

TRIBUTE TO FAYGO BEVERAGES

HON. SANDER M. LEVIN

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, August 3, 2007

Mr. LEVIN. Madam Speaker, Faygo Beverages is part of our Michigan tradition, and I rise today to recognize their 100 years of operations.

Faygo was founded in Detroit on November 4, 1907 as Feigenson Brothers Bottling Works by Russian immigrants Ben and Perry Feigenson. The original flavors of Faygo, Fruit Punch, Strawberry and Grape, were based on cake frosting recipes used by the Feigensons in Russia. That is why these, and the flavors they developed later, were and still are so unique.

Throughout the 20th century, Faygo steadily increased its production line. They coined the word "pop," because of the sound made when opening the bottle and are credited with the spreading of the word "pop" instead of "soda" to mean "soft drink" in the Midwest.

The brothers bought their first delivery truck, a 1922 Ford. They produced the soda one day, closed the factory the next day, loaded the product on a horse drawn wagon, and sold it for three cents or two for a nickel. The brand name changed to "Faygo" in the 30s, and after that, in 1935, the company moved to the current Detroit location.

To say that we are proud of Faygo is an understatement. For those of us in Michigan, we grew up with it. In the 40s, "The Faygo Kid" appeared on television, with the famous Detroit line, "Which way did he go? Which way did he go? He went for Faaaaaygo!". In the 60s, Strawberry Soda changed to "Redpop." In the 70s, Faygo became pioneers of one way bottles, twist-off caps and warehouse distribution. Then there's the "Faygo Boat Song," a memory for another generation. That 1970s commercial featured everyday people on a Boblo Island boat singing "Remember when you were a kid? Well, part of you still is. And that's why we make Faygo."

Madam Speaker, as one who grew up as a kid with thousands of others on Faygo pop, I ask my colleagues to join me in remembering and congratulating this Michigan icon, Faygo Beverages, as it celebrates 100 years with employees and their families at the Detroit Zoo on Sunday, August 5, 2007.

**CHILDREN'S HEALTH AND
MEDICARE PROTECTION ACT**

SPEECH OF

HON. LYNN C. WOOLSEY

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, August 1, 2007

Ms. WOOLSEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 3162, the Children's Health and Medicare Protection Act. This bill invests \$50 billion in our children and our seniors. The minority has had no objections to spending half a trillion dollars in Iraq but objects to \$50 billion over 5 years for our children and seniors. Where are their priorities?

Passing this bill will mean that 5 million more children who are already eligible for SCHIP will be enrolled. That will bring the total

number of children covered by SCHIP to 11 million. Passing this bill will mean a real investment for our children, our seniors, and, indeed, our Nation.

I urge "yes" vote on the CHAMP Act.

**AGRICULTURE, RURAL DEVELOPMENT,
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION,
AND RELATED AGENCIES
APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2008**

SPEECH OF

HON. BENNIE G. THOMPSON

OF MISSISSIPPI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, August 2, 2007

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 3161) making appropriations for Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2008, and for other purposes:

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Chairman, I rise today in support of the Kingston amendment.

I understand the arguments in favor of importation, but I don't believe that the remedy to solve these problems is to open up our Nation's pharmaceutical supply and distribution system to potentially counterfeit drugs.

Now is simply not the time to open U.S. borders to counterfeit prescription medicines. A new report by the Center for Medicines in the Public Interest scheduled to be released September 30, 2007, projects counterfeit drug sales to reach \$75 billion in 2010, a shocking 92 percent increase from 2005.

According to Peter Pitts, senior fellow for health care studies at the Pacific Research Institute and Director of the Center for Medicines in the Public Interest, "The business of selling fake prescription drugs to unsuspecting consumers is burgeoning, and is a global industry. This underground industry represents a major public health risk for citizens of the world."

The new report estimates counterfeit drug sales will grow 13 percent annually through 2010, compared to just 7.5 percent estimated annual growth for global pharmaceutical commerce.

This amendment is a first step towards opening wide the doors at our borders to drug imports—and thus to counterfeit and adulterated medicines that will jeopardize Americans' health and safety.

