

Carney	Hunter	Porter
Carter	Inglis (SC)	Price (GA)
Castle	Issa	Pryce (OH)
Chabot	Jindal	Putnam
Chandler	Johnson (IL)	Radanovich
Coble	Johnson, Sam	Ramstad
Cole (OK)	Jones (NC)	Regula
Conaway	Jordan	Rehberg
Cramer	Keller	Reichert
Crenshaw	King (IA)	Renzi
Culberson	King (NY)	Reynolds
Davis (KY)	Kingston	Rogers (AL)
Davis, David	Kirk	Rogers (KY)
Davis, Lincoln	Klein (FL)	Rogers (MI)
Deal (GA)	Kline (MN)	Rohrabacher
Dent	Knollenberg	Ros-Lehtinen
Diaz-Balart, L.	Kuhl (NY)	Roskam
Diaz-Balart, M.	LaHood	Royce
Donnelly	Lamborn	Ryan (WI)
Doolittle	Lampson	Sali
Drake	Latham	Saxton
Dreier	LaTourette	Schmidt
Duncan	Lewis (CA)	Sensenbrenner
Ehlers	Lewis (KY)	Sessions
Emerson	Linder	Shadegg
English (PA)	LoBiondo	Shimkus
Everett	Lucas	Shuster
Fallin	Lungren, Daniel	Simpson
Feeley	E.	Smith (NE)
Ferguson	Mack	Smith (NJ)
Flake	Manzullo	Smith (TX)
Forbes	Marchant	Souder
Fortenberry	Marshall	Space
Fortuño	Matheson	Stearns
Fossella	McCarthy (CA)	Sullivan
Foxx	McCaull (TX)	Tancredo
Franks (AZ)	McCotter	Tanner
Frelinghuysen	McCrery	Taylor
Gallegly	McHenry	Terry
Garrett (NJ)	McHugh	Thornberry
Gerlach	McKeon	Tiahrt
Gillmor	Melancon	Tiberi
Gingrey	Mica	Turner
Gohmert	Miller (MI)	Upton
Goode	Miller, Gary	Walberg
Goodlatte	Moran (KS)	Walden (OR)
Granger	Murphy, Tim	Walsh (NY)
Graves	Musgrave	Wamp
Hall (TX)	Myrick	Weldon (FL)
Hastert	Neugebauer	Weller
Hastings (WA)	Nunes	Westmoreland
Hayes	Pearce	Whitfield
Heller	Pence	Wicker
Hensarling	Peterson (PA)	Wilson (NM)
Herger	Pickering	Wilson (SC)
Hobson	Pitts	Wolf
Hoekstra	Platts	Young (AK)
Hulshof	Poe	Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—9

Baird	Faleomavaega	Miller (FL)
Cubin	Jones (OH)	Shays
Davis, Jo Ann	McMorris	
Engel	Rodgers	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIRMAN
The Acting CHAIRMAN (during the vote). Members are advised that 1 minute remains in this vote.

□ 1157

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin and Mr. FLAKE changed their vote from "aye" to "no."

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 32 OFFERED BY MR. HOLT

The Acting CHAIRMAN. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. HOLT) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 32 OFFERED BY MR. HOLT:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following new section:

SEC. 1055. REQUIREMENT FOR VIDEOTAPING RECORDINGS OF STRATEGIC INTERROGATIONS AND OTHER PERTINENT INTERACTIONS AMONG DETAINEES OR PRISONERS IN THE CUSTODY OF OR UNDER THE EFFECTIVE CONTROL OF THE UNITED STATES AND MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES, INTELLIGENCE OPERATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, AND CONTRACTORS OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with the Geneva Conventions of 1949, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman, or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, and prohibitions against any cruel, unusual, and inhuman treatment or punishment under the Fifth, Eighth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, the President shall take such actions as are necessary to ensure that any strategic interrogation or other pertinent interaction between an individual who is a detainee or prisoner in the custody or under the effective control of the Armed Forces pursuant to a strategic interrogation, or other pertinent interaction, for the purpose of gathering intelligence and a member of the Armed Forces, an intelligence operative of the United States, or a contractor of the United States, is videotaped.

