

aply described by former colleague Eva Clayton as “the moral conscience of Congress on issues of hunger and poverty.” This bill to designate the “Tony Hall Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse” is a fitting tribute to the compassion and humanity with which Ambassador Hall conducts his public service.

I urge all of my colleagues to honor Tony Hall and to support H.R. 548.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 548, to designate the Federal Building and United States courthouse at West 2nd Street in Dayton, Ohio, as the “Tony Hall Federal Building and United States Courthouse.”

Our former colleague Tony Hall, the representative of the 3rd District of Ohio for nearly 24 years, continues to serve as the United States ambassador to the United Nations food and agriculture agencies located in Rome, Italy, since his appointment by President Bush in 2002. As you may recall, Tony resigned his House seat to take up the ambassadorial post in Rome, where he is continuing his passionate work as a leading advocate for ending hunger and promoting food security around the world.

I want to thank Congressman DAVID HOBSON of Ohio for introducing H.R. 548 to honor Tony in his hometown of Dayton by attaching his name to the Federal building and courthouse there. It is an appropriate recognition for the nearly 24 years of service in the House and the 10 years of service in the Ohio General Assembly that Tony Hall provided to the people of Dayton and surrounding areas.

I miss my dear friend Tony very much as our colleague in the House, but I know that he is absolutely the right person to be serving as the United States representative to the World Food Programme, the Food and Agriculture Organization, and International Fund for Agricultural Development, all agencies of the United Nations which assist international hunger-relief efforts.

Tony Hall’s name is synonymous with the cause of alleviating hunger both domestically and worldwide. He believes that food is the most basic of human needs, the most basic of human rights.

He passionately worked to convince others that the cause of hunger, which often gets lost in the legislative shuffle and pushed aside by more visible issues, deserved a prominent share of attention and resources to assist people who are the most at risk and too often the least defended.

He also worked as a tireless advocate for the cause of human rights around the world and focused his attention on the illicit diamond trade in Sierra Leone. He convinced me to travel with him to Sierra Leone in late 1999 to see how the machete-wielding rebels there intimidated men, women and children by hacking off arms, legs, and ears. He led the effort in bringing to the attention of Congress the conflict, diamond trade and authoring legislation to certify that the diamonds Americans buy are not tainted with the blood of the people of Sierra Leone and other African nations.

We also traveled together in January 2002 to Afghanistan with Congressman JOE PITTS as the first congressional delegation to that country after the launch of the war on terrorism. We visited hospitals, an orphanage, schools, and refugee camps. We met with U.S. diplomats and soldiers; with local leaders and officials with direct responsibility for humanitarian problems and refugees; with rep-

resentatives of United Nations and private relief organizations; and in Pakistan with refugees and members of religious minority groups.

Tony is never deterred in his effort to help make a positive difference in the lives of suffering people. In his years in Congress, he traveled to wherever the need arose and met with whomever he could to effect change, taking risks few would take, with his own comfort and safety never entering his mind.

I believe Tony’s life destiny is to be a servant. During 1966 and 1967, he taught English in Thailand as a Peace Corps volunteer.

He returned to Dayton to work as a realtor and small businessman for several years, but before long, he was elected to the Ohio House of Representatives where he served from 1969 to 1972, and then to the Ohio Senate, serving from 1973 to 1978. On November 7, 1978, Tony was elected to the House of Representatives from the 3rd District of Ohio and served with distinction for over two decades.

Tony Hall is an inspiration to everyone fortunate enough to know him. He has a wonderful combination of compassion and passion filled with spiritual purpose—compassion to see the suffering in the less fortunate in the world and the passion to work to do something about it.

I urge a unanimous vote in support of H.R. 548, to recognize the dedicated public service of Tony Hall by naming the Federal building and courthouse in Dayton, Ohio, in his honor.

Mr. HONDA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 4232 to designate the United States courthouse at 200 West 2nd Street, Dayton, Ohio, as the “Tony Hall Federal Building and United States Courthouse.”

