

Osborne	Ryan (OH)	Tanner	[Roll No. 20]		NAYS—138
Otter	Ryan (WI)	Tauscher			
Owens	Ryun (KS)	Taylor (MS)	YEAS—280		
Oxley	Sabo	Taylor (NC)	Aderholt	Garrett (NJ)	Ney
Pallone	Salazar	Terry	Akin	Gerlach	Northup
Pascarell	Sánchez, Linda	Thomas	Alexander	Gibbons	Norwood
Pastor	T.	Thompson (CA)	Andrews	Gilcrest	Nunes
Paul	Sanchez, Loretta	Thompson (MS)	Bachus	Gillmor	Nussle
Pearce	Sanders	Thornberry	Baird	Gingrey	Ortiz
Pelosi	Saxton	Tiaht	Baker	Gohmert	Osborne
Pence	Schakowsky	Tiberi	Barrett (SC)	Goode	Pascarell
Peterson (MN)	Schiff	Tierney	Barrow	Goodlatte	Pearce
Peterson (PA)	Schmidt	Towns	Barton (TX)	Granger	Pence
Petri	Schwartz (PA)	Turner	Bass	Graves	Peterson (PA)
Pickering	Schwarz (MI)	Udall (CO)	Bean	Green (WI)	
Pitts	Scott (GA)	Udall (NM)	Beauprez	Green, Gene	Pickering
Platts	Scott (VA)	Upton	Berry	Gutknecht	Pitts
Poe	Sensenbrenner	Van Hollen	Biggert	Hall	Platts
Pombo	Serrano	Velázquez	Bilirakis	Harman	Poe
Pomeroy	Sessions	Visclosky	Bishop (GA)	Harris	Pombo
Porter	Shadegg	Walden (OR)	Bishop (NY)	Hart	Pomeroy
Price (GA)	Shaw	Walsh	Blackburn	Hastings (WA)	Porter
Price (NC)	Shays	Wamp	Blunt	Hayes	Price (GA)
Pryce (OH)	Sherman	Wasserman	Boehlert	Hayworth	Pryce (OH)
Putnam	Sherwood	Schultz	Boehner	Hefley	Putnam
Radanovich	Shimkus	Waters	Bonilla	Hensarling	Radanovich
Rahall	Shuster	Watson	Bonner	Herger	Ramstad
Ramstad	Simmons	Watson	Bono	Hereth	Regula
Rangel	Simpson	Watt	Boozman	Higgins	Rehberg
Regula	Skelton	Watman	Boren	Hobson	Reichert
Rehberg	Slaughter	Weldon (FL)	Boswell	Hoekstra	Renzi
Reichert	Smith (NJ)	Weldon (PA)	Boustany	Holden	Reynolds
Renzi	Smith (TX)	Weller	Boyd	Hostettler	Rogers (AL)
Reynolds	Smith (WA)	Westmoreland	Bradley (NH)	Hoyer	Rogers (KY)
Rogers (AL)	Snyder	Whitfield	Brady (TX)	Hulshof	Rogers (MI)
Rogers (KY)	Sodrel	Wicker	Brown (SC)	Hunter	Ros-Lehtinen
Rogers (MI)	Souder	Wilson (NM)	Brown (SC)	Hyde	Ross
Rohrabacher	Spratt	Wilson (SC)	Brown-Waite,	Inglis (SC)	Rothman
Ros-Lehtinen	Stark	Wolf	Ginny	Cannon	Scott (GA)
Ross	Stearns	Woolsey	Burgess	Cantor	Sessions
Rothman	Strickland	Wu	Buyer	Capito	Shadegg
Royalb-Allard	Stupak	Wynn	Calvert	Cardin	Shiff
Royce	Sullivan	Young (AK)	Istook	Keller	Schmidt
Ruppertsberger	Tancredo	Young (FL)	Jenkins	Kelly	Schwartz (PA)

NAYS—1

Abercrombie

NOT VOTING—18

Brady (TX)	Gonzalez	Reyes	Carnahan	Kennedy (MN)	
Burton (IN)	Gutierrez	Rush	Carter	Kind	Sensenbrenner
Costa	Hinojosa	Solis	Case	King (IA)	
Cuellar	Johnson, Sam	Sweeney	Castle	King (NY)	
Davis (FL)	Meeks (NY)	Weiner	Chabot	Kingston	
Evans	Payne	Wexler	Chandler	Kirk	Shays

