

agreement America signs onto should meet: the broad fulfillment of America's economic interests, the opening of fair markets for America's goods and services and the reversal of America's ever-growing trade deficit.

Mr. KIRK. Mr. Speaker, today I support H.R. 4340, The U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement. Bahrain is an important political, economic and military ally, and in the years since 9/11, has been a valued partner in the War on Terror. The U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement will strengthen this key relationship and bolster the important reforms currently taking place in Bahrain.

Bahrain deserves special recognition for its military cooperation with the United States military. Since 1995, Bahrain has been home to the U.S. Navy's 5th Fleet. From this location, the 5th Fleet's area of responsibility encompasses 7.5 million square miles and includes the Arabian Gulf, Red Sea, Gulf of Oman and parts of the Indian Ocean. As a Commander in the Navy Reserve, I fully appreciate the value of Bahrain's willingness to host our fleet in this strategic region.

The U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement is also significant because it rewards Bahrain for its rapprochement towards Israel. Last month, Bahraini Foreign Minister Sheikh Muhammad bin Mubarak confirmed that his country decided to lift its boycott of Israeli products. In the face of the Arab League's efforts to intensify the boycott, Bahrain has taken a bold and symbolic step towards peace in the Middle East.

Bahrain has shown that it is committed to reform, and we are equally committed to joining with them with open markets. I proudly support this bill that expands trade bilaterally and moves closer to the vision of a peaceful, democratic, and freely trading Middle East.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 4340, the "United States-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act." In spite of my support, I do have some concerns. For example, as in all other U.S. Free Trade Agreements (FTA's) the text of the U.S.-Bahrain Free Trade Agreement requires only that the two countries enforce their own labor laws. It is my understanding that in 2002, Bahrain completed a major revision to its own labor laws to comply with internationally-recognized standards and to ensure that working people in its country share fully in the benefits of globalization. However, six provisions of Bahrain's law, as currently written, raise concerns with regard to basic international labor standards. These six provisions have been identified by the U.S. Department of State and the International Labor Organization (ILO).

These concerns force me to believe that the workers' rights provisions in the Bahrain FTA are somewhat weak. In contrast to the U.S.-Jordan FTA, the Bahrain agreement contains only one enforceable provision on workers' rights which is an obligation to enforce domestic labor laws.

While the labor chapter also contains a commitment to uphold the ILO core workers' rights and not to weaken labor laws, these provisions are explicitly excluded from coverage under the dispute settlement chapter, rendering them essentially useless from a practical standpoint. To put it bluntly, under this agreement, a country could ban unions, set the minimum age for employment at ten years old, and reinstate slave labor. While I

believe this will not happen, the fact that it could raises concerns.

Before closing, let me note that I appreciate the efforts made to negotiate a commitment from the Bahraini government to bring its labor laws up to ILO standards in the near future, and I hope that this agreement is honored. I must also note that a commitment to improve labor laws in the future is not an adequate substitute for having decent labor laws in place, especially when the labor provisions in the agreement raises concerns. To this end, I am pleased to note that I have been promised a letter from the Bahrain government expressing the fact that child labor will not be an issue and that such labor will not be used as a result of this agreement. Unfortunately, if the promise is not honored, there is no recourse that can take in the context of the FTA itself, other than to engage in consultations. While I overall support free trade agreements, I strongly believe that we need to make sure that we are not setting ourselves up for a pitfall.

□ 1630

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BONILLA). All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 583, the bill is considered read and the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. SHAW. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

#### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SHAW. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the subject of the bill just under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

#### MOTION TO GO TO CONFERENCE ON H.R. 3010, DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, AND EDUCATION, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2006

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 1 of rule XXII and by direction of the Committee on Appropriations, I move to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 3010) making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services,

and Education, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes, with the Senate amendment thereto, disagree to the Senate amendment, and agree to the further conference asked by the Senate.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION TO INSTRUCT OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I offer a motion to instruct conferees.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Obey moves that the managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill, H.R. 3010, be instructed to insist that the conference agreement include \$4.183 billion for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), an increase of \$2.176 billion over the House bill and \$2 billion over the Senate bill, to help the elderly and the poor cope with rising energy prices, and that the additional cost be offset through reductions in tax cuts for households with incomes above \$1,000,000. The additional amounts above the House-passed level should be appropriated to the LIHEAP contingency fund, and in allocating the funds among States the Secretary should be directed to give due regard to estimated increases in the heating and cooling costs for low-income households during fiscal year 2006 as compared to the previous year.

