

taught himself calculus, excelled at his SATs, and eventually received his doctorates from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he specialized in monetary policy.

Throughout the course of his career, he has taught our Nation's top schools and been a leader of our economic institutions. As President Bush's economic adviser, he has played a pivotal role in sustaining economic growth in our country. Today Dr. Bernanke is respected as one of the world's most accomplished monetary economists.

As a successor to Chairman Alan Greenspan, Dr. Bernanke will certainly have big shoes to fill. With his background, I am confident that he has the knowledge, experience, and ability to serve as Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board.

In conclusion, God bless our troops, and we will never forget September 11.

HONORING THE LEGACY OF ROSA PARKS AND JUDGE CONSTANCE BAKER MOTLEY

(Mr. MEEKS of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, it is with great pain that I stand here today to mourn the recent passing of several phenomenal women and leaders in our Nation's struggle for equal justice under the law. The passing of Rosa Parks and Judge Constance Baker Motley is a sad reality, but I stand to commemorate their triumphant lives. Judge Motley and Rosa Parks faced racism head on and continued to work for a more just world until their last days.

Rosa Parks was 92 years old and almost made it to the 50th anniversary of the Montgomery bus boycott, which she set in motion by refusing to give her seat to a white man on Montgomery's segregated city bus system. Mrs. Parks was arrested for her action.

As a New Yorker, I hold dearly the legacy of Judge Constance Baker Motley. That is why I introduced legislation to honor her. Constance Baker Motley won nine out of 10 civil rights cases she argued before the Supreme Court. She worked on all of the major school segregation cases, including *Brown v. Board of Education*, and advised civil rights leaders including Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

Judge Motley was the first African-American woman to serve in the New York State Senate. She was the first black woman to be appointed to a Federal judgeship.

Rosa Parks once said, "Memories of our lives, of our works, and our deeds will continue in others." She was absolutely right. Not only will the memories live on, but the legacy has forever stirred the resolve of many in our Nation to advocate for social justice, human dignity, and harmony.

CONTINUING THE FIGHT AGAINST BREAST CANCER

(Mrs. KELLY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mrs. KELLY. Madam Speaker, I rise today, as we near the end of Breast Cancer Awareness Month, to emphasize that we must continue doing everything possible to help women across our country suffering from breast cancer. This Congress must remain committed to increased breast cancer research and ensure that necessary laws are in place so that no woman is forced to fight breast cancer and red tape at the same time.

I urge my colleagues to support the bipartisan Breast Cancer Patient Protection Act that I sponsored together with the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAUBO). One hundred and fifty-one cosponsors in the House have recognized the importance of passing this bill, but we need more support. Together we can improve treatment coverages and access to inpatient care for the more than 200,000 women diagnosed with breast cancer each year.

The widespread commitment to fighting breast cancer was seen in so many amazing community efforts this past month. I particularly want to recognize the outstanding efforts of Lillian Jones and our Hudson Valley chapter of the American Cancer Society. They organized our very successful Making Strides Against Breast Cancer walk in Central Valley, New York. Also deserving of tremendous praise are Willa Wright and the Putnam County chapter of ACS and so many other groups in New York's Hudson Valley who continue to unite to fight breast cancer.

Congress must unite and fight breast cancer right along with them.

SUPPORTING BREAST CANCER AWARENESS MONTH

(Mr. BISHOP of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BISHOP of New York. Madam Speaker, too many American families have experienced the loss of a loved one or know someone close who has suffered from some form of cancer. Breast cancer in particular is the leading cause of death among between 40 and 55, including my sister-in-law Abby Irwin, who died at 41 after an 11-year struggle.

Two hundred thousand new cases of breast cancer will be diagnosed this year alone, including 1,100 in my district. The good news is the 96 percent survival rate when breast cancer is detected early. In fact, a study being published today in the New England Journal of Medicine found that mammograms contributed to a 65 percent drop in breast cancer deaths in the last decade.

