

After a distinguished career as a doctor, teacher, politician, and humanitarian, Dr. Barbosa passed away on September 21, 1921, without reaching his dream of having Puerto Rico become a State of the Union, but proud to have become a citizen of the United States in 1917.

On statehood for Puerto Rico, Dr. Barbosa said: "Puerto Rico aspires to reach all the rights granted by U.S. Citizenship, in the same method, in the same manner, under the same form, and under the full integrity as the one enjoyed by the residents of any of the regions that are called States of the American Union. To that we aspire, that is what we want, that is what we shall have."

On the political relationship between Puerto Rico and the United States, Dr. Barbosa made the following statement: "We want, and we ask, for equality. Not colonialism or protection. Since the American Flag first waved over Puerto Rico, those have been the ideals that we have defended."

Dr. Barbosa's lifelong dream was to have Puerto Rico admitted as a State of the Union. I share that dream, and I find no better way of honoring him today, than to pledge to pursue his goal, to the best of my ability, of having Puerto Rico become an integral part of this great Nation.

IN HONOR OF THE MOSES AND
AARON FOUNDATION SPECIAL
FUND FOR CHILDREN

HON. JERROLD NADLER

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 27, 2005

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the Moses and Aaron Foundation Special Fund for Children, a truly distinguished organization that assists children with disabilities and their families.

Created in the memory of Rabbi Dr. Maurice I. Hecht and Aaron Kaploun, the foundation has kept alive Dr. Hecht and Mr. Kaploun's commitment to community service through counseling, guidance, wheelchair assistance, and financial assistance to those families with special children.

I believe that the foundation's work is a shining beacon of light for children in need. Examples of such work include providing educational scholarships, clothing and presents.

In addition, the Moses and Aaron Foundation under the direction of its President Rabbi Yaacov Kaploun, and Executive Vice President Yehuda Kaploun, in cooperation with Bally Fitness Centers, has established 27 therapy and physical fitness centers and has arranged for sound and musical equipment in other institutions.

As the foundation hosts its 9th annual Chazak Summer Concert for Special Children on August 20, 2005, we are again reminded of all that the Moses and Aaron Foundation has contributed to the greater American community. For the past 8 years, the Motzei Shabbat Nachamu Concert, at Sullivan Community College Field House in Loch Sheldrake, New York, has benefited special children and their families by offering them an enjoyable night of music, dancing and plain good fun.

The concert will honor and pay tribute to the special and outstanding children who will be

the guests of honor and will perform with the entertainers on stage. More than 40 organizations and schools serving the physically and mentally disabled children will be represented.

The Chazak Concert in connection with the many other programs operated by the Moses and Aaron Foundation, demonstrate a caring and compassionate concern for the quality and dignity of life of those in need, and therefore merits appreciation.

I would also like to applaud the Honorary Chairman and Nobel Laureate Elie Wiesel, President Rabbi Yaacov Kaploun and Executive Vice President Yehuda Kaploun for their hard work and commitment to children of special needs and their families.

I pause to commemorate the recent passing of Mrs. Tzipora Kaploun of Jerusalem, Israel, wife of the late Aaron Kaploun. She instilled in her children, grandchildren and great grandchildren the importance of community service and a compassion for those individuals who require the assistance and support of those who are blessed with ability to provide and assist. She exemplified the principles upon which the Foundation is based.

I recognize Mr. Jerry Rothman, recipient of the Dr. Steven Stowe Acts of Kindness Award and remember fondly his late wife Anita Rothman, whose acts of charity impacted the lives of many in the course of their 65 years of marriage. We remember the social service and kindness of the late Issac Weinberger who recently passed, and his wife Anne Weinberger.

As the Moses and Aaron Foundation Special Fund for Children commemorates this special event, I urge my colleagues to join me in paying tribute to an organization that provides such an essential service to the community and truly exemplifies the generosity of Americans.

HONORING THE SERVICE OF
TOMMY MAGGIO

HON. JOHN D. DINGELL

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 27, 2005

Mr. DINGELL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in honor of my friend Tommy Maggio, who, after 32 years of service to this institution, will be retiring at the end of the month.

Thomas P. Maggio was born April 28, 1929 and raised in Washington, DC. Tommy served our Nation in the Navy, from 1951 to 1955. Serving in Norfolk, VA and Green Coast Springs, FL, Tommy was stationed on the USS *Whitley*, and was part of a marching band. Tommy married his wife Anita in 1963; she too will be retiring, after many years of service in my colleague Congresswoman ILEANA ROS-LEHTINEN's office.