#### POINT OF ORDER

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, I make a point of order against the motion because it violates clause 9 of rule XXII by proposing to direct the conferees to exceed the scope of matters committed to conference.

I ask for a ruling from the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). Does any Member wish to be heard on the point of order?

Mr. OBEY. Yes, I do, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, 2 weeks ago the Labor, Health appropriation bill was defeated on this floor largely because it contained inadequate investments in education and health. Today, the bill is back, and what this motion would do is to say to the majority that if they do not want to recognize the need for additional education and health funding, that they at least recognize that an emergency situation exists with respect to the rapidly rising home heating costs with natural gas, for instance, expected to be 50 percent higher than it was last year and with only 15 percent of persons in the country who are eligible getting help from LIHEAP as it is.

I would simply ask the majority to withdraw the point of order in order to allow us to simply proceed to at least debate and vote on the question of rearranging priorities so that we can add \$2 billion to the Low Income Heating Assistance Program and fully pay for that by cutting back the scheduled tax cut for persons who make over \$1 million to \$131,000. I think that is quite ample for them. I would urge the gentleman from Ohio to withdraw his point of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is prepared to rule on the point of order.

The Chair finds that the proposed instructions dwell their operative focus on matters not within the scope of differences committed to the conference by the two Houses.

On these premises, the Chair holds that the motion is not in order.

The point of order is sustained.

MOTION TO INSTRUCT OFFERED BY MR. OBEY

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, I offer a second motion to instruct conferees.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Obey moves that the managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the bill, H.R. 3010, be instructed to insist that the conference agreement include \$4.183 billion for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), including \$2 billion in emergency funding, thereby bringing the total for LIHEAP to \$2.176 billion over the House bill and \$2 billion over the Senate bill, to help the elderly and the poor cope with rising energy prices. The emergency funds should be appropriated to the LIHEAP contingency fund, and in allocating the funds among States the Secretary should be directed to give due regard to the estimated increases in the heating and cooling costs for low-income households during fiscal year 2006 as compared to the previous year.

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, I make a point of order against the motion because it violates clause 9 of rule XXII by proposing to direct the conferees to exceed the scope of matters committed to conference.

I ask for a ruling from the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Does any Member wish to be heard on the point of order?

Mr. OBEY. Yes, I do, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. Speaker, the last motion sought to increase funding for the Low Income Heating Assistance Program by \$2 billion and fully pay for that with an offset on the revenue side of the ledger. The gentleman from Ohio did raise a point of order against that. We would have preferred to fully fund the amendment, but given the fact that the majority has chosen to exercise its rights under the rules of the House to raise a point of order, this is the only remaining avenue that we have to try to increase funding for Low Income Heating Assistance, recognizing that there is indeed an emergency; and we would simply ask that the amount of money for Low Income Heating Assistance be increased by \$2 billion and recognized as emergency funding under the Budget Act so that we can proceed to deal with the very real problem that persons in this country will have heating their homes with higher energy prices. If we are not allowed to do that, then there is no way that we are going to be able to provide substantial help to them.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair is prepared to rule on the point of order.

As in the previous motion, the proposed instructions exceed the scope of conference.

The point of order is sustained.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, because we have no other way to bring this to the

House, I most reluctantly appeal the ruling of the Chair.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is: Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of the House?

MOTION TO TABLE OFFERED BY MR. REGULA

Mr. REGULA. Mr. Speaker, I move to lay the appeal on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. OBEY. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, this 15-minute vote on tabling the appeal of the Chair will be followed by 5-minute votes on passage of H.R. 4340; and motions to suspend the rules and pass H.R. 4388 and H.R. 4440.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 226, nays 196, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 615]