We should not compromise the public's faith in the quality and safety of our Nation's pharmaceuticals by opening our borders, dramatically increasing the availability of counterfeit medicines.

Mr. Chairman, I urge strong support for this motion.

**KARCH KIRALY: THE GREATEST
PLAYER IN THE HISTORY OF
AMERICAN MEN'S VOLLEYBALL****HON. JANE HARMAN**

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, August 3, 2007

Ms. HARMAN. Madam Speaker, this year, the sport of beach volleyball will say goodbye

to its most celebrated player—Karch Kiraly. It is with great pleasure that I acknowledge his accomplishments and congratulate him on his retirement from professional beach volleyball. He will cap his illustrious career with the Association of Volleyball Professionals later this month, with a final appearance at the AVP Manhattan Beach Open—a tournament he has won an impressive eight times.

With 148 domestic and international victories under his belt, Karch Kiraly is the winningest player in the history of the game. Remarkably, he has not only won more often than anyone else, but he has won tournaments in each of the last four decades—a feat many consider to be unrepeatable. Clearly, this three-time Olympic gold medalist and six-time AVP MVP richly deserved induction to the Volleyball Hall of Fame in 2001, six years before his retirement.

The AVP Manhattan Beach Open is one of the most exciting annual events to occur in the 36th congressional district. Each August, thousands of people flock to the beach, just steps from the Manhattan Beach pier, to see the best players in the world compete. A victory in Manhattan Beach is one of the sport's most prestigious honors, and for the last 29 years Karch Kiraly has been there vying for the championship trophy.

From his days as a UCLA Bruin, where he led his team to three NCAA championships, to his professional career as the symbol of beach volleyball, Karch Kiraly has performed with uncommon graciousness and poise. In addition to the AVP Sportsmanship Awards he received in 1995, 1997, and 1998, Kiraly is regarded by friends and fans alike as focused, personable, and refreshingly humble.

While Karch Kiraly is retiring as an active player, he has no intention of leaving beach volleyball. We will miss his trademark pink hat, but as a professional beach volleyball commentator and founder and director of the Karch Kiraly Academy, he will continue to play an active role in influencing the sport he took to new heights.

I am delighted to commend Karch Kiraly for his successful and inspirational career. Fans everywhere will miss seeing him playing—and winning—down on the sand in Manhattan Beach, CA.

**SUPPORTING TITLE V ABSTINENCE
EDUCATION PROGRAM****HON. ROBIN HAYES**

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, August 3, 2007

Mr. HAYES. Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of the Title V Abstinence Education program. This program provides the abstinence message to teens, as directed by State law.

State law requires that North Carolina schools include in their health education program a message aimed toward prevention of sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS, and "abstinence until marriage education." Schools must stress the importance of parental involvement and abstinence from sex until marriage in disease prevention, as well as teach students refusal skills and strategies to handle peer pressure. Curricula must teach that a mutually faithful monogamous heterosexual relationship in the context of marriage

is the best lifelong means of avoiding diseases transmitted by sexual contact.

In fiscal year 2006, North Carolina received \$1,248,963 in Federal title V funding. North Carolina's Department of Public Instruction receives the title V funds and uses teachers' salaries as in-kind contributions to meet the required Federal match. The Department of Public Instruction keeps 10 percent of the funds for administration; the remaining funds are given to 101 school districts and 14 charter schools throughout the State. In order to

be eligible, schools must have at least one class of 7th through 12th graders, and schools must comply with the Federal A–H criteria for abstinence education. Funding is distributed based on the number of grades and students each school has; schools receive \$333 per grade and \$1.31 per student in grades 7 through 12. Schools are free to use the money at their discretion as long as they do not violate the Federal Government's eight-point definition of "abstinence education." Staff at the

North Carolina Department of Public Instruction visit school sites on an as-needed basis for general monitoring.

The people of North Carolina have made the choice to provide an abstinence message to their teens, and title V funds help them achieve this goal. I urge my colleagues to support reauthorization of title V and to oppose any provisions that could undermine the choice made by parents in North Carolina to support abstinence education.