

are indispensable participants, but these experts cannot alone resolve all the new and unprecedented issues raised by terrorism in an open society. In order to strike the balance required by our democratic traditions, a cross-cutting group needs to be working together at the same table.

For years before our eyes, parts of our open society have gradually been closed down because of terrorism and fear of terrorism—whether checkpoints on streets near the Capitol even when there were no alerts, or applications of technology without regard to their effects on privacy. We have also seen heightened controversy, litigation, hearings, legislation and court decisions because of the use of technology that intercepts terrorist communications but also covers communications among Americans.

Following the unprecedented terrorist attack on our country, Americans expected additional and increased security adequate to protect citizens against this frightening threat. However, in our country, people also expect government to be committed and smart enough to undertake this awesome new responsibility without depriving them of their personal liberty. These years in our history will long be remembered by the rise of terrorism in the world and in this country and the unprecedented challenges it has brought. We must provide ever-higher levels of security for our people and public spaces while maintaining a free and open democratic society for as long as is necessary. Yet, this is no ordinary war that we expect to be over in a matter of years. The end point could be generations from now. The indeterminate nature of the threat adds to the necessity of putting aside ad hoc approaches to security developed in isolation from the goal of maintaining an open society.

When we have faced unprecedented and perplexing issues in the past, we have had the good sense to investigate them deeply and to move to resolve them. Examples include the National Commission on Terrorist Attacks Upon the United States (also known as the 9/11 Commission), the Commission on the Intelligence Capabilities of the United States Regarding Weapons of Mass Destruction (also known as the Silberman-Robb Commission) and the Kerner Commission that investigate the riotous uprisings that swept American cities in the 1960s and 1970s. The important difference in the Commission proposed in this bill is that it seeks to act before a crisis-level erosion of basic freedoms takes hold and becomes entrenched. Because global terrorism is likely to be long lasting, we cannot afford to allow the proliferation of security that neither requires nor is subject to advance civilian oversight or analysis of alternatives or repercussions on freedom and commerce.

With no vehicles for leadership on issues of security and openness, we have been left to muddle through, using blunt 19th century approaches, such as crude blockades, unsightly barriers around beautiful monuments and other signals that the society is closing down, or anti-privacy applications, without appropriate exploration of possible alternatives. The threat of terrorism to an open society is too serious to be left to ad hoc problem-solving. Such approaches are often as inadequate as they are menacing.

We can do better, but only if we recognize and then come to grips with the complexities associated with maintaining a society of free

and open access in a world characterized by unprecedented terrorism. The place to begin is with a high-level presidential commission of experts in a broad spectrum of disciplines who can help chart the new course that will be required to protect our people and our precious democratic institutions and traditions.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

### HON. J. GRESHAM BARRETT

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. BARRETT of South Carolina. Madam Speaker, due to a family obligation, I unfortunately missed recorded votes on the House floor in the afternoon of Friday, September 7, 2007.

Had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall vote No. 862 (on agreeing to the Conyers amendment to H.R. 1908), “no” on rollcall vote No. 863 (on passage of H.R. 1908), and “no” on rollcall vote No. 864 (on passage of the conference report H. Rept. 110–317 to H.R. 2669).

#### CONGRATULATING MS. EVANGELINE EDWARDS

### HON. THOMAS G. TANCREDO

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. TANCREDO. Madam Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to one of my constituents, Ms. Evangeline Edwards of Morrison, Colorado, who will attend a People to People World Leadership Forum in 2008. Her outstanding academic merits and communal involvement have laid a solid foundation of individual integrity and dedication: both characteristics of a qualified leader. I am honored to represent such a promising young woman.

Created in 1956, the People to People Program is an educational travel program dedicated to fostering leadership potential in youth worldwide. People to People has helped more than 200,000 students and professionals develop their leadership skills based upon Dwight D. Eisenhower's belief that “people can make a difference where governments cannot.” This unique interaction and exposure will enable Ms. Edwards to gain a greater understanding and insider's perspective of Washington, DC.

Madam Speaker, it is my distinct pleasure to acknowledge one of Colorado's own. Please join me in congratulating Ms. Edwards and wishing her the best in her future endeavors.

#### RECOGNIZING BRYCE FRAZIER FOR ACHIEVING THE RANK OF EAGLE SCOUT

### HON. SAM GRAVES

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. GRAVES. Madam Speaker, I proudly pause to recognize Bryce Frazier, a very special young man who has exemplified the finest

qualities of citizenship and leadership by taking an active part in the Boy Scouts of America, Troop 138, and in earning the most prestigious award of Eagle Scout.