(b) COMMENCEMENT OF REQUIREMENT.—The videotaping requirement under subsection (a) shall be applicable to any strategic interrogation of an individual that takes place on or after the earlier of—

(1) the day on which the individual is confined in a facility owned, operated or controlled, in whole or in part, by the United States, or any of its representatives, agencies, or agents; or

(2) 7 days after the day on which the individual is taken into custody by the United States or any of its representatives, agencies, or agents.

(c) CLASSIFICATION OF INFORMATION.—The President shall provide for the appropriate classification to protect United States national security and the privacy of detainees or prisoners held by the United States, of video tapes referred to in subsection (a). Videotapes shall be made available, under seal if appropriate, to both prosecution and defense to the extent they are material to any military or civilian criminal proceeding.

(d) STRATEGIC INTERROGATION DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "strategic interrogation" means an interrogation of a detainee or prisoner at—

(1) a corps or theater-level detention facility, as defined in the Army Field Manual on Human Intelligence Collector Operations (FM 2-22.3, September 2006); or

(2) a detention facility outside of the area of operations (AOR) where the detainee or prisoner was initially captured, including—

(A) a detention facility owned, operated, borrowed, or leased by the United States Government; and

(B) a detention facility of a foreign government at which United States Government personnel, including contractors, are permitted to conduct interrogations by the foreign government in question.

(e) ACCESS TO PRISONERS AND DETAINEES OF THE UNITED STATES TO ENSURE INDEPENDENT MONITORING AND TRANSPARENT INVESTIGATIONS.—Consistent with the obligations of the United States under international law and related protocols to which the United States is a party, the President shall take such actions as are necessary to ensure that representatives of the following organizations are granted access to detainees or prisoners in the custody or under the effective control of the Armed Forces:

(1) The International Federation of the International Committee of the Red Cross and the Red Crescent.

(2) The United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights.

(3) The United Nations Special Rapporteur on Torture.

(f) GUIDELINES FOR VIDEOTAPE RECORDINGS.—

(1) DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDELINES.—The Judge Advocates General (as defined in section 801(1) of title 10, United States Code, (Article 1 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice)) shall jointly develop uniform guidelines designed to ensure that the videotaping required under subsection (a) is sufficiently expansive to prevent any abuse of detainees and prisoners referred to in subsection (a) and violations of law binding on the United States, including treaties specified in subsection (a).

(2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing the guidelines developed under paragraph (1).

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIRMAN. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIRMAN. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 199, noes 229, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 371]

AYES—199

Abercrombie	Fattah	McDermott
Ackerman	Filner	McGovern
Allen	Frank (MA)	McNerney
Andrews	Giffords	McNulty
Baca	Gilchrest	Meehan
Baldwin	Gillibrand	Meek (FL)
Bartlett (MD)	Green, Al	Meeks (NY)
Bean	Green, Gene	Melancon
Becerra	Grijalva	Michaud
Berman	Gutierrez	Miller (NC)
Berry	Hall (NY)	Miller, George
Bishop (NY)	Hare	Mitchell
Blumenauer	Harman	Mollohan
Bordallo	Hastings (FL)	Moore (KS)
Boswell	Higgins	Moore (WI)
Boucher	Hill	Moran (VA)
Boyd (FL)	Hinchey	Murtha
Brady (PA)	Hinojosa	Nadler
Braley (IA)	Hirono	Napolitano
Brown, Corrine	Hodes	Neal (MA)
Butterfield	Holt	Norton
Capps	Honda	Oberstar
Capuano	Hooley	Obey
Cardoza	Hoyer	Olver
Carnahan	Inglesi (SC)	Pallone
Carson	Inslie	Pascarella
Castle	Israel	Pastor
Castor	Jackson (IL)	Paul
Christensen	Jackson-Lee	Payne
Clarke	(TX)	Peterson (MN)
Clay	Jefferson	Price (NC)
Cleaver	Johnson (GA)	Rahall
Clyburn	Johnson (IL)	Rangel
Cohen	Johnson, E. B.	Rohrabacher
Conyers	Kagen	Ros-Lehtinen
Costa	Kanjorski	Rothman
Costello	Kaptur	Royal-Allard
Courtney	Kennedy	Rush
Crowley	Kildee	Ryan (OH)
Cummings	Kilpatrick	Salazar
Davis (CA)	Kind	Sánchez, Linda
Davis (IL)	Klein (FL)	T.
DeFazio	Kucinich	Barbanes
DeGette	Lantos	Schakowsky
Delahunt	Larsen (WA)	Schiff
DeLauro	Larson (CT)	Schwartz
Diaz-Balart, L.	Lee	Scott (VA)
Diaz-Balart, M.	Levin	Serrano
Dicks	Lewis (GA)	Sestak
Dingell	Lipinski	Shea-Porter
Doggett	Loebssack	Sherman
Doyle	Lofgren, Zoe	Sires
Edwards	Lowey	Skelton
Ellison	Maloney (NY)	Slaughter
Emanuel	Markey	Smith (NJ)
Eshoo	Matsui	Smith (WA)
Etheridge	McCarthy (NY)	Solis
Farr	McCollum (MN)	Sprott