YEAS—226

Aderholt	Fitzpatrick (PA)	Lewis (CA)	Ryun (KS)	Smith (TX)	Walden (OR)
Akin	Flake	Lewis (KY)	Saxton	Sodrel	Walsh
Alexander	Foley	Linder	Schmidt	Souder	Wamp
Bachus	Forbes	LoBiondo	Schwarz (MI)	Stearns	Weldon (FL)
Baker	Fortenberry	Lucas	Sensenbrenner	Sullivan	Weldon (PA)
Barrett (SC)	Fossella	Lungren, Daniel E.	Sessions	Sweeney	Weller
Bartlett (MD)	Foxx	Mack	Shadegg	Tancredo	Westmoreland
Barton (TX)	Franks (AZ)	Manzullo	Shaw	Taylor (NC)	Whitfield
Bass	Frelinghuysen	Marchant	Shays	Terry	Wicker
Beauprez	Gallegly	McAuliffe	Sherwood	Thomas	Wilson (NM)
Biggert	Garrett (NJ)	McCaul (TX)	Shimkus	Thornberry	Wilson (SC)
Bilirakis	Gerlach	McCotter	Shuster	Tiahrt	Wolf
Bishop (UT)	Gibbons	McCrery	Simmons	Tiberi	Young (AK)
Blackburn	Gilchrest	McHenry	Simpson	Turner	Young (FL)
Blunt	Gillmor	McHugh	Smith (NJ)	Upton	
Boehlert	Gingrey	McKeon			
Boehner	Gohmert	McMorris			
Bonilla	Goode	Mica			
Bonner	Goodlatte	Miller (FL)			
Bono	Granger	Miller (MI)			
Boozman	Graves	Miller, Gary			
Boustany	Green (WI)	Moran (KS)			
Bradley (NH)	Gutknecht	Murphy			
Brady (TX)	Hall	Musgrave			
Brown (SC)	Harris	Myrick			
Burgess	Hart	Neugebauer			
Burton (IN)	Hayes	Ney			
Buyer	Hayworth	Northup			
Calvert	Heffley	Norwood			
Camp	Hensarling	Nunes			
Cannon	Herger	Nussle			
Cantor	Hobson	Osborne			
Capito	Hoekstra	Otter			
Carter	Hostettler	Oxley			
Castle	Hulshof	Paul			
Chabot	Hunter	Pearce			
Chocola	Hyde	Peterson (PA)			
Coble	Inglis (SC)	Petri			
Cole (OK)	Issa	Pickering			
Conaway	Istook	Pitts			
Crenshaw	Jenkins	Platts			
Cubin	Jindal	Poe			
Culberson	Johnson (CT)	Pombo			
Davis (KY)	Johnson (IL)	Porter			
Davis, Jo Ann	Johnson, Sam	Price (GA)			
Davis, Tom	Jones (NC)	Pryce (OH)			
Deal (GA)	Keller	Putnam			
DeLay	Kelly	Radanovich			
Dent	Kennedy (MN)	Ramstad			
Diaz-Balart, L.	King (IA)	Regula			
Diaz-Balart, M.	King (NY)	Rehberg			
Doolittle	Kingston	Reichert			
Drake	Kirk	Renzi			
Dreier	Kline	Reynolds			
Duncan	Knollenberg	Rogers (AL)			
Ehlers	Kolbe	Rogers (KY)			
Emerson	Kuhl (NY)	Rogers (MI)			
English (PA)	LaHood	Rohrabacher			
Everett	Latham	Ros-Lehtinen			
Feeney	LaTourette	Royce			
Ferguson	Leach	Ryan (WI)			