Bryce has been very active with his troop, participating in many Scout activities. Over the many years Bryce has been involved with Scouting, he has not only earned numerous merit badges, but also the respect of his family, peers, and community.

Madam Speaker, I proudly ask you to join me in commending Bryce Frazier for his accomplishments with the Boy Scouts of America and for his efforts put forth in achieving the highest distinction of Eagle Scout.

#### CELEBRATING THE 65TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE 101ST AIRBORNE DIVISION

### HON. RODNEY ALEXANDER

OF LOUISIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. ALEXANDER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to commemorate Louisiana State University at Alexandria's celebration of the 65th anniversary of the founding of the 101st Airborne Division at Camp Claiborne, La., which was held on August 7, 2007.

Since its activation on August 16, 1942, this unit has answered the call of duty during many of our Nation's most dire military conflicts, fulfilling the prophecy of MG William C. Lee, who promised the first recruits the unit had a “rendezvous with destiny.”

Perhaps the truth of this prediction was first realized during World War II, when the 101st Airborne Division led the way on D-Day in the night drop prior to the invasion. Later, during the Siege of Bastogne, BG Anthony McAuliffe and the Screaming Eagles fought on until the siege was lifted. For their heroic efforts in these missions and others during the Second World War, the division was awarded four campaign streamers and two Presidential Unit Citations.

The 101st triumphant role in our Nation's military history did not end there. In the mid-1960s, the 1st Brigade and support troops were deployed to the Republic of Vietnam, followed by the rest of the division in late 1967. In almost 7 years of combat in Vietnam, elements of the 101st participated in as many as 15 campaigns, further solidifying its reputation for military professionalism.

The 101st Airborne Division again brushed with destiny in January 1991, this time in Iraq. During the deepest combat air assault into enemy territory in world history, the 101st emerged from 100 hours of fighting with no casualties, while also capturing thousands of enemy prisoners of wars.

In 1948, the 101st Airborne Division was reactivated as a training unit at Camp Breckinridge, Ky., and again in 1950. It was reactivated in 1954 at Fort Jackson, S.C. Two years later, in March 1956, the 101st was transferred to Fort Campbell, Ky., to be reorganized as a combat division.

In addition to its impressive history in combat, Fort Campbell soldiers have supported humanitarian relief efforts in Rwanda and Somalia as well as supplying peacekeepers to Haiti and Bosnia.

Today, the 101st Airborne Division stands as the Army's and the world's only air assault

division with unequalled strategic and tactical mobility.

Madam Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in honoring the 101st Airborne Division, currently based in Fort Campbell, Ky., as it continues its mission to support training, mobilization, and deployment of mission-ready forces who stand ready to defend and protect our Nation.

#### CELEBRATING THE 60TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE POINTE MOUILLEE WATERFOWL FESTIVAL

#### HON. JOHN D. DINGELL

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. DINGELL. Madam Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge, honor, and celebrate an event taking place in "the world's largest freshwater marsh restoration project." Ever more popular each year, the Pointe Mouillee Waterfowl Festival is celebrating its 60th year of bringing together all manner of wilderness enthusiasts and outdoorsmen for an exciting weekend of appreciation, competitions, and games.

The Pointe Mouillee Waterfowl Festival is a unique event open to all wildlife lovers of every age, and it is free of charge to the public. This event is made possible through the hard work of the organizers of the Festival, sponsor businesses, conservation groups, and the hundreds of visitors who travel with their families for the annual event. Of course, one must also remember the many diverse species of waterfowl whose presence at Pointe Mouillee highlights the work of those who spend their precious time working to restore and maintain the marsh. The whole festival is a wonderful opportunity to see all the benefits of conservation come together in one remarkable weekend for everyone to enjoy.

Pointe Mouillee, aptly named "wet point" in French, began its role as a haven for sportsmen in the late 19th century when it was owned by an upper-class group of only eight men. It endured as such—only adding two new membership slots—for seventy years. In 1945, however, the aristocratic ownership of the 2,608 acres of marshland ended when it was sold to the Michigan Department of Conservation. At that point, the beautiful channels and lands were opened to the happy public. Ten thousand outdoorsmen, one thousand times the previous restricted membership, flocked to enjoy Pointe Mouillee that season alone.

Over time, however, as construction began on dams and the natural flow of the Huron River was shifted, the important balance of the habitat began to shift as well. As this trend was exacerbated in the 1960s and 1970s the damage only worsened. Nonetheless, despite the many obstacles, the Festival continues to work to preserve the marshland and bring even greater attention to the beauty and utility of those 2,608 acres.

