

high school, Jim left for Stanford University and graduated in 1986 with a degree in Slavic languages and literature. He immediately returned to Imperial Valley and continued the Kuhn farming tradition started by Jim's grandfather.

Jim immediately began looking and thinking of ways to improve and expand the family business. He took his father's idea of exporting compressed hay to dairies in Japan and before long, Kuhn farms grew into a large, vertically-integrated farming, processing, and exporting company with more than 300 employees. Jim received much admiration and respect from his workers and their families, and just like Jim, they took great pride in the word done at Kuhn farms.

While maintaining a reputation as an innovator in the transport and international sale of hay and forage products, Jim also founded KF Dairy in 1992 and, in conjunction with Gossner Foods of Utah, established Imperial Valley Cheese—a local cheese production facility. He is also credited for introducing Klein Grass to Imperial Valley, where it has become a significant crop.

Jim also created the Salton Sea International Bird Festival in an effort to share with the community his passion for photographing birdlife and desert scenery. He recognized the value and beauty of Imperial Valley, and wanted nothing more than to show everyone living, visiting, or traveling through his community that agriculture and wildlife can coexist. The Bird Festival has become an annual event bringing people from all over the world to Imperial Valley.

Mr. Speaker, I know Jim's loving wife, Heidi, and his two children, Vienna and Fritz, will continue to share with family and friends his passion for adventure and the outdoors.

I ask my colleagues to join me in honoring and paying tribute to the life and memory of James Edwin Kuhn.

HONORING THE EAST
BRANDYWINE FIRE COMPANY

HON. JIM GERLACH

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 8, 2005

Mr. GERLACH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the East Brandywine Fire Company, Station 49, on the occasion of their 50th anniversary.

The East Brandywine Fire Company has a long and distinguished history of improving the quality of life within its community by providing the highest quality of emergency fire and medical service. Located in Guthriesville, Pennsylvania, the East Brandywine Fire Company proudly serves both East and West Brandywine Townships and a portion of Upper Uwchlan Township. The Company was formed out of necessity in 1955 when two devastating fires broke out and the existing fire companies didn't respond in a timely manner. Residents were upset by the slow response and decided to take matters into their own hands and form a fire company of their own. On April 12, 1956, a charter was drawn and the East Brandywine Fire Company had its first monthly meeting.

Today, the Company consists of 20 plus active members who are always on call. The

members meet weekly for training and update themselves regularly on new fire training and rescue techniques so they can be prepared for any emergency situation they may be presented with. In total, the Company serves 26 square miles and approximately 14,000 people. Over the past 50 years, literally hundreds of men and women made significant contributions of time and effort to the Company.

An important asset of the East Brandywine Fire Company is the Ladies Auxiliary—an organization that has played multiple roles throughout the Company's history. The Auxiliary has brought in thousands of dollars by catering banquets, selling antiques, and hosting chicken barbecues in the community. Today, there are 90 members, 15 of which are active.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that my colleagues join me today in honoring the East Brandywine Fire Company, Station 49, for their invaluable service and contributions they have made to their community over the past 50 years.

HONORING THE LIFE AND
BIRTHDAY OF JACK DANIEL

HON. LINCOLN DAVIS

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 8, 2005

Mr. DAVIS of Tennessee. Mr. Speaker, travel to almost any country in the world, tell folks you're from Tennessee, and they're likely to respond with a smile and the name of someone they know from my 4th Congressional District—Jack Daniel.

I'm proud to represent the people who craft one of America's best-known and most-beloved products. Every drop of the 7 million cases of Jack Daniel's Tennessee Whiskey wetting the whistles of folks in more than 140 countries is made and mellowed, drop by drop, in Lynchburg, Tennessee. That's quite an accomplishment for a town with just one traffic light and whose population is advertised as just 361.

Now, to tell you the truth, Lynchburg's population is a bit larger than that. As one of my Moore County constituents has confided, "Why does it say population 361 on the bottle? There is probably five or six hundred people living in Lynchburg. They just want us to look small."

Small or not, as the home to the Jack Daniel's Tennessee Whiskey and America's oldest registered distillery, Lynchburg and Moore County have made sizeable contributions to the American way of life. In fact, the little town of Lynchburg may be the largest per capita tax contributor in the country when it comes to federal revenues generated by the fruits of their labors. Each gallon of whiskey in Jack Daniel's warehouses will generate about \$13.50 in federal taxes. Multiply by the more than a million gallons resting in each warehouse, then multiply it again by the 74 warehouses dotting the hillsides, and it adds up to right at a billion dollars. And that's not just a one-time contribution. The whiskey made by the people of Moore County and the Jack Daniel Distillery generates more than \$115 million a year in federal, state and local taxes across the country.

But as significant as these taxes revenues are, Jack Daniel's contributions to American culture are far greater. Through the years,

Jack Daniel's virtues have been heralded by presidents, movie stars and musicians.

U.S. Vice President John Nance "Cactus Jack" Garner, in office during the repeal of Prohibition, was said to have invited friends to his office right here in the Capitol to "strike a blow for liberty" with the help of Jack Daniel's.