Back home on Long Island, I am proud to have an active breast cancer advisory board with leading researchers, advocates, and survivors. I found their insights and ideas to be invaluable assets.

We should continue to do all that we can every day, not just during Breast Cancer Awareness Month, to encourage the survivors, volunteers, and health care professionals to keep up the fight against breast cancer.

Madam Speaker, by raising awareness, we bring ourselves that much closer to the promise of a cure.

REFORMING OUT-OF-CONTROL FEDERAL SPENDING PROGRAMS

(Mr. HENSARLING asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HENSARLING. Madam Speaker, this week the House will begin work on reconciliation, which is a way that we begin to reform out-of-control spending programs in order to help pay for the hurricane relief. There are only three ways that we can pay for this hurricane relief. Either, number one, we are going to raise taxes on the American people yet again, we are going to pass debt on to our children, or we are going to find a way to moderate the growth of Federal programs.

The Democrats say that this is tantamount to massive cuts that will hurt the poor. Madam Speaker, next year's budget is going to be greater than this year's budget, which was greater than last year's budget.

What we call mandatory spending, which encompasses most of these welfare programs, mandatory spending is going to grow at a rate of 6.3 percent as opposed to 6.4. I believe only an accountant for Enron would call that a cut.

Also, Madam Speaker, the best way to help the poor is through paychecks, not welfare checks. And under the economic policies of this administration, 4 million new jobs have been created with a future. We have the highest rate of homeownership in the history of America and unparalleled economic growth.

DENOUNCING THE PRESIDENT OF IRAN'S STATEMENT THAT "ISRAEL MUST BE WIPED OFF THE MAP"

(Mr. LANTOS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LANTOS. Madam Speaker, three generations ago Adolf Hitler threatened to destroy the Jewish people, and the appeasers and the pseudosophisticates said it was merely oratory. A few months ago, the leadership of Syria threatened to destroy the Prime Minister of Lebanon, and the pseudosophisticates and the appeasers thought it was only oratory. Yesterday

the President of Iran announced that it is his policy to destroy the State of Israel, and the pseudosophisticates and the appeasers again say this is only oratory.

But of course, it is more than that. I call on the United Nations, and all civilized nations, to take appropriate action, in the U.N. and individually, denouncing this outrageous statement. There is no room for the President of a nation to call for the destruction of a member state of the United Nations, the sole democracy in the Middle East and a close ally of the United States.

CELEBRATING THE LIFE OF JUDGE CONSTANCE BAKER MOTLEY

(Ms. NORTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. NORTON. Madam Speaker, Sadly, I have had to commemorate the lives of two important black women who died earlier: C. Delores Tucker, Rosa Parks.

However, this morning I rise to celebrate the life of one of America's great lawyers, Constance Baker Motley, the first black woman on the Federal bench. That, however, is surely not her greatest public service. What greater service to one's country than to have been an architect of the legal strategy that brought equality under law to the United States. She argued 10 cases before the Supreme Court. Perhaps the most notorious was the James Meredith case that integrated the University of Mississippi. She made 22 trips into Mississippi for that case alone; then, the University of Alabama; also the University of Georgia, where she helped Charlaine Hunter-Gault integrate that university. Charlaine Hunter-Gault said that Ms. Motley "talked about the South in those days as if it were a war zone and she was fighting in a revolution. No one . . . was going to distract her from carrying her task to a successful conclusion." Indeed, in the 1960s, the South was a war zone not only for activists, but for their lawyers.

In a car with Medgar Evers, Mr. Evers told her to put away her legal pad and not to look back. He, of course, was later assassinated.

She was so outstanding that every office wanted Mrs. Motley to be their first. She was the first woman to serve in the New York Senate, the first to serve as Manhattan borough president. She was the first woman, and for me perhaps the most important of her firsts, to argue a case before the United States Supreme Court, because she inspired a whole generation of young lawyers.