For many of us, Tommy provides a warm greeting in the morning, as well as wonderful conversation. Every morning when I see him, I call out to Tommy, "Bonjeourno Thomaso," to which he replies "Bonjeourno, bonjeourno." I cannot help but enjoy this warm Italian greeting. Tommy is loved by all of the members he serves. We wish Tommy well and we all deeply appreciate his dedicated and decent service. I will certainly miss him. I wish Tommy and his dear Anita many good years, filled with family, friends and good health. On behalf of my staff, myself and the lovely Deborah, and all my colleagues: Thank you, Tommy.

NASA LAUNCH

HON. TOM DELAY

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 27, 2005

Mr. DELAY. Mr. Speaker, yesterday at 10:39 a.m. on the east coast, five men and two women were launched from Cape Canaveral, Florida, aboard the space shuttle *Discovery*, rocketing into low-earth orbit at 17,000 miles per hour. . . another small step for man, another giant leap for mankind.

Yesterday's successful launch will not simply pick up where America left off two years ago after the *Columbia* disaster.

Yesterday's launch instead opens a new era of space exploration—an era defined by President Bush's ambitious new vision and made possible by the courage and brilliance of the men and women of NASA.

Every resource of our space program will be dedicated to this new mission:

The shuttle has returned to flight and will work to complete the International Space Station now orbiting the earth 250 miles above our heads;

Scientists and astronauts aboard the station will conduct unprecedented research on the long-term exposure of human beings to microgravity and radiation, to test our endurance for prolonged space-travel;

Meanwhile, here on earth, engineers and scientists will design a new crew exploration vehicle that will eventually replace the shuttle and take mankind back to the moon, where more historic discovery and science can be pursued.

All of these endeavors will lead our space program toward our next giant leap—a manned mission to Mars.

The first step of that journey was taken yesterday morning, Mr. Speaker, and once again, NASA's army of geniuses has set us on a clear path toward our destiny.

I spoke with mission Commander Eileen Collins a few weeks back, and she said her crew was ready and eager to return the shuttle to flight.

I also spoke with NASA Administrator Mike Griffin today, to congratulate him and the entire NASA team on a successful launch, as well as to commend him on an incredible first 3-plus months on the job.

The country is lucky to have a man like him in public service heading up the finest space agency in the world.

Yesterday, Americans learned once again that we have the resources and the personnel to do the impossible, Mr. Speaker.

I commend every member of our space community for keeping the *Discovery* crew's appointment with history, and while we wait for their safe return next week, our hopes and prayers are with them all.

POSTAL ACCOUNTABILITY AND
ENHANCEMENT ACT

SPEECH OF

HON. RUSH D. HOLT

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, July 26, 2005

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union had under

consideration the bill (H.R. 22) to reform the postal laws of the United States, with Mr. SIMPSON in the chair.

Mr. HOLT. Mr. Chairman, I rise today in support of H.R. 22, The Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act.

In 1775, Members of the Second Continental Congress established the Post Office Department, the predecessor of the Postal Service and the second oldest federal department or agency in the United States. For the past two centuries, the United States Postal Service has evolved and changed as the United States has grown. Today the Postal Service delivers hundreds of millions of messages each day to more than 141 million homes and businesses. Still, the Postal Service is experiencing economic loss because of the decrease in first class mail volume due to the high usage of e-mail and faxes and the increase in operating costs as the number of addresses to which the Postal Service must deliver are growing everyday.

For the past couple of decades, Members of the House Government Reform Committee have worked together to create legislation to reform the Postal Service. The bill that we have before us today is a compilation of hard work and bipartisan effort that includes a variety of interests such as large financial mailers, mail-dependent small businesses, magazine publishers, postal competitors, unions and consumer organizations. H.R. 22 provides for a comprehensive overhaul of the financial operations, rate structure, and civil service policies that currently govern the United States Postal Service. It is important to note that this bill today is not only a work of bipartisan congressional action, but it is the product of labor unions and management, postal employees and businesses, working together to make compromises to make postal reform a reality.

Protecting collective bargaining rights, ensuring six-day a week postal delivery and demanding that postal workers receive the best federal employee healthcare are all important provisions that were included in this bill to benefit postal workers. H.R. 22 is a tribute to the countless letter carriers and postal employees who have been committed for many years to reforming the USPS. I have spent hours walking mail routes with the letter carriers in my home state of New Jersey. I have seen first hand how dedicated postal employees are to ensuring the timely and safe delivery of mail to their local communities. These letter carriers should be applauded for their service to all Americans.

I am proud to have been a cosponsor of the Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act and am pleased that my colleagues have finally brought this to the House floor. The United States Postal Service is the knit between communities across America and I ask my colleagues to pass this meaningful postal reform legislation for all Americans.