NAYS—196

Abercrombie	Green, Gene	Neal (MA)
Ackerman	Grijalva	Oberstar
Allen	Gutierrez	Obey
Baca	Harman	Olver
Baird	Hastings (FL)	Ortiz
Baldwin	Herseth	Owens
Barrow	Higgins	Pallone
Bean	Hinchey	Pascarella
Becerra	Hinojosa	Pastor
Berkley	Holden	Payne
Berman	Holt	Peterson (MN)
Berry	Honda	Pomeroy
Bishop (GA)	Hooley	Price (NC)
Bishop (NY)	Hoyer	Rahall
Blumenauer	Inslee	Rangel
Boren	Israel	Reyes
Boswell	Jackson (IL)	Ross
Boucher	Jackson-Lee	Rothman
Boyd	(TX)	Royal-Allard
Brady (PA)	Jefferson	Ruppersberger
Brown (OH)	Johnson, E. B.	Rush
Brown, Corrine	Jones (OH)	Ryan (OH)
Butterfield	Kanjorski	Sabo
Capps	Kaptur	Salazar
Capuano	Kennedy (RI)	Sánchez, Linda
Cardin	Kildee	T.
Cardoza	Kilpatrick (MI)	Sanchez, Loretta
Carnahan	Kind	Sanders
Carson	Clinton	Schakowsky
Case	Langevin	Schiff
Chandler	Lantos	Schwartz (PA)
Cleaver	Larsen (WA)	Scott (GA)
Clyburn	Larson (CT)	Scott (VA)
Conyers	Lee	Serrano
Cooper	Levin	Sherman
Costa	Lewis (GA)	Skelton
Costello	Lipinski	Slaughter
Cramer	Lofgren, Zoe	Smith (WA)
Crowley	Lowey	Snyder
Cuellar	Lynch	Solis
Cummings	Maloney	Spratt
Davis (AL)	Markey	Stark
Davis (CA)	Marshall	Strickland
Davis (IL)	Matheson	Stupak
Davis (TN)	Matsui	Tanner
DeFazio	McCarthy	Tauscher
McCollum (MN)	McCollum (MN)	Taylor (MS)
McDermott	McDermott	Thompson (CA)
McGovern	McGovern	Thompson (MS)
Dicks	McIntyre	Tierney
McKinney	McKinney	Towns
McNulty	McNulty	Udall (CO)
DeGette	DeGette	Udall (NM)
Delahunt	Delahunt	Van Hollen
DeLauro	DeLauro	Velázquez
Dicks	Dicks	Wasserman
McIntyre	McIntyre	Millender-Schultz
Dingell	Dingell	
Doggett	Doggett	
Doyle	Doyle	
Meehan	Meehan	
Meek (FL)	Meek (FL)	
Meeks (NY)	Meeks (NY)	
Menendez	Menendez	
Michaud	Michaud	
Evans	Evans	
Farr	Farr	
Miller (NC)	Miller (NC)	
Filner	Filner	
Ford	Ford	
Mollohan	Mollohan	
Moore (KS)	Moore (KS)	
Gonzalez	Gonzalez	
Gordon	Gordon	
Price (GA)	Price (GA)	
Green, Al	Green, Al	

NOT VOTING—10

Andrews	Davis (FL)	Pelosi
Brown-Waite,	Hastings (WA)	Pence
Ginny	Nadler	Wexler
Clay	Napolitano	

□ 1709

Ms. HARMAN, Mrs. MALONEY and Messrs. ETHERIDGE, EMANUEL, BLUMENAUER, DINGELL, LARSON of Connecticut and LANGEVIN of changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Ms. HART, Ms. HARRIS and Mr. HEFLEY changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to table was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mrs. NAPOLITANO. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 615, had I been present, I would have voted "nay."

**UNITED STATES-BAHRAIN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT**

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). The pending business is the vote on passage of H.R. 4340 on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. SHAW) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4340, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 327, nays 95, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 616]