Stark	Van Hollen
Stupak	Velázquez
Sutton	Visclosky
Tauscher	Walsh (NY)
Thompson (CA)	Walz (MN)
Thompson (MS)	Wasserman
Tierney	Schultz
Towns	Waters
Udall (CO)	Watson
Udall (NM)	Watt

NOES—229

Aderholt	Foxx
Akin	Franks (AZ)
Alexander	Frelinghuysen
Altmore	Gallo
Arcuri	Garrett (NJ)
Bachmann	Gerlach
Bachus	Gillmor
Baker	Gingrey
Barrett (SC)	Gohmert
Barrow	Gonzalez
Barton (TX)	Goode
Berkley	Goodlatte
Biggert	Gordon
Bilbray	Granger
Bilirakis	Graves
Bishop (GA)	Hall (TX)
Bishop (UT)	Hastert
Blackburn	Hastings (WA)
Blunt	Hayes
Boehner	Heller
Bonner	Hensarling
Bono	Herger
Boozman	Herseth Sandlin
Boren	Hobson
Boustany	Hoekstra
Boysen (KS)	Holden
Brady (TX)	Hulshof
Brown (SC)	Hunter
Brown-Waite, Ginny	Issa
Buchanan	Jindal
Burgess	Johnson, Sam
Burton (IN)	Jones (NC)
Buyer	Jordan
Calvert	Keller
Camp (MI)	King (IA)
Campbell (CA)	King (NY)
Cannon	Kingston
Cantor	Kirk
Capito	Kline (MN)
Carney	Knollenberg
Carter	Kuhl (NY)
Chabot	LaHood
Chandler	Lamborn
Coble	Lampson
Cole (OK)	Langevin
Conaway	Latham
Cooper	LaTourette
Cramer	Lewis (CA)
Crenshaw	Lewis (KY)
Cuellar	Linder
Culberson	LoBiondo
Davis (AL)	Lucas
Davis (KY)	Lungren, Daniel E.
Davis, David	Lynch
Davis, Lincoln	Mack
Davis, Tom	Mahoney (FL)
Deal (GA)	Manzullo
Dent	Marchant
Donnelly	Marshall
Doolittle	Matheson
Drake	McCarthy (CA)
Dreier	McCaull (TX)
Duncan	McCotter
Ehlers	McCrery
Ellsworth	McHenry
Emerson	McHugh
English (PA)	McIntyre
Everett	McKeon
Fallin	Mica
Feeley	Miller (MI)
Ferguson	Miller, Gary
Flake	Moran (KS)
Forbes	Murphy (CT)
Fortenberry	Murphy, Patrick
Fortuño	Murphy, Tim
Fossella	Musgrave

NOT VOTING—9

Baird	Faleomavaega
Cubin	Jones (OH)
Davis, Jo Ann	McMorris
Engel	Rodgers

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIRMAN

The Acting CHAIRMAN (during the vote). Members are advised there is 1 minute remaining in this vote.

□ 1201

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. MILLER of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I would like to offer a personal explanation of the reason I missed rollcall Nos. 367 through 374 on May 17, 2007. I was down in my district attending the funeral of Staff Sgt. Timothy P. Padgett.