Madam Speaker, I ask that all of my colleagues join me in saluting the Pointe Mouillee Waterfowl Festival as it celebrates its 60th anniversary. I have every hope, and every confidence, that this great festival will carry on its proud tradition of appreciation toward the natural beauty of the Pointe Mouillee and other

such sites throughout Michigan and the entire region.

#### TRIBUTE TO CHARLES T. HEINLEIN, UNITED STATES ARMY, PRIVATE FIRST CLASS

#### HON. DAVE CAMP

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. CAMP of Michigan. Madam Speaker, our Nation is sustained by men and women who so willingly risk their lives to defend our liberty and our way of life. Private First Class Charles T. Heinlein was one such soldier, and he gave the last full measure in service to his country and to his fellow citizens.

Today, I want to recognize on the floor of the United States House of Representatives the life of Charles T. Heinlein. In saluting heroes like Charlie, we remember him with undying gratitude. And we resolve, though we cannot repay the debt we owe him or his family, to live our lives in such a way as to be worthy of their sacrifice.

Charlie joined the United States Army to become "a better person," but it is his heroism in battling back tyranny and terror halfway around the globe that has helped build a better America and a better world. His actions on the field of duty will forever stand as a reminder that America remains the land of the free and the home of the brave.

May God keep Charlie; may God watch and comfort his family; and, may God continue to grant this Nation with the courage to defend life and liberty.

#### CONGRATULATING MS. SOFIA EVANGELISTA

#### HON. THOMAS G. TANCREDO

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. TANCREDO. Madam Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to one of my constituents, Ms. Sophia Evangelista of Aurora, Colorado, who will attend a People to People World Leadership Forum in 2008. Her outstanding academic merits and communal involvement have laid a solid foundation of individual integrity and dedication: both characteristics of a qualified leader. I am honored to represent such a promising young woman.

Created in 1956, the People to People Program is an educational travel program dedicated to fostering leadership potential in youth worldwide. People to People has helped more than 200,000 students and professionals develop their leadership skills based upon Dwight D. Eisenhower's belief that "people can make a difference where governments cannot." This unique interaction and exposure will enable Ms. Evangelista to gain a greater understanding and insider's perspective of Washington, DC.

Madam Speaker, it is my distinct pleasure to acknowledge one of Colorado's own. Please join me in congratulating Ms. Evangelista and wishing her the best in her future endeavors.

#### RECOGNIZING JASON MCCOLLUM FOR ACHIEVING THE RANK OF EAGLE SCOUT

#### HON. SAM GRAVES

OF MISSOURI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Mr. GRAVES. Madam Speaker, I proudly pause to recognize Jason McCollum, a very special young man who has exemplified the finest qualities of citizenship and leadership by taking an active part in the Boy Scouts of America, Troop 395, and in earning the most prestigious award of Eagle Scout.

Jason has been very active with his troop, participating in many scout activities. Over the many years Jason has been involved with scouting, he has not only earned numerous merit badges, but also the respect of his family, peers, and community.

Madam Speaker, I proudly ask you to join me in commending Jason McCollum for his accomplishments with the Boy Scouts of America and for his efforts put forth in achieving the highest distinction of Eagle Scout.

#### HONORING CHAUNCEY BAILEY

#### HON. BARBARA LEE

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Monday, September 10, 2007*

Ms. LEE. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the extraordinary life of Chauncey Bailey of Oakland, California. His tragic and unexpected death has been a shock to our community. The loss of this dedicated friend, mentor, professional journalist, and steward of Oakland will be deeply felt.

Of all of the significant endeavors Mr. Chauncey Bailey was involved with, his role as a loving father was most important to him, and it is in this capacity which he will be most missed. My sincerest condolences go out to his family, friends, colleagues, and especially his fiancée, Ms. Deborah Oduwa. Fifty-seven years old at the time of his death, Chauncey was a vibrant journalist, editor, and community member, full of energy and vigor.

Chauncey Bailey grew up in Oakland, and ultimately dedicated his career to reporting on Oakland's community, with special attention and dedication to news most affecting our African American populations. After receiving his education, Chauncey became a staff writer and columnist for The Detroit News. After 12 years working for The News, Mr. Bailey returned home to Oakland and began writing for the Oakland Tribune.

Mr. Bailey diligently worked his way up in the news media profession, working with several of our local media outlets. He was a fixture in our papers, on our radios, and on our television sets. Two months ago, Mr. Bailey joined the Oakland Post as an editor.

As an internationally renowned journalist, Chauncey, through his travels abroad, brought a keen understanding of the world beyond our borders to Oakland, California. We benefited tremendously from his experiences and his knowledge of global affairs and for that we are deeply grateful.

Chauncey contributed immeasurably to the fabric of our community. Although Chauncey's