YEAS—327

Ackerman	Cleaver	Gerlach
Aderholt	Cole (OK)	Gibbons
Akin	Conaway	Gilchrest
Alexander	Cooper	Gillmor
Allen	Costa	Gingrey
Bachus	Cramer	Gohmert
Baird	Crenshaw	Gonzalez
Baker	Crowley	Goodlatte
Barrow	Cubin	Gordon
Bartlett (MD)	Cuellar	Granger
Barton (TX)	Culberson	Graves
Bass	Cummings	Green (WI)
Bean	Davis (AL)	Gutknecht
Beauprez	Davis (CA)	Hall
Becerra	Davis (KY)	Harman
Berkley	Davis (TN)	Harris
Berman	Davis, Tom	Hart
Biggert	Deal (GA)	Hayworth
Bilirakis	DeGette	Hefley
Bishop (GA)	Delahunt	Hensarling
Bishop (NY)	DeLay	Herger
Blackburn	Dent	Herseth
Blumenauer	Diaz-Balart, L.	Hinojosa
Blunt	Diaz-Balart, M.	Hobson
Boehlert	Dicks	Hoekstra
Boehner	Dingell	Honda
Bonilla	Doggett	Hoooley
Bonner	Doolittle	Hoyer
Bono	Drake	Hulshof
Boozman	Dreier	Hunter
Boren	Duncan	Hyde
Boswell	Edwards	Inslee
Boustany	Ehlers	Israel
Boyd	Emanuel	Issa
Bradley (NH)	Emerson	Istook
Brady (TX)	Engel	Jackson-Lee
Brown (SC)	English (PA)	(TX)
Burgess	Eshoo	Jefferson
Burton (IN)	Etheridge	Jenkins
Butterfield	Farr	Jindal
Buyer	Feeney	Johnson (CT)
Calvert	Ferguson	Johnson (IL)
Camp	Fitzpatrick (PA)	Johnson, Sam
Cannon	Flake	Jones (OH)
Cantor	Foley	Keller
Capito	Forbes	Kelly
Capps	Ford	Kennedy (MN)
Cardin	Fortenberry	Kennedy (RI)
Cardoza	Fosse	Kind
Carter	Foxx	King (IA)
Case	Frank (MA)	King (NY)
Castle	Franks (AZ)	Kingston
Chabot	Frelinghuysen	Kirk
Chandler	Gallegly	Ginny
Chocola	Garrett (NJ)	Knollenberg

Kolbe	Ney	Shaw
Kuhl (NY)	Northup	Shays
LaHood	Norwood	Sherman
Langevin	Nunes	Sherwood
Larsen (WA)	Nussle	Shuster
Larson (CT)	Ortiz	Simmons
Latham	Osborne	Simpson
LaTourette	Otter	Skelton
Leach	Oxley	Smith (NJ)
Levin	Pearce	Smith (TX)
Lewis (CA)	Peterson (MN)	Smith (WA)
Lewis (GA)	Peterson (PA)	
Lewis (KY)	Petri	Snyder
Linder	Pickering	Sodrel
LoBiondo	Pitts	Souder
Lofgren, Zoe	Platts	Stearns
Lowey	Poe	Sullivan
Lucas	Pombo	Sweeney
Lungren, Daniel	Pomeroy	Tancredo
E.	Porter	Tanner
Mack	Price (GA)	Tauscher
Maloney	Price (NC)	Terry
Manzullo	Pryce (OH)	Thomas
Marchant	Putnam	Thompson (CA)
Marshall	Radanovich	Thornberry
Matheson	Ramstad	Tiaht
Matsui	Rangel	Tiberi
McCarthy	Regula	Towns
McCaul (TX)	Rehberg	Turner
McCotter	Reichert	Udall (CO)
McCrery	Renzi	Udall (NM)
McDermott	Reyes	Upton
McHenry	Reynolds	Van Hollen
McHugh	Rogers (KY)	Velázquez
McKeon	Rogers (MI)	Walden (OR)
McMorris	Rohrabacher	Walsh
McNulty	Ros-Lehtinen	Wamp
Meehan	Rush	Wasserman
Meek (FL)	Ryan (WI)	Weldon (FL)
Meeks (NY)	Ryun (KS)	Weldon (PA)
Melancon	Royal-Allard	Watson
Mica	Ruppersberger	Waxman
Miller (FL)	Saxton	Weiner
Miller (MI)	Schiff	Wicker
Moran (KS)	Schmidt	Wilson (NM)
Moran (VA)	Schwartz (PA)	Wilson (SC)
Murphy	Schwarz (MI)	Wolf
Musgrave	Scott (GA)	Wu
Myrick	Sensenbrenner	Wynn
NAYES—95		
Abercrombie	Higgins	Olver
Baca	Hinchey	Owens
Baldwin	Holden	Pallone
Barrett (SC)	Holt	Pascarella
Berry	Hostettler	Pastor
Bishop (UT)	Inglis (SC)	Paul
Bishop (UT)	Jackson (IL)	Payne
Bishop (UT)	Johnson, E. B.	Rahall
Bishop (UT)	Johnston, E. B.	Rogers (AL)
Brown, Corrine	Jones (NC)	Ryan (OH)
Brown, Corrine	Kanjorski	Serrano
Brown, Corrine	Kaptur	Sabo
Brown, Corrine	Kildee	Sánchez, Linda
Brown, Corrine	Kilpatrick (MI)	T.
Brown, Corrine	Kucinich	Bono
Brown, Corrine	Lantos	Sanders
Brown, Corrine	Lee	Schakowsky
Brown, Corrine	Lipinski	Scott (VA)
Brown, Corrine	Lynch	Serrano
Brown, Corrine	Markley	Slaughter
Brown, Corrine	McFazio	Solis
Brown, Corrine	McCormick (MN)	Thompson (MS)
Brown, Corrine	McGovern	Spratt
Brown, Corrine	McIntyre	Stark
Brown, Corrine	McKinney	Strickland
Brown, Corrine	Menendez	Stupak
Brown, Corrine	Fattah	Taylor (MS)
Brown, Corrine	Filner	Watt
Brown, Corrine	Goode	Woolsey
NOT VOTING—10		
Andrews	Davis (FL)	Pence
Brown-Waite,	Hastings (WA)	Royce
Ginny	Nadler	Wexler
Clay	Pelosi	