It should astonish us that the first African-American woman was appointed to the bench only in 1966, only 40 years ago. It should remind us that the integration of the courts of our country is and remains part and parcel of establishing equality under the law.

H.R. 4011, MERCURY IN DENTAL AMALGAM PROHIBITION BILL

(Ms. WATSON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. WATSON. Madam Speaker, dentistry must stop hiding the large presence of mercury in dental fillings. The common name for dental fillings is "silver." The term is deceptive because it contains more than 50 percent mercury.

Who can conclusively say dental mercury is safe when in our bodies? It is undisputed as a fact that mercury vapor is released during the entire life of a mercury filling.

Madam Speaker, mercury amalgam is considered dangerous when it is put in the mouth, and it is labeled a hazardous waste when it is coming out. Dental offices contribute approximately 54 tons of toxic mercury to the environment each year. Mercury hurts the body's immune system. Mercury also causes neural development problems. My bill will protect children, pregnant women, and nursing mothers immediately.

We have abandoned other remnants of pre-Civil War medicine, and we have abandoned all other uses of mercury in the body. Now is the time to ban mercury in dental fillings.

CONGRATULATING THE 2005 WORLD SERIES CHAMPION CHICAGO WHITE SOX

(Mr. JACKSON of Illinois asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. JACKSON of Illinois. Madam Speaker, did you see the headlines? "Sox Win the World Series."

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. MILLER of Michigan). The gentleman will remove his hat.

Mr. JACKSON of Illinois. I thank the Speaker. This House will never be out of decorum. I see that.

Madam Speaker, the headlines are clear: The Sox win the World Series, and I rise to congratulate the 2005 World Series Champions, the Chicago White Sox, on their first title in 88 years. Not only were the White Sox in first place in the Central Division every single day of the 2005 baseball season, but they also had the best record in the American League for the entire season as they amassed a total of 99 wins.

This team had no batters with an average above .300, they had no superstars, yet they came together as a team, led by manager Ozzie Guillen, characterized by their stellar pitching and tenacious defense. This team epitomized the work ethic of the city of Chicago.

I would like to congratulate the Houston Astros on a great season and a hard-fought World Series. Every game was close and could have gone the other way.

I would also like to congratulate the American League Championship Series MVP Paul Konerko and World Series MVP Jermaine Dye for their stellar play.

Congratulations are also in order for the entire front office of the White Sox, including Chairman Jerry Reinsdorf, Vice Chairman Eddie Einhorn and General Manager Ken Williams, who were the architects of this championship team.

Madam Speaker, last, but not least, I would like to congratulate the dedicated and long-suffering fans of the city of Chicago and the South Side who once again celebrate a champion.

And to my friends and colleagues from the other side, both Democrats and Republicans:

"Na na na na,
Na na na na,
Hey hey hey,
Goodbye."

Maybe next year, guys.
Thanks, and God bless you.
Go Sox.

□ 1030

COMMUNICATION FROM DISTRICT DIRECTOR OF HON. DENNIS MOORE, MEMBER OF CONGRESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. MILLER of Michigan) laid before the House the following communication from Julie Merz, District Director of the Honorable DENNIS MOORE, Member of Congress:

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
October 20, 2005.

Hon. J. DENNIS HASTERT,
*Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.*

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: This is to notify you formally, pursuant to Rule VIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, that I have been served with a subpoena, issued by the District Court of Johnson County, Kansas, for testimony in a criminal case.

After consultation with the Office of General Counsel, I have determined that compliance with the subpoena is consistent with the precedents and privileges of the House.

Sincerely,

JULIE MERZ,
District Director.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 420, LAWSUIT ABUSE REDUCTION ACT OF 2005

Mr. GINGREY. Madam Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up H. Res. 508 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 508

Resolved, That at any time after the adoption of this resolution the Speaker may, pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XVIII, declare the House resolved into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for consideration of the bill (H.R. 420) to amend Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to improve attorney accountability, and for other purposes. The first reading of the bill shall be dispensed with. All points of