TRIBUTE TO POSTAL EMPLOYEES

HON. TIMOTHY V. JOHNSON

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 27, 2005

Mr. JOHNSON of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the hardworking postal employees around the country and especially

in my district. In the wake of passing the first postal reform bill in three and a half decades, I believe it is only appropriate to acknowledge the hard work and tireless effort of postal employees.

The Postal Service has been around since 1775. It has come a long way since the days of the Pony Express and steamboats and despite the fact that e-mail and online bill paying are becoming increasingly popular, the United States Postal Service remains more vital than ever.

I stand here today to deliver a heartfelt thank you to the men and women of the United States Postal Service. I think sometimes we take their efforts for granted. Their work is not only stressful at times, but it is their efforts in keeping all of our correspondence flowing smoothly that provides the glue that hold our communities together. The closing of a Post Office can be devastating to a small rural community, so I understand the importance of the preservation of this service. I feel strongly that my colleagues and I did a good thing last night when we passed the Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act.

I urge all of my colleagues as well as every American to take the time out of the day and thank their local letter carrier or postmaster the next time they see them. In closing, I would like to thank all of the postal employees in the 15th district for their part in strengthening our communities. Their efforts are sincerely appreciated.

SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH FAIRNESS ACT OF 2005

SPEECH OF

HON. JAMES R. LANGEVIN

OF RHODE ISLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, July 26, 2005

Mr. LANGEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to H.R. 525, the Small Business Health Fairness Act. I am deeply concerned that this legislation will jeopardize valuable patient protections for all Americans. While pooling insurance risks may allow employers to strengthen their bargaining power with insurance carriers and share administrative functions, the methods outlined in this bill would threaten the quality of health plans available to small business employees, and the stability of the market for small businesses without access to trade associations.

This legislation establishes association health plans by removing them from state oversight—including the application of state patient protections and solvency standards. For example, my home state of Rhode Island is one of 15 states to mandate health insurance coverage of a colorectal cancer screening test. My constituents value this protection. But under this legislation, my constituents could find themselves enrolled in association health plans that are not required to follow that and other state laws designed to increase access to preventative care and screenings.

In addition, this bill permits association health plans to offer coverage to specific types of employers, allowing plans to seek memberships with better risks and less costly populations. This “cherry picking”—skimming off the healthiest consumers and leaving the sickest patients uninsured—will force premiums

even higher for the majority of the market. A recent Congressional Budget Office study estimated that costs would decline for the 20 percent of businesses that join AHPs, but would therefore go up for the remaining 80 percent.

Alternatively, the Democratic substitute would provide small business and their employees access to small employer health pools, without the negative features of H.R. 525, by including a number of protections for businesses and their employees. The substitute amendment provides that participating health insurance companies will remain subject to the requirements of state health insurance laws and stipulates that all participating insurers offer benefits equivalent to or greater than the options offered to Federal employees. There are ways to accomplish the goal of increased access to health insurance that do not threaten that patient protections and state laws that Americans have come to rely on.

Small business employers and their workers do need better access to affordable health care coverage, but this misguided bill is not the way to accomplish that important goal. As we look for innovative ways to provide health care to all, we must not sell small business owners and employees short. We must address the health care crisis, and we must do it in a way that does not exacerbate the existing problems. I urge my colleagues to vote against H.R. 525.

TRIBUTE TO GENERAL WILLIAM L. “SPIDER” NYLAND, U.S.M.C.

HON. JEFF MILLER

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 27, 2005

Mr. MILLER of Florida. Mr. Speaker, today I recognize and pay tribute to General William L. “Spider” Nyland, United States Marine Corps, on the occasion of his retirement from active duty. General Nyland has served our great Nation for more than 37 years. The departure of General Nyland marks not only the end of an illustrious career replete with many honors, it also marks the beginning of several initiatives which, by virtue of his strategic vision, dynamic leadership and accomplished diplomatic skills, will ensure that U.S. national strategy is prepared to meet the challenges of the 21st century.

General Nyland was commissioned a second lieutenant in the Marine Corps under the NROTC program upon graduation from the University of New Mexico in 1968. In addition to attaining a M.S. degree from the University of Southern California, his formal military education includes The Basic School (1968), Naval Aviation Flight Training (NFO) (1969), Amphibious Warfare School (1975), Navy Fighter Weapons School (TopGun) (1977), College of Naval Command and Staff, Naval War College (1981), and Air War-College (1988).

After being assigned to VMFA-531, General Nyland was ordered to Vietnam where he flew 122 combat missions with VMFA-314 and VMFA-115. General Nyland's other tours included Instructor RIO, VMFAT-101; Squadron Assistant Operations Officer and Operations Officer, VMFA-115; and Brigade FORSTAT and Electronic Warfare Officer, 1st Marine Brigade. He also served as Operations Officer