□ 1720  
Ms. CORRINE BROWN of Florida changed her vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. McDERMOTT changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

**TAX REVISION ACT OF 2005**

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BASS). The pending business is the question of suspending the rules and passing the bill, H.R. 4388, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Louisiana (Mr. McCRRY) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4388, as amended, on which the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 423, nays 0, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 617]

YEAS—423

Abercrombie	Carson	Filner
Ackerman	Carter	Fitzpatrick (PA)
Aderholt	Aderholt	Flake
Akin	Akin	Foley
Alexander	Alexander	Forbes
Allen	Allen	Ford
Baca	Chocola	Fortenberry
Bachus	Cleaver	Fossella
Baird	Clyburn	Franks (AZ)
Baker	Coble	Gordon
Baldwin	Cole (OK)	Granger
Barrett (SC)	Conaway	Frelinghuysen
Barrow	Barrow	Gallegly
Bartlett (MD)	Bartlett (MD)	Garrett (NJ)
Barton (TX)	Barton (TX)	Costa
Bass	Bass	Gerlach
Bean	Bean	Gibbons
Beauprez	Beauprez	Gilchrest
Becerra	Becerra	Gingrey
Berkley	Berkley	Gohmert
Berman	Berman	Gonzalez
Berry	Berry	Goodlatte
Biggert	Biggert	Gordon
Bilirakis	Bilirakis	Graves
Bishop (GA)	Bishop (GA)	Green (WI)
Bishop (NY)	Bishop (NY)	Green, Al
Blackburn	Blackburn	Green, Gene
Blumenauer	Blumenauer	Hayes
Blunt	Blunt	Hidalgo
Boehlert	Boehlert	Hijar
Boehner	Boehner	Holmes
Bonilla	Bonilla	Hoyer
Bonner	Bonner	Inslee
Bono	Bono	Jordan
Boozman	Boozman	Kelley
Boren	Boren	Kilmer
Boswell	Boswell	Kline
Boustany	Boustany	Kucinich
Boyd	Boyd	Lantos
Bradley (NH)	Bradley (NH)	Lieberman
Brady (TX)	Brady (TX)	Lofgren
Brown (SC)	Brown (SC)	Long
Burgess	Burgess	McCotter
Burton (IN)	Burton (IN)	McCotter
Butterfield	Butterfield	McCotter
Buyer	Buyer	McCotter
Calvert	Calvert	McCotter
Camp	Camp	McCotter
Cannon	Cannon	McCotter
Cantor	Cantor	McCotter
Capito	Capito	McCotter
Capps	Capps	McCotter
Cardin	Cardin	McCotter
Cardoza	Cardoza	McCotter
Carter	Carter	McCotter
Foxx	Foxx	McCotter
Case	Case	McCotter
Castle	Castle	McCotter
Chabot	Chabot	McCotter
Chandler	Chandler	McCotter
Chocola	Chocola	McCotter
Frelinghuysen	Frelinghuysen	McCotter
Gallegly	Gallegly	McCotter
Garrett (NJ)	Garrett (NJ)	McCotter
NOT VOTING—10		
Andrews	Davis (FL)	Pence
Brown-Waite,	Hastings (WA)	Royce
Ginny	Nadler	Wexler
Clay	Pelosi	