It's been reported that Winston Churchill approved of the whiskey to the point his appreciation provoked extraordinary discomfort among his country's Scotch-makers.

Jack Daniel's association with the Rat Pack and its Chairman of the Board, Frank Sinatra, is legendary. During his lifetime, he was said to have always traveled with a supply of Jack Daniel's just in case his favorite libation was unavailable. That may also be the case with his final journey. A small bottle of Jack is reported to have been buried with Mr. Sinatra.

With this rich heritage, the legend of Jack Daniel's lives on stronger than ever today. The Rolling Stone, who named Jack Daniel's an American Icon while Stephan Jenkins of Third Eye Blind—a popular rock band, so I am told—has said to the people of Lynchburg, "Ya'll should be proud of yourselves because Rock 'n' Roll would not have been invented without your product."

And, finally, no less than the great American writer and Noble Prize-winning author William Faulkner once sized up Jack Daniel's real appeal when he said "It's a good thing that in a changing world there are some things you can count on, like the quality of Jack Daniel's."

As in the best of American stories, Jack Daniel rose to its heralded place from humble beginnings. It all started with Jasper Newton Daniel born in Lynchburg sometime in September, sometime around 1850. Then as now, Jasper Newtown's friends just called him Jack. And a fortunate thing, since I can't imagine a glass of Jasper would have captured the America's fancy as completely. Jack was just five-foot-two-inches tall and left home before he'd reached the age of ten. He took up with and learned the art of making whiskey from a local Lutheran preacher named Dan Call and his African American still hand, Nearest Green. Jack later bought the minister's distilling operation when Call's congregation forced their spiritual advisor to choose between making spirits and saving them.

About the time Jack set out on his own, the American Civil War broke out. The land around Lynchburg was taken and retaken by Union troops seven times, and the foraging armies of the North and South made corn and grain for whiskey-making hard to come by. Through it all, Jack held fast to his simple philosophy—"Every day that we make it, we'll make it the best that we can."

Making it Mr. Jack's way meant adding an extra step to the traditional whiskey-making process. Jack mellowed his whiskey drop by drop through 10 feet of sugar maple charcoal before putting it up to mature in white oak barrels. This extra blessing added time and expense to making his whiskey, but a taste of what emerged from the barrels had most folks agreeing it was worth the wait. During its 150-some-year history, Jack Daniel's Old No. 7 has been awarded seven international gold medals, beginning with the first it won at the 1904 World's Fair in St. Louis. The 1904 World's Fair helped usher in the American Century, which the little man from Tennessee and his whiskey was destined to be a growing part of.

In 1911, the distillery was left to Jack Daniel's nephew Lem Motlow, who watched over the distillery through 29 years of state and national prohibition. One of the ways Mr. Lem occupied himself during those long dry years was to engage in one of the grandest of diversions—politics. Straightforward to a fault, Lem ran for the state legislature on the campaign promise—"Elect me and I'll do something for myself! But I'll also do something for you!" And that's exactly what he did. Lem eventually helped change the law in Tennessee so that he could return to making whiskey and his friends could go back to enjoying it.

Major General George S. Patton and his Second Armored Division trained in Camp Forrest, a military base near Lynchburg, in 1941. Along with learning the tactics that would ultimately free Europe, the men who trained there acquired a taste for Jack Daniel's—a taste they would eventually take home with them, spreading the word about this smooth Tennessee spirit. Sales of Jack Daniel's rocketed from 150,000 cases in the early 1950s to more than 1 million cases by 1970. To support this rapid growth and to make sure friends of Jack Daniel's Old No. 7 wouldn't have to go without, Lem's four sons entrusted the care of their Uncle Jack's distillery to another American whiskey family—the Browns of Louisville, Kentucky.

Brown-Forman Corporation purchased the Jack Daniel's Distillery in 1956 and wisely left untouched the whiskey-making and mellowing methods faithfully practiced by the distillery for more than a century. Under the watchful care of Brown-Forman, Jack Daniel's Old Tennessee Whiskey has continued to make new friends, satisfying people of different tastes by bringing along side its venerable Old No. 7 brand new family members like Jack Daniel's Single Barrel, Gentleman Jack Rare Tennessee Whiskey and Jack Daniel's Country Cocktails.

Jack Daniel's and Brown-Forman have long been industry leaders in promotion responsible drinking. These are good folks. They want their products enjoyed but never abused. Each year, they invest millions of dollars in The Century Council's award winning educational programs to combat drunk driving and underage drinking. Their brand advertising, replete with images of the beautiful landscape and good people of Moore County, is highly responsible. And most recently, Jack Daniel's has carried this message to millions of Americans through a NASCAR sponsorship promoting the use of designated drivers and—literally and figuratively—driving home the message emblazoned on the aptly numbered 07 car—"Pace Yourself. Drink Responsibly."

This care for the whiskey, the consumers who enjoy it and the special people and special place where it is made are the things that add up to the global legend of Jack Daniel's today. Under the watchful care of Brown-Forman Corporation Chairman Owsley Brown, President and Chief Executive Officer Paul Varga, Master Distiller Jimmy Bedford and the good people of Moore County and Lynchburg, Tennessee, I'm proud to inform the House that Jack Daniel's Old No. 7 become this year the No. 1 selling whiskey in the world. Congratulations, Moore County, and Mr. Jack.