□ 1856

Ms. CARSON changed her vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds of those voting having responded in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

USA PATRIOT ACT ADDITIONAL REAUTHORIZING AMENDMENTS ACT OF 2006

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ADERHOLT). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the Senate bill, S. 2271.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. SENSENBRENNER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill, S. 2271, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 280, nays 138, not voting 14, as follows:

Abercrombie	Honda	Otter
Ackerman	Hooley	Owens
Allen	Insllee	Oxley
Baca	Jackson (IL)	Pallone
Baldwin	Jackson-Lee	Pastor
Bartlett (MD)	(TX)	Paul
Becerra	Jefferson	Pelosi
Berkley	Johnson (IL)	Peterson (MN)
Berman	Johnson, E. B.	Price (NC)
Bishop (UT)	Jones (NC)	Rahall
Brown (OH)	Jones (OH)	Rangel
Brown, Corrine	Kucinich	Rohrabacher
Butterfield	Lantos	Royalb-Allard
Capps	Larson (CT)	Rush
Capuano	Lee	Sánchez, Linda
Carson	Lewis (GA)	T.
Clay	Lofgren, Zoe	Sanchez, Loretta
Cleaver	Lowey	Sanders
Clyburn	Lucas	Schakowsky
Conyers	Lynch	Scott (VA)
Costello	Mack	Serrano
Crowley	Maloney	Slaughter
Cummings	Manzullo	Solis
Ramstad	Markey	Stark
Davis (CA)	Davis (IL)	Stupak
DeFazio	McCollum (MN)	Tanner
DeGette	McDermott	Tauscher
Delahunt	McGovern	
DeLauro	McKinney	Thompson (MS)
Dingell	McNulty	Tierney
Doggett	Meehan	Towns
Doyle	Meek (FL)	Udall (NM)
Duncan	Michaud	Velázquez
Engel	Millender-	Visclosky
Eshoo	McDonald	Wasserman
Farr	Miller, George	
Fattah	Mollohan	Schultz
Filner	Moore (WI)	Waters
Frank (MA)	Moran (VA)	Watson
Gordon	Nadler	Watt
Green, Al	Napolitano	Waxman
Grijalva	Neal (MA)	Weiner
Hastings (FL)	Oberstar	Woolsey
Hinchey	Obey	Wu
Holt	Olver	Young (AK)

NOT VOTING—14

Burton (IN)	Gonzalez	Payne
Costa	Gutierrez	Reyes
Cuellar	Hinojosa	Sweeney
Davis (FL)	Johnson, Sam	Wexler
Evans	Meeks (NY)	

□ 1916

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ and Mrs. DAVIS of California changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So (two-thirds of those voting having responded in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the Senate bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. BURTON of Indiana. Mr. Speaker, due to illness I was regrettably unable to be on the House Floor for rollcall votes 19 and 20, final passage of H.R. 4054—the “Dewey F. Bartlett Post Office Designation Act” and S. 2271—the “USA PATRIOT Act Additional Reauthorizing Amendments Act of 2006,” respectively.

Had I been here I would have voted “yea” on rollcall vote 19, and “yea” on rollcall vote 20.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GUTIERREZ. Mr. Speaker, I was ill today and, therefore, missed votes in this chamber. I would like the record to show that, had I been present, I would have voted “yea” on rollcall 19 and “nay” on rollcall vote 20.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 4167, NATIONAL FOOD UNIFORMITY ACT OF 2005

Mr. GINGREY, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-386) on the resolution (H. Res. 710) providing for further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4167) to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to provide for uniform food safety warning notification requirements, and for other purposes, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 415

Mr. LEWIS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have my name removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 415.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DENT). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

REMEMBERING KIRBY PUCKETT

(Mr. GUTKNECHT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GUTKNECHT. Mr. Speaker, baseball fans everywhere, and in Minnesota in particular, mourn the passing of Kirby Puckett. Kirby Puckett was born to play baseball. He lived for the game. In an era of oversized egos and greed gone mad, he was a throwback to an earlier time.

Kirby was the ultimate underdog. Born to humble beginnings, he related to kids that could not afford to buy an autograph. Like a bumblebee, he did not know that his stubby body could not fly. Propelled only by an infectious enthusiasm, he amazed us with leaping catches that mere mortals would have conceded to the bleachers.