Ambassador Tony Hall served in Congress for 26 years before accepting an appointment to the United Nations Agencies for Food and Agriculture in Rome, Italy, where he oversees the World Food Program, the Food and Agriculture Organization and the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

During his time as Member of Congress, in his pursuit to eliminate hunger worldwide, Ambassador Hall chaired the House Select Committee on Hunger and founded the Congressional Hunger Center. Ambassador Hall has been nominated for the Nobel Peace Prize three times for his humanitarian efforts and his work to prevent hunger worldwide. Today we honor the compassion, faith, and commitment of the man who once raised public awareness and attention on hunger issues by fasting for over three weeks.

I came to know of Ambassador Hall’s work through my role as Chair of the Ethiopian Caucus. He was the first Member of Congress to visit Ethiopia during the great famine of 1984. Since then his commitment to Ethiopia has remained steadfast and he has succeeded in directing international aid and awareness to the dire hunger situation that the region faces. Much of the Caucus’ work is predicated on the foundation that he built and Ethiopians and the Ethiopian Caucus are indebted to him for his contributions to the region.

Ambassador Hall possesses conviction and compassion befitting a public servant and we are fortunate that he represents the United States abroad.

Mr. OXLEY. Mr. Speaker, I’m proud to join my colleagues from Ohio in cosponsoring H.R. 548, which will designate the Tony Hall Federal Building and United States Courthouse in

his hometown of Dayton. I thank the gentleman from Springfield, Mr. HOBSON, for introducing this legislation to honor our exemplary former colleague.

Tony Hall continues to be a tireless advocate for human rights around the world. His dedication to combating world hunger and helping the poor and needy made him the ideal choice to oversee the United Nations Agencies for Food and Agriculture, a job for which he was tapped in 2002. While we miss his leadership and friendship here in the House, we know that President Bush could not have picked a greater humanitarian or man of faith for this vital role.

I was honored to serve with Tony for more than two decades, and was grateful for the leading role he played and the stellar example he provided to all of us. In 2000, when Ohio’s official State motto—“With God All things Are Possible”—was struck down by the courts, I was proud to join with Tony in a House resolution supporting our State’s expression of optimism and faith.

Mr. Speaker, this resolution is a fitting tribute to a true public servant and Nobel Peace Prize nominee who has committed his life’s work to helping those in need. I urge all my colleagues to support this bill to honor our good friend and former colleague whose service to others is an example for us all.

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, we have no more speakers at this time. Again, Mr. Speaker, I ask all my colleagues to support H.R. 548 in honor of Tony Hall and for what he has done for this Nation.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BISHOP of Utah). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. SHUSTER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 548.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair’s prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SHUSTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 548 and H.R. 315, the measures just considered by the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair

declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 18 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on the motions to suspend the rules previously postponed. Votes will be taken in the following order:

- H. Res. 46, by the yeas and nays;
- H.R. 315, by the yeas and nays;
- H.R. 548, by the yeas and nays.

The first and third electronic votes will be conducted as 15-minute votes. The second vote in this series will be a 5-minute vote.

SUPPORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF NATIONAL MENTORING MONTH

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, H. Res. 46.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. OSBORNE) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 46, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 0, nays 0, not voting 20, as follows:

[Roll No. 20]
YEAS—414

Abercrombie	Boehner	Cardoza
Aderholt	Bonilla	Carnahan
Akin	Bonner	Carson
Alexander	Bono	Carter
Allen	Boozman	Case
Andrews	Boren	Castle
Baca	Boswell	Chabot
Bachus	Boucher	Chandler
Baker	Boustany	Chocola
Baldwin	Boyd	Clay
Barrett (SC)	Bradley (NH)	Cleaver
Barrow	Brady (PA)	Clyburn
Bartlett (MD)	Brady (TX)	Coble
Barton (TX)	Brown (OH)	Cole (OK)
Bass	Brown (SC)	Conaway
Bean	Brown, Corrine	Conyers
Beauprez	Brown-Waite,	Cooper
Becerra	Ginny	Costa
Berkley	Burgess	Costello
Berman	Burton (IN)	Cox
Berry	Butterfield	Cramer
Biggert	Buyer	Crenshaw
Bilirakis	Calvert	Crowley
Bishop (GA)	Camp	Cubin
Bishop (NY)	Cannon	Cuellar
Bishop (UT)	Cantor	Culberson
Blackburn	Capito	Cummings
Blumenauer	Capps	Cunningham
Blunt	Capuano	Davis (AL)
Boehlert	Cardin	Davis (CA)

Davis (IL)	Johnson (CT)	Osborne
Davis (KY)	Johnson (IL)	Otter
Davis (TN)	Johnson, E. B.	Owens
Davis, Jo Ann	Johnson, Sam	Oxley
Davis, Tom	Jones (NC)	Pallone
Deal (GA)	Jones (OH)	Pascrell
DeFazio	Kanjorski	Pastor
Delahunt	Kaptur	Paul
DeLauro	Keller	Pearce
DeLay	Kelly	Pelosi
Dent	Kennedy (MN)	Pence
Diaz-Balart, L.	Kennedy (RI)	Peterson (MN)
Diaz-Balart, M.	Kildee	Peterson (PA)
Dicks	Kilpatrick (MI)	Petri
Dingell	Kind	Pickering
Doggett	King (IA)	Pitts
Doolittle	King (NY)	Platts
Doyle	Kingston	Poe
Drake	Kirk	Pombo
Dreier	Kline	Pomeroy
Duncan	Knollenberg	Porter
Edwards	Kolbe	Portman
Ehlers	Kucinich	Price (GA)
Emanuel	Kuhl (NY)	Price (NC)
Engel	LaHood	Pryce (OH)
English (PA)	Langevin	Putnam
Evans	Lantos	Radanovich
Everett	Larsen (WA)	Rahall
Farr	Larson (CT)	Ramstad
Fattah	Latham	Rangel
Ferguson	LaTourette	Regula
Filner	Leach	Rehberg
Fitzpatrick (PA)	Lee	Reichert
Flake	Levin	Renzi
Foley	Lewis (CA)	Reyes
Forbes	Lewis (GA)	Reynolds
Ford	Lewis (KY)	Rogers (AL)
Fortenberry	Linder	Rogers (KY)
Fossella	Lipinski	Rogers (MI)
Fox	Lofgren, Zoe	Rohrabacher
Frank (MA)	Lowey	Ros-Lehtinen
Franks (AZ)	Lucas	Ross
Frelinghuysen	Lungren, Daniel	Rothman
Galleghy	E.	Roybal-Allard
Garrett (NJ)	Mack	Royce
Gerlach	Maloney	Ruppersberger
Gibbons	Manzullo	Rush
Gilchrest	Marchant	Ryan (OH)
Gillmor	Markey	Ryan (WI)
Gingrey	Marshall	Ryun (KS)
Gohmert	Matheson	Salazar
Gonzalez	McCarthy	Sanchez, Linda
Goode	McCaul (TX)	T.
Goodlatte	McCollum (MN)	Sanchez, Loretta
Gordon	McCotter	Sanders
Granger	McCrery	Saxton
Graves	McDermott	Schakowsky
Green (WI)	McGovern	Schiff
Green, Al	McHenry	Schwartz (PA)
Green, Gene	McHugh	Schwartz (MI)
Grijalva	McIntyre	Schwarz (GA)
Gutknecht	McKeon	Scott (GA)
Hall	McKinney	Scott (VA)
Harman	McMorris	Sensenbrenner
Harris	McNulty	Serrano
Hart	Meehan	Sessions
Hastert	Meeke (FL)	Shadegg
Hastings (FL)	Meeke (NY)	Shaw
Hastings (WA)	Melancon	Shays
Hayes	Menendez	Sherman
Hayworth	Mica	Sherwood
Hefley	Michaud	Shimkus
Hensarling	Millender-	Shuster
McDonald	Simpson	Simmons
Herseth	Miller (FL)	Simpson
Higgins	Miller (MI)	Skelton
Hinojosa	Miller (NC)	Slaughter
Hobson	Miller, Gary	Smith (NJ)
Hoekstra	Miller, George	Smith (TX)
Holden	Mollohan	Smith (WA)
Holt	Moore (KS)	Smidl
Honda	Moore (WI)	Solis
Hooley	Moran (KS)	Souder
Hostettler	Moran (VA)	Spratt
Hoyer	Murphy	Stark
Hulshof	Murtha	Stearns
Hunter	Musgrave	Strickland
Hyde	Myrick	Sullivan
Inglis (SC)	Nadler	Sweeney
Inslee	Napolitano	Tancredo
Israel	Neal (MA)	Tanner
Issa	Northup	Tauscher
Istook	Norwood	Taylor (MS)
Jackson (IL)	Nunes	Taylor (NC)
Jackson-Lee	Nussle	Terry
(TX)	Oberstar	Thomas
Jefferson	Obey	Thompson (CA)
Jenkins	Olver	Thompson (MS)
Jindal	Ortiz	Thornberry
		Tiahrt

Tiberi	Walsh	Westmoreland
Tierney	Wamp	Whitfield
Towns	Wasserman	Wicker
Turner	Schultz	Wilson (NM)
Udall (CO)	Waters	Wilson (SC)
Udall (NM)	Watt	Wolf
Upton	Waxman	Woolsey
Van Hollen	Weiner	Wu
Velázquez	Weldon (FL)	Wynn
Visclosky	Weldon (PA)	Young (AK)
Walden (OR)	Weller	Young (FL)

NOT VOTING—20

Ackerman	Feeney	Payne
Baird	Gutierrez	Sabo
Davis (FL)	Hinchee	Snyder
DeGette	LoBiondo	Stupak
Emerson	Lynch	Watson
Eshoo	Neugebauer	Wexler
Etheridge	Ney	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). Members are advised that there are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1856

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

JOHN MILTON BRYAN SIMPSON
UNITED STATES COURTHOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 315.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. SHUSTER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 315, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote. The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 412, nays 0, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 21]
YEAS—412

Abercrombie	Bono	Chabot
Aderholt	Boozman	Chandler
Akin	Boren	Chocola
Alexander	Boswell	Clay
Allen	Boucher	Cleaver
Andrews	Boustany	Clyburn
Baca	Boyd	Coble
Bachus	Bradley (NH)	Cole (OK)
Baker	Brady (PA)	Conaway
Baldwin	Brady (TX)	Conyers
Barrett (SC)	Brown (OH)	Cooper
Barrow	Brown (SC)	Costa
Bartlett (MD)	Brown, Corrine	Costello
Barton (TX)	Brown-Waite,	Cox
Bass	Ginny	Cramer
Bean	Burgess	Crenshaw
Beauprez	Burton (IN)	Crowley
Becerra	Butterfield	Cubin
Berkley	Buyer	Cuellar
Berman	Calvert	Culberson
Berry	Camp	Cummings
Biggert	Cannon	Cunningham
Bilirakis	Cantor	Davis (AL)
Bishop (GA)	Capito	Davis (CA)
Bishop (NY)	Capps	Davis (FL)
Bishop (UT)	Capuano	Davis (IL)
Blackburn	Cardin	Davis (KY)
Blumenauer	Cardoza	Davis (TN)
Blunt	Carnahan	Davis, Jo Ann
Boehlert	Carson	Davis, Tom
Bonner	Carter	Deal (GA)
	Case	DeFazio
	Castle	Delahunt