Finally, in honor of Jack Daniel's and the people of Moore County, their status in the world as ambassadors of American culture, hard work, and timeless truths; and in this the

month in which we celebrate the birth of Mr. Jack Daniel, I would ask my colleagues to join me in saying—Here's to the spirit of America, Mr. Jack of Lynchburg, Moore County, Tennessee, 155 years old, and still out on the town—responsibly—every night.

IN HONOR AND LOVING MEMORY
OF NICO TRUJILLO

HON. ED PASTOR

OF ARIZONA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 8, 2005

Mr. PASTOR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in loving tribute and memory of Nico Trujillo, who passed away at the age of 94 on September 1, 2005.

The second oldest of nine brothers and sisters, Nico was born and raised in St. Johns, Arizona. Her commitment to public service was evident even as a young woman, when she advocated for equal rights for women and minorities in her community. She ran for a seat in the Arizona House of Representatives in 1954, but withdrew her candidacy due to pregnancy complications. In 1956, Nico was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in Chicago, and again in 1960 during John F. Kennedy's nomination by the Democratic Party. Nico remained politically active throughout her life, campaigning for Governor Paul Fannin, Eddie Basha, Governor Hull, and Governor Napolitano.

On December 24, 1933, Nico married the love of her life, Lugarno Trujillo, and they were blessed with six children: Wallace, Gladys, Dennis, Richard, Jerri, and Gail. The loving couple also helped raise children of their extended family who tragically lost their parents at an early age. Nico was the beloved grandmother of sixteen grandchildren and twelve great grandchildren. As a proud mother, grandmother, and great grandmother, she instilled in her family the values of education, faith in God, and responsibility to one's family and community.

Mr. Speaker and colleagues, please join me in honoring Nico's strong sense of service to her community, love of family, and deep faith that defined her life. Her passing marks a great loss for her family and friends, and also for her community. Nico lived her life with compassion, energy, and an unwavering commitment to the public good. She will be greatly missed by her family and many friends, and her legacy will forever live on in the memories and hearts of those who knew and loved her well.

HONORING WESTWOOD FIRE
COMPANY EMS

HON. JIM GERLACH

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 8, 2005

Mr. GERLACH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the Westwood Fire Company EMS in recognition of their dedicated service to the citizens of Chester County, Pennsylvania.

The Westwood Fire Company EMS was recently awarded the 2005 Pennsylvania State Ambulance Service of the Year Award. This

prestigious award is given each year to an ambulance service that provides outstanding service to the residents and continued training and development for its community volunteers.

Founded in 1947, the Westwood Fire Company EMS provides fire, rescue, and EMS services to their local surrounding areas with competence and expertise. In the beginning, the Company had 13 original members. Today, they have expanded their numbers significantly with over 35 active firefighters, EMS personnel, and Fire Police officers.

The Westwood Fire Company EMT provides primary service to the Township of Valley and portions of East Fallowfield and Highland Townships. In these areas, the Company operates two pumpers, a pumper rescue, a brush unit, a traffic control unit, and a BLS ambulance. The Company responds to approximately 700 EMS calls per year and 350-fire/rescue calls. Moreover, the Company further contributes to its community by providing automated external defibrillators at discounted prices for schools and community organizations. Additionally, in an effort to educate the community and keep themselves up to date on the latest rescue techniques, the Company frequently provides weekly training drills.

The services provided by the Westwood Fire Company EMS are free of charge and the Company depends solely on the countless volunteers who spend time away from their families so that they can help others in their community. In turn, the community frequently gives back to the Company by providing them with financial assistance that is used to help purchase supplies, apparatus, and essential equipment. This selfless attitude has helped the Company grow and prosper over the past 50 years.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that my colleagues join me in honoring the Westwood Fire Company EMS for its recognition as the 2005 Pennsylvania Ambulance Service of the Year and for the invaluable service they provide to their fellow citizens of Chester County, Pennsylvania.

MAC COLMENERO: WINNER OF THE
2005 JOHNS FELLOWSHIP AWARD

HON. BOB FILNER

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, September 8, 2005

Mr. FILNER. Mr. Speaker, today I acknowledge a great friend of labor—Macario Colmenero.

"Mac" was born just south of downtown San Diego in Barrio Logan, formerly known as Logan Heights, to Ben and Guadalupe Colmenero. As a child, he helped out in his father's meat and grocery store at the corner of National and Sigsbee Streets. He also sold newspapers for the Tribune Sun and later delivered other newspapers in town.

Mac attended Our Lady of Guadalupe School and was a graduate of their first class in June of 1950. He attended high school at Saint Augustine but left before graduating to join the Navy in 1952.

After his tour of duty, he found a job at Harbor Box Company which manufactured wooden boxes and crates for tomatoes grown in Chula Vista. His starting wage was a \$1.25 an hour with no benefits.

In 1956, he worked for T. Claude Ryan and Rohr Aircraft Co. In 1957, he enrolled in the