If present, I would have voted: rollcall vote No. 367, Tierney Amendment on Defense Authorization to reduce the \$8.1 billion specified for Missile Defense Agency activities by \$1.084 billion from specified programs, "no"; rollcall vote No. 368, Franks Amendment on Defense Authorization to increase by \$764 million the amount authorized for ballistic missile defense, "aye"; rollcall vote No. 369, King Amendment on Defense Authorization to clarify that neither the bill nor any other provision of law shall prevent the U.S. government from establishing temporary military installations or bases by entering into a basing rights agreement with the government of Iraq, "aye"; rollcall vote No. 370, Moran Amendment on Defense Authorization to require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report that contains a plan for the transfer of every enemy combatant at Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, "no"; rollcall vote No. 371, Holt Amendment on Defense Authorization to require the videotaping of interrogations and other pertinent interactions between military personnel and/or contractors and detainees, "no".

Ms. BORDALLO. Mr. Chairman, I rise today in support of H.R. 1585, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008. The provisions of this bill are critical to our national security and to improving the readiness for our fighting men and women who serve our country so ably. I commend Chairman IKE SKELTON, Ranking Member DUNCAN HUNTER, and my colleagues on the Committee on Armed Services for their leadership and work on writing this important legislation. The work of the committee ensures that this Congress will make a meaningful and positive impact on our Armed Forces.

Many members of the United States armed services, including scores of servicemembers from Guam, are at duty stations in the United States, at sea, or are deployed to combat zones and elsewhere around the world today. I have had the unique opportunity, since I was elected to Congress in 2002 and sworn into office in 2003, to travel to many of the combat zones and visit with our servicemembers there. I remain impressed by the professionalism of the members of the United States armed services. I am inspired by their continued, steadfast commitment to their achieving their missions. And I am heartened by their daily, unquestioned acts of bravery performed in defense of the American way of life, despite the hostile intentions and aggressive actions of persistent and deadly enemies.

The responsibilities and obligations of members of the United States armed services are significant and honorable, but not without

great risk. The tenth soldier from Guam to be killed in action during operations support of the war on terror will soon be laid to rest by his family, friends, and a grateful country. I, like all of my colleagues, am deeply saddened when we learn that the life of one of our country's finest young men and women has been ended as a result of their service to our country. Such a loss is grave to the United States and to the United States armed services. But there is no doubt their passing is a more grievous loss to their family, friends, and communities who knew and loved them as individuals. All of us should try to find comfort in the thought that our service men and women serve so that others might someday know the joys of liberty and justice. And for that, we should all be proud and thankful.

We have the opportunity today to act and renew our commitment to our servicemembers. Supporting this legislation will help provide for our military heroes and their families. There are few who deserve our support and gratitude more than these individuals and their spouses and children. At home and abroad, they serve and represent our country and government in a manner that is both honorable and admirable.

This legislation in particular addresses many critical issues that face Guam, our community and the existing and planned military facilities for our island. Included in this bill are authorizations for a total of over \$300 million of military construction projects on Guam for fiscal year 2008. This amount represents a significant increase above the amount of military construction funding that was authorized and appropriated for Guam for fiscal year 2007. I welcome this significant increase in investment in Guam. These increases improve the facilities and capabilities of the military bases on Guam. But they also help Guam's business community to begin to build the capacity that it will need in order to successfully compete for, and complete the scopes of work of, the tremendous amount of military construction planned to support the rebasing of United States Marines from Okinawa, Japan, to Guam.

The bill before us today includes approvals for full funding of several key infrastructure projects at Naval Base Guam. Among them is an authorization for \$59.4 million to improve the base's electrical system security; for \$57.2 million for Naval family housing; for \$51.8 million to expand wharf capacity at Kilo Wharf in Apra Harbor; for \$42.5 million for a new fitness center on base; for \$40.8 million to repair and upgrade the base's wastewater treatment plant; and for \$31.4 million to build Phase I of a potable water distribution system on base. This legislation would also provide authorizations to fund needed projects at Andersen Air Force Base on Guam. The authorizations are for \$15.8 million for two projects at Northwest Field to support the 607th Training Flight "Commando Warrior" unit that will soon relocate from Osan Air Base, Korea, to Guam.

In addition to military construction projects, H.R. 1585 addresses quality of life issues for military retirees and military dependents on Guam. The Department of Defense has been unresponsive to the needs of retirees on Guam who are reliant on the TRICARE system. Military retirees who live on Guam who are referred off island for specialty care are forced to travel to those locations at their own expense. These trips to access referred specialty care in Hawaii or California cost in the