We always knew that with Kirby in the game the underdog Twins always had a chance. With his bat, his glove or with his smile, he made everyone around him play better.

He embodied the essence of all that baseball is supposed to be. The game will go on, new heroes will emerge, but there will never be another Kirby Puckett.

PATRIOT ACT REAUTHORIZATION

(Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I hold the Constitution dear and I also believe that we can secure our homeland and we can find the right way to do the PATRIOT Act, but it concerns me when we have allowed the expansion of this act to expand the surveillance of Americans.

We did not do what we should have done today because, in fact, national

security letters can be issued to any American without showing any culpability or affiliation with terrorist acts or terrorists. In addition, our libraries are not protected because if you have one Internet service at your library, national security letters can be issued, and the gag order that could have been issued under the old bill immediately now has to wait a year. So that means that you are going to be raided with any materials that the government asks for and you cannot even have a gag order issued.

I know that we can protect the Constitution, the rights of Americans and still protect national security. Why did we not do it right? This is not the right PATRIOT Act, and for that reason, I had to vote “no.” I hope we get it right some day and protect the Constitution.

VENEZUELA'S DICTATOR

(Mr. POE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE. Mr. Speaker, it is abundantly clear that the President of Venezuela, Hugo Chavez, is neither a friend of democracy nor a friend of the United States. Mr. Chavez has consistently rattled the anti-United States sabers. He made best friends with Fidel Castro and Cindy Sheehan, and he supported radical revolutionaries in Latin and South American countries.

Mr. Chavez has also radically altered his own country's political institutions, creating a disgusting and disgraceful dictatorship that does not deserve our support.

Why is it then, Mr. Speaker, that the United States gives Mr. Chavez's government millions in direct aid each year? As our friend and Congressman, LOUIE GOHMERT says, “Why do we pay them to hate us?”

Mr. Speaker, it is absolute hypocrisy to fund this corrupt communist dictator on Monday and then complain about his antidemocratic actions on Tuesday.

Do we give money to Venezuela because we need them as a source for crude oil? If so, this is another reason we should become energy self-sufficient and not depend on Third World dictatorships for oil.

Mr. Speaker, this ought not to be.

NEW MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT PROGRAM A SUCCESS IN FLORIDA

(Ms. GINNY BROWN-WAITE of Florida asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. GINNY BROWN-WAITE of Florida. Mr. Speaker, for the very first time in American history, every senior will now have access to prescription drugs.

In my district on the gulf coast of Florida, we have seen the huge success of the program, within many of the counties over 60 percent of the seniors

signing up for the new benefit in just the first month and a half.

As my constituents know very well, one of the strongest supporters of the new Medicare prescription drug benefit has been AARP, the leading advocate for seniors in America.

Like AARP, I have long been going out into my local communities and encouraging seniors to sign up for one of the programs offered in their home area.

Just 10 days ago, I hosted a Medicare outreach bus in Spring Hill. It was there that I heard from a man named Joseph Drexler, who was able to drastically reduce his yearly prescription drug costs. Skeptical of the program when he arrived, Mr. Drexler left the help station saying this about his CMS enrollment counselor: “She deserves a medal or something.”

Mr. Speaker, it is the experiences of men and women like Joseph Drexler across America that have proven the new Medicare prescription drug plan to be a rousing success.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2005, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

METHAMPHETAMINE EPIDEMIC

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. OSBORNE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. OSBORNE. Mr. Speaker, this evening, legislation to reauthorize the PATRIOT Act came before the House, and something attached to the PATRIOT Act that sometimes has escaped notice is the fact that legislation to address the methamphetamine epidemic spreading across the country was included.

This legislation provides a uniform, national standard for the regulation of precursor chemicals which are necessary to the manufacture of methamphetamine. Currently, we have a hodgepodge of State laws and regulations. This provides a national standard that is uniform and this is very important.

Key provisions are as follows: limits the amount of pseudoephedrine sales, and pseudoephedrine has to be an ingredient to make methamphetamine. They cannot do it without it.

It requires that pseudoephedrine and other precursor chemicals are sold from behind the counter. In many cases now you can go in and pick them up.

Requires purchasers of these chemicals to show I.D. and sign a logbook.

Restricts Internet sales of precursor chemicals.

So if we look at this, Mr. Speaker, we see that in 1990 there were only two States that had 20 clandestine meth labs each. California had 20 or more and Texas had 20 or more. Then you see