection (b) and comprehensive clinical trials of such treatments that have demonstrated effectiveness in previous past pilot and observational studies.

- (2) Secondary priority under the program shall be afforded to studies that identify objective markers for such complex of symptoms and biological mechanisms underlying such complex of symptoms that can lead to the identification and development of such markers and treatments.
- (3) No study shall be funded under the program that is based on psychiatric illness and psychological stress as the central cause of such complex of symptoms (as is consistent with current research findings).
- (d) PROGRAM.—The program shall be conducted—
- (1) using competitive selection and peer review for the identification of activities having the most substantial scientific merit, utilizing individuals with recognized expertise in Gulf War illnesses in the design of the solicitation and in the scientific and programmatic review processes:

SA 2991. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XII, add the following: SEC. 1234. REPORTS ON PREVENTION OF MASS ATROCITIES.

- (a) DEPARTMENT OF STATE REPORT.-
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report assessing the capability of the Department of State to provide training and guidance to the command of an international intervention force that seeks to prevent mass atrocities.
- (2) CONTENT.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An evaluation of any doctrine currently used by the Secretary of State to prepare for the training and guidance of the command of an international intervention force
- (B) An assessment of the role played by the United States in developing the "responsibility to protect" doctrine described in paragraphs 138 through 140 of the outcome document of the High-level Plenary Meeting of the General Assembly adopted by the United Nations in September 2005, and an update on actions taken by the United States Mission to the United Nations to discuss, promote, and implement such doctrine.
- (C) An assessment of the potential capability of the Department of State and other Federal departments and agencies to support the development of new doctrines for the training and guidance of an international intervention force in keeping with the "responsibility to protect" doctrine.
- (D) Recommendations as to the steps necessary to allow the Secretary of State to provide more effective training and guidance to an international intervention force.
 - (b) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REPORT.—
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report assessing the capability of the Department of Defense to provide training and guidance to the

command of an international intervention force that seeks to prevent mass atrocities.

- (2) CONTENT.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An evaluation of any doctrine currently used by the Secretary of Defense to prepare for the training and guidance of the command of an international intervention force.
- (B) An assessment of the potential capability of the Department of Defense and other Federal departments and agencies to support the development of new doctrines for the training and guidance of an international intervention force in keeping with the "responsibility to protect" doctrine.
- (C) Recommendations as to the steps necessary to allow the Secretary of Defense to provide more effective training and guidance to an international intervention force.
- (D) A summary of any assessments or studies of the Department of Defense or other Federal departments or agencies relating to "Operation Artemis", the 2004 French military deployment and intervention in the eastern region of the Democratic Republic of Congo to protect civilians from local warring factions.
- (c) International Intervention Force.— For the purposes of this section, "international intervention force" means a military force that—
- (1) is authorized by the United Nations; and
- (2) has a mission that is narrowly focused on the protection of civilian life and the prevention of mass atrocities such as genocide.

SA 2992. Mr. NELSON of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XI, add the following:

SEC. 1107. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES RE-LATING TO EXPERIMENTAL PER-SONNEL PROGRAM FOR SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PERSONNEL.

- (a) INCREASE IN NUMBER OF DARPA POSITIONS UNDER PROGRAM.—Subsection (b)(1)(A) of section 1101 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (5 U.S.C. 3104 note) is amended by striking "40 scientific and engineering positions" and inserting "60 scientific and engineering positions".
- (b) LIMITATIONS ON ADDITIONAL PAYMENTS.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended to read as follows:
- "(d) LIMITATIONS ON ADDITIONAL PAY-MENTS.—(1) The total amount of the additional payments paid to an employee under this section for any 12-month period may not exceed the lesser of the following amounts:
- "(A) \$50,000 in fiscal year 2008, which may be adjusted annually thereafter by the Secretary, with a percentage increase equal to one-half of 1 percentage point less than the percentage by which the Employment Cost Index, published quarterly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the base quarter of the year before the preceding calendar year exceeds the Employment Cost Index for the base quarter of the second year before the preceding calendar year exceeding calendar year.
- "(B) The amount equal to 50 percent of the employee's annual rate of basic pay.
- "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'base quarter' has the meaning given

- that term in section 5302(3) of title 5, United States Code.
- "(3) Except as authorized by subsection (e), an employee appointed under this section is not eligible for any bonus, monetary award, or other monetary incentive for service except for payments authorized under this section.
- "(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section (other than subsection (e)) or section 5307 of title 5, United States Code, no additional payments may be paid to an employee under this section in any calendar year if, or to the extent that, the employee's total annual compensation will exceed the maximum amount of total annual compensation payable at the salary set in accordance with section 104 of title 3, United States Code."
- (c) PAYMENT OF RELOCATION EXPENSES.—Such section is further amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (d), as amended by subsection (b) of this section, the following new subsection (e):
- "(e) PAYMENT OF RELOCATION EXPENSES.—
 (1) An individual appointed under this section may be paid travel, transportation, and relocation expenses to the same extent, in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions as the payment of such expenses to an employee transferred in the interests of the United States Government.
- "(2) Amounts payable to an individual under this subsection are in addition to any other amounts payable to the individual under this section."
- (d) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Subsection (h) of such section, as redesignated by subsection (c)(1) of this section, is further amended by striking "beginning in 1999 and ending in 2009."
- (e) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Such section is further amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "subsection (e)(1)" and inserting "subsection (f)(1)":
- (2) in subsection (b)(3), by striking "subsection (d)(1)" and inserting "subsection (d)"; and
- (3) in subsection (g), as redesignated by subsection (c)(1) of this section, by striking "subsection (e)(1)" and inserting "subsection (f)(1)"
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 2993. Ms. LANDRIEU (for herself and Mr. DORGAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. CAPTURE OF OSAMA BIN LADEN AND THE AL QAEDA LEADERSHIP.

(a) UNITED STATES POLICY ON COUNTERTER-RORIST OPERATIONS.—It shall be the policy of the United States Government that the foremost objective of United States counterter-rorist operations is to protect United States persons and property from terrorist attacks by capturing or killing Osama bin Laden, Ayman al-Zawahiri, and other leaders of al Qaeda and destroying the al Qaeda network.

- (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency for fiscal year 2008, \$25,000,000 to conduct counterterrorist operations that assist in the destruction of the al Qaeda network.
- (c) Offset.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(5) for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities is hereby reduced by \$25,000,000, with the amount of the reduction to be allocated to amounts available for the Defense Business Transformation Agency is hereby reduce

SA 2994. Ms. LANDRIEU submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title III, add the following:

SEC. 325. 8TH AIR FORCE CYBERSPACE INNOVA-TION CENTER.

Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 301(3) for operation and maintenance for the Air Force, \$5,000,000 may be available for the 8th Air Force Cyberspace Innovation Center in Bossier City, Louisiana, to support the Air Force Cyber Command at Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana.

SA 2995. Mr. AKAKA (for himself and Mr. Webb) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 326, between lines 17 and 18, insert the following:

SEC. 1044. REPORT ON PLANS TO REPLACE THE MONUMENT AT THE TOMB OF THE UNKNOWNS AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY, VIRGINIA.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall jointly submit to Congress a report setting forth the following:
- (1) The current plans of the Secretaries with respect to—
- (A) replacing the monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns at Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia; and
- (B) disposing of the current monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns, if it were removed and replaced.
- (2) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of repairing the monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns rather than replacing it.
- (3) A description of the current efforts of the Secretaries to maintain and preserve the monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns.
- (4) An explanation of why no attempt has been made since 1989 to repair the monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns.
- (5) A comprehensive estimate of the cost of replacement of the monument at the Tomb

- of the Unknowns and the cost of repairing such monument.
- (6) An assessment of the structural integrity of the monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns.
- (b) LIMITATION ON ACTION.—The Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs may not take any action to replace the monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns at Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia, until 180 days after the date of the receipt by Congress of the report required by subsection (a).
- (c) EXCEPTION.—The limitation in subsection (b) shall not prevent the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of Veterans Affairs from repairing the current monument at the Tomb of the Unknowns or from acquiring any blocks of marble for uses related to such monument, subject to the availability of appropriations for that purposes.

SA 2996. Mr. BIDEN (for himself and Mr. Lugar) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 362, line 10, insert after "congressional defense committees" the following: ", and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives,".

On page 375, beginning on line 21, insert after "congressional defense committees" the following: ", and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives."

On page 377, strike line 24 and all that follows through page 378, line 3, and insert the following:

(D) an evaluation of the use and effectiveness of funds provided under the Commanders' Emergency Response Program.

On page 379, beginning on line 5, strike "the extent" and all that follows through line 8 and insert "United States policy with regard to cooperation with such drug traffickers for counterterrorism purposes."

On page 382, beginning on line 12, insert after "reimbursed" the following: "from funds authorized to be made available to the Department of Defense".

On page 382, line 22, insert after "congressional defense committees" the following: ", and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives,".

On page 383, line 17, insert after "congressional defense committees" the following: ", and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives,".

On page 392, beginning on line 10, strike "the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives" and insert "the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Armed Services and Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives".

On page 407, line 20, insert after "Armed Services" the following: ", Foreign Relations.".

SA 2997. Mr. BIDEN (for himself, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. KERRY, Mr. SMITH, Mr. NELSON of Florida, Mrs. HUTCHISON, Mr. SCHUMER,

Ms. MIKULSKI, and Mrs. LINCOLN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON FEDERALISM IN IRAQ.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) Iraq continues to experience a self-sustaining cycle of sectarian violence.
- (2) The ongoing sectarian violence presents a threat to regional and world peace, and the long-term security interests of the United States are best served by an Iraq that is stable, not a haven for terrorists, and not a threat to its neighbors.
- (3) Iraqis must reach a comprehensive and sustainable political settlement in order to achieve stability, and the failure of the Iraqis to reach such a settlement is a primary cause of increasing violence in Iraq.
- (4) The Key Judgments of the January 2007 National Intelligence Estimate entitled "Prospects for Iraq's Stability: A Challenging Road Ahead" state, "A number of identifiable developments could help to reverse the negative trends driving Iraq's current trajectory. They include: Broader Sunni acceptance of the current political structure and federalism to begin to reduce one of the major sources of Iraq's instability ... Significant concessions by Shia and Kurds to create space for Sunni acceptance of federalism".
- (5) Article One of the Constitution of Iraq declares Iraq to be a "single, independent federal state".
- (6) Section Five of the Constitution of Iraq declares that the "federal system in the Republic of Iraq is made up of a decentralized capital, regions, and governorates, and local administrations" and enumerates the expansive powers of regions and the limited powers of the central government and establishes the mechanisms for the creation of new federal regions.
- (7) The federal system created by the Constitution of Iraq would give Iraqis local control over their police and certain laws, including those related to employment, education, religion, and marriage.
- (8) The Constitution of Iraq recognizes the administrative role of the Kurdistan Regional Government in 3 northern Iraqi provinces, known also as the Kurdistan Region.
- (9) The Kurdistan region, recognized by the Constitution of Iraq, is largely stable and peaceful.
- (10) The Iraqi Parliament approved a federalism law on October 11th, 2006, which establishes procedures for the creation of new federal regions and will go into effect 18 months after approval.
- (11) Iraqis recognize Baghdad as the capital of Iraq, and the Constitution of Iraq stipulates that Baghdad may not merge with any federal region.
- (12) Despite their differences, Iraq's sectarian and ethnic groups support the unity and territorial integrity of Iraq.
- (13) Iraqi Prime Minister Nouri al-Maliki stated on November 27, 2006, "The crisis is political, and the ones who can stop the cycle of aggravation and bloodletting of innocents are the politicians".

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) the United States should actively support a political settlement among Iraq's major factions based upon the provisions of the Constitution of Iraq that create a federal system of government and allow for the creation of federal regions;
- (2) the active support referred to in paragraph (1) should include—
- (A) calling on the international community, including countries with troops in Iraq, the permanent 5 members of the United Nations Security Council, members of the Gulf Cooperation Council, and Iraq's neighbors—
- (i) to support an Iraqi political settlement based on federalism;
- (ii) to acknowledge the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Iraq; and
- (iii) to fulfill commitments for the urgent delivery of significant assistance and debt relief to Iraq, especially those made by the member states of the Gulf Cooperation Council:
- (B) further calling on Iraq's neighbors to pledge not to intervene in or destabilize Iraq and to agree to related verification mechanisms; and
- (C) convening a conference for Iraqis to reach an agreement on a comprehensive political settlement based on the creation of federal regions within a united Iraq;
- (3) the United States should urge the Government of Iraq to quickly agree upon and implement a law providing for the equitable distribution of oil revenues, which is a critical component of a comprehensive political settlement based upon federalism; and
- (4) the steps described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) could lead to an Iraq that is stable, not a haven for terrorists, and not a threat to its neighbors.

SA 2998. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title V, add the following:

SEC. 583. NATIONAL GUARD FAMILY ASSISTANCE CENTER COORDINATORS.

- (a) CONVERSION TO FULL-TIME EMPLOYEE POSITIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall convert positions of National Guard Family Assistance Center Coordinators (FACCs) to full-time employee positions in a manner that satisfies the requirements of subsection (b).
- (b) RATIOS OF COORDINATORS TO RESERVE COMPONENT PERSONNEL.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (3) and (4), the Secretary shall ensure that the number of full-time employee positions for National Guard Family Assistance Center Coordinators in each State for a fiscal year is not less than one such position for each increment of 1,000 members of in-State National Guard and Reserve personnel in such State as of September 30 of the preceding fiscal year.
- (2) INCREMENTS.—If the aggregate number of in-State National Guard and Reserve personnel in a State at the end of a fiscal year is not a number evenly divisible by 1,000, the number of increments of 1,000 members of in-State National Guard and Reserve personnel in the State for purposes of paragraph (1) shall be the number equal to—
- (A) the aggregate number of such in-State National Guard and Reserve personnel divided by 1,000 and rounded down to the next lowest whole number; plus

- (B) if the amount of the rounding down under subparagraph (A) exceeds .3, an addi-
- (3) MINIMUM NUMBER.—The minimum number of full-time employees positions for National Guard Family Assistance Center Coordinators in any particular State shall be three positions.
- (4) ADDITIONAL COORDINATORS DURING MOBI-LIZATIONS.—In the event of the mobilization of a unit of the National Guard or Reserve having a permanent duty location in a State, the number of full-time employee positions for National Guard Family Assistance Center Coordinators in such State shall be increased by one such position for each 250 members of in-State National Guard and Reserve personnel who are mobilized during the period that-
- (A) begins not later than 60 days before the date of the mobilization of such unit: and
- (B) ends on the date that is one year after the date of the completion of the release of such unit from active duty or other mobilized status.
- (5) IN-STATE NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE PERSONNEL DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "in-State National Guard and Reserve personnel", with respect to a State, means the members of the National Guard and Reserve, whether on active duty or inactive status, who have a permanent unit duty location in such State.
- (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be required to carry out the provisions of this Act.

SA 2999. Mr. WEBB (for himself, Mrs. McCaskill, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Brown, Mr. Casey, Mr. Tester, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. Levin, Mr. Carper, Mrs. Fein-STEIN, Mr. KERRY, Mr. JOHNSON, Mrs. BOXER, Mr. OBAMA, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. HARKIN, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. DODD, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. BAYH, Mr. PRYOR, Mr. BYRD, Mr. DURBIN, and Mrs. CLINTON) submitted an amendment intented to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal vear, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. STUDY AND INVESTIGATION OF WAR-TIME TIME CONTRACTS AND CONTRACTING PROCESSES IN OPER-ATION IRAQI FREEDOM AND OPER-ATION ENDURING FREEDOM.

- (a) COMMISSION ON WARTIME TRACTING.
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established a commission to be known as the "Commission on Wartime Contracting" (in this subsection referred to as the "Commission").
 - (2) Membership matters.
- (A) Membership.—The Commission shall be composed of 8 members, as follows:
- (i) 2 members shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate, in consultation with the Chairmen of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.
- (ii) 2 members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the Chairmen of the Com-

- mittee on Armed Services and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (iii) 1 member shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, in consultation with the Ranking Minority Members of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.
- (iv) 1 member shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the Ranking Minority Member of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (v) 1 member shall be appointed by the Secretary of Defense.
- (vi) 1 member shall be appointed by the Secretary of State.
- (B) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENTS.—All appointments to the Commission shall be made not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
 - (C) CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN.-
- (i) CHAIRMAN.—The chairman of the Commission shall be a member of the Commission selected by the members appointed under clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A). but only if approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the Commission.
- (ii) VICE CHAIRMAN.—The vice chairman of the Commission shall be a member of the Commission selected by the members appointed under clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (A), but only if approved by the vote of a majority of the members of the Commission
 - (3) Duties.-
- (A) GENERAL DUTIES.—The Commission shall study and investigate the following matters:
- (i) Federal agency contracting for the reconstruction of Iraq and Afghanistan.
- (ii) Federal agency contracting for the logistical support of coalition forces in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.
- (iii) Federal agency contracting for the performance of security and intelligence functions in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.
- (B) SCOPE OF CONTRACTING COVERED.—The Federal agency contracting covered by this paragraph includes contracts entered into both in the United States and abroad for the performance of activities described in subparagraph (A), whether performed in the United States or abroad.
- (C) PARTICULAR DUTIES.—In carrying out the study under this paragraph, the Commission shall assess-
- (i) the extent and impact of the reliance of the Federal Government on contractors to perform functions (including security, intelligence, and management functions) in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom:
- (ii) the performance of the contracts under review, and the mechanisms used to manage the performance of the contracts under review;
- (iii) the extent of waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement under such contracts;
- (iv) the extent to which those responsible for such waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement have been held financially or legally accountable; and
- (v) the appropriateness of the organizational structure, policies, practices, and resources of the Department of Defense and the Department of State for handling contingency contract management and support;
- (vi) the extent of the misuse of force or violations of the laws of war or federal statutes by contractors.
 - (4) Reports.-

- (A) INTERIM REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the appointment of all of the members of the Commission under paragraph (2), the Commission shall submit to Congress an interim report on the study carried out under paragraph (3), including the results and findings of the study as of that date.
- (B) OTHER REPORTS.—The Commission may from time to time submit to Congress such other reports on the study carried out under paragraph (3) as the Commission considers appropriate.
- (C) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than two years after the date of the appointment of all of the members of the Commission under paragraph (2), the Commission shall submit to Congress a report on the study carried out under paragraph (3). The report shall-
- (i) include the findings of the Commission; (ii) identify lessons learned on the con-
- tracting covered by the study; and
- (iii) include specific recommendations for improvements to be made in-
- (I) the process for developing contract requirements for wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations;
- (II) the process for awarding contracts and task orders for wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations:
- (III) the process for managing and providing oversight for the performance of wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations;
- (IV) the process for holding contractors and their employees accountable for waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement under wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations:
- (V) the process for determining which functions are inherently governmental and which functions are appropriate for performance by contractors in an area of combat operations (including an area of a contingency operation), including a determination whether the use of civilian contractors to provide security in an area of combat operations is a function that is inherently governmental:
- (VI) the organizational structure, resources, policies and practices of the Department of Defense and the Department of State handling contract management and support for wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations; and
- (VII) the process by which roles and responsibilities with respect to wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations are distributed among the various departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and interagency coordination and communication mechanisms associated with wartime contracts and contracts for contingency operations.
 - (5) OTHER POWERS AND AUTHORITIES.-
- (A) HEARINGS AND EVIDENCE.—The Commission or, on the authority of the Commission. any subcommittee or member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this subsection-
- (i) hold such hearings and sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence, administer such oaths; and
- (ii) subject to subparagraph (B)(i), require, by subpoena or otherwise, require the attendance and testimony of such witnesses and the production of such books, records, correspondence, memoranda, papers, and documents.
- as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or designated member may determine advisable.
 - (B) Subpoenas.-
 - (i) Issuance.—
- (I) IN GENERAL.—A subpoena may be issued under subparagraph (A) only-
- (aa) by the agreement of the chairman and the vice chairman; or

- (bb) by the affirmative vote of 5 members of the Commission.
- (II) SIGNATURE.—Subject to subclause (I), subpoenas issued under this subparagraph may be issued under the signature of the chairman or any member designated by a majority of the Commission, and may be served by any person designated by the chairman or by a member designated by a majority of the Commission.
- (ii) Enforcement.—
- (I) IN GENERAL.—In the case of contumacy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under clause (i), the United States district court for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is served, or may be found, or where the subpoena is returnable, may issue an order requiring such person to appear at any designated place to testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as a contempt of that court.
- (II) ADDITIONAL ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpoena or to testify when summoned under authority of subclause (I) or this subclause, the Commission may, by majority vote, certify a statement of fact constituting such failure to the appropriate United States attorney, who may bring the matter before the grand jury for its action, under the same statutory authority and procedures as if the United States attorney had received a certification under sections 102 through 104 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).
- (C) Access to information.—The Commission may secure directly from the Department of Defense and any other department or agency of the Federal Government any information or assistance that the Commission considers necessary to enable the Commission to carry out the requirements of this subsection. Upon request of the Commission, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information expeditiously to the Commission. Whenever information or assistance requested by the Commission is unreasonably refused or not provided, the Commission shall report the circumstances to Congress without delay.
- (D) PERSONNEL.—The Commission shall have the authorities provided in section 3161 of title 5, United States Code, and shall be subject to the conditions set forth in such section, except to the extent that such conditions would be inconsistent with the requirements of this subsection.
- (E) DETAILEES.—Any employee of the Federal Government employee may be detailed to the Commission without reimbursement from the Commission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges of his or her regular employment without interruption.
- (F) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The appropriate departments or agencies of the Federal Government shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the Commission members and staff appropriate security clearances to the extent possible pursuant to existing procedures and requirements, except that no person shall be provided with access to classified information under this section without the appropriate security clearances.
 - (G) VIOLATIONS OF LAW.—
- (i) REFERRAL TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The Commission may refer to the Attorney General any violation or potential violation of law identified by the Commission in carrying out its duties under this subsection.
- (ii) REPORTS ON RESULTS OF REFERRAL.— The Attorney General shall submit to Congress a report on each prosecution, conviction, resolution, or other disposition that re-

- sults from a referral made under this sub-paragraph.
- (6) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate on the date that is 60 days after the date of the submittal of its final report under paragraph (4)(C).
- (7) CONTINGENCY OPERATION DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "contingency operation" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 10. United States Code.
- (b) INVESTIGATION OF WASTE, FRAUD, ABUSE, AND MISMANAGEMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction shall, in collaboration with the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Inspector General of the Department of State, the Inspector General of the United States Agency for International Development, the Inspector General of the Director of National Intelligence, the Inspector General of the Central Intelligence Agency, and the Inspector General of the Defense Intelligence Agency and in consultation with the Commission on Wartime Contracting established by subsection (a), conduct a series of audits to identify potential waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement in the performance of-
- (A) Department of Defense contracts and subcontracts for the logistical support of coalition forces in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom; and
- (B) Federal agency contracts and subcontracts for the performance of security, intelligence, and reconstruction functions in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom.
- (2) SCOPE OF AUDITS OF CONTRACTS.—Each audit conducted pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) shall focus on a specific contract, task order, or site of performance under a contract or task order and shall examine, at a minimum, one or more of the following issues:
- (A) The manner in which requirements were developed.
- (B) The procedures under which the contract or task order was awarded.
- (C) The terms and conditions of the contract or task order.
- (D) The contractor's staffing and method of performance, including cost controls.
- (E) The efficacy of Department of Defense management and oversight, Department of State management and oversight, and United States Agency for International Development management and oversight, including the adequacy of staffing and training of officials responsible for such management and oversight.
- (F) The flow of information from the contractor to officials responsible for contract management and oversight.
- (3) SCOPE OF AUDITS OF OTHER CONTRACTS.— Each audit conducted pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) shall focus on a specific contract, task order, or site of performance under a contract or task order and shall examine, at a minimum, one or more of the following issues:
- (A) The manner in which the requirements were developed and the contract or task order was awarded.
- (B) The manner in which the Federal agency exercised control over the contractor's performance.
- (C) The extent to which operational field commanders are able to coordinate or direct the contractor's performance in an area of combat operations.
- (D) The extent to which the functions performed were appropriate for performance by a contractor.
- (E) The degree to which contractor employees were properly screened, selected, trained, and equipped for the functions to be performed.

- (F) The nature and extent of any incidents of misconduct or unlawful activity by contractor employees.
- (G) The extent to which any incidents of misconduct or unlawful activity were reported, documented, investigated, and (where appropriate) prosecuted.
- (4) Continuation of special inspector general.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 3001(o) of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense and for the Reconstruction of Iraq and Afghanistan, 2004 (Public Law 108-106; 5 U.S.C. App. 8G note), the Office of the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction shall not terminate until the date that is 60 days after the date of the submittal under paragraph (4)(C) of subsection (a) of the final report of the Commission on Wartime Contracting established by subsection (a).
- (B) REAFFIRMATION OF CERTAIN DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Congress reaffirms that the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction retains the duties and responsibilities in sections 4 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App. 4; relating to reports of criminal violations to the Attorney General) and section 5 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App. 5; relating to reports to Congress) as expressly provided in subsections (f)(3) and (i)(3), respectively, of section 3001 of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense and for the Reconstruction of Iraq and Afghanistan, 2004.
- (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be required to carry out the provisions of this section.
- SA 3000. Mr. CARDIN (for himself and Ms. Mikulski) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle D of title XXVIII, add the following:

SEC. 2842. AUTHORITY TO RELOCATE THE JOINT SPECTRUM CENTER TO FORT MEADE, MARYLAND.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT RELOCATION AGREEMENT.—If deemed to be in the best interest of national security and to the physical protection of personnel and missions of the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense may carry out an agreement to relocate the Joint Spectrum Center, a geographically separated unit of the Defense Information Systems Agency, from Annapolis, Maryland to Fort Meade, Maryland or another military installation, subject to an agreement between the lease holder and the Department of Defense for equitable and appropriate terms to facilitate the relocation.
- (b) AUTHORIZATION.—Any facility, road or infrastructure constructed or altered on a military installation as a result of the agreement must be authorized in accordance with section 2802 of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) TERMINATION OF EXISTING LEASE.—Upon completion of the relocation of the Joint Spectrum Center, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the existing lease for the Joint Spectrum Center shall be terminated, as contemplated under Condition 29.B of the lease.
- SA 3001. Mr. BAUCUS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the end of title XXVIII, insert the fol-

SEC. 2854. RIGHT OF RECOUPMENT RELATED TO LAND CONVEYANCE, HELENA, MONTANA.

Section 2843(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163; 119 Stat. 3525) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Effect of Reconveyance or Lease.—

"(1) RECONVEYANCE.—If, at any time during the 10-year period following the conveyance of property under subsection (a), the Helena Indian Alliance reconveys all or any part of the conveyed property, the Alliance shall pay to the United States an amount equal to the fair market value of the reconveyed property as of the time of the reconveyance, excluding the value of any improvements made to the property by the Alliance, as determined by the Secretary in accordance with Federal appraisal standards and procedures

"(2) LEASE.—The Secretary may treat a lease of property conveyed under subsection (a) within such 10-year period as a reconveyance if the Secretary determines that the lease is being used to avoid application of paragraph (1)."

SA 3002. Mr. BAUCUS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XXVIII, insert the following:

SEC. 2854. MODIFICATION OF LAND CONVEYANCE TERMS, HELENA, MONTANA.

Section 2843(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3525) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) USE OF PROPERTY FOR OTHER THAN INTENDED PURPOSE.—If the Secretary determines at any time that the real property conveyed under subsection (a) is not being used in accordance with the purposes of the conveyance specified in such subsection, the Secretary shall require the Helena Indian Alliance to pay to the United States an amount equal to the fair market value of the property as of the time of such determination, excluding the value of any improvements made to the property by the Alliance, as determined by the Secretary in accordance with Federal appraisal standards and procedures."

SA 3003. Mrs. McCASKILL (for herself, Mr. Pryor, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Bond, Mr. Kerry, Ms. Mikulski, Mrs. Hutchison, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Voinovich, Mr. Smith, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Martinez, Mr. Harkin, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Nelson, of Florida Mrs. Lincoln, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Brown, Mrs. Murray, and Mr. Lugar) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the

bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 1029.

table; as follows:

SA 3004. Mr. OBAMA (for himself, Mr. ENZI, and Mrs. McCaskill) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other pur-

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

poses; which was ordered to lie on the

SEC. 1070. PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT AGAINST CERTAIN FAMILY MEMBERS CARING FOR RECOVERING MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) Additional Purpose of USERRA.—Section 4301(a) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(4) to ensure that family members of recovering servicemembers are able to provide family-based care for such servicemembers during their recovery."
- (b) PROHIBITION.—Subchapter II of chapter 43 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

"\$ 4320. Employment rights of family members caring for recovering members of the Armed Forces

"(a) Prohibition.—Subject to subsection (d), a family member of a recovering service-member described in subsection (b) shall not be denied retention in employment, promotion, or any benefit of employment by an employer on the basis of the family member's absence from employment as described in subsection (b) for a period of not more than 52 workweeks

"(b) COVERED FAMILY MEMBERS.—A family member described in this subsection is a family member of a recovering servicemember who is—

- "(1) on invitational orders while caring for the recovering servicemember;
- "(2) a non-medical attendee caring for the recovering servicemember; or
- "(3) receiving per diem payments from the Department of Defense while caring for the recovering servicemember.
- "(c) APPLICATION OF OTHER AVAILABLE LEAVE.—(1) To the extent that the family member has other available leave, the family member shall apply the leave to the 52-workweek period described in subsection (a), whether or not the leave would otherwise be usable for the absence from employment as described in subsection (b).
- "(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of any Federal or State law covering the other available leave, or of any employment benefit program or plan under which the other available leave is offered, shall continue to apply during the

period in which the leave is applied under paragraph (1).

- "(3) In this subsection, the term 'other available leave' means available leave, paid or unpaid, that is vacation leave, personal leave, family leave, or medical or sick leave (including leave available under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.)).
- "(d) APPLICABILITY TO MULTIPLE FAMILY MEMBERS.—Not more than two family members of a recovering servicemember are entitled to coverage under subsection (a) at any one time.
- "(e) CERTIFICATION OF COVERAGE.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to minimize administrative burdens to family members and employers under this section and shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, establish procedures for certifying to employers of coverage by subsection (a) of family members covered by that subsection. Such procedures shall include mechanisms for identifying the family members covered by subsection (a) in circumstances described by subsection (d).
- "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'caring for', with respect to a recovering servicemember, means providing personal, medical, or convalescent care to the recovering servicemember, under circumstances that substantially interfere with a family member's ability to work.
- "(2) The term 'employer' has the meaning given such term in section 4303(4) of this title, except that the term does not include any person who is not considered to be an employer under title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2611 et seq.) because the person does not meet the requirements of section 101(4)(A)(i) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 2611(4)(A)(i)).
- "(3) The term 'family member', with respect to a recovering servicemember, has the meaning given that term in section 411h(b) of title 37.
- "(4) The term 'recovering servicemember' means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or a Reserve, who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, or is otherwise in medical hold or medical holdover status, for an injury, illness, or disease incurred or aggravated while on active duty in the Armed Forces."
 - (c) TREATMENT OF ACTIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 4311 of such title is amended—
 - (A) in subsection (a)—
 - (i) by inserting "(1)" after "(a)"; and
- (ii) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) A person described in section 4320(a) of this title shall not be denied retention in employment, promotion, or any benefit of employment by an employer on the basis of the family member's absence from employment as described in section 4320(b) of this title."; and
- (B) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting " as described in paragraph (1) of that subsection, or the person's absence from employment as described in paragraph (2) of that subsection," after "service in the uniformed services".
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:
- "\$ 4311. Discrimination and acts of reprisal prohibited: persons who serve in the uniformed services; family caregivers of recovering members of the Armed Forces".
- (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 43 of such title is amended—
- (1) by striking the item relating to section 4311 and inserting the following new item:

- "4311. Discrimination and acts of reprisal prohibited: persons who serve in the uniformed services; family caregivers of recovering members of the Armed Forces."; and
- (2) by inserting after the item relating to section 4319 the following new item:
- "4320. Employment rights of family members caring for recovering members of the Armed Forces.".

SA 3005. Mr. FEINGOLD (for himself, Mr. CASEY, Mr. KENNEDY, Ms. MIKULSKI, and Mr. COLEMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROGRAMS FOR USE OF LEAVE BY CAREGIVERS FOR FAMILY MEMBERS OF INDIVIDUALS PERFORMING CERTAIN MILITARY SERVICE.

- (a) FEDERAL EMPLOYEES PROGRAM.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) CAREGIVER.—The term "caregiver" means an individual who—
 - (i) is an employee;
 - (ii) is at least 21 years of age; and
- (iii) is capable of self care and care of children or other dependent family members of a qualified member of the Armed Forces.
- (B) COVERED PERIOD OF SERVICE.—The term "covered period of service" means any period of service performed by an employee as a caregiver while the individual who designated the caregiver under paragraph (3) remains a qualified member of the Armed Forces
- (C) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the meaning given under section 6331 of title 5, United States Code.
- (D) FAMILY MEMBER.—The term "family member" includes—
- (i) individuals for whom the qualified member of the Armed Forces provides medical, financial, and logistical support (such as housing, food, clothing, or transportation): and
- (ii) children under the age of 18 years, elderly adults, persons with disabilities, and other persons with a mental or physical disability, who are unable to care for themselves in the absence of the qualified member of the Armed Forces.
- (E) QUALIFIED MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES.—The term "qualified member of the Armed Forces" means—
- (i) a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces as described under section 10101 of title 10, United States Code, who has received notice to report to, or is serving on, active duty in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation as defined under section 101(a)(13) of title 10, United States Code: or
- (ii) a member of the Armed Forces on active duty who is eligible for hostile fire or imminent danger special pay under section 310 of title 37, United States Code.
- (2) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Office of Personnel Management shall establish a program to authorize a caregiver to use under paragraph (4)—
- (A) any sick leave of that caregiver during a covered period of service; and
- (B) any leave available to that caregiver under subchapter III or IV of chapter 63 of

- title 5, United States Code, during a covered period of service.
 - (3) DESIGNATION OF CAREGIVER.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A qualified member of the Armed Forces shall submit a written designation of the individual who is the caregiver for any family member of that member of the Armed Forces during a covered period of service to—
- (i) the employing agency; and
- (ii) the uniformed service of which the individual is a member.
- (B) DESIGNATION OF SPOUSE.—Notwith-standing paragraph (1)(A)(ii), an individual less than 21 years of age may be designated as a caregiver if that individual is the spouse of the qualified member of the Armed Forces making the designation.
- (4) USE OF CAREGIVER LEAVE.—Leave may only be used under this subsection for purposes directly relating to, or resulting from, the giving of care by the employee to a family member under the designation of the employee as the caregiver for the family member.
- (5) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection, including a definition of activities that qualify as the giving of care.
- (6) TERMINATION.—The program under this subsection shall terminate on December 31, 2010.
- (b) VOLUNTARY PRIVATE SECTOR LEAVE PROGRAM.—
 - (1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) CAREGIVER.—The term "caregiver" means an individual who—
- (i) is an employee;
- (ii) is at least 21 years of age; and
- (iii) is capable of self care and care of children or other dependent family members of a qualified member of the Armed Forces.
- (B) COVERED PERIOD OF SERVICE.—The term "covered period of service" means any period of service performed by an employee as a caregiver while the individual who designated the caregiver under paragraph (4) remains a qualified member of the Armed Forces.
- (C) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" means an employee of a business entity participating in the program under this subsection.
- (D) Family Member.—The term "family member" includes—
- (i) individuals for whom the qualified member of the Armed Forces provides medical, financial, and logistical support (such as housing, food, clothing, or transportation); and
- (ii) children under the age of 18 years, elderly adults, persons with disabilities, and other persons with a mental or physical disability, who are unable to care for themselves in the absence of the qualified member of the Armed Forces.
- (E) QUALIFIED MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES.—The term "qualified member of the Armed Forces" means—
- (i) a member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces as described under section 10101 of title 10, United States Code, who has received notice to report to, or is serving on, active duty in the Armed Forces in support of a contingency operation as defined under section 101(a)(13) of title 10, United States Code; or
- (ii) a member of the Armed Forces on active duty who is eligible for hostile fire or imminent danger special pay under section 310 of title 37, United States Code.
 - (2) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Labor shall establish a program to authorize employees of business entities described under paragraph (3) to use sick leave, or any other

- leave available to an employee, during a covered period of service for purposes relating to, or resulting from, the giving of care by the employee to a family member under the designation of the employee as the caregiver for the family member.
- (B) EXCEPTION.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to leave made available under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.).
- (3) VOLUNTARY BUSINESS PARTICIPATION.— The Secretary of Labor shall solicit business entities to voluntarily participate in the program under this subsection.
 - (4) DESIGNATION OF CAREGIVER.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A qualified member of the Armed Forces shall submit a written designation of the individual who is the caregiver for any family member of that member of the Armed Forces during a covered period of service to—
 - (i) the employing business entity; and
- (ii) the uniformed service of which the individual is a member.
- (B) DESIGNATION OF SPOUSE.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(A)(ii), an individual less than 21 years of age may be designated as a caregiver if that individual is the spouse of the qualified member of the Armed Forces making the designation.
- (5) USE OF CAREGIVER LEAVE.—Leave may only be used under this subsection for purposes directly relating to, or resulting from, the giving of care by the employee to a family member under the designation of the employee as the caregiver for the family member.
- (6) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall prescribe regulations to carry out this subsection.
- (7) TERMINATION.—The program under this subsection shall terminate on December 31, 2010.
- (c) GAO REPORT.—Not later than March 31, 2010, the Government Accountability Office shall submit a report to Congress on the programs under subsections (a) and (b) that includes—
- (1) an evaluation of the success of each program; and
- (2) recommendations for the continuance or termination of each program.
- (d) OFFSET.—The aggregate amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2008 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test and evaluation shall be reduced by \$2,000.000.
- SA 3006. Mr. LEVIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle E of title XXVIII, add the following:

SEC. 2854. TRANSFER OF JURISDICTION, FORMER NIKE MISSILE SITE, GROSSE ILE, MICHIGAN.

- (a) TRANSFER.—Administrative jurisdiction over the property described in subsection (b) is hereby transferred from the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to the Secretary of the Interior.
- the Secretary of the Interior.
 (b) PROPERTY DESCRIBED.—The property referred to in subsection (a) is the former Nike missile site, consisting of approximately 50 acres located at the southern end of Grosse Ile, Michigan, as depicted on the map entitled "07-CE" on file with the Environmental Protection Agency and dated May 16, 1984.

- (c) ADMINISTRATION OF PROPERTY.—Subject to subsection (d), the Secretary of the Interior shall administer the property described in subsection (b)—
- (1) acting through the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
- (2) as part of the Detroit River International Wildlife Refuge; and
- (3) for use as a habitat for fish and wildlife and as a recreational property for outdoor education and environmental appreciation.
- (d) Management Response.—The Secretary of Defense shall manage and carry out environmental response activities with respect to the property described in subsection (b) not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, with the exception of long-term monitoring, using amounts made available from the account established by section 2703(a)(5) of title 10, United States Code
- (e) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or limit the application of, or any obligation to comply with, any environmental law, including the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) and the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).

SA 3007. Mr. LEVIN (for himself and Mr. McCain) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 491, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following:

SEC. 2818. CLARIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION OF MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) CLARIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2802(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after "military construction projects" the following: ", land acquisitions, and defense access road projects (as described under section 210 of title 23)".
- (b) CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION.—Section 2801(a) of such title is amended by inserting after "permanent requirements" the following: ", or any acquisition of land or construction of a defense access road (as described in section 210 of title 23)".

SA 3008. Mr. LEVIN (for himself and Mr. McCain) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 445, in the table preceding line 1, in the item relating to Naval Station, Bremerton, Washington, strike "\$119,760,000" and insert "\$190.690.000".

On page 447, line 5, strike "Funds" and insert "(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds".

On page 447, line 9, strike "\$3,032,790,000" and insert "\$3,103,720,000".

On page 447, line 12, strike "\$1,717,016,000" and insert "\$1,787,946,000".

- On page 449, between lines 16 and 17, insert the following:
- (b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under section 2201 of this Act may not exceed the sum of the following:
- (1) The total amount authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of subsection (a).
- (2) \$70,930,000 (the balance of the amount authorized under section 2201(a) for a nuclear aircraft carrier maintenance pier at Naval Station Bremerton, Washington).

SA 3009. Mr. LEVIN (for himself and Mr. McCain) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XXII, add the following: SEC. 2206. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2005 PROJECT.

- (a) Modification.—The table in section 2201(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (division B of Public Law 108–375; 118 Stat. 2105), as amended by section 2206 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (division B of Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3493) and section 2205 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (division B of Public Law 109–364; 120 Stat. 2452) is amended—
- (1) in the item relating to Strategic Weapons Facility Pacific, Bangor, Washington, by striking "\$147,760,000" in the amount column and inserting "\$295,000,000" and
- (2) by striking the amount identified as the total in the amount column and inserting "\$977.719.000"
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 2204 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (division B of Public Law 108–375; 118 Stat. 2107), as amended by section 2206 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (division B of Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3493) and section 2205 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (division B of Public Law 109–364; 120 Stat. 2453) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking "\$722,927,000" and inserting "\$870,167,000";
- (2) in subsection (b)(6), by striking "\$95,320,000" and inserting "\$259,320,000".

SA 3010. Mrs. McCaskill (for herself, Mr. Biden, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Bond, and Mrs. Feinstein) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1044. REPORT ON SIZE AND MIX OF AIR FORCE INTERTHEATER AIRLIFT FORCE.

- (a) STUDY REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on various alternatives for the size and mix of assets for the Air Force intertheater airlift force, with a particular focus on current and planned capabilities and costs of the C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft fleets.
 - (2) CONDUCT OF STUDY.—
- (A) USE OF FFRDC.—The Secretary shall select to conduct the study required by subsection (a) a federally funded research and development center (FFRDC) that has experience and expertise in conducting studies similar to the study required by subsection (a).
- (B) DEVELOPMENT OF STUDY METHOD-OLOGY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the federally funded research and development center selected for the conduct of the study shall—
- (i) develop the methodology for the study;and
- (ii) submit the methodology to the Comptroller General of the United States for review.
- (C) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than 30 days after receipt of the methodology under subparagraph (B), the Comptroller General shall—
- (i) review the methodology for purposes of identifying any flaws or weaknesses in the methodology; and
- (ii) submit to the federally funded research and development center a report that—
- (I) sets forth any flaws or weaknesses in the methodology identified by the Comptroller General in the review; and
- (II) makes any recommendations the Comptroller General considers advisable for improvements to the methodology.
- (D) Modification of methodology.—Not later than 30 days after receipt of the report under subparagraph (C), the federally funded research and development center shall—
- (i) modify the methodology in order to address flaws or weaknesses identified by the Comptroller General in the report and to improve the methodology in accordance with the recommendations, if any, made by the Comptroller General; and
- (ii) submit to the congressional defense committees a report that—
- (I) describes the modifications of the methodology made by the federally funded research and development center; and
- (II) if the federally funded research and development center does not improve the methodology in accordance with any particular recommendation of the Comptroller General, sets forth a description and explanation of the reasons for such action.
- (3) UTILIZATION OF OTHER STUDIES.—The study shall build upon the results of the recent Mobility Capabilities Studies of the Deof Defense, partment the Intratheater Airlift Fleet Mix Analysis, and other appropriate studies and analyses. The should also include any results reached on the modified C-5A aircraft configured as part of the Reliability Enhancement and Re-engining Program (RERP) configuration, as specified in section 132 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108-136; 117 Stat. 1411).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study under subsection (a) shall address the following:
- (1) The state of the current intertheater airlift fleet of the Air Force, including the extent to which the increased use of heavy airlift aircraft in Operation Iraqi Freedom, Operation Enduring Freedom, and other ongoing operations is affecting the aging of the aircraft of that fleet.

- (2) The adequacy of the current intertheater airlift force, including whether or not the current target number of 301 airframes for the Air Force heavy lift aircraft fleet will be sufficient to support future expeditionary combat and non-combat missions as well as domestic and training mission demands consistent with the requirements of the National Military Strategy.
- (3) The optimal mix of C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft for the intertheater airlift fleet of the Air Force, and any appropriate mix of C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft for intratheater airlift missions, including an assessment of the following:
- (A) The cost advantages and disadvantages of modernizing the C-5 aircraft fleet when compared with procuring new C-17 aircraft, which assessment shall be performed in concert with the Cost Analysis Improvement Group and be based on program life cycle cost estimates for the respective aircraft.
- (B) The military capability of the C-5 aircraft and the C-17 aircraft, including number of lifetime flight hours, cargo and passenger carrying capabilities, and mission capable rates for such airframes. In the case of assumptions for the C-5 aircraft, and any assumptions made for the mission capable rates of the C-17 aircraft, sensitivity analyses shall also be conducted to test assumptions. The military capability study for the C-5 aircraft shall also include an assessment of the mission capable rates after each of the following:
- (i) Successful completion of the Avionics Modernization Program (AMP) and the Reliability Enhancement and Re-engining Program (RERP).
- (ii) Partially successful completion of the Avionics Modernization Program and the Reliability Enhancement and Re-engining Program, with partially successful completion of either such program being considered the point at which the continued execution of such program is no longer supported by costbenefit analysis.
- (C) The tactical capabilities of strategic airlift aircraft, the potential increase in use of strategic airlift aircraft for tactical missions, and the value of such capabilities to tactical operations.
- (D) The value of having more than one type of aircraft in the strategic airlift fleet, and the potential need to pursue a replacement aircraft for the C-5 aircraft that is larger than the C-17 aircraft.
- (4) The means by which the Air Force was able to restart the production line for the C-5 aircraft after having closed the line for several years, and the actions to be taken to ensure the production line for the C-17 aircraft could be restarted if necessary including—
- (A) an analysis of the costs of closing and re-opening the production line for the C-5 aircraft; and
- (B) an assessment of the costs of closing and re-opening the production line for the C-17 aircraft on a similar basis.
- (5) The financial effects of retiring, upgrading and maintaining, or continuing current operations of the C-5A aircraft fleet on procurement decisions relating to the C-17 aircraft.
- (6) The impact that increasing the role and use of strategic airlift aircraft in intratheater operations will have on the current target number for strategic airlift aircraft of 301 airframes, including an analysis of the following:
- (A) The appropriateness of using C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft for intratheater missions, as well as the efficacy of these aircraft to perform current and projected future intratheater missions.
- (B) The interplay of existing doctrinal intratheater airlift aircraft (such as the C-130 aircraft and the future Joint Cargo Air-

- craft (JCA)) with an increasing role for C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft in intratheater missions.
- (C) The most appropriate and likely missions for C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft in intratheater operations and the potential for increased requirements in these mission areas.
- (D) Any intratheater mission sets best performed by strategic airlift aircraft as opposed to traditional intratheater airlift aircraft.
- (E) Any requirements for increased production or longevity of C-5 aircraft and C-17 aircraft, or for a new strategic airlift aircraft, in light of the matters analyzed under this paragraph.
- (7) Taking into consideration all applicable factors, whether or not the replacement of C-5 aircraft with C-17 aircraft on a one-forone basis will result in the retention of a comparable strategic airlift capability.
- (c) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to exclude from the study under subsection (a) consideration of airlift assets other than the C-5 aircraft or C-17 aircraft that do or may provide intratheater and intertheater airlift, including the potential that such current or future assets may reduce requirements for C-5 aircraft or C-17 aircraft.
- (d) COLLABORATION WITH TRANSCOM.—The federally funded research and development center selected under subsection (a) shall conduct the study required by that subsection and make the report required by subsection (e) in concert with the United States Transportation Command.
 - (e) REPORT BY FFRDC.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than January 10, 2009, the federally funded research and development center selected under subsection (a) shall submit to the Secretary of Defense, the congressional defense committees, and the Comptroller General of the United States a report on the study required by subsection (a).
- (2) REVIEW BY GAO.—Not later than 90 days after receipt of the report under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committee a report on the study conducted under subsection (a) and the report under paragraph (1). The report under this subsection shall include an analysis of the study under subsection (a) and the report under paragraph (1), including an assessment by the Comptroller General of the strengths and weaknesses of the study and report.
- (f) REPORT BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after receipt of the report under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the study required by subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report shall include a comprehensive discussion of the findings of the study, including a particular focus on the following:
- (A) A description of lift requirements and operating profiles for intertheater airlift aircraft required to meet the National Military Strategy, including assumptions regarding:
- (i) Current and future military combat and support missions.
- (ii) The planned force structure growth of the Army and the Marine Corps.
- (iii) Potential changes in lift requirements, including the deployment of the Future Combat Systems by the Army.
- (iv) New capability in strategic airlift to be provided by the KC(X) aircraft and the expected utilization of such capability, including its use in intratheater lift.
- (v) The utilization of the heavy lift aircraft in intratheater combat missions.

- (vi) The availability and application of Civil Reserve Air Fleet assets in future military scenarios.
- (vii) Air mobility requirements associated with the Global Rebasing Initiative of the Department of Defense.
- (viii) Air mobility requirements in support of peacekeeping and humanitarian missions around the globe.
- (ix) Potential changes in lift requirements based on equipment procured for Iraq and Afghanistan.
- (B) A description of the assumptions utilized in the study regarding aircraft performances and loading factors.
- (C) A comprehensive statement of the data and assumptions utilized in making program life cycle cost estimates.
- (D) A comparison of cost and risk associated with optimal mix airlift fleet versus program of record airlift fleet.
- (3) FORM.—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex
- SA 3011. Mrs. McCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title VI, add the following:

SEC. 673. INDEPENDENT STUDENT.

- (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 480(d)(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087vv(d)(3)) is amended by inserting "or is a current active member of the National Guard or Reserve forces of the United States who has completed initial military training" after "purposes".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective July 1, 2008.
- SA 3012. Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Coburn, Mr. Hagel, and Mr. Feingold) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of title XV, add the following:
 SEC. 1535. SPECIAL INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR
 AFGHANISTAN RECONSTRUCTION.
- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) A democratic, stable, and prosperous Afghanistan is vital to the national security of the United States and to combating international terrorism.
- (2) Since the fall of the Taliban, the United States has provided Afghanistan with over \$20,000,000,000 in reconstruction and security assistance. However, repeated and documented incidents of waste, fraud, and abuse in the utilization of these funds have undermined reconstruction efforts.
- (3) There is a stronger need for vigorous oversight of spending by the United States on reconstruction programs and projects in Afghanistan.

- (4) The Government Accountability Office (GAO) and departmental Inspectors General provide valuable information on such activities
- (5) The congressional oversight process requires more timely reporting of reconstruction activities in Afghanistan that encompasses the efforts of the Department of State, the Department of Defense, and the United States Agency for International Development and highlights specific acts of waste, fraud, and abuse.
- (6) One example of such successful reporting is provided by the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction (SIGIR), which has met this objective in the case of Iraq.
- (7) The establishment of a Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction (SIGAR) position using SIGIR as a model will help achieve this objective in Afghanistan. This position will help Congress and the American people to better understand the challenges facing United States programs and projects in that crucial country.
- (8) It is a priority for Congress to establish a Special Inspector General for Afghanistan position with similar responsibilities and duties as the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction. This new position will monitor United States assistance to Afghanistan in the civilian and security sectors, undertaking efforts similar to those of the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction.
- (b) OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL.—There is hereby established the Office of the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction.
- (c) APPOINTMENT OF INSPECTOR GENERAL; REMOVAL —
- (1) APPOINTMENT.—The head of the Office of the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction is the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction (in this section referred to as the "Inspector General"), who shall be appointed by the President.
- (2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The appointment of the Inspector General shall be made solely on the basis of integrity and demonstrated ability in accounting, auditing, financial analysis, law, management analysis, public administration, or investigations.
- (3) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENT.—The nomination of an individual as Inspector General shall be made not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (4) REMOVAL.—The Inspector General shall be removable from office in accordance with the provisions of section 3(b) of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.).
- (5) PROHIBITION ON POLITICAL ACTIVITIES.— For purposes of section 7324 of title 5, United States Code, the Inspector General shall not be considered an employee who determines policies to be pursued by the United States in the nationwide administration of Federal
- (6) COMPENSATION.—The annual rate of basic pay of the Inspector General shall be the annual rate of basic pay provided for positions at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code
 - (d) SUPERVISION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Inspector General shall report directly to, and be under the general supervision of, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense.
- (2) INDEPENDENCE TO CONDUCT INVESTIGATIONS AND AUDITS.—No officer of the Department of Defense, the Department of State, or the United States Agency for International Development shall prevent or prohibit the Inspector General from initiating, carrying out, or completing any audit or investigation, or from issuing any subpoena during the course of any audit or investigation.

- (e) Duties.—
- (1) OVERSIGHT OF AFGHANISTAN RECONSTRUCTION.—It shall be the duty of the Inspector General to conduct, supervise, and coordinate audits and investigations of the treatment, handling, and expenditure of appropriated funds by the United States Government, and of the programs, operations, and contracts carried out utilizing such funds in Afghanistan in order to prevent and detect waste, fraud, and abuse, including—
- (A) the oversight and accounting of the obligation and expenditure of such funds;
- (B) the monitoring and review of reconstruction activities funded by such funds:
- (C) the monitoring and review of contracts funded by such funds:
- (D) the monitoring and review of the transfer of such funds and associated information between and among the departments, agencies, and entities of the United States Government, and private and nongovernmental entities:
- (E) the maintenance of records on the use of such funds to facilitate future audits and investigations of the use of such funds:
- (F) the monitoring and review of the effectiveness of United States coordination with the Government of Afghanistan and other donor countries in the implementation of the Afghanistan Compact and the Afghanistan National Development Strategy and the efficient utilization of funds for economic reconstruction, social and political development, and security assistance; and
- (G) the investigation of overpayments such as duplicate payments or duplicate billing and any potential unethical or illegal actions of Federal employees, contractors, or affiliated entities and the referral of such reports, as necessary, to the Department of Justice to ensure further investigations, prosecutions, recovery of further funds, or other remedies.
- (2) OTHER DUTIES RELATED TO OVERSIGHT.— The Inspector General shall establish, maintain, and oversee such systems, procedures, and controls as the Inspector General considers appropriate to discharge the duties under paragraph (1).
- (3) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT OF 1978.—In addition to the duties specified in paragraphs (1) and (2), the Inspector General shall also have the duties and responsibilities of inspectors general under the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (4) COORDINATION OF EFFORTS.—In carrying out the duties, and responsibilities, and authorities of the Inspector General under this section, the Inspector General shall coordinate with, and receive the cooperation of, each of the following:
- (A) The Inspector General of the Department of State.
- (B) The Inspector General of the Department of Defense.
- (C) The Inspector General of the United States Agency for International Development.
- (f) Powers and Authorities.—
- (1) AUTHORITIES UNDER INSPECTOR GENERAL ACT OF 1978.—In carrying out the duties specified in subsection (e), the Inspector General shall have the authorities provided in section 6 of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (2) AUDIT STANDARDS.—The Inspector General shall carry out the duties specified in subsection (e)(1) in accordance with section 4(b)(1) of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (g) PERSONNEL, FACILITIES, AND OTHER RESOURCES.—
- (1) PERSONNEL.—The Inspector General may select, appoint, and employ such officers and employees as may be necessary for carrying out the duties of the Inspector General, subject to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and the provi-

- sions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title, relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates.
- (2) EMPLOYMENT OF EXPERTS AND CONSULT-ANTS.—The Inspector General may obtain services as authorized by section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, at daily rates not to exceed the equivalent rate prescribed for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule by section 5332 of such title.
- (3) CONTRACTING AUTHORITY.—To the extent and in such amounts as may be provided in advance by appropriations Acts, the Inspector General may enter into contracts and other arrangements for audits, studies, analyses, and other services with public agencies and with private persons, and make such payments as may be necessary to carry out the duties of the Inspector General.
- (4) RESOURCES.—The Secretary of State shall provide the Inspector General with appropriate and adequate office space at appropriate United States Government locations in Afghanistan, together with such equipment, office supplies, and communications facilities and services as may be necessary for the operation of such offices, and shall provide necessary maintenance services for such offices and the equipment and facilities located therein. The Secretary of State shall not charge the Inspector General or employees of the Office of the Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction for International Cooperative Administrative Support Services.
 - (5) ASSISTANCE FROM FEDERAL AGENCIES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Upon request of the Inspector General for information or assistance from any department, agency, or other entity of the Federal Government, the head of such entity shall, insofar as is practicable and not in contravention of any existing law, furnish such information or assistance to the Inspector General, or an authorized designee.
- (B) REPORTING OF REFUSED ASSISTANCE.—Whenever information or assistance requested by the Inspector General is, in the judgment of the Inspector General, unreasonably refused or not provided, the Inspector General shall report the circumstances to the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State and the appropriate committees of Congress without delay.
 - (h) REPORTS.-
- (1) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 30 days after the end of each fiscal-year quarter, the Inspector General shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report summarizing, for the period of that quarter and, to the extent possible, the period from the end of such quarter to the time of the submission of the report, the activities during such period of the Inspector General, including a summary of lessons learned, and summarizing the activities under programs and operations funded with amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for the reconstruction of Afghanistan. Each report shall include, for the period covered by such report, a detailed statement of all obligations, expenditures, and revenues of the United States Government associated with reconstruction and rehabilitation activities in Afghanistan, including the following information:
- (A) Obligations and expenditures of appropriated funds.
- (B) A project-by-project and program-by-program accounting of the costs incurred to date for the reconstruction of Afghanistan, together with the estimate of the costs to complete each project and each program.
- (C) Revenues attributable to or consisting of funds provided by foreign nations or international organizations to programs and projects funded by the United States Government, and any obligations or expenditures of such revenues.

- (D) Revenues attributable to or consisting of foreign assets seized or frozen that contribute to programs and projects funded by the United States Government, and any obligations or expenditures of such revenues.
- (E) Operating expenses of agencies or entities receiving amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for the reconstruction of Afghanistan.
- (F) In the case of any contract, grant, agreement, or other funding mechanism described in paragraph (2)—
- (i) the amount of the contract, grant agreement, or other funding mechanism;
- (ii) a brief discussion of the scope of the contract, grant, agreement, or other funding mechanism;
- (iii) a discussion of how the United States Government entity or entities involved in the contract or grant identified, and solicited offers from, potential contractors or grantees to perform the contract or grant, together with a list of the potential contractors or grantees that were issued solicitations for the offers;
- (iv) the justification and approval documents on which was based the determination to use procedures other than procedures that provide for full and open competition; and
- (v) a description of any previous instances of wasteful and fraudulent activities in Afghanistan by current or potential contractors, subcontactors, or grantees and whether and how they were held accountable.
- (G) A description of any potential unethical or illegal actions taken by Federal employees, contractors, or affiliated entities in the course of reconstruction efforts.
- (2) COVERED CONTRACTS, GRANTS, AGREE-MENTS, AND FUNDING MECHANISMS.—A contract, grant, agreement, or other funding mechanism described in this paragraph is any major contract, grant, agreement, or other funding mechanism that is entered into by the United States Government with any public or private sector entity for any of the following purposes:
- (A) To build or rebuild physical infrastructure of Afghanistan.
- (B) To establish or reestablish a political or societal institution of Afghanistan.
- (C) To provide products or services to the people of Afghanistan.
- (3) SEMIANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 31, 2007, and semiannually thereafter, the Inspector General shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report meeting the requirements of section 5 of the Inspector General Act of 1978.
- (4) PUBLIC TRANSPARENCY.—The Inspector General shall post each report required under this subsection on a public and searchable website not later than 7 days after the Inspector General submits the report to the appropriate congressional committees.
- (5) LANGUAGES.—The Inspector General shall publish on a publicly available Internet website each report under this subsection in English and other languages that the Inspector General determines are widely used and understood in Afghanistan.
- (6) FORM.—Each report submitted under this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex as the Inspector General determines necessary.
- (7) LIMITATION ON PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the public disclosure of information that is—
- (A) specifically prohibited from disclosure by any other provision of law;
- (B) specifically required by Executive order to be protected from disclosure in the interest of national defense or national security or in the conduct of foreign affairs; or
- (C) a part of an ongoing criminal investigation.

- (i) WAIVER .-
- (1) AUTHORITY.—The President may waive the requirement under paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection (h) for the inclusion in a report under such paragraph of any element otherwise provided for under such paragraph if the President determines that the waiver is justified for national security reasons.
- (2) NOTICE OF WAIVER.—The President shall publish a notice of each waiver made under this subsection in the Federal Register not later than the date on which the report required under paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection (h) is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees. The report shall specify whether waivers under this subsection were made and with respect to which elements.
 - (i) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) AMOUNTS APPROPRIATED OR OTHERWISE MADE AVAILABLE FOR THE RECONSTRUCTION OF AFGHANISTAN.—The term "amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for the reconstruction of Afghanistan" means—
- (A) amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for any fiscal year—
- (i) to the Afghanistan Security Forces Fund;
- (ii) to the program to assist the people of Afghanistan established under section 1202(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163: 119 Stat. 3455): and
- (iii) to the Department of Defense for assistance for the reconstruction of Afghanistan under any other provision of law; and
- (B) amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for any fiscal year for Afghanistan reconstruction under the following headings or for the following purposes:
- (i) Operating Expenses of the United States Agency for International Development.
- (ii) Economic Support Fund.
- (iii) International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement.
- (iv) International Affairs Technical Assistance.
- (v) Peacekeeping Operations.
- (vi) Diplomatic and Consular Programs.
- (vii) Embassy Security, Construction, and Maintenance.
- (viii) Child Survival and Health.
- (ix) Development Assistance.
- (x) International Military Education and Training.
- (xi) Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism, Demining and Related Programs.
- (xii) Public Law 480 Title II Grants.
- $\left(\text{xiii} \right)$ International Disaster and Famine Assistance.
- (xiv) Migration and Refugee Assistance. (xv) Operations of the Drug Enforcement
- (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committees on Appropriations, Armed Services, Foreign Relations, and Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committees on Appropriations, Armed Services, Foreign Affairs, and Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (3) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive agency" has the meaning given the term in section 105 of title 5, United States Code.
- (k) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2008 to
- carry out this section.

 (2) OFFSET.—The amount authorized to be appropriated by section 1512 for the Afghanistan Security Forces Fund is hereby reduced by \$20,000,000.
 - (1) TERMINATION.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Office of the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction shall terminate on September 30, 2010, with transition operations authorized to continue until December 31, 2010.
- (2) FINAL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT.—The Inspector General shall, prior to the termination of the Office of the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction under paragraph (1), prepare and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a final accountability report on all referrals for the investigation of any potential unethical or illegal actions of Federal employees, contractors, or affiliated entities made to the Department of Justice or any other United States law enforcement entity to ensure further investigations, prosecutions, or remedies.

SA 3013. Mr. VOINOVICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. RESPONSIBLE REDUCTION OF UNITED STATES FORCES IN IRAQ.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The precipitous withdrawal of United States forces from Iraq would have dangerous consequences for the national security of the United States and our allies, including the potential for destabilization of the Middle East region, the disintegration of United States relations with United States allies in the region, the endangerment of vital energy supplies in the region, and irreparable damage to the credibility of the United States throughout the world.
- (2) The United States must remain engaged in Iraq and the Middle East region for the foreseeable future to protect our national security interests.
- (3) There are limits on the forces the United States has available for deployment, and those limits necessitate a reduction in United States forces in Iraq.
- (4) General Petraeus has stated that a reduction in United States forces in Iraq will be imminent as a result of security gains in Iraq and the limits on United States forces available for deployment.
- (b) RESPONSIBLE REDUCTION OF UNITED STATES FORCES IN IRAQ.—The President shall commence a responsible reduction in the number of United States forces in Iraq commencing not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION OF REDUCTION AS PART OF COMPREHENSIVE STRATEGY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The reduction in United States forces required by this section shall be implemented as part of a comprehensive diplomatic, political, and economic strategy that will include increased engagement with Iraq's neighbors and the international community for the purpose of working collectively to bring stability to Iraq.
- (2) International Mediation.—In carrying out the strategy described in paragraph (1), the President shall instruct the United States Permanent Representative to the United Nations to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the United Nations to seek the appointment of a senior representative of the Secretary General of

the United Nations to Iraq who has the authority of the international community to engage political, religious, ethnic, and tribal leaders in Iraq in an inclusive political process.

- (3) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of Congress that, in carrying out the strategy described in paragraph (1), the President should—
- (A) work with the United Nations to continue the efforts initiated at Sharm El Sheikh in April 2007 and implement fully the terms of the International Compact with respect to Iraq; and
- (B) support the decision of the United Nations Security Council on August 10, 2007, to strengthen the mandate of the United Nations Assistance Mission in Iraq in areas such as national reconciliation, regional dialogue, humanitarian assistance, and human rights.
- (d) LIMITED PRESENCE OF UNITED STATES FORCES AFTER REDUCTION.—The goal of the reduction of United States required by this section shall be a limited presence for United States forces in Iraq at the completion of the reduction, with the missions of United States forces in Iraq after the completion of the reduction limited to the following:
- (1) Protecting United States and coalition personnel and infrastructure.
- (2) Training, equipping, and providing logistic support to the Iraqi Security Forces.
- (3) Engaging in targeted counterterrorism operations against al Qaeda, al Qaeda affiliated groups, and other international terrorist organizations.
- (4) Providing support for targeted operations by Iraqi Security Forces against extremist militia groups, such as Jaish al Mahdi, which conduct attacks against United States forces and Iraqi Security Forces
- (5) Engaging in counterinsurgency operations which support the counterterrorism mission described in paragraph (3).
- (6) Providing personnel and support to Provisional Reconstruction Teams until civilian personnel can be recruited to fill positions in such teams.
- (7) Sharing information and intelligence as necessary with Iraqi Security Forces to achieve the missions described in paragraphs (1) through (6).
- (e) REPORT ON REDUCTION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Joint Resolution, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report setting forth the following:
- (1) The scheduled date of the completion of the reduction and transition of United States forces in Iraq to a limited presence of carrying out the missions specified in subsection (d).
- (2) A comprehensive description of efforts to prepare for the reduction and transition of United States forces in Iraq in accordance with this Joint Resolution and to limit any destabilizing consequences of such reduction and transition, including a description of efforts to work with the United Nations and allies in the region toward that objective.

SA 3014. Mr. SESSIONS (for himself, Mrs. Feinstein, and Mr. Specter) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 824 and insert the following: SEC. 824. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR FEDERAL PRISONERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall, in coordination with the Attorney General, submit to Congress a report setting forth such modifications to law or regulations as may be required to provide sufficient employment opportunities for Federal prisoners to reduce recidivism among, and to promote job skills for, the growing population of Federal prisoners.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report shall include an assessment of the following:
- (1) The effect of the current Federal Prison Industries program on private industry.
- (2) The impact of limitations on authorized purchasers of Federal Prison Industries products, and proposed alternative employment opportunities for Federal prisoners that may be used to reduce any negative impact on the Federal Prison Industries program of the modifications set forth in subsection (a).

SA 3015. Mr. SESSIONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title I, add the following:

SEC. 115. M4 CARBINE RIFLE.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) The members of the Armed Forces are entitled to the best individual combat weapons available in the world today.
- (2) Full and open competition in procurement is required by law, and is the most effective way of selecting the best individual combat weapons for the Armed Forces at the best price.
- (3) The M4 carbine rifle is currently the individual weapon of choice for the Army, and it is procured through a sole source contract.
- (4) The M4 carbine rifle has been proven in combat and meets or exceeds the existing requirements for carbines.
- (5) The Army Training and Doctrine Command is conducting a full Capabilities Based Assessment (CBA) of the small arms of the Army which will determine whether or not gaps exist in the current capabilities of such small arms and inform decisions as to whether or not a new individual weapon is required to address such gaps.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should consider establishing a new program of record for the Joint Enhanced Carbine not later than October 1, 2008.
- (c) REPORT ON CAPABILITIES BASED ASSESS-MENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the Capabilities Based Assessment of the small arms of the Army referred to in subsection (a)(5).
- (d) COMPETITION FOR NEW INDIVIDUAL WEAPON.—
- (1) COMPETITION REQUIRED.—In the event the Capabilities Based Assessment identifies gaps in the current capabilities of the small arms of the Army and the Secretary of the Army determines that a new individual weapon is required to address such gaps, the

- Secretary shall procure the new individual weapon through one or more contracts entered into after full and open competition described in paragraph (2).
- (2) FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION.—The full and open competition described in this paragraph is full and open competition among all responsible manufacturers that—
- (A) is open to all developmental item solutions and nondevelopmental item (NDI) solutions; and
- (B) provides for the award of the contract or contracts concerned based on selection criteria that reflect the key performance parameters and attributes identified in an Army-approved service requirements document.
- (e) REPORT ON JOINT ENHANCED CARBINE.— Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the feasibility and advisability of each of the following:
- (1) The certification of a Joint Enhanced Carbine requirement that does not require commonality with existing technical data.
- (2) The award of contracts for all available nondevelopmental carbines in lieu of a developmental program intended to meet the proposed Joint Enhanced Carbine requirement.
- (3) The reprogramming of funds for the procurement of small arms from the procurement of M4 Carbines to the procurement of Joint Enhanced Carbines authorized only as the result of competition.
- (4) The use of rapid equipping authority to procure weapons under \$2,000 per unit that meet service-approved requirements, which weapons may be nondevelopmental items selected through full and open competition.

SA 3016. Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. BENNETT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

At the end of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1070. REPORT ON SOLID ROCKET MOTOR IN-DUSTRIAL BASE.

- (a) REPORT.—Not later than 190 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status, capability, viability, and capacity of the solid rocket motor industrial base in the United States.
- (b) CONTENT.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the ability to maintain the Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile through its planned operational life.
- (2) An assessment of the ability to maintain the Trident II D-5 submarine launched ballistic missile through its planned operational life.
- (3) An assessment of the ability to maintain all other space launch, missile defense, and other vehicles with solid rocket motors, through their planned operational lifetimes.
- (4) An assessment of the ability to support any future requirements for vehicles with solid rocket motors to support space launch, missile defense, or any range of ballistic missiles determined to be necessary to meet defense needs or other requirements of the United States Government.
- (5) An assessment of the required materials, the supplier base, the production facilities, and the production workforce needed to

ensure that current and future requirements could be met.

(6) An assessment of the adequacy of the current and anticipated programs to support an industrial base that would be needed to support the range of future requirements.

(c) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than 60 days after submittal under subsection (a) of the report required by that subsection, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report setting forth the Comptroller General's assessment of the matters contained in the report under subsection (a), including an assessment of the consistency of the budget of the President for fiscal year 2009, as submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, with the matters contained in the report under subsection (a).

SA 3017. Mr. KYL (for himself, Mr. LIEBERMAN, and Mr. COLEMAN) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. NELSON of Nebraska (for Mr. LEVIN) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XV, add the following:

SEC. 1535. SENSE OF SENATE ON IRAN.

- (a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:
- (1) General David Petraeus, commander of the Multi-National Force Iraq, stated in testimony before a joint session of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on September 10, 2007, that "[i]t is increasingly apparent to both coalition and Iraqi leaders that Iran, through the use of the Iranian Republican Guard Corps Qods Force, seeks to turn the Shi'a militia extremists into a Hezbollah-like force to serve its interests and fight a proxy war against the Iraqi state and coalition forces in Iraq'".
- (2) Ambassador Ryan Crocker, United States Ambassador to Iraq, stated in testimony before a joint session of the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on September 10, 2007, that "Iran plays a harmful role in Iraq. While claiming to support Iraq in its transition, Iran has actively undermined it by providing lethal capabilities to the enemies of the Iraqi state".
- (3) The most recent National Intelligence Estimate on Iraq, published in August 2007, states that "Iran has been intensifying aspects of its lethal support for select groups of Iraqi Shia militants, particularly the JAM [Jaysh al-Mahdi], since at least the beginning of 2006. Explosively formed penetrator (EFP) attacks have risen dramatically".
- (4) The Report of the Independent Commission on the Security Forces of Iraq, released on September 6, 2007, states that "[t]he Commission concludes that the evidence of Iran's increasing activism in the southeastern part of the country, including Basra and Diyala provinces, is compelling. . . . It is an accepted fact that most of the sophisticated weapons being used to 'defeat' our armor protection comes across the border from Iran with relative impunity".
- (5) General (Ret.) James Jones, chairman of the Independent Commission on the Security Forces of Iraq, stated in testimony be-

- fore the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate on September 6, 2007, that "[w]e judge that the goings-on across the Iranian border in particular are of extreme severity and have the potential of at least delaying our efforts inside the country. Many of the arms and weapons that kill and maim our soldiers are coming from across the Iranian border".
- (6) General Petraeus said of Iranian support for extremist activity in Iraq on April 26, 2007, that "[w]e know that it goes as high as [Brig. Gen. Qassem] Suleimani, who is the head of the Qods Force. . . . We believe that he works directly for the supreme leader of the country".
- (7) Mahmoud Ahmedinejad, the president of Iran, stated on August 28, 2007, with respect to the United States presence in Iraq, that "[t]he political power of the occupiers is collapsing rapidly. Soon we will see a huge power vacuum in the region. Of course we are prepared to fill the gap".
- (8) Ambassador Crocker testified to Conwith respect to President gress. Ahmedinejad's statement, on September 11, 2007, that "[t]he Iranian involvement in Iraq—its support for extremist militias, training, connections to Lebanese Hezbollah, provision of munitions that are used against our force as well as the Iragis—are all, in my view, a pretty clear demonstration that Ahmedinejad means what he says, and is already trying to implement it to the best of his ability"
- (9) General Petraeus stated on September 12, 2007, with respect to evidence of the complicity of Iran in the murder of members of the Armed Forces of the United States in Iraq, that "[t]e evidence is very, very clear. We captured it when we captured Qais Khazali, the Lebanese Hezbollah deputy commander, and others, and it's in black and white. . . . We interrogated these individuals. We have on tape. . . . Qais Khazali himself. When asked, could you have done what you have done without Iranian support, he literally throws up his hands and laughs and says, of course not. . . . So they told us about the amounts of money that they have received. They told us about the training that they received. They told us about the ammunition and sophisticated weaponry and all of that that they received"
- (10) General Petraeus further stated on September 14, 2007, that "[w]hat we have got is evidence. This is not intelligence. This is evidence, off computers that we captured, documents and so forth. . . In one case, a 22-page document that lays out the planning, reconnaissance, rehearsal, conduct, and aftermath of the operation conducted that resulted in the death of five of our soldiers in Karbala back in January".
- (11) The Department of Defense report to Congress entitled "Measuring Stability and Security in Iraq" and released on September 18, 2007, consistent with section 9010 of Public Law 109–289, states that "[t]here has been no decrease in Iranian training and funding of illegal Shi'a militias in Iraq that attack Iraqi and Coalition forces and civilians. . . Tehran's support for these groups is one of the greatest impediments to progress on reconciliation".
- (12) The Department of Defense report further states, with respect to Iranian support for Shi'a extremist groups in Iraq, that "[m]ost of the explosives and ammunition used by these groups are provided by the Iranian Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps-Qods Force. . For the period of June through the end of August, [explosively formed penetrator] events are projected to rise by 39 percent over the period of March through May".
- (13) Since May 2007, Ambassador Crocker has held three rounds of talks in Baghdad on

- Iraq security with representatives of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran.
- (14) Ambassador Crocker testified before Congress on September 10, 2007, with respect to these talks, stating that "I laid out the concerns we had over Iranian activity that was damaging to Iraq's security, but found no readiness on Iranians' side at all to engage seriously on these issues. The impression I came with after a couple rounds is that the Iranians were interested simply in the appearance of discussions, of being seen to be at the table with the U.S. as an arbiter of Iraq's present and future, rather than actually doing serious business . . Right now, I haven't seen any sign of earnest or seriousness on the Iranian side".
- (15) Ambassador Crocker testified before Congress on September 11, 2007, stating that "[w]e have seen nothing on the ground that would suggest that the Iranians are altering what they're doing in support of extremist elements that are going after our forces as well as the Iraqis".
- (b) Sense of Senate.—It is the sense of the Senate— $\,$
- (1) that the manner in which the United States transitions and structures its military presence in Iraq will have critical long-term consequences for the future of the Persian Gulf and the Middle East, in particular with regard to the capability of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to pose a threat to the security of the region, the prospects for democracy for the people of the region, and the health of the global economy:
- (2) that it is a vital national interest of the United States to prevent the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran from turning Shi'a militia extremists in Iraq into a Hezbollah-like force that could serve its interests inside Iraq, including by overwhelming, subverting, or co-opting institutions of the legitimate Government of Iraq;
- (3) that it should be the policy of the United States to combat, contain, and roll back the violent activities and destabilizing influence inside Iraq of the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran, its foreign facilitators such as Lebanese Hezbollah, and its indigenous Iraqi proxies;
- (4) to support the prudent and calibrated use of all instruments of United States national power in Iraq, including diplomatic, economic, intelligence, and military instruments, in support of the policy described in paragraph (3) with respect to the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran and its proxies:
- (5) that the United States should designate the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps as a foreign terrorist organization under section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act and place the Islamic Revolutionary Guards Corps on the list of Specially Designated Global Terrorists, as established under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act and initiated under Executive Order 13224; and
- (6) that the Department of the Treasury should act with all possible expediency to complete the listing of those entities targeted under United Nations Security Council Resolutions 1737 and 1747 adopted unanimously on December 23, 2006 and March 24, 2007, respectively.
- SA 3018. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and

for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title II, add the following:

SEC. 214. GULF WAR ILLNESSES RESEARCH.

- (a) FUNDING.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated by section 201(1) for research, development, test, and evaluation for Army and available for Medical Advanced Technology, \$15,000,000 shall be available for the Army Medical Research and Materiel Command to carry out, as part of its Medical Research Program required by Congress, a program for Gulf War Illnesses Research.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the program shall be to develop diagnostic markers and treatments for the complex of symptoms commonly known as "Gulf War Illnesses (GWI)", including widespread pain, cognitive impairment, and persistent fatigue in conjunction with diverse other symptoms and abnormalities, that are associated with service in the Southwest Asia theater of operations in the early 1990s during the Persian Gulf War
 - (c) PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—
- (1) Highest priority under the program shall be afforded to pilot and observational studies of treatments for the complex of symptoms described in subsection (b) and comprehensive clinical trials of such treatments that have demonstrated effectiveness in previous past pilot and observational studies.
- (2) Secondary priority under the program shall be afforded to studies that identify objective markers for such complex of symptoms and biological mechanisms underlying such complex of symptoms that can lead to the identification and development of such markers and treatments.
- (3) No study shall be funded under the program that is based on psychiatric illness and psychological stress as the central cause of such complex of symptoms (as is consistent with current research findings).
- (d) COMPETITIVE SELECTION AND PEER REVIEW.—The program shall be conducted using competitive selection and peer review for the identification of activities having the most substantial scientific merit, utilizing individuals with recognized expertise in Gulf War illnesses in the design of the solicitation and in the scientific and programmatic review processes.

SA 3019. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title V, add the following:

SEC. 536. ENHANCEMENT OF REVERSE SOLDIER READINESS PROCESSING DEMOBILI-ZATION PROCEDURE FOR MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND RE-SERVE.

The Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall jointly modify the demobilization procedure for members of the Armed Forces known as Reverse Soldier Readiness Processing by providing for the presence of appropriate Department

- of Veterans Affairs personnel during such demobilization procedure in order to achieve the following:
- (1) The voluntary registration of members of the National Guard and Reserve for health care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs
- (2) The provision of assistance to members of the National Guard and Reserve in applying for benefits and services from the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (3) The provision of information to members of the National Guard and Reserve on the benefits and services available through the Department of Veterans Affairs.

SA 3020. Mr. COLEMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title V, add the following:

SEC. 574. INNOCENT CHILD PROTECTION IN EXE-CUTION OF SENTENCES OF DEATH.

Section 857 of title 10, United States Code (article 57 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c), by adding at the end the following new sentence: "However, in the case of a sentence of death, the convening authority shall delay execution of sentence to the extent necessary to prevent the death of an innocent child in utero." and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subsections:
- "'(d) PROTECTION OF INNOCENT CHILD IN UTERO IN EXECUTION OF SENTENCE OF DEATH.—It shall be unlawful for any authority, military or civil, of the United States, a State, or any district, possession, commonwealth or other territory under the authority of the United States to carry out a sentence of death on a woman while she carries an innocent child in utero.
- "(e) INNOCENT CHILD IN UTERO DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'innocent child in utero' means a member of the species homo sapiens, at any stage of development, who is carried in the womb."
- SA 3021. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2011 proposed by Mr. Nelson of Nebraska (for Mr. Levin) to the bill H.R. 1585, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2008 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle D of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1044. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE RESPONSE TO BUTTERBAUGH V. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report setting forth an assess-

- ment by the Comptroller General of the response of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice (336 F.3d 1332 (2003)).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An estimate of the number of members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces, both past and present, who are entitled to compensation under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (2) An assessment of the current policies, procedures, and timeliness of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service in implementing and resolving claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (3) An assessment of whether or not the decisions made by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service in implementing the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice follow a consistent pattern of resolution.
- (4) An assessment of whether or not the decisions made by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service in implementing the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice are resolving claims by providing more compensation than an individual has been able to prove, under the rule of construction that laws providing benefits to veterans are liberally construed in favor of the veteran.
- (5) An estimate of the total amount of compensation payable to members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces, both past and present, as a result of the recent decision in Hernandez v. Department of the Air Force (No. 2006–3375, slip op.) that leave can be reimbursed for Reserve service before 1994, when Congress enacted chapter 43 of title 38, United States Code (commonly referred to as the "Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act").
- (6) A comparative assessment of the handling of claims by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the handling of claims by other Federal agencies (selected by the Comptroller General for purposes of the comparative assessment) under that decision.
- (7) A statement of the number of claims by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice that have been adjudicated by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- (8) A statement of the number of claims by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice that have been denied by the Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- (9) A comparative assessment of the average amount of time required for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to resolve a claim under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the average amount of time required by other Federal agencies (as so selected) to resolve a claim under that decision.
- (10) A comparative statement of the backlog of claims with the Defense Finance and Accounting Service under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the backlog of claims of other Federal agencies (as so selected) under that decision.
- (11) An estimate of the amount of time required for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to resolve all outstanding claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.
- (12) An assessment of the reasonableness of the requirement of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service for the submittal by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces of supporting documentation

for claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice.

(13) A comparative assessment of the requirement of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service for the submittal by members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces of supporting documentation for claims under the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice with the requirement of other Federal agencies (as so selected) for the submittal by such members of supporting documentation for such claims.

(14) Such recommendations for legislative action as the Comptroller General considers appropriate in light of the decision in Butterbaugh v. Department of Justice and the decision in Hernandez v. Department of the Air Force.

NOTICE OF HEARING

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. BINGAMAN. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a bill has been added to a previously announced hearing before the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, Subcommittee on National Parks

The hearing will be held on September 27, 2007, at 2:30 p.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The bill is S. 1039, a bill to extend the authorization for the Coastal Heritage Trail in the State of New Jersey.

Because of the limited time available for the hearing, witnesses may testify by invitation only. However, those wishing to submit written testimony for the hearing record should send it to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, Washington, DC 20510-6150, or by e-mail to rachel_pasternack@energy.senate.gov.

For further information, please contact David Brooks at (202) 224–9863 or Rachel Pasternack at (202) 224–0883.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Environment and Public Works be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 20, 2007 at 9:55 a.m. in room 406 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in order to conduct a business meeting to consider several General Services Administration Resolutions and S. 589, a Bill to provide for the transfer of certain Federal property to the United States Paralympics, Incorporated, a subsidiary of the United States Olympic Committee, to be followed immediately with a hearing entitled, "Oversight Hearing to Examine the Condition of our Nation's Bridges."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Com-

mittee on Finance be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 20, 2007, at 10 a.m., in room 215 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building, to hear testimony on "Frozen Out: A Review of Bank Treatment of Social Security Benefits".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet in order to conduct a markup on Thursday, September 20, 2007, at 10 a.m. in the Dirksen Senate Office Building Room 226.

Agenda

I. Bills

S. 1845, A bill to provide for limitations in certain communications between the Department of Justice and the White House (Whitehouse, Leahy).

S. 772, Railroad Antitrust Enforcement Act of 2007 (Kohl, Coleman, Feingold).

S. 1267, Free Flow of Information Act of 2007 (Lugar, Dodd, Graham).

S. 1703, Trafficking in Persons Accountability Act of 2007 (Durbin, Coburn).

II. Nominations

Jennifer Walker Elrod to be United States Circuit Judge for the Fifth Circuit.

Patrick Shen, Special Counsel for Immigration Related Unfair Employment Practices.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate in order to conduct a hearing entitled "Expanding Opportunities for Women Entrepreneurs: The Future of Women's Small Business Programs:" on Thursday, September 20, 2007, beginning at 10 a.m. in room 428A of the Russell Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent for the Committee on Veterans' Affairs to be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 20, 2007, in order to conduct a Joint Hearing to receive the 2007 legislative presentation by the American Legion. The Committee will meet in 345 Cannon House Office Building, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on September 20, 2007 at 2:30 p.m. to hold a hearing.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON FEDERAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT, GOVERNMENT INFORMATION, FEDERAL SERVICES, AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Federal Financial Management, Government Information, Federal Services, and International Security of the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet on Thursday, September 20, 2007, at 2:30 p.m. for a hearing entitled "High Risk IT Investments: Is Poor Management Leading to Billions in Waste."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PUBLIC LANDS AND FORESTS

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Forests of the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources be authorized to hold a hearing during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 20, 2007, at 2:30 p.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The purpose of the hearing is to receive testimony on S. 1377, to direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey to the city of Henderson, NV, certain Federal land located in the city, and for other purposes; S. 1433, to amend the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act to provide competitive status to certain Federal employees in the State of Alaska; S. 1608 and H.R. 815, to provide for the conveyance of certain land in Clark County, NV, for use by the Nevada National Guard; S. 1740, to amend the act of February 22, 1990, and the act of July 2, 1862, to provide for the management of public land trust funds in the State of North Dakota: S. 1802, to adjust the boundaries of the Frank Church River of No Return Wilderness in the State of Idaho; S. 1939, to provide for the conveyance of certain land in the Santa Fe National Forest, NM; and S. 1940, to reauthorize the Rio Puerco Watershed Management Program, and for other

And to receive testimony on two additional bills added to the hearing: S. 1143, to designate the Jupiter Inlet Lighthouse and the surrounding Federal land in the State of Florida as an Outstanding Natural Area and as a unit of the National Landscape System, and for other purposes; and S. 2034, to amend the Oregon Wilderness Act of 1984 to designate the Copper Salmon Wilderness and to amend the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act to designate segments of the North and South Forks of the Elk River in the State of Oregon as wild or scenic